THE WEATHER
Fair today and Monday; temperature unchanged; light winds.
Sun rises 4:21 a. m., sets 7:01 p. m.
Length of day, 14 hrs. 40 min.
High tide, 3:16 a. m., 6 p. m.
Temperatures: Boston 59, Chicago 56, New York 60, San Francisco 56, Philadelphia 64, Washington 60.

Boston American

MONARCH OF ALL NEW ENGLAND SUNDAY PAPERS

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

CITY EDITION
1—News Section, Part I (Latest News).
2—News Section, Part II (General News and Auto).
3—Sports and Automobiles.
4—Real Estate and Wants.
5—Colored Comic Pictures. 7—Editorial and Drama.
6—Magazine Features. 8—Society. 9—City Life.

VOL. 11—No. 58 Registered in U. S. Patent Office BOSTON, SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914. 70 PAGES

HIGH SCHOOL GIRL ELOPES WITH TECH STUDENT

Tearful Confession of Wedding Clears the Mystery of Pearson's Quitting Studies—Her Parents Have Forgiven Her.

The mystery of why Catherine Parsons, senior in Dorchester High School, left school and studies about ten days ago was explained yesterday when it was learned that she and "Jack" Heller of Waltham, a Tech graduate, eloped and were married just about that time.

They were engaged, with the approval of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Frank S. Parsons of No. 167 Adams street, and were to be married a year from this June. The parents had planned to take Catherine abroad after her graduation next month, but the young people couldn't wait a year.

The bride admitted the wedding at the Parsons home last night. Schoolgirls, speculating upon "Kittie" Parsons' leaving school, just at the eve of graduation, remarked: "Maybe she's married to 'Jack' Heller." Their engagement was known to her chums.

ADMITS MARRIAGE.

This led to reporters going to the Parsons home last night. Miss Parsons—or Mrs. Heller, to use her name now—came to the door and, when asked if she was married, smiled and said:

"Well, yes, I am married."

"To 'Jack' Heller?"

"Yes."

"Do you mind telling when and by whom?"

"Oh, about two weeks ago, by the Rev. C. W. Huntington, the Congregationalist minister in Waltham."

That was all the bride would tell, but from friends of the family more details were obtained. The elopement story runs this way:

ON SHOPPING TOUR.

Between ten days and a fortnight ago Mrs. Parsons and her daughter came in town for shopping, as the mother thought. In one of the department stores the daughter said she would go out to take a little walk. She didn't come home until night. When her mother questioned her she finally wept a little and confessed that she had met "Jack" by appointment and gone to Waltham, where they were married.

Dr. Parsons was told and Heller was sent for the next day, with forgiveness and blessings all around.

The bridal couple are living now at the Parsons home, but will leave next month for Helena, Mont., where Heller's father, Francis Heller, lives.

MET FRIEND'S SISTER.

The romance dates back to the time when the bride's brother, Frank Parsons, brought his friend, "Jack" Heller, out to one of the Allen Club socials at Dix Street Unitarian Church in Dorchester. There Heller met his friend's sister.

Heller is an electrical engineer about twenty-two years old. His father is an insurance manager of considerable means.

Interstate Board Stands 5 to 2 for R. R. Rate Increase

Advance to Be Ordered on May 25, It Is Expected.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Five of the seven members of the Interstate Commerce Commission favor an increase in the freight rates requested by the Eastern railroads in the Eastern classification territory, and will so decree in the decision which it is expected will be handed down May 25. The average increase to be granted will range from 2½ to 4 per cent.

This information was obtained from exceptionally reliable sources here tonight, and in addition it was learned that the commissioners favoring the increase are Clement, Clark, Harlan, Hall and Daniels.

Ends Life in Grief Over Wife's Death

M. A. Kindred Found Asphyxiated in Worcester.

WORCESTER, May 16.—Manley A. Kindred, retired business man, who had grieved over the death of his second wife for three years, was found dead today in his lodgings at No. 41 Pleasant street, a victim of asphyxiation by illuminating gas. Medical Examiner Baker pronounced the case one of suicide.

Mr. Kindred was sixty years old. Miss Minnie Johnson, landlady, says: "Mr. Kindred said to me several times: 'I don't care about living since Mary died.'"

One of the lodgers smelled gas late this afternoon. It was traced to Mr. Kindred's room. The police forced the door. Mr. Kindred had been dead about ten hours.

The police are looking for his stepson, said to live in this city, to have him take charge of the body, now at the City Morgue.

Argentine, Chile, in Embassy Rank

WASHINGTON, May 16.—At a brief ceremony at the White House this afternoon President Wilson signed the bills, raising the Chilean and Argentine ministries to ambassadorships. The President said that the action by the United States in elevating the diplomatic representation of the two countries was a fitting recognition of their services in trying to establish peace in Mexico.

Train Kills Man Chasing Baseball

AVON, May 16.—While chasing a baseball across the railroad tracks late today, Cornelius Lynch, sixty years old, was struck by a Brockton bound express train and instantly killed. Lynch was a shoe-worker by trade and was playing baseball near the Howard Street Bridge.

Pass $4,496,000 for Diplomatic Expense

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The House today passed the diplomatic and consular appropriations bills, providing $4,496,000 for the expenses of the diplomatic and consular service for the next fiscal year.

HELD AT RENO FOR DESERTING HIS WIFE HERE

Frank L. Patch Faces $200 Fine or Year's Sentence or Both.

CRUSADE AGAINST NEGLECT

Frank L. Patch, a traveling salesman, was arrested yesterday in Reno, Nev., charged with deserting a wife in Cambridge. The arrest was made by State Detective Silas P. Smith on an indictment warrant.

Patch's capture is the first in a country-wide hunt which District Attorney William J. Corcoran of Middlesex County is making for wandering husbands who forget wives and children at home. Mr. Corcoran was amazed when he succeeded District Attorney Higgins to find so many complaints against husbands.

He decided to put a stop to the evil and to punish fugitives. He lost no time exercising the authority vested by Section 1, Chapter 456 of the Statutes of 1911, providing that any husband who deserts a wife or children or absents himself from the State without providing his flock with support, can be fined $200 or given a year's imprisonment, or both.

That was why Corcoran did not balk when he learned that Patch was in Reno, where he was reported to be contemplating divorce. News from Reno also stated that Patch arrived with a "woman friend."

District Attorney Corcoran had Patch indicted and then he sent State Detective Smith, who is attached to his office in East Cambridge, with another officer, out to the famous divorce settlement for the salesman. It didn't matter that the distance was 2,500 miles each way.

Detective Smith wired back yesterday that the Governor of Nevada had signed Patch's papers and that the habeas was returnable yesterday, when the trio started for Cambridge. Patch was astounded when confronted by officers from home.

Said Mr. Corcoran last night:

"This home-wrecking by irresponsible or careless husbands has got to stop. I'm not going to permit drummers and others to settle down here and leave a wake of neglected wives. There isn't a meaner creature than the man who abandons wife and minor children."

RUSH WORK ON WAR PLANES AT MARBLEHEAD

Government Experts Watch Tests of Machines by Burgess Firm.

BIG ORDER FOR MEXICO

Climbing tests and other hydro-aeroplane "stunts" were watched all day yesterday by three United States government experts at Marblehead where the W. Starling Burgess aeroplane plant is working upon what is declared to be one of the largest rush orders ever given by the War Department at Washington.

Captain A. S. Cowan of the United States Army Airship Corps and Lieutenant Richardson and Lieutenant Herbster of the Navy watched every maneuver with the keenest interest.

"It is true that we are rushing work night and day upon a lot of hydro-aeroplanes ordered by the government," Mr. Burgess said last night. "I will not say when the order was given nor how many have been ordered. We are hurrying the work as fast as we can."

It is generally understood that thirty airships have been ordered presumably to be sent to Mexico for service with the troops there. Tests were made yesterday with the Dunn Hydro-aeroplanes, two of which were used for climbing. Mr. Burgess himself went up in one; Clifford L. Webster handled the other. Webster proved himself a daring adept, at one time locking his hands behind his head while he soared with a passenger high in the air. Trials with water machines yesterday are believed to have impressed the government experts. Inquiries for twenty to 30 motors ready for immediate delivery in the United States for use by the government have recently been made among foreign manufacturers.

Midnight Blaze in Berkeley Street

$1,200 Damage Results on Corner of St. James Avenue.

Scores of persons residing in the James avenue were awakened early this morning by fire engines brought to fight a brisk fire in the fourand a half story brick building at the corner of Berkeley street and St. James avenue.

The fire started in the third floor and worked its way up to the roof. The building is occupied by the Berkeley Preparatory School, Arslian Oriental Rug Company, Barry & Martell, caterers and The Daughman Company, tailors. The cause is unknown. Damage will not exceed $1,200.

Aeroplane Drops Package on Cetric

When the steamship Cetric of the White Star line, bound for Mediterranean ports, got outside Boston harbor yesterday afternoon the passengers aboard here were startled to see a hydroaeroplane, speeding from Marblehead, centre overhead the ship and dropped a package representing a mail pouch squarely on the deck. Following this achievement the airship turned toward the shore.

FATHER JOHN'S MEDICINE
Best body building tonic in the world.

Scenes at the front at Vera Cruz. Above, United States soldiers on scout duty at La Trejor, where the waterworks are located. Below, war correspondents and photographers on way from Vera Cruz to army outposts. A. E. Wallace is holding the flag of truce and Ariel Varges is behind him.

PHOTOS © BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

STORY COOKED UP TO COVER KILLING OF PRIVATE PARKS

Mexican Federals Hasten to Capital with "Reasons" for Shooting American Soldier in Cold Blood

VERA CRUZ, May 16.—A Federal major last night took two Federal lieutenants and four soldiers from Tejeria to Mexico City to make a full report of the killing of Private Parks at Tembladera.

It is rumored that they will report that the Federal outpost saw Parks riding a black horse and leading another, and that when Parks saw the outpost he reached for his pistol, whereupon they shot him.

The horses, which were in a box car on Thursday at Tembladera, were sent up the road yesterday.

Officers talking among themselves at Tembladera decided upon this story as the one they would tell in Mexico City as a plausible reason for killing Parks.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—These significant developments occurred in the Mexican crisis today:

1—The State Department indicated that it will make no terms with Huerta—in other words, no "conditional" retirement will be acceptable to the United States.

2—The State Department said also that the action of the British admiral, Sir Christopher Cradock, and his entire staff, in making a formal call on the Constitutionalist general, Gonzales, may be regarded as a recognition by Great Britain of the belligerency of the Rebels. A similar step on the part of the United States is expected in a few days.

3—The failure of Huer-

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

BULLETINS

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The administration tonight entertains grave fears for the safety of a band of American refugees at San Quentin. Minister Cardoza, Brazilian representative in Mexico City, who is in charge of the United States embassy, expressed to the State Department this afternoon his alarm for the group.

Minister Cardoza has asked the nearest British consular office to investigate and render any assistance necessary to the imperilled Americans. The Brazilian's message did not state whether the Americans are menaced by armed forces or rioting citizenry. Men, women and children are in the American party.

VERA CRUZ, May 16.—Admiral Badger, whose tour of duty ends June 1, will ask the Navy Department to allow him to stay in Mexican waters. "I want to see this thing through," he said.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Bearing a cargo of ammunition, the steamship Panaman, which was recently chartered by the War Department, sailed for Galveston today. Fourteen ordnance experts from the Springfield arsenal sailed on her to join General Funston's staff in Vera Cruz.

Porter Charlton Wins a Big Point

COMO, Italy, May 16.—Porter Charlton, the American accused of having thrown the body of his murdered wife into Lake Como, will be obliged to stand trial for "unpremeditated murder." The investigating judge has dismissed the charge of premeditation. The trial will take place next Autumn.

Not to Name Field for Hero Haggerty

Also Plan Statue in Place of Name on School.

Cambridge Field will not be renamed Haggerty Field in honor of Corporal Daniel A. Haggerty, the first American soldier to give his life at Vera Cruz, according to a statement made by David J. Nelligan, Park Commissioner last night. The City Council asked that the name of the field be changed in honor of Haggerty and the Park Commissioners have practically decided to revoke the order.

School Committeeman John J. Gadsby yesterday stated his intention of asking the Cambridge City Council to plan a statue of Haggerty to be placed in the centre of Cambridge Field in the place of having the recently planned Mt. Auburn School house named for the young soldier.

Thaw to Visit Camp of Clark D. Stevens

CONCORD, N. H., May 16.—Harry K. Thaw is scheduled to leave his hotel here next week and go to Lake Massasecum, near Bradford, where he is to be the guest of Clark D. Stevens of this city at the latter's camp. Stevens has been Thaw's constant companion and roommate. Sheriff Holman A. Drew of Coos County, Thaw's custodian, will be with them. Later they will visit W. A. Halsey of Newark, N. J., at his Summer home on the shore of Lake Bunapee. Thaw, Drew and Stevens will be located at the hotel at Gorham on June 1.

Close Broadway Bridge for Repairs

The Broadway drawbridge over the Fort Point Channel will be closed for street car and teaming traffic for three months, commencing tonight at midnight, to permit repairs

The Katzenjammer Kids

are coming back after a long vacation. They will appear next Sunday, May 24, in the Comic Section of the Sunday AMERICAN. Funnier than ever. Tell the good news to the children and order next Sunday's AMERICAN now.

WAKEFIELD READY TO QUELL ALL RIOTING

To Have Large Force of Police on Hand Tomorrow at the Rattan Works to Put Down Any Attacks by the Strikers

The town and police authorities of Wakefield are prepared to squelch any strike rioting which may be attempted at the opening of the rattan factory of Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company tomorrow morning.

Police Chief Pollard said last night:

"The lid is on now to stay. Arrangements have been made so we can get at least 100 extra police from surrounding cities and towns on an emergency call, in addition to the thirty-five local and Metropolitan Park police that are now on duty in the town.

"We will not let anything get under way. All disorder will be checked at the start."

The Selectmen made a formal requisition upon Governor Walsh for more Park Police, if they should be needed. The Governor, after a conference with Chairman de las Casas of the Metropolitan Park Commission, authorized the commission to place its entire body of officers at the disposal of the Wakefield Selectmen, if necessary. The town will bear whatever expense is thus incurred.

JUDGE ISSUES WARNING.

A stern warning given by Judge Charles M. Bruce in Malden District Court against strike rioting has had marked effect. The Judge said, at a hearing given seven men and one woman charged with rioting, that any convicted of this offence will get a year in jail, the maximum penalty.

All defendants pleaded not guilty and, at the request of Police Chief Pollard, were held for continued hearings Friday. Bail was fixed at $200 each, which was furnished. They were represented by Charles W. Walsh of Wakefield.

Chief Pollard asked for $500 bail. Then Judge Bruce gave his warning to rioters, saying:

"In my opinion there will be no further trouble. I was in Wakefield last night and talked to them. I told them—the same as I am going to tell you strikers and those of your followers who are here in court—you go about among your friends and neighbors and tell them that this court will not stand for any rioting. If any of you are brought before me for taking part in any of these outbreaks you are assured of a fair trial but, if you are found guilty, I will impose the maximum penalty of one year in jail."

Then, answering Police Chief Pollard's request for higher bail, the Judge added:

"Some of them before me have reminders that there has been trouble and I believe they will hereafter keep away from it."

The Judge was referring to the bandaged bruises and cuts of four of the defendants, received in their encounters with Wakefield and Metropolitan Park police.

WOMAN BEFORE COURT.

The seven men were arrested the day before. Five of these are strikers. The other two men are sympathizers.

The woman defendant was Mrs. Filomena Gregorio, wife of Rocco Gregorio, a striker. She was arrested at the factory gate at the opening time today by Park Officer Blodgett, charged with assault on a workman who was about to enter the factory.

Mrs. Gregorio was lugged, kicking and shrieking, to a police auto, while twenty other officers with clubs drawn, held in check a movement by strikers who threatened to attempt a rescue.

Harvard Debaters Divide Peace Prize

The fifty-dollar prize offered by the Massachusetts Peace Society for the best address on Peace was divided between John Bowington, '15, and G. P. Pennoyer, '15, by the Judges who made the award at the meeting of the Harvard Speakers' Club last night following addresses in competition by six Harvard students. Each of the winners received $25. The Judges were Professor L. J. Johnson, Dr. James L. Tryon and Mr. Chanworth.

Boy Breaks Leg Playing on Awning

Antonio Carborne, eleven, of No. 11 Thatcher court, Boston, is at the Frost Hospital, Chelsea, suffering from a broken left leg received yesterday while playing on an awning, at No. 16 Williams street, where he was visiting friends.

Mrs. Spear's Claim Refuted

Marriage to Mayor Denied

Waiter Testifies for Widow

MRS. ERNINEE SPEAR.

Back Bay Woman Making Brave Fight for Share of Maine Estate.

Boston friends of Mrs. Erminie B. Spear of the Back Bay and Revere are interested in the fight she is making in the Maine courts for a share of the estate of the late D. Howard Spear, former Mayor of Bath. Mrs. Spear claims she was secretly married to the wealthy former Mayor, that they had one child, and that the ceremony was witnessed by John Bibber, the victim in Lewiston's great murder mystery of two years ago.

Mrs. Spear, who is well known in Boston, seeks a widow's share of the estate. At the trial of the case in Bath yesterday, Frank A. Dean, formerly a waiter in the English room at the Hotel Thorndike, testified that Spear introduced Mrs. Spear to him as his (Spear's) wife, and had asked the waiter to do what he could for her.

Another witness was Mrs. Myra Spear Dean of Dorchester, sister of the former Mayor and the administratrix of his estate.

"Ten days before his death," testified Mrs. Dean, "my brother denied to me that he had married this woman or that he had married a second time at all. He told me he wanted his friends to overlook and forgive his short-comings."

Frank L. Hodgdon, Mrs. Nina Higgins, Warren E. Bartlett and Orville Bartlett testified they knew Mrs. Spear, but that they never heard she was married to Spear. Late yesterday afternoon the case was continued until Tuesday.

On the stand Mrs. Spear had said her maiden name was Clinkard and she declared she was married to Spear in the city hall at New York, on May 22, 1900, and that the ceremony was performed by a Mr. Hollister, who she thought was an alderman. She said she refrained from making the marriage public at Spear's request and that she had been unable to find the surviving witnesses.

"My husband wanted to keep our marriage a secret owing to his prominence and the fact that it followed the death of his first wife by only three weeks," testified Mrs. Spear. She said that on April 17, 1912, while living on Westland avenue, she gave birth to a daughter whom she named Sadie Mildred Spear.

Auto Crank Hurts Dorchester Man

H. M. Johnston of Melville avenue, Dorchester, is at home suffering from a broken wrist. Mr. Johnson, who is a prominent Field's Corner real estate dealer, was starting his automobile yesterday intending to take a spin, when the crank handle slipped. He was attended by Dr. Frank S. Parsons.

POWERFUL HELPERS

For families who must secure new homes immediately, either in or out of town, are the Boston AMERICAN "Want Ad" columns.

CLEAN HEADS A Confidential Talk to Mothers.

Keep School Children's Heads Clean

There is always found among children a certain class while attending the public schools and mingling indiscriminately, that parents and physicians recommend the sanitary sure way to avoid these troubles every morning by using

FITZGERALD'S HAIR SOAP

The medicated shampoo made especially for this purpose and the only thing that will kill all lice, vermin and dissolve all their eggs or larvae, also dissolves all dandruff & thoroughly wash them all out of the hair along with all dust & dirt; no grease or even fine combing is ever needed. It keeps the hair always clean, healthy, soft & fluffy, prevents its falling out; promotes its beautiful growth. Price is a 25c cake, which is sufficient for a month or more, according to length of hair. Sold by druggists or by mail of Fitzgerald's Soap Co., Dillingham, Vt. If your druggist will not supply you, Save the Stamps.

TAXES GO DOWN, IN A PIG'S EYE

And in a Pig's Eye Curley Is a Reformer and a Goo Goo.

While the figures are not available at the moment, it became known last night that the Mayor has been saving a lot more money. If he keeps on, the Mayor will save more in six months than the New Haven has lost.

Mr. Curley having disappeared from the newspapers for a couple of days, the folks at City Hall knew he must be up to his new tricks. There was, therefore, no great surprise at the hall when he came to the surface yesterday chortling with glee.

Every time Curley chortles with glee somebody has been reduced from $1,800 to $1,500 a year, or a girl piano player has lost her city job.

However, what the Mayor has done this time, they say—this is a "they say" story, meaning that it will not become official for a day or two—is to devise a plan whereby the city yards will be abolished and the entire plant consolidated at a central station.

This, Mr. Curley says, will:

Increase effeciency.

Make it easier to check up supplies on hand.

Obviate teaming and hauling back and forth from one yard to another.

Cut out duplication of plant and apparatus.

Permit him to sell the land now occupied for division yards and apply the money thus obtained to a reduction of the city debt.

And then the story gets the human touch.

"Bill" Lowe, they say, is to be placed in charge of the central plant.

Mr. Lowe—William F.—is closer to Martin Lomasney than Martin's brother Joe. He is the ablest corporal of the leader of Ward 8. Since 1900 he has been in charge of the South Boston and Roxbury sewer yard. Under Fitzgerald he received $1,600 a ear. Curley allied it to $1,800. If the Mayor places William in charge of the proposed central plant, Bill may get $2,500.

Of course it is still a "they say" story, but if it eventuates it will demonstrate the fact that Martin L. and James C. are no so far apart as some have supposed.

And it will further suggest to some skeptics that when Martin L. lammed through the state the other day his scheme for seventeen City Councillors elected from twelve districts—instead of nine chosen "at large"—the Curley opposition may not have been so heartfelt as the Goo Goos appeared to believe.

So that politics is still politics in this town and in a pig's eye we are saving slathers of money at City Hall and the first thing you know the divvie a cent anybody will have to pay in taxes except them that's rich and can afford it.

In a pig's eye.

More Pay for Help at City Hospital

Maurice Ginsberg, operation room orderly, at a salary of $35 a month was promoted yesterday by Mayor Curley to chief operating room orderly at the city hospital, at a salary of $50 a month. The following hospital employees also have had wage increases: John F. Youngquist, laundryman, $11.50 to $14.50 the week; Antoni P. Zubiel, laundryman, from $10 to $11.50 the week; Margaret Higgins, from chambermaid at $15 the month to ward assistant at $6 the week; and N. Brooks Morrison from centre orderly at $26, to night lodge orderly at $26 the month.

Arrested on Charge of Chelsea Break

Harry A. Cohan, alias Frank Smith, 23, of No. 74 Myrtle street, Malden, was arrested last night by Inspector Galliac of the Chelsea police, charged with breaking and entering and larceny. It is alleged that Cohan entered the store of his former employes, Abraham Koritzsky and Samuel Levitsky, of Broadway, Chelsea, and stole tools and merchandise valued at $1,000. The police have recovered nearly half of the plunder.

Glen Shirt & Collar Co
121 TREMONT ST.

1.95 1.95 98c 1.95

We have just received a few new May and June creations in waists. You are perfectly safe in ordering any of them by mail. On receipt of price they will be sent post paid. Should they not suit you, return to factory return them to us and we will refund the price cheerfully. We want our customers to get the habit of ordering by mail, even when they find it impossible to visit our store. We give especial attention to all mail orders.

Bi-Monthly Sale of Soiled Waists, 49c & 98c

Tomorrow morning at 8:30 we put on sale all of the soiled waists we have collected during the past two months. These waists are great bargains. They are soiled simply by handling. It makes no difference at what price these waists were previously sold, they will all be thrown on to our bargain counters and closed out at either 49c or 98c.

INFANTS' DEPARTMENT—Watch our Children's Department. There will be some stunning values in Hats, Coats and Dresses in the coming week.

King Victor's Aunt Lauds Boston Opera

Henry Russell's Company Scores New Paris Triumph.

PARIS, May 16.—Another triumph was achieved by the Boston Opera Company when Verdi's "Un Ballo in Maschera" was given at the Theatre Des Champs Elysees tonight. Again there was a brilliant audience, the Duchess of Aosta, King Victor Emanuel's aunt, occupying a box.

Emmy Destinn, the star of the cast, as Amelia, was in magnificent voice. Her success was shared by Maggie Teyte as Oscar. It was her first appearance in Paris since her debut at the opera Comique. The tenor, Martinelli was much applauded as Riccardo. The Boston company chorus again won honor, and the mounting of the opera delighted Paris no less than that of Othello.

There was long continued applause when the final curtain was rung down upon another success of Henry Russell's Paris venture. At the close of the performance the Duchess of Aosta sent for the impresario, whom she congratulated, declaring she had never heard the ballo in Maschera so well given, even in Italy.

Bird Addresses Worcester Moose

Declines to Commit Himself on Candidacy for Third Time.

WORCESTER, May 16.—Following a secret conference of Progressives of the Third and Fourth Congressional Districts at the Hotel Bancroft this afternoon, Charles S. Bird, head of the State ticket last Fall, was asked by reporters whether he would be a candidate for Governor this Fall.

"Nothing to say," replied Mr. Bird. Pressed for an affirmation or denial of the report of his intended candidacy he added:

"I stand exactly where I stood months ago. It is too early to cross any bridges."

The conference, which began with a luncheon, was attended by 125 men and 25 women. Chairman Matthew Hale of the State Committee presided. Mr. Bird addressed the gathering at the conference following.

Osteopathist Finds New Sciatica Cause

Dr. E. O. Maxwell of Manchester, N. H., last night ,at a meeting of the Boston Osteopathic Society, declared that "pains heretofore known as sciatica are really the result of a strain, sprain, displacement.

Dr. Sandford T. Lyne of Allentown, Pa., who preceded him, gave an interesting and instructive address on the technique of osteopathic treatment.

The organization went on record as being in favor of lowering of infant mortality by osteopathic treatment.

Warren Will Accept Federal Position

Charles Warren will accept the position of Assistant Attorney-General of the United States, if confirmed.

Mr. Warren said last night: "I shall accept the position providing I am confirmed. I have as yet, however, received no official notification of my nomination by the President."

WILSON SAYS COLORADO MUST SETTLE STRIKE

Federal Troops Will Be Withdrawn Quickly as Possible, President Asserts.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—President Wilson today made it clear that Colorado must quickly solve its own difficulties growing out of the strike situation and that the Federal troops now on duty there would be withdrawn as quickly as possible.

He telegraphed Governor Ammons that the State Legislature should not adjourn without taking steps to control the situation and received a reply from the Governor stating that everything possible was being done.

At the White House tonight it was stated by officials close to the President that he does not plan to withdraw the Federal troops if anarchy is to break out again, but he feels there is no excuse for the Legislature adjourning and leaving the problem up to the Federal government.

Members of the Colorado delegation in Congress were alarmed by the President's telegram to Governor Ammons and said anarchy would reign again if the troops were taken away before the strike was settled. They declared that although orders for the disarming of the contending factions have been issued, only a small proportion of the arms have been turned in and that virtually an armed truce exists at present.

President Wilson's telegram was as follows:

"Am disturbed to hear of the probability of the adjournment of your Legislature, and feel bound to remind you that my constitutional obligations with regard to the maintenance of order in Colorado are not to be indefinitely continued by the inaction of the State Legislature.

"The Federal forces are there only until the State of Colorado has time and opportunity to resume complete sovereignty and control in the matter. I cannot conceive that the State is willing to forego her sovereignty or to throw herself entirely upon the government of the United States, and I am quite clear that she has no constitutional right to do so when it is within the power of her Legislature to take effective action.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

A Reliable Treatment For Superfluous Hairs

(Beauty Culture)

A new and highly satisfactory method has recently been found for the quick and painless removal of objectionable hairy growths, and it is so simple that anyone can use it in the privacy of her own home and enjoy the pleasure of a clear, hairless skin.

To remove hair or fuzz from lip, chin or cheek, a thick paste is made by mixing some water with a little powdered delatone. This paste is then spread on the hairy surface for about two minutes and then rubbed off, after which the skin is washed to remove the remaining delatone and it will be found to be free from hair or blemish. No danger or inconvenience attends this treatment, but to avoid disappointment or failure, see that you get the delatone in a small original package. Any good drug store can supply you.—ADVERTISEMENT.

FRESH GRASS BUTTER 28c lb

Five carloads, one week's output, Finest Quality "New Grass" Butter just arrived. This pure, golden table butter, in any quantity, Lb. 28c.

EGGS STRICTLY FRESH **25c** Doz

Large Fancy Eggs, worth 35c Dozen

Ceresota Flour Bag 73c

Gold Medal Flour Bag 73c

Peaches Fancy California Lemon Cling Peaches, in Rich Sugar Syrup, Large Can 17c Value. Department.

Sugar Finest, Pure Granulated . . Lb. 4c

Ivory Soap 4 Bars 15c

Quaker Co's Oats 5 Lbs. 17c

Corn Meal Finest Yellow Cream 5 Lbs. 13c

Tomatoes Standard Red Ripe Solid Pack, 12c Value Can 9c

Peas Extra Quality, Early June Peas. 15c Val. Can 9c

Corn Tender, Sweet Yorks State. 10c Value Can 7½c

R. & R. Chicken ½s Can 29c

Teas "Golden Rose" Quicy, 6 Lb. 35c

Rose Cond. Milk Can 9c

Shaker Salt 10c Val. Pkg. 7c

Grape Juice Pure Concord Quality, Pt. 19c

Marmalade Orange & Lemon Mixed. Large Glass Jar 16c

Peanut Butter Purest Quality Silver Bloom Lb. 10c

New Cheese Finest York State Cream Lb. 18c

Bacon Finest Sugar Cured, Lb. 17½c

Crackers "Boscbins" Sugar Jumbles. Lb. 12½c

Coffee "Golden Rose" 29c, 1st Blending, 35c Value Lb. 25c

$1 Value Et cetera **WINES, LIQUORS** Cut to **69c**

Selected Brands, 69c Here, at Other Stores $1.00

This great saving possible because of our immense business. Purer and better than the strict U. S. Govt. standards. At all stores except Bromfield.

Old "Mentor" Whisky Qt. 69c

$1.25 Value, a very fine old, mellow Whisky—positively pure. Specially aged in old sherry casks. Most pleasing Whisky at a most popular price. Qt. 38c.

Malt "Anheuser" Malt Whisky Pure. Medicinal. Qt. 69c

Gin Pure Gin. $1.00 Value. 69c

Gin Choice Holland type. Qt. 69c

Gin Old Tom or English Dry Best. Leads. Bot. 69c

Rum Old Cruzoll Spring. Choice Quality. Qt. 69c

Port Finest Old Spanish. $1.00 Value. Bottle 69c

Sherry Genuine Duff Gordon $1.00 Value. Bot. 69c

ALSO OTHER CUT-PRICE SPECIALS

Rye "Banquet" Old Reserve Stock. $1.50 Val. Qt. 97c

Hunter Rye G. C. Bottling Bot 83c

Old Crow Bourbon 95c

Black & White Scotch 1.15

Scotch Lords of England Real Glenlivet Bot. 85c

Wm. Jameson's Irish 95c

Gordon Dry Gin Bot. 89c

Wines Santa Teresa. Port, Sherry, etc. 85c Val. Bot. 31c

Port, Sherry $1.50 Val. Bot. 49c

Brandy Hennessy Old Vintage. Bot. 1.39

Cocktails Banquet, Martini or Manhattan. Bot. 85c

Roessle Beer Doz. 80c

Ale Special Bass Ale, Guinness' Stout. PINT 10c Qt. 20c

M. & R. Vermouth 49c

Free Deliveries Reasonable Distances ★ Complete Price List Free—Write

The Ginter Co 45 Bromfield St. Near Tremont

1 Canal St. Union St., Cor. Elm 115 Summer St. Cor. Kingston 405 Washington St. Cor. Boylston St. Cor. Arlington St. 122 Tremont Street

15 WINTER ST.

VORENBERG'S

This is the logical store for you to patronize if you intend spending from $1.00 to $10.00 for

WEDDING PRESENTS

There's no other store just like this in Boston. It's a "gift store," with gift suggestions on every side. A stroll through our aisles will settle the problem of "what to give," and there'll be a goodly saving for you if you choose here, because of our buying and selling methods.

Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

Royal Suhl China Chocolate Service, like cut, consisting of Chocolate Pitcher with 6 cups and saucers to match, dainty tulip decoration, very practical shape. Imported to sell for $2.00. Our Special . . . **$1.59**

Percolator, like cut, large size, holds 6 cups, nickel plated over solid copper, with the most popular alcohol lamp. Worth $6. Our special price, **$3.99**

Royal Suhl China Berry Set, like cut, consisting of Berry Bowl, 6 Saucers with Sugar Bowl and Cream Pitcher, dainty Bridal Rose decoration. Worth $4.00. Our special complete. . **$1.99**

Silver Pudding Dish, like cut, full size, quadruple plate, made by Rogers, an exceptionally pretty as well as useful wedding gift. Reduced to. **$2.99**

Silver-Plated Three-Bottle Caster Set, in a very pretty, new pattern. Regular 75c value. **Reduced for one week only to 29c**

Per set. 3 Pieces.

Solid Gold Pendant and Chain, like cut, and other designs. Pendants are set with a variety of stones, some with baroque pearl drops. Chains are 15 inches long, colored links, with safety ring clasp. Actual value of this combination, $3.00. Special price, **$1.59**

Solid Gold Birthday Rings for Ladies, set with large stone for every birthday, assortment of sizes to fit any lady's finger. Positively worth $3.00. Special **$1.29**

Remember, 10-K Gold.

The "Ever Handy" Lingerie Clasp, like cut, gold filled, an assortment of designs. This clasp is absolutely secure and easily adjusted. Value 50c. Special price, **24c**

Solid Gold Baby Rings, like cut, some set with pearls, garnets, pearls, etc., others the signet style. Sizes 0 to 2 years. Value 75c. Our Special **39c**

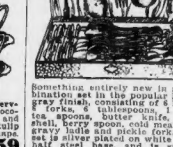
Imported Coaster Set, like cut, consisting of large tray with 6 coasters to match, in the new and popular cretonne patterns. Value worth $3c. Our special. . **39c**

Something entirely new in a combination set in the popular French gray finish, consisting of 6 knives, 6 forks, 6 tablespoons, 1 dozen teaspoons, butter knife, sugar shell, berry spoon, cold meat fork, gravy ladle and pickle fork. This set is silver plated on white metal, half steel base, and is sure to give entire satisfaction. Remember, 38 pieces in all, including chest. Our very special price, complete **$4.95**

Rich Cut Glass Flower Vase, standing 13 inches high, fine combination rock crystal design, good sensible shape. An actual $5.00 value. Vorenberg's extra special, **$2.99**

Continuation Sale of this Extraordinary Offer

These Chimes should be seen in order to appreciate the value we are offering. New 5-Tube Dinner Chime, like cut, with wood bracket. These gongs are made of polished brass and are worth $2.00. We advise an early selection, as the quantity is limited. Special, **99c**



Rich Cut Glass 4-to-Handled Bon Bon Dish, 6-inch size, popular chrysanthemum design, rich cutting and brilliant glass. Worth **99c** $2.00. Our special . . . .

Cut Glass Spoon Tray, full size, like cut, very dainty design, new shape. Our special price, **89c**

This Bag is only one of the many values to be found in our Leather Goods Department.

Fine leather bag, 8 inches deep, made of Crepe Real leather, German silver frame, silk lined, attached wrist strap, also purse. Pannier handle **99c**

Brass Jardiniere with artificial fern and plated dish stands 7½ feet and measures 11 inch, including plating 7½ inch. **79c**

Larger size with Plate Glass Mirror Plateau, **$1.75**

Sterling Silver Deposit Sugar and Cream Sets, assorted patterns, made to sell for $1.00 per set. Our price, set of 2 pieces **39c**

Unusual Value.

Vorenberg's umbrella values are widely known. Why not try here before going elsewhere?

Fine American Taffeta Umbrellas, for ladies and gentlemen, 26 and 28 size, with a new line of mission handles, fancy silk case and tassel. Our special **$1.09**

Exceptional Offering in a Genuine Bohemia Ware Set. We offer this week a 100-piece English Porcelain Dinner Set, consisting of 12 dinner plates, 12 soup plates, 12 tea plates, 12 cups, 12 saucers, 12 individual butter plates, 1 medium-size meat dish, 2 large meat dishes, 1 baker, 1 gravy dish, 2 covered dishes, 1 covered butter dish and drainer, 1 pickle dish, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher, bowl, 12 tea cups, 12 tea saucers—100 pieces in all—with a handsome garland of roses and turquoise blue design. This set usually retails for $25.00. Our special offer for this week, per set of 100 pieces **$12.95**

MRS. BARTLETT SPURNS LUND'S "BALM" OFFER

Her $100,000 Suit Against a Member of Ancients Goes to Trial Tomorrow.

REJECTS "PALTRY SUM"

Counsel for both sides in the $10,000 "heart balm" suit brought by Mrs. Carolyn Stella Bartlett of No. 1 Pinckney street, Beacon Hill, against Arthur Graves Lund of Boston and Washington, member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company and son-in-law of United States Senator Bankhead of Alabama, admitted yesterday that efforts to settle the suit have failed and that it will go to trial here tomorrow as scheduled.

The trial of this suit for alleged breach of promise gains public interest on account of the prominence of both principals. Mrs. Bartlett, formerly the wife of L. H. Bartlett, a Western oil man, is a descendant of a London knight, Sir Thomas Boynton, one of her great-grandfathers. Another ancestor was Major General Sullivan Smith of Revolutionary fame.

LIVED IN BACK BAY

Mr. Lund lived formerly in the Back Bay. On May 12, 1915, he married Mrs. Louise Bankhead Perry, widow of the late Congressman William Hayne Perry of North Carolina, and daughter of Senator Bankhead. The following July Mrs. Bankhead filed her suit against Mr. Lund, who was just going to London with his bride to attend the festivities tendered by the London "Ancients" to their Boston comrades.

Regarding the efforts of settlement, Herbert L. Baker, attorney for Lund, said yesterday:

"We made Mrs. Bartlett a reasonable offer if she would withdraw the case because Mr. Lund did not care to be troubled by the necessity of coming to Boston and defending himself from the charges.

"Mrs. Bartlett, however, did not seem pleased at the amount mentioned and refused to let the matter drop for that sum. We have since withdraw the offer and are ready for trial, if Mrs. Bartlett is looking for publicity, she may rest assured that she will receive more than her share of it before this case is finished."

OFFER TOO SMALL.

Thomas E. Flannagan, of the law office of Lieutenant-Governor Edward P. Barry, who is representing Mrs. Bartlett, said:

"Yes, the other side made us an offer to settle the case, but Mrs. Bartlett would not think of accepting such a paltry sum. We believe we have a good case against Mr. Lund and are prepared to begin the trial on Monday morning. Mrs. Bartlett is in a highly nervous state over the approaching trial and cannot be disturbed by reporters.

"She has been busy the past few days arranging the letters and other data upon which we shall base our case against Mr. Lund, and has denied herself to callers until after the trial.

"We are prepared to push the case to the limit and have no fear but that the Court will award Mrs. Bartlett a sum vastly in excess of the small figure named in Mr. Lund's offer to settle the case."

Foresters to Meet in Boston Tuesday

Expect 400 Delegates to Attend State Convention.

The State convention of the Foresters of America will be held in the Quincy House, Boston, on May 19, 20 and 21. Delegates will begin to assemble on Monday evening, and will come from all parts of the State. It is expected that at least 400 delegates will attend the convention, which will open at 2 p. m. on Tuesday morning.

A reception committee of Boston members of the order will receive and care for the comfort of the delegates. An open house will be maintained in one of the large rooms of the Quincy House for the reception of delegates from Monday evening, May 18, until the close of the convention.

Mayor Curley and Governor Walsh have both promised to attend.

City Pensions in 1913 Totalled $460,207

Curley Fears Figures for his Year Will Be Over a Million.

Pensions, in all city departments, cost Boston, according to figures furnished by the corporation counsel to the Mayor, a total of $460,207.19 last year, as against $157,649.44 in 1903, $54,540.03 in 1893, and $19,636.84 in 1883. At the present rate of increase Mayor Curley is afraid the total this year will be over a million.

Of last year's pensions, the police got $153,985.24, fire department $134,-86.44, school teachers $75,859.19 and 21 other departments $105,929.32.

Horseshoes Bring Bad Luck to Trio

Horseshoes are not always the bearers of good luck or at least, Timothy Sullivan, John Strachan and John McAlpin think so because when they were found with several in their possession and could not give a good account of where they got them they were arrested. At the same time Fillian Will of Friend street told the police that he had lost some, Judge Murray, in the city police court continued the cases of the three to until May 19.

EXCEPTIONAL OFFERINGS

In the best bargains in the realty market are to be found in the Real Estate and Want Ad" section of today's Sunday Boston AMERICAN.

Miss Sears, in New Romance, Acclaimed "Girl of Superlatives"

Yachtsman Cochran's Attention to Athletic Miss Interests Society

Millionaire Owner of Cup Defender a Real Rival to Harold Vanderbilt.

Miss Eleonora Sears, America's best known bachelor girl, has added another clasp to her title: "Girl of Superlatives."

Her latest superlative is Alexander Smith Cochran of Yonkers, New York and his America cup class yacht Vanitie, just launched at Neponset. Cochran is a bachelor, and many millions. He is well-known in society in the fashionable clubs of New York, Newport and Boston. He is the one of very few men who ever undertook to finance a yacht alone that will make a try for the honor of defending the America cup against the invasion of Sir Thomas Lipton, next September. This little outing of Mr. Cochran's wealthy will amount upwards of a quarter of a million.

E LEONORA SEARS, society's real "girl of superlatives." At top, Miss Eleonora in horse show togs and in street attire; below, with Grahame-White in his aeroplane, and as a tennis girl.

It may be the gameness of Mr. Cochran to match his money against two syndicates composed of some of the wealthiest men in the country, including the Vanderbilts, Morgans and others that put this fair athletic Boston society girl on board the Vanitie on its launching day, or it maybe that it was a long acquaintance with Mr. Cochran. However, her presence aboard the Vanitie, has started some interesting gossip among her large circle of friends, and is sound a little like romance.

Miss Sears has sailed the big racing yacht Vagrant, owned by Harold S. Vanderbilt. Their engagement has been hinted at time and time again.

BRAVES PERILS OF SEA AND AIR.

When Claude Grahame-White came over here from England several years ago and scooped up about all the American honors he could in a flying machine, Miss Sears was by his company very much and took a couple of trips in the air in the White machine. Again gossip linked the names of these two in an engagement.

When Paul J. Rainey, the Cleveland millionaire, some years ago, had a very fast yacht called Mirage, Miss Sears came to the front, and one day at Newport took the wheel in a race and beat Alfred G. Vanderbilt and his boat Waltha. Then, again, when Rainey, a couple of years ago, sailed away for a hunting and exploring trip to Labrador, Miss Sears was on the dock to say goodbye, and then came the rumors of an engagement.

Yachting and aquatic sports seem to have the call with this clever outdoor society girl, and when the new Vanderbilt schooner was racing at Newport two Summers ago it was Miss Sears that piloted the boat across the finish line a winner, much to the surprise of a few highly paid professional skippers on millionaire's yachts.

Fast automobiles of Vanderbilt she has driven until aeroplanes seemed to go faster, and now comes Mr. Cochran with his wealth and his yachts.

If young Vanderbilt intends to keep up the pace in the yachting game he will have to travel fast, for Miss Sears has certainly picked out a man that likes fast boats as well as she does.

COCHRAN HAS WON SUCCESS.

Vanderbilt, two years ago, had his new steel schooner yacht built especially at Lawley's works at Neponset. He christened this yacht Vagrant, a name much like that of his former racing schooner, which wasn't large enough or fast enough. Miss Sears was present at the launching of this boat, and it was said at the time that it was at her suggestion that the name was given to this new boat.

The Vanderbilt yacht is no small affair. It is 109 feet long.

On the present young Mr. Vanderbilt seems to have been the favorite. In the yachting game he has had it all his own way.

Now comes Mr. Cochran. He is prominent in the yachting world. He is a member of the New York Yacht Club and a former owner of the big racing schooner Westwood, which created such a record in England a couple of years ago and was finally purchased by a yachtsman abroad.

He is estimated to be worth from $50,000,000 to $70,000,000. He is a carpet manufacturer.

Already over at the Neponset ship yard where the Cochran cup class boat Vanitie, was launched Thursday, with Miss Sears and Mr. Cochran aboard, is another big auxiliary schooner yacht being laid down for this same young man. It is estimated that in a year he will have $750,000 tied up in two yachts.

Much secrecy surrounds the building of this second yacht. The orders at the yard are that Mr. Cochran will not allow any person to climb on his boats; hence the street guard at the gates of the plant.

SETS YACHT RECORD.

The Vanderbilt yacht is schooner rigged, has two masts and is of steel. The boat is luxuriously furnished and can make an ocean voyage.

The new Cochran private yacht may take at least a year to complete. It will be the biggest schooner yacht ever built in this section. No exact dimensions have been given out, but it is understood that it will be three-masted and that the masts will be so tall that they cannot get under Brooklyn bridge. It is to be constructed of bronze, and a number of rolling mills in the country are at work getting this material out.

The schooner will be nearly 215 feet long with a waterline length of 166 feet. The keel will have 200 tons of lead. Captain Edward Sherlock of South Boston will command the boat when it is completed next December.

The furnishings will be as luxurious as was ever attempted for any boat in the country.

The appearance of Miss Sears and Mr. Cochran at the launching of the Vanitie, Thursday was a distinct surprise to many of her friends who were present. They had never been seen much in public together.

His sister, Mrs. H. N. Howen and his little eight-year-old niece, Dolly Bowen were present from New York, and the little girl christened her uncle's boat.

Miss Sears and Mr. Cochran walked about the yard and spent most of the day together. Miss Sears climbed down a ladder in the Vanitie and jumped aboard the boat as it was slipping down the ways before Mr. Cochran could stop her.

The new yacht's name, it is understood, will be Sea Call. Mr. Cochran is to take a long foreign cruise immediately after the launching.

At the launching of the cup class boat Vanitie, it was said that Miss Sears suggested its name and now her friends along the North Shore and at Beverly are wondering if she will be sponsor for the new Cochran private yacht, Sea Call.

TROUBLE SAVERS

For worried employers pressed for the right kind of help and needing it right away are Sunday AMERICAN "Situations Wanted" Ads. Greatest trouble saving Classified.

Association Formed to Boom Winthrop

The Winthrop Tourist Association was launched yesterday for the purpose of booming Winthrop as it has never been boosted before. The beauties and advantages of Winthrop as a Summer resort will be set forth in most attractive terms. A headquarters has been established at No. 77 Jefferson street, Winthrop, where advice, information and assistance will be furnished to all who apply. The committee reminds vacation and Summer home-seekers that it is always cool in Winthrop. The Winthrop citizens are joining hands in making the boom one of the biggest, busiest and best that has yet been launched.

Think Dead Man Is from Baltimore

Letters in the pockets of a man found dead under pier 4 of the Commonwealth Docks lead to the belief that he is Arthur Hayden, No. 1903 Edmundson avenue, Baltimore.

HAMMOCKS
Value $6.50

ABSOLUTELY guaranteed or money refunded; genuine Gloucester shape hammock, made from 12-cd. army duck khaki color, suspended with 8 strong cotton cords at each end, detachable wood-en bar, with pearl nut pine cone, each top and end bottom, 9-inch bed mattress, ecrue red, green or khaki, specials from Nat. agency, all com-plete, for $6.50, worth $11 to retail store. 2-piece lawn settee and two arm chairs for 10c pounds; shipped to many points in New England.

DORCHESTER MANUFACTURING CO. 1000 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Jack Rose to Address Boston Ministers

Jack Rose of New York will address the Congregational ministers of Greater Boston in Pilgrim Hall, No. 73 Beacon street, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. His subject is "Humanology."

Announcement

During the months of JUNE and SEPTEMBER this store will open at

8:30 A. M. & Close at 5:30 P. M.

Every day, including Saturday

Beginning the 1st Day of July

and ending the last day of August this store will close

At 5 o'Clock

From Monday to Friday Inclusive

And Will Close All Day

Saturday

throughout these two months.

GILCHRIST CO.
Washington St. Winter St. Hanlon Place

"DAKOTA DAN" ASKS CORCORAN TO ARREST HIM

Russell Claimant Promises to Spring Surprise if Tried as an Impostor.

Dakota Dan Russell declares that, if District Attorney Corcoran of Middlesex will only have him arrested as an impostor, Dakota Dan will "spring a surprise" and convince any jury that he is the real Daniel Blake Russell.

The Dakota claimant says:

"I did not get a square deal. The Middlesex County ring was against my side from the start. I have confidence that Mr. Corcoran will treat me right.

"I have left a letter at Mr. Corcoran's office, asking me to act as my own attorney. If he will only arrest me as an impostor and bring my case before a jury, I promise to spring a surprise. It will not be long before Mr. Corcoran and the jury will formulate an opinion as to who is the real Daniel Blake Russell.

"Why did Mr. Almy telephone the police to come to the Melrose house and quiet Fresno Dan? Think of that, a man getting the money Fresno Dan is said to be getting, interfered with in his 'own house.'

"I'll make Fresno Dan take a slide down hill from his 'own house' with Almy before I'm through with them.

"If they allow me one dollar, I'm entitled to all. If they want to fight the matter out in court, I stand ready; if they want to settle outside of court, I'll settle decently."

Dakota Dan made the above statement and some more of the same nature to the Sunday AMERICAN the latter part of this week.

Yesterday, however, District Attorney Corcoran came out with a statement on his own account, in which he said that Dakota Dan asked Friday for permission to testify before the Grand Jury and to question "certain persons." The District Attorney added that Dakota Dan was warned he would have to waive immunity from possible prosecution.

Mr. Corcoran added that he gave Dakota Dan until 10 o'clock yesterday morning to make up his mind, but that he had not heard from the claimant up to the time set.

Whereupon the District Attorney issued his statement.

Brookline Boy Is Hurt by Runaway

Alexander McCullough, fourteen and living on Aspinwall avenue, Brookline, was probably fatally injured yesterday afternoon when a horse he was driving ran away on Harvard street, Brookline, and threw the lad to the ground. At the Massachusetts General Hospital his skull was found to be fractured. The police said the boy's mother was seriously ill in a hospital.

Hold Cretic for Tardy Passengers

The sailing of the White Star liner Cretic from the Boston & Albany terminal in East Boston, was delayed to accommodate any passengers who might have gone to the Hoosac Tunnel docks in Charlestown, the regular terminal of the line, in ignorance of the change. The Cretic carried 248 tourists in her cabin accommodations and 400 steerage passengers. The Leyland liner Winifredian sailed today for Liverpool with forty cabin passengers and a big cargo.

Miss Whitcomb Is Bride in Roxbury

The wedding of Miss Anna Manning Whitcomb, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harriet Whitcomb of "Greenbank," Jamaica Plain, and Wadsworth Bayley of Washington, D. C., took place yesterday afternoon at St. John's Episcopal Church, Roxbury. The Rev. Frederic W. Pitts officiated. Miss Marguerite Avis Whitcomb was maid of honor, and Armistead Bayler acted as best man.

Roxbury Exchange 'Cut Over' by Mayor

Greetings Sent to White House to Which President Replies.

Mayor Curley at 10 o'clock last night effected the first "cut over" at the new $175,000 Roxbury telephone exchange at No. 23 Waverly street in the presence of State and telephone officials. The "cut over" was made by Miss Margaret J. Hogan, an operator at the exchange, and extended to the office of Secretary Tumulty at the White House, Washington.

Mayor Curley told Secretary Tumulty that Boston "extended its best wishes to President Wilson and was prospering under the Wilson policy."

Secretary Tumulty replied that the President extended his best wishes to the telephone officials in its new enterprise.

The new exchange gives employment to 125 girls. It has 10,500 lines and 23,718 underground cables.

'LEFTY LOUIE' IN DEATH CHAMBER NAMED BECKER

Gunman's Widow Tells of Rosenberg's Confession Made Just Before Execution.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Mrs. Lillian Rosenberg, widow of "Lefty Louie," the executed gunman, declared today in an interview before quitting New York permanently, that on the day before his death her husband told her that former Police Lieutenant Charles A. Becker and Jack Rose were responsible for the death of Herman Rosenthal.

"When he told me this I promised him I would tell everything when I went on the witness stand in the second Becker case," said Mrs. Rosenberg. "Louie told me while he was in the Sing Sing death house that Becker sent notes to him and to the other boys giving them false hope. Louie told me he did not shoot Rosenthal but that two of the other boys did. Under no circumstances will I reveal their names.

"Louie also told me that he and the boys were afraid of Becker and that is why he got them to kill Rosenthal.

NOTES HIDDEN IN BOOKS.

"While the boys were in the death house with Becker, Louis said the former police lieutenant would send them notes hidden in a book. The keeper would take the book to the boys without finding the notes. In these notes Becker told the boys to keep up their courage, that they would get out.

"In June, 1912, Jack Rose came to our house and had a talk with my husband. After he had left, Louis said to me: 'What do you think of that, that Dutch copper named Becker wants to frame me up.'

"I am going to leave New York now for good. I have been bothered by Becker's people and I want no more of it. Just a few days ago, after I saw the District Attorney, a man representing himself to me as a reporter, came and said:

"'If you testify against Becker you will be the sorriest girl in the world.'"

WE GIVE MUSIC ROLLS FREE WITH EVERY AUTOPIANO *LARGEST MAKE OF PLAYER-PIANOS IN THE WORLD*

The Autopiano

Should be in every home where there are children.

In homes in every section of the country the Autopiano is unfolding to the young the beauties of better music.

Your Little Boy or Girl can play the most difficult compositions with the aid of the Autopiano.

NO agency in our day has done so much to popularize good music as the player-piano, and the Autopiano stands supreme among them, having established itself as the safest and simplest player made.

THE Autopiano stands forth as a striking example of the "spirit of the times." It is an instrument of pleasure for those who have had neither time nor opportunity to master the art.

Chopin, Beethoven, Wagner, Liszt and other famous composers of piano classics.

Under the Norris Plan

YOU Can Own an Autopiano Tomorrow

Deferred payments arranged to suit the convenience of purchasers.

HERE'S THE WAY

Used pianos taken in exchange as part payment.

Write for Our Handsome Booklet

What People Say

Containing full details of the Autopiano's standing in the navy, and the opinions of such well-known people as Peter Finley Dunne, Victor Herbert, Percy Grainger and others. Now mailed Free upon request.

A personal demonstration will be given whenever desired in our Tremont Street Store (just around the corner from Boylston St.)

There are twice as many Autopianos in use as any other make, and the Autopiano factories are the largest in the world devoted to the manufacture of player-pianos alone. This is a forceful tribute to their superiority.

Chas. S. Norris

181 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

Pianos and Player-Pianos to Rent for the Summer

CHAS. S. NORRIS,
181 Tremont Street, Boston.

Kindly send me, without charge, full information and particulars regarding the "Autopiano."

Name .....

Street .....

P.O. .....

SULLIVAN SEES PERIL O FSTATE EXTRAVAGANCE

Corporation Counsel Opposes Bill for Commonwealth to Retain Franchise Tax.

GIVES FIGURES IN LETTER

Corporation Counsel John A. Sullivan, who as chairman of the Finance Board attempted to point out the lack of economy of the city under Mayor Fitzgerald, is now running after the same faults in the State government.

In a long letter to Richard Knowles of the Committee on Taxation of the State Legislature, in opposition to the House bill which provides that the State retain corporate franchise taxes instead of redistributing them to the cities and towns where shareholders reside, he explains how the prosed legislation would increase the States extravagance.

"It is argued," he writes, "that if the State had retained the $1,602,271 of such taxes in 1913, instead of distributing it to the cities and towns, we could now have had a State tax of 6,400,000 instead of $8,000,000.

NO LIMIT TO STATE.

"According to this argument, the State would have been no better off, nor would the cities and towns, taking them as a whole, and the only thing accomplished would have been the perfection of a theory of public accounting.

"I submit that experience shows that the additional money would be spent by the Commonwealth; that the State taxwould not be lowered, and that the proposed legislation would invite extravagance.

"Appropriations almost invariably approach, if they do not equal, the limits. These limitations upon municipal appropriations and loans have been municipal tax burdens and municipal debt from soaring to indefinite heights.

"There are no such limitations upon the Commonwealth. Hence State expenditures are increasing in greater proportion than municipal expenditures.

"The tendency of the State to outrun municipalities in increase of debt is illustrated by a comparison between the State and the city of Boston—a city noted for liberality in its financial operations."

STATE AND CITY FIGURES.

"Debt—State, direct, net for 1904, $15,576,595, and for 1913, $24,280,454; per cent. increase, 55.8. Debt—Boston, net, $62,437,219 in 1904; and $75,961,370 in 1913; a per cent. increase of 21.6. Debt—Boston, net, exclusive of rapid transit loans, which are self-supporting loans, $51,219 in 1904; and $57,395,927 in 1913; a per cent. increase of 11.4.

"Expenditures—State, general purposes, $8,619,603 in 1904, and $17,-452,210 in 1913, a per cent. increase of 97.5. Boston—Regular departmental expenditures, $16,885,859 in 1904, and $21,554,843 in 1913, a per cent. increase of 33.5.

"The tendency of the State to spend every dollar in sight is further shown by the increase in the State tax: $2,560,000 in 1904 and $8,000,000 in 1913, a per cent. increase of 220.

"The State tax for 1914, as estimated by Former Auditor John E. White, $10,000,000 and the tax as estimated by House Chairman of Ways and Means Thomas White, $13,000,000.

Providence Drug Peddlers Hard Hit

PROVIDENCE, May 16.—Drug peddlers are finding it difficult to ply their trade since the cocaine law went into effect. Three men, William F. McCarthy, Frank J. Fanning and Walter Conlon, have been arrested and convicted, other peddlers, who in the past have openly defied the efforts of the police to stop the sale of drugs, will not be rounded up unless they go out of business.

Today Is Tulip Day in Public Garden

Today is tulip Sunday in the Public Garden. Chairman Dillon, who has the flower beds in charge, has arranged a display that surpasses all past displays. Kaiser Kroons Vermillion Brillians predominate. Panebeds vie with the tulips, and the magnolia trees are also in full bloom. Boston's Public Garden today is one of the world's beauty spots.

Drop of $842.61 in Pay Roll for Parks

The weekly payroll of the park and recreation department shows a decrease of $842.61 for the week over the corresponding week of last year, or $11,203.92 total this week, exclusive of teaming and labor. Pay rolls for April show a decrease of $106.50, and a total for the month of $1,483.

Charles W. Calkins, Printer, Bankrupt

Charles W. Calkins, doing business as a printer under the name of C. W. Calkins & Company, at No. 72 Purchase street, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities were placed at $13,210, assets at $11,502. D. Devereaux Barker was named receiver.

Blocklinger Here to Organize Cooks

Edward Blocklinger of New York, who conducted the strike of hotel workers in this city two years ago, is in Boston trying to organize cooks and other hotel employes of this city.

The Great Constantino Had to Sweep Out His Cell

Famous Tenor's Own Story of Six Hours in Jail

Forbidden to Sing by Rules, He Is Forced to Listen to Snoring in Countless Keys.

Compelled to use a broom and sweep out a cell in the Charles street jail, where he was detained for six hours on a means process warrant, Florencio Constantino, the Boston opera tenor, who has earned as high as $175,000 a year by his wonderful voice, is recovering at the Bellevue Hotel on Beacon street from a nervous shock which followed his laborious task and "indignity," as he termed it.

Constantino never before wielded a broom, never! He says the, "indignity" of being in jail has preyed on his nerves ever since. It has interfered with his sleep. And the thoughts of the broom and snoring prisoners now haunt him, sleeping or waking.

He shudders at the thought of having rubbed shoulders with the inmates of the jail; the feelings which overcame him as he sat in his cell thinking of his triumphs in the opera world; the rounds upon rounds of applause which greeted his entrance before the footlights, and last, but not least, that tremendous salary.

"Ah!" as he exclaimed, "the horror of it all makes me sick at heart!"

CATCHES A $10,000 COLD.

Constantino caught cold at the jail from the beads of perspiration which trickled down the outside of his throat from his nervous forehead. The sensation of being under lock and key for the first time in his career had a tendency to open every pore in his body. The dampness and foul air of his surroundings made such a chill that he is now suffering from a $10,000 cold.

"How Florencio would be at the jail yet were it not for the kindness of Ida M. Feeney and Harold Friedman," said Constantino's faithful valet, Edward Charles. "They put up a bond for $5,000." This was the amount Judge Jenney decided upon after Constantino had been arraigned before him.

Constantino's arrest was sensational. He was tricked and trapped, he says, by a woman. She betrayed him into the hands of the attaches of the sheriff's office. She made an appointment with him. She was in the employ of the Watch Detective Bureau, run by former Chief Watts of the Boston police department, a man who knew how to catch criminals. Constantino is no criminal; far from it. He is merely an alleged dodger—a man who felt that he could not meet Mr. Hammerstein and pay over to him the sum of $50,000. Hammerstein had been awarded that amount in court against the great tenor singer.

JUST A SWEET SOPRANO.

This woman had a sweet voice. She got Constantino on the telephone. She told him she wanted to hear him sing. She represented she was from a woman's club in Dorchester, and that she was authorized to meet and hear him, and wanted to engage him to sing before Dorchester women. An interview was arranged, and when she formed the great tenor singer, was impressive, and that interview could be held in the ladies' parlor of the Bellevue Hotel.

The woman's voice was in high C, it is said, and appealed to Constantino, as did also the prospects of being paid several thousand dollars for the use of his voice to charm the women she said she represented, and so he met her by appointment in the place she specified.

"Her voice was like the Seraph's note," and appealed to Constantino, and he told her how pleased he was to have her call. Then they parted, she for her home and he for the quietude of his bachelor apartments upstairs in the hotel.

He did not get there. He got as far as the elevator. There he met Jeremiah J. Fennessey, deputy sheriff of Suffolk County, who placed him under arrest. What followed is best told by Constantino.

By FLORENCIO CONSTANTINO.

"Are you Florencio Constantino" a big man asked me in a gruff way.

"Yes, I'm Constantino," I said.

"Well, I place you under arrest," he said.

He allowed me to go to my room. I met my secretary, I met my valet. I tell them I'm under arrest. My secretary ask what for? The big man tells him. He hands a paper to my secretary. It was Greek to me. My secretary understand language. He tells me something about Hammerstein. I nod my head. The big man talks. My secretary talk back to him. I did not want to go to jail. My secretary told him no. I got awful nervous.

My secretary got busy on the telephone. He called up several persons about—what you call it in America—yes, bail. No success in that line. We wait a long while. It was after 12 o'clock. The big man tell me to come along. I obey him. I go to a stone house in the lower end of the city. It's near a river. I smell the river breeze. It's cold and damp.

We walk from our cab to a big door. The door gives me what you Americans call the creeps. I see a round hole in the door. The big man knocks. The door opens and I see a big cage, same as they use for animals. I think of my dog

REAL PRISON SCENE.

A man say how de do to us. Then he opens a door in the cage. My captor steps behind me and I go in. The man who opened the door ask me my name. He got it. Then this man open another door leading to a yard. I get awful nervous. The big man tells me to come along. I obey. I walk across the yard. We come to a flight of stone steps. I look around. There is a garden. I get a whiff of the jail yard air.

We go up the steps. The big man looks at me. He says something in English to another man. I cannot understand. This man looks at me. He gave what you call the "once over." Then this man and the big man talk awhile. I stand near them. Then they turn around. They look at me. They talk some more. I get what you call a "rise in temperature."

By and by the jail man opens a big door. I walk inside. "My, my," I mutter. It reminds me of a prison scene in an opera. I find, though, this was a real prison scene. I was a real actor. The audience was not there to greet me. I became indignant. I perspire freely. I take one find a cot, table and chair in the cell. The man closes the cell door from the outside. He did not bid me good night My thoughts were many.

I look around. I see some signs. One read: No singing allowed. Another said: No whistling. I shrug my shoulders. I find myself in restraint, great restraint. I sit on the bed. Next I sit on the chair. There was no light in the cell. I could not sleep. I heard the jail clock strike one, two, etc. Then I put my hands on my knees. I do a lot of thinking. First I ben myself before the crowned heads of Europe. I see them clap with their hands. I hear them say "Bravo, Constantino!" I am in sort of reverie.

Suddenly I think of where I am, I listen. I become interested. I hear the sound of sleeping human beings. I listen again. What's that, I say to myself. I answer: "It's a man snoring." I ask myself what key does the man snore in. I say: "He sleeps and snores in high C." Then I listen again. I hear another loud snore. I say: "That fellow sleeps and snores in basso." Another fellow sleeps like a spinning top. Others resemble a steamboat whistle in distress. I laugh to myself. I talk. I shrug my shoulders. I cry in my rage. Finally I dose off.

I awake with a start. It is daylight. A man comes to my cell. He tells me to get up and clean up. He hands me a broom after he opened the cell. He motions to me to sweep out the dirt from the cell. I grasp the broom. I drag it over the floor several times, and get the dirt into the open space outside the cell. There I meet other men. They also have brooms. No one knew me. I am surprised.

After that I am allowed to go home.

CONSTANTINO

MEETS LADY AT HOTEL BELLEVUE WHO PROVES TO BE DETECTIVE
SHERIFFS FENNESSEY ARRESTS HIM IN ELEVATOR
IS TAKEN IN TAXI TO CHARLES ST. JAIL
NO SINGING OR WHISTLING
FINDS HIS TALENTS UNAPPRECIATED
SWEEPS HIS OWN CELL
HAS TO JOIN THE CLEAN UP LINE

Opera Star, Indignant at Humiliation, Has "Many Thoughts" During Incarceration.

NEW $3,000,000 FISH PIER TO HAVE A RIVAL

Dealers Who Have Plunged Heavily in Market Place Are Worried.

A war between the forty odd fish concerns, who recently pulled up stakes at T Wharf on Atlantic avenue, and now occupy quarters at the new $3,000,000 South Boston fish pier, and the T. Wharf Supply & Rental Company which has just organized to establish another fish centre in the old location, was disclosed yesterday. Elements in the war are:

The Fish Exchange at the new fish pier demands that the Rental Co. retains land their fish there. If they attempt to go to the old wharf to supply dealers there they will be ostracized by the new pier dealers.

The men who have moved to the new quarters are all "tied up" there that they cannot get back to the old quarters.

OLD WHARF NEGLECTED.

The rentals at the old pier are less, and with a few dealers to take the supply of a fishermen or two, the beginning of the battle will be launched.

H. D. Malone, of the firm of E. A. Malone & Co., ship chandlers, at No. 159 Atlantic avenue, said yesterday:

"If the dealers who left here (the old T wharf) had sepnt as much money here as they have at the new pier they would have had a palace here. Many of them would be glad enough to get back, but they are tied up at the new place. When enough dealers leave here to take the supply of the captains so that they will not be obliged to go back to the new pier crowd T wharf will certainly become a fish centre again.

"Business can be done more expeditiously and more cheaply here. The vessels prefer to come in here."

The backers of the new project are all well known in the fish trade and have formed a corporation with a fine capital of $20,000 to lease and repair the old T Wharf and sub-let stores thereon. The incorporators are Thomas McManus, the best known designer of fishing vessels in New England; Francis C. Welch, heart trustee; Elias A. Malone and Sylvester Whalen, vessel owners and outfitters; Arthur E. Rowe, a prominent Gloucester fish dealer; Jay O. Richards of Lexington, and Stockbook Tourtellotte of Marlboro and G. Rio of Boston. The name of the corporation is the "T Wharf Supply and Rental Company.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

Already the new concern has made a beginning in repairing the old stores on the wharf and improving the sanitary conditions, which have been very bad for years. One store is already occupied by the T Wharf Fish Company, a branch of one of the houses at the new pier. It has been doing business for some time. A detached building at the upper end of the wharf has been fitted up as a market for the shore fishermen, for the most part Sicilians, of the famous motor dory fleet.

Business Women Listen to Zueblin

"The strength of militancy is its picturesqueness," said Professor Charles Zueblin in his talk on "Militancy and Morals," before the Business Women's Club at their Saturday luncheon at No. 144 Bowdoin street. "Life is a dull gray for most working people and for women. Capitalists, managers, politicians, scientists are generally the fun out of the present system. Conventional religion is disappointing; society is disappointing; trade unionism is disappointing. Hence the Salvation Army, suffragettes and syndicalists."

Sell Wild Flowers to Aid Church Fund

Twenty-five little girls are selling wild flowers to help along the building fund of the Episcopal Church at Roslindale. The club is called by the rector, Rev. Philip E. Osgood, "Spring Flower Agency." The flowers are gathered by the girls in neighboring country towns.

Jilted Girl Given $3,500 Heart Balm

A verdict of $3,500 was returned in Judge Lawton's session of the Superior Court in favor of Rosie Weverute, twenty, of No. 111 Gold street, South Boston, in her $10,000 breach of promise suit against Gabrijolius Aukatkinkis, fifty.

FREE! THIS ROCKER

WE GIVE YOU THIS HANDSOME ROCKER

For selling or using only 3 dozen cakes of Fairy Soap at 10 cents a cake. Send us $3.00 and we will send you this handsome rocker for selling only two dozen cakes.

You Need Not Pay

A cent until you have sold the soap or decided to use it yourself. You will find that the soap is wonderfully good and will sell it readily. We send soap all charges prepaid.

NOTE THE FREE ROCKER

It is a full size upholstered Golden Oak Rocker, exactly as pictured, like illustration. Handsome carved back, panel seat. Spindle is fashionable pattern, with formal green and gold striping. Seat has heavy steel springs and legs.

Write Today and Tell Us where to Send You the Soap.

G. F. WHITNEY CO.
ESTABLISHED 1868.
59 Long Wharf, Boston, Mass.

WILDEY SAVINGS BANK
52 Boylston Street, Boston
Money deposited on or before
MAY 15
Will draw interest from that date.
SEND FOR
"Banking By Mail"

FRANKLIN SQUARE GIRLS CHEER NEW CORNER STONE

Mayor Attends Dedication of Work on Addition to Home.

Several hundred hatless maidens, all smiles and with their hair a-glint in the sunlight, did the cheering as the cornerstone was laid for the new addition to the Franklin Square House late yesterday afternoon. And they led the singing too, a thousand or so other grownups and children joining in the round out a chorus that would be heard for a block or more.

The exercises started at 4 with a salute to the flag by everybody and a band as young George L. Perin, Jr., son of the president of the House, hoisted Old Glory on a flagstaff. Then the hatless maidens of the House sang:

In days of peace, in days of strife.
In days of storm or fair,
You'll find a welcome always waits
At the good old Franklin Square.

Neither Governor Walsh nor Mayor Curley appeared on the platform. Later, when everybody the informal dinner, Mayor Curley arrived, praised Rev. Mr. Perin, the president, and the house, and said Boston was justly proud of the house. President Perin said:

CURLEY PRAISES HOUSE.

"For more than a quarter of a century we had seen money poured out without stint to defend young men from the dangers and temptations of city life. Yet amazing paradox, up to a few years ago nobody seemed to have thought of the temptations and dangers of the young women alone in a big city.

"Will you compare the risks Temptation to a young man is likely to pass as youthful indiscretion, to a young mowan it is almost certain to result in deep degradation. To a young man it may mean temporary inconvenience. To a young woman it may mean unspeakable anguish

AMAZING OVERSIGHT.

"We have every reason to thank God for the interest that has been taken in young men. We would not divert a single dollar of the millions that have been spent to make for them a better environment. But it seemed to us an amazing oversight that so little thought had been given to the creation of a better environment for girls alone amid a sea of temptation in our great cities."

Others who took part in the exercises were: Frank A. Schirmer, Rev. Dr. Charles Conklin, John Livingstone Grandin, Miss Cantine C. Swan, Miss Lelia Smith, Miss Stella Richards, J. R. Estabrook, Fred M. Jamson and Mrs. Maude Elliott, who made an address.

Death Sentence for Stryker Slayer

TOKIO, Japan, May 16.—Sentence of death was imposed today upon Tomotaro Watanabe, a Korean, for the murder of Dr. Edgar de Mott Stryker, formerly of Rahway, N. J., who was head of a hospital near Heikolo.

Militants Start Riot in Courtroom

FELIXSTOWE, Eng., May 16.—Riotous scenes were enacted in the courtroom here today when Hilda Burkett and Florence Tunnks, two members of the militant suffragettes' arson squad, were held for trial on the charge of arson. They are charged with burning the Bath Hotel. The women tried to make a personal attack upon the judge and it required six wardresses and policemen to hold them in their seats. They kept screaming at the court throughout the hearing, interrupting the proceedings half a dozen times.

King of Denmark Visits Poincare

PARIS, May 16.—King Christian of Denmark arrived here from London today to visit President Poincare. He is accompanied by the Queen.

Milton Car Service Plea Is Dismissed

The Public Service Commission has dismissed the petition of the Dorchester residents askin for the restoration of street car service between Fields Corner and Milton Lower Mills, recently discontinued via Washington street through Edward Everett square and Massachusetts avenue between 1:55 a. m. and 3:55 p. m. The commission believes that the car service on two other routes between the same points is ample.

Wellesley Benefit at Hallowell House

A "Colonial at Home" was given on the grounds of the old Hallowell house, Centre street, Jamaica Plain, yesterday afternoon and evening for the benefit of the rebuilding and endowment fund of Wellesley College and was attended by several hundred guests.

J. J. Walsh Named for Toronto Conference

John Jackson Walsh of the City Planning Board was appointed by Mayor Curley yesterday to represent Boston at the International City Planning Conference in Toronto, Canada, May 25, 26 and 27.

E. E. GRAY CO. BOSTON PUBLIC MARKET
CAFE CUISINE HANOVER, UNION & NAT MARKET ST.
25 OTHER STORES IN BOSTON & SUBURBS

SAVE ON 1/3 Groceries & Provisions
At All Stores Week Beginning May 18

PREMIUM FLOUR Finest SPRING Patent 5.99 Barrel .75 Bag

Quaker Oats Family Size, 25c With China Value Pkg. 21c
Jeans Fancy, Hand Picked 10c Qt. 8c
Cocoa Gray's Special 15c 1-2 Lb. Can 12c
Salmon Fancy Red Alaska 15c Can 14c
Peanut Butter, Fancy 15c Per Lb. 12c
Catsup, Gray's 10c Bot. 9c
Corn Starch, 5c Value Pkg. 4c
Olives Fancy Queen or Stuffed 35c Bot. 8c
Soap, "Good Will" 5c Cake 6 Bars for 21c
Condensed Milk Lion Brand Value 10c Can 8c
Tomatoes Fancy Hand Packed 10c Can 8c
Corn, Fancy York State 10c Can 8c
Salt, Fine Table Bag 5c
Shrimp Fancy Barataria 15c Can 12c

MAIN STORE SPECIALS
MEAT DEPARTMENT

Sirloin Steak Fancy Lb. 25c 27c Value
Corned Beef Fancy Brisket Lb. 17c 20c Value
Rib Roast Beef 1st Cut 25c Value Lb. 22c 2d Cut 15c Value Lb. 13c
Roasting Chickens Fancy Per 35c Value Lb. 23c
Shoulders Sweet Pickled 15c Value Lb. 13c
Pickled Pigs' Feet 10c Value Lb. 8c

CRACKER SPECIAL
NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.'S L. L. G. Mixture 17c Value Lb. 13c

Butter Finest Creamery Per Lb. 28c
Eggs Strictly Fresh Per Doz. 25c

SUGAR 4c Lb.
With a purchase of 50c worth in all departments except Meat and Butter, Cheese and Eggs, exclusive of Sugar. Limit 25 pounds, or, if included in an order to be delivered, it must be a purchase of $2.00, exclusive of sugar.

Coffee M. & J. BRAND 35c Value Per Lb. 23c
Tea Gray's No. 1 All Varieties 1.00 Value Per Lb. 37c
With a 50c Purchase of Tea or Coffee Will Give Free One Results Orange Spoon

FRUIT and VEGETABLE DEPT.

Potatoes Fancy Maine . . Pk. 22c
Dandelions Fancy Native Pk. 13c
Grape Fruit Fancy Large 7c 4 for 25c
New Cabbage . . . . . Lb. 4
Lemons Large Fancy . . . Doz. 13c
Oranges Large Fancy . . . Doz. 23c

MONDAY ONLY
Welcome or Lifebuoy Soap 6c Value Bar 3 1-2c
Salmon Columbia River Flat Can 15c Value 12c

TUESDAY ONLY
Evap. Milk Gold Coast, Pure, 1 Can Tip Top Brand 10c Value 7c
Quaker Corn Flakes Pkg. 5c 10c Value

WEDNESDAY ONLY
Macaroni or Spaghetti Fancy Domestic 10c Value Pkg. 6c

THURSDAY ONLY
Karo Corn Syrup 10c Value Can 9c
Snider's Catsup 15c Value Bot. 12c

WINE AND LIQUOR SPECIAL
$4.00 Order Delivered Free by Freight or Express Anywhere in New England, Excepting Beer, Ale and Alcohol
ONE-THIRD SAVING PURITY AND QUALITY GUARANTEED
Send or 118 Canal St., 1396 Tremont St., 154 Hanover St.
SEND ALL MAIL ORDERS TO 154 HANOVER STREET

GRAY'S SPECIAL BOTTLED-IN-BOND WHISKEY
We want you to try a bottle. Our guarantee: It will please you. A whiskey that is distilled, aged and bottled under the Government supervision. Every bottle with Government Bottled-in-Bond stamps; 4 years old.
Quart Bot. 99c. Pint Bot. 51c. Half Pint Bot. 26c

CALIFORNIA PORT WINE Large Bottle 35c Value 21c
Gray's Club Whiskey A Rich Mellow Blend $1.00 Value. Full Qt. 69c
Highland Scotch Whiskey $1.50 Value Bot. 79c
Irish Whiskey Gray's Imp. Full Bot. $1.25 Value. 78c
Gray's Malt 75c Value Bot. 55c
California Wine Vintages, Sauterne Port, Sherry or Angelica 50c
Gray's Handicap 75c Val. Full pint Bot. $1.00. Qt. 48c
Cocktails Manhattan, Martini, or Manhattan. $1.00 Val. Bot. 79c
Duff Gordon Sherry . . Bot. 69c
Beer, Pfeil's . . . Per Doz. 80c
Rum Old New England Victoria Brand 1 Gal. Jug $2.49 Full Qt. 69c
Brandy Hennessy Imported in Wood $1.75 Value. Bot. 1.35
Gin OLD TOM OR HOLLAND $1.00 Value Bot. 67c
Brandy Finest Cognac. Castillac Brand $1.35 Val. Large Bot. 99c
VERMOUTH M. & R. Bottle 49c
STOUT Guinness' ½ Pint McMullen's 16c Bot. 26c

A MOST POPULAR COMBINATION
99c { Bottle Gray's Club Whiskey..75 / Bottle California Port.....35 / Bottle California Sherry.....35 } All Three Bottles For 99c
Total cost of purchase separately $1.45

We Give Special Attention to Telephone Orders
ORDER DEPARTMENT, TEL. RICH. 2900
FREE DELIVERY OF GOODS AMOUNTING TO $2.00 WITHIN 15 MILES
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

LADIES
AS ONE OF NEW ENGLAND'S LARGEST WHOLESALE HOUSES — THE WELL-KNOWN
A. W. JONES CO.
20 Chauncy St.
Directly Back of the Cobb, Bates & Yerza Summer St. Store
ANNOUNCE THE FINAL
CLEAN-UP
Of all this season's
COLORED HEMP HATS
Blues, Browns, Tango, Brass, Straw. Retailed up to $4 Early in the Season.
On Sale Monday
To Milliners and Public Alike

Hats Trimmed Free 38c No Mail Orders

Our Wholesale policy is always to take a quick loss, to insure a complete clearance.

SEE OUR BIG ASSORTMENTS of
NEW WHITE HATS and PANAMAS
Save ½ to ⅓ on Retail Prices.

Children's fine, white Panama, very stylish shape. Wholesale to you... $2.24
Fine new "Laura" white lamp model, stylish shape. Wholesale to you... $1.64

25c Rice-Net Frames 12c

A. W. JONES COMPANY
Wholesale Millinery
20 CHAUNCY
Up One Short Flight.
Also at
Brockton 41 Main St.
Haverhill 29 Merrimack St.
Lawrence 118 Lowell St.
Manchester 46 Canal St.

Kipling Denounces Home Rule Measure

"Breaks Faith of Generations," Declares Author in Speech.

TURNBRIDGE WELLS, England, May 17.—Rudyard Kipling, whose imperialistic beliefs inspire immeasurably less admiration than do his novels, made one of his rare appearances on the political platform here today at a big anti-home rule demonstration and delivered a perfervid diatribe against the government for its efforts to pass the Irish measure.

Kipling declared that the King and the government were not independent of the Irish vote, so the support of the Nationalists was bought with the Home Rule bill, which, he said, "breaks the faith of generations."

"This measure," the author continued, "officially recognizes conspiracy and rebellion. It seizes the forces of boycott, outrage, intimidation and murder, and it creates a stronghold in which all these forces can work together. Civil war is now inevitable unless Home Rulers can be brought to realise that they must refer to matter to the judgment of the people."

KINDLY MENTION

the Sunday AMERICAN whenever you answer one of its helpful Want Ads, either personally or by letter. The earlier you answer them the better.

Cambridge Man in Eugenic Wedding

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 16.—Miss Bertha Andrus, daughter of Alfred U. Andrus, and Harry La Burton Gale, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Gale of Cambridge, Mass., were married this evening at the home of the bride by the Rev. Henry E. Jackson, pastor of the Christian Union Congregational Church. The Rev. Mr. Jackson is an advocate of eugenics, and in this instance, as at all marriage ceremonies he has performed since he declared in favor of the innovation a year ago, both bride and bridegroom furnished a certificate of good health.

Women in "Nighties" Flee Waltham Fire

Six persons, among them three women, ran frightened and in their night clothes into the street about midnight last night, following the discovery of a fire on the top floor of a three-story lodging house at No. 18 Mechanics street, Waltham, conducted by Mrs. Mary Breen. A lodger left his lamp burning and it went downstairs. A passer saw flames through the upper window and turned in an alarm. The contents of the bedroom were destroyed.

Officer Risks Life in Burning Stable

Four Horses Are Lost in South Quincy Blaze.

Police Officer Thomas Malone risked his life last night in an attempt to save four horses valued at $1,400 belonging to Clark & Martin in a fire which destroyed the interior of the stable of the Empire Polishing Company of South Quincy.

Two of the animals were already dead, and to save the other two from inevitable suffering and death, the officer drew his revolver. The damage to the stable was estimated at $2,000.

Homicide Charge for Mme. Caillaux

PARIS, May 16.—Announcement was made today by Theodore Lescouven, procurator of the Republic, that Mme. Caillaux, who shot and killed Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro, is to be tried on the charge of "homicide with premeditation." No date has been set for the trial.

Barges Go Through Canal Tomorrow

PANAMA, May 16.—Water borne freight will begin passing through the canal on Monday at noon, when five barges carrying about 2,100 tons of miscellaneous cargo will be towed from Balboa, at the Pacific end, to Cristobal, at the Atlantic end of the canal. The preparations for the passage of the barges have been completed. They are now at Balboa, where they are being loaded for their trip.

Three Alarms for Somerville Fire

Two horses were suffocated, considerable excitement prevailed and a damage of $2,000 resulted from a fire early today in the two-story wooden stable owned and occupied by John Locapelli in the rear of Dante Terrace, Somerville. The stable is in the centre of a row of tenement houses, which the flames threatened, causing the sounding of three alarms, one of which was unnecessary.

Fire Three Shots to Capture Fugitive

Arrest North End Man for Shooting.

It was necessary for Patrolman Hennessey of the Hanover street station to fire three shots from his revolver early this morning before he captures Giovanni Marongondi of 14 Unity place, whom he chased for several blocks through the North End after it is alleged Marongondi cut Pasquale Palmosani of No. 3 Canney place several times about the face, hands and neck. The assault took place on Canney place. Palmosani was treated at the Relief Station. Marongondi is charged with assault with intent to kill.

Squantum Vacation House in Flames

A $3,000 fire of supposed incendiary origin destroyed the upper part of the twenty-room structure known as "Vacation House," formerly occupied by girl vacationists of the Boston Women's Industrial and Educational Union in Squantum at about 1:30 this morning. The police are already investigating the cause of the fire.

Why Do Girls Leave Brooms? 'No Brains'

Problem Solved for Association by Domestic Specialist.

NEW YORK, May 16.—"Most girls haven't the brains to do housework; they would rather go into factories and do the same things over and over," Miss Anna C. Hedges, formerly director of domestic arts, told the Vocational Guidance Association.

"Housework is unsocial, and girls are gregarious. The real reason why housework is left to colored girls who can't get into any other work is that girls prefer work where the bundle that they have to finish is handed out to them and no initiative is required."

"Let's not talk about whether the girls prefer monotonous work," said a member. "There is such an immense field for bettering conditions in the factories. I have found that the girls complained not of the work, but of the administration. And in housework they complain that the mistresses do not know how to direct and they are never sure of their evenings."

Judge Comes to Defence of Divorce

CHICAGO, May 16. — Municipal Judge Gemmill is not alarmed over the annual number of divorces in the United States. He considers it a sign of progress and of the elevation of women and the home. So states his article in the current number of the Illinois Law Review, called "Divorce as a Sign of Degeneracy or of Progress." He says:

"Just in proportion as women have emerged from servility to equality with men, and as the home has become elevated and become the centre of the state, have the grounds for divorce been liberalized and the number of divorces increased.

"In 21 per cent. the cause was cruelty. The divorce was only the helping hand civilized and Christian society held out to the unfortunate victims of man's brutality.

"It is a curious thing that the States that have the lowest percentage of illiteracy and are the most progressive in their lawmaking show the largest percentage of divorces."

Dr. Remsen Awarded Willard Gibbs Medal

CHICAGO, May 16.—Dr. Ira Remsen, president emeritus of Johns Hopkins University, has been decorated with the Willard Gibbs medal, in recognition of achievements in chemistry, at a banquet in his honor by the Chicago section of the American Chemical Society. He is the third American scientist to receive this honor.

Announcement

No-Tip Restaurant

Our patrons are earnestly requested not to tip the waitresses. Not only have we given each waitress an increase in salary, but if any net profits are earned by the restaurant the entire amount will be distributed among our waitresses and restaurant employes every half year. This policy is inaugurated in the belief that it will encourage efficient service.

W. & A. BACON CO.
Washington and Essex Sts.

WE GIVE LEGAL STAMPS AND REDEEM LEGAL STAMP BOOKS ISSUED BY ANY STORE FOR $2.50 IN MERCHANDISE OR $2.00 IN CASH

Open a Charge Account — McCall Patterns — Mail Orders a Specialty

PHONE ORDERS 3460

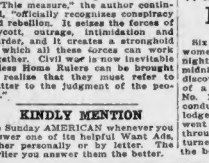
WASHINGTON & ESSEX STS.

W. & A. BACON CO.

100 Years in Boston. Now in Our New Store, Formerly Occupied by Henry Siegel Co.

WREATHS
FOR DECORATION DAY

Our Special Price $1.50



Size 18 to 20 in.

Made of Southern Magnolia leaves with a tasteful combination of rubies and white. Those wreaths are so treated that they will retain their beauty and freshness for many months.

Plain Wreaths $1.00

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

In ordering by mail state whether you want green or brown leaves, also tell us what flower and color of flower are desired.

Photo Studio
This Week Only
3 Artist's Proofs in Sepia or Carbon Effect, Size 7x11, at
3 for 97c
Actual Value $8.00 Doz.
3 Proofs to Choose From.

Dry Cleansing Men's Suits
Thoroughly Cleansed and Pressed $1.25
Blankets Cleaned 65c
Curtains Cleaned 75c
These prices until the end of the month

Popular Music
All the latest hits at popular prices at the Music Department, Basement.
Come in and hear the Demonstrator using them over to you.
We give Legal Stamps with Music.

Half-Price Sale $2 Untrimmed Hats

Three are illustrated.
Something to satisfy the smart dressers craving for something new..... 98c

Black Hemps. Large Shapes.
Burnt Hemps. Medium Shapes.
Colored Hemps. Small Shapes.

Every hat a leading $2 shape of today. Not Spring hats that have depreciated in value with the progress of the season, but typical Summer Models, worth $2.00 now and offered actually at less than half price, at 98c.

This $2 Hat 98c — This $2 Hat 98c — This $2 Hat 98c

Ostrich Bands.
Some finished with small tips at the end.
Good colors assortment..... 49c

Fancy Feathers.
Wings and fancy feathers, ostrich, etc., black, white and colors. 50c to 75c values at..... 39c

Jacque Roses.
Large, beautiful roses with long stems and foliage. Just the trimming for leghorns and panamas.. 29c

Linens--Towels--Sheets--Wash Goods

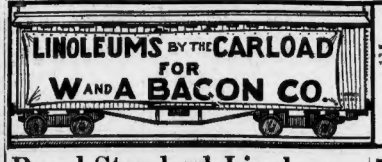
38 Snappy Bargains—Short but Full of Interest for Every Economical Household

15c English Blazer Stripe Serge—36 inch, yd.. 7½c
12½c Printed Batiste and Dimity—27 inch.... 6½c
15c Irish Linette—Looks like all linen, a yard..... 9c
15c Printed Chantily Crepe—36 inches wide..... 9c
15c Imported Cotton Challies—32 inches wide.... 9c
12½c Printed Killarney Check Dimity—Yd.... 10c
7½c Shirting Prints—Light and dark colors, yd.... 4c
25c Pride of the West Woven Madras—28 in. 12½c
25c Ratine—All colors and white, 28 inch..... 12½c
19c Fine Poplin—All colors, 28 inches wide, yd. 12½c
25c Bordered Batiste—40 inches wide, yd.... 12½c
25c Embroidered Tissue—28 inches wide.... 12½c
25c Ratine Crepe—Mummy weave—28 inch, yd.. 15c
25c Printed Rice Crepe—36 inches wide, yard... 15c
25c Mercerized Russian Cord—Very fine, yd.. 14c
19c Juvenile Cloth—For children's suits, 32 inch 15c
75c Silk Ratine—42 inches wide, yard, only..... 39c
75c Crepe de Chine—In plain colors, 40 inch.... 49c
$2.00 Crochet Bed Spreads—Large size, at.. $1.59
$3.98 Satin Bed Spreads—Fine quality, at... $2.98

$1.00 Crochet Bed Spreads—Hemmed, only.... 79c
79c Sheets—Size 81x99, heavy and fine, only.... 69c
15c Hemstitched Pillow Cases—42x36, at.. 12½c
33c Cotton Sheeting—Unbleached, 90 inches.... 27c
33c Bleached Sheeting—2¼ yards wide, yd..... 27c
12½c Check Nainsook—Soft finish, special.... 7½c
19c Check Lawn—Very fine, special, only.... 12½c
29c White Ratine—36 in. wide, yd., special, only 15c
$1.75 Long Cloth—12-yard piece, fine quality.. $1.39
20c Lingerie Batiste—Soft finish, yard, only.... 15c
39c Bleached Mercerized Table Damask..... 29c
50c Bleached Mercerized Table Damask.... 39c
$1.25 Bleached Double Damask—All linen..... 98c
$1.50 Napkins—All linen, size 18x18, dozen.. $1.29
14c Crash—All linen, heavy and absorbent..... 12½c
15c Union Huck Towels—Size 20x40 inches.... 11c
35c Turkish Bath Towels—Large and heavy.... 24c
39c White Dress Linen—36 inches wide, yard... 28c

Linoleums Bought and Sold by the Carload

The reason W. & A. Bacon Co. sell so much linoleum is because we buy and sell at carload prices.
All of our linoleums come direct from the mills to our store. No jobbers' profits in between and we are always ready with the cash for any special advantage that comes along for our customers.
We expect to sell a carload of linoleums Monday and Tuesday because prices will be about half.
Tremendous purchase and sale of linoleums from the Armstrong Cork Co., Lancaster, Pa.



Armstrong Cork Company
LINOLEUM DEPARTMENT
PHILA, c/o N.Y.N.H.&H.
P.R.R. Oct 33836. Lancaster, Pa. May 5-1914.
SOLD TO Messrs. W. & A. Bacon Co.,
MAKE ALL REMITTANCES TO LANCASTER, PA. Boston, Mass.

Royal Standard Linoleum Regular 80c to 90c a Yard

4 yards wide, covering the average sized room without a seam. Strictly new patterns, most of them designed for next Fall.
We will lay this 80c to 90c linoleum on your floor at, per square yard 46c
Same grade, 2 yards wide, square yard..... 33½c
We recommend woodoleum (looks like quartered oak) for rug borders. Regularly 59c, square yard..... 31c

50 Rolls Inlaid Linoleum Regularly Sold for $1.30

We make no charge for laying this linoleum, even at the remarkably low price quoted.
And this is the kind that never shows signs of wear because the colors go right through to the back.
We advise you to buy the kind that lasts for years, square yard..... 71c

WE GIVE LEGAL STAMPS AND REDEEM LEGAL STAMP BOOKS ISSUED BY ANY STORE FOR $2.50 IN MERCHANDISE OR $2.00 IN CASH

Mail Order Customers, Telephone Customers and those who come to the store will appreciate these

Extra Low Prices on GROCERIES of Quality

20 Lbs. Free Fine Granulated SUGAR
Given Away Monday Morning 8:30 to 12 Only
With a Bbl. of the Celebrated Genuine
Gold Medal FLOUR AT $6.75

No mail or telephone orders on this flour and sugar Combination Bargain.
Grocery—Fifth Floor

With Grocery Purchases Sugar 3½c a Lb.

With all grocery orders purchased on Monday or Tuesday, with the exception of potatoes, flour and lard, we will sell to those who desire to take advantage of this offer any amount of granulated sugar up to 25 lbs. at 3½c lb.

Canned Goods

Peaches — Can 25c; doz.	$2.85	Fine State Corn — Can 13c; doz.	$1.45
Plums — Can 16c; doz.	1.10	Tomatoes — Can 10c; doz.	$1.10
"Early Rise" Tomatoes — Can 12c; doz.	$1.45	Northern Kiln Peas — Can 10c; doz.	$1.10
Imported Sardines — Packed in oil; can 13c; doz.	$1.45	Peas — Can 15c; doz.	$1.75
		Sliced Pineapple — Can 18c; doz.	$2.05
Salmon, "Alaska Red" — Can 14c; doz.	$1.65	Baker's Premium Chocolate — Lb.	32c
Salmon — Tall can 25c; doz.	$1.05	Cocoa, lb.	34c
Crab Meat — Can 21c; doz.	$2.45	Cracked Cocoa — Lb.	32c
Salmon, Queen Flats — Can 10c; doz.	$1.10	Cocoa Shells — Bulk 7 lbs. for 25c; lb.	4c
Safety Matches — 12 boxes	5c	Salada Teas — 60c grade	55c
		Salada Teas — 40c grade	35c
		Quaker Puffed Wheat — Each	9c
		Quaker Puffed Rice — Each	11c
		Kellogg's Corn Flakes — Each	9c
		Kellogg's Rice Flakes — Each	8c
		Kellogg's Rice Bits	8c
		Shredded Wheat	11c
		Welcome Oats — 3-lbs. package, with handsome 3-piece china	21c
		Plymouth Rock Gelatine — Pkg., plain, 3 for 21c	
		10c pkg., coffee, 3 for 21c	
		Good Will Soap — 10 bars for	34c
		Coconut...3 lbs. 50c	
		Madson Pickles — Large jars, Chow Chow, Sour and Mixed	$1.05
		Gerkins 9c; doz.	
		Starch — Best, lump; 10 lbs.	29c
		Potatoes — 2 bu. bag	28c
		$1.20; 1 bu. $1; peck	
		Butter — Very best, unsalted, made fresh daily; 3 lbs.	1.00
		Eggs — Large, guaranteed fresh; doz.	25c
		Cheese — New factory, mild, lb.	17c

Teas, Coffee and Cocoa

60c Tea — All flavors, lb.	45c	30c Tea — All flavors, lb.	39c
40c Tea — Orange Pekoe	29c	25c Tea — Ceylon and India	19c
35c Recoun' Best Coffee — Lb.	29c	30c State Seal Coffee — Lb.	24c
Cocoa — Bulk, 3 lbs. for 50c; lb.	18c		

Choice of 18 Kitchen Articles

Listed and Illustrated Here

39c Tumbler Holders, nickel-plated, on brass.
35c Self-Wringing Mops.
35c Enamelled Colanders.
45c Enamelled Berlin Sauce Pans, 8-qt.
45c Enamelled Water Pails, 10-qt.
35c Enamelled Tea Pots, 1, 1½ & 2-qt.
45c Enamelled Dish Pans, 14-qt.
45c Enamelled Coffee Pots, 2-qt.
25c Table Oil Cloth, 2 yds., 24c.

24¢

45c Enamelled Berlin Kettles, 8-qt.
35c Parlor Brooms, 4 sewed.
30c Window Screens, 18-in. high.
35c Worth of Toilet Paper (7 rolls).
35c Worth of Moth Balls or Flakes.
35c Manilla Clothes Lines, 75 ft.
39c Nickel Towel Bar, 30-in. long.
49c Enamelled Double Boilers, 3-pt.
49c Enamelled Tea Kettles, 5-qt.

Hardwood Refrigerators

It isn't what you pay for the refrigerator that counts —it's how much ice you save.

Made of Oak, guaranteed ice savers insulated with felt, removable shelves and drain pipe. Every one a positive saving. Note the prices

Galvanized Pan Free With Every Refrigerator.

$7.98 value, 25 lbs. ice capacity, for	5.98	$11.98 value, 50 lbs. ice capacity, for	9.98
$9.98 value, 35 lbs. ice capacity, for	7.98	$13.98 value, 60 lbs. ice capacity, for	11.98
		$16.98 value, 75 lbs. ice capacity, for	13.98
		$17.98 value, apartment size, 85 lbs. ice capacity, for	14.98

Screens, Windows and Doors

Get ahead of the flies by putting your screens up at once.

Screen Doors—Plain patterns, walnut stain, 4 stick, 4-bar rails, black wire cloth; sizes 2.6x6.6, 2.8x6.8, 2.8x8.10, 2.10x6.10, 2.10x7, 2x7. Either size..... 98c
Screen Doors—Fancy pine, natural finish, 4-bar rails, 4-bar stiles, black wire cloth; sizes, 2.6x6.6, 2.8x6.8, 2.8x8.10, 2.10x6.10, 2.10x7, 2x7. Either size..... 1.24
Standard Doors—Pine, selected stock, natural finish, 2 coats of varnish, 4-bar rails, 4-bar stiles; sizes, 2.6x6.6, 2.8x6.8, 2.8x8.10, 2.10x6.10, 2.10x7. Either size..... 1.49
Window Screens—Continental extension, made of hardwood, black wire cloth.

Height	Closed	Opened	Either Size
12 in.	21 in.	36 in.	$1.00
18 in.	21 in.	36 in.	$1.40
24 in.	21 in.	36 in.	$1.80
24 in.	23 in.	37 in.	$1.40
30 in.	23 in.	37 in.	$3.00

Lifetime Furniture at Lowest Prices

This $30 Dining Room Suite (7 pieces as shown) At $18.95

A solid oak table of attractive design, 6 ft. extension, and six solid oak dining chairs with genuine leather slip seats.

These pieces sold separately if desired.

$59.50 5-pc PARLOR SUITE

Mahogany finished frames and full upholstered backs, covered in the newest embossed figured silk plush or plain panne, at..... $44.95

$3.50 Rattan Rocker, $1.79
Full size, with continuous roll arm; top and front posts natural finish.

$5.00 Drop Leaf Table, $3.95
Made very strong with heavy square legs, golden oak finish, square or round top.

$9.00 Ladies' Desk, $5.50
Mahogany finish, with drop lid, shaped legs, drawer, divided compartments in interior

This $30 Brass Bed $18.50
Heavy 2-inch continuous post and 10 2-inch fillers, bright or satin finish, 4-6 size only.

$16.50 Bed Outfit $11.98
White enamel bed, all iron National spring with cotton top and bottom mattress.

$12 Solid Oak Dressers $7.98
Solid oak, beautifully finished with shaped top, divided top drawers, wood knobs and extra large bevelled mirror.

$12 Bungalow Bed Outfit $5.98
White iron collapsible, 3-ft. size, National spring attachment, cotton top mattress.

$5.00 Puts a Dancing

Each Outfit Includes a Columbia Grafonola

To satisfy the tremendous demand for new dance music we have arranged these special popular priced, easy payment, dance outfits—on sale now.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

FERDINAND'S

2260 Washington Street and "The Beacon," Central Sq., Cambridge

Bring Your Coupons Here!

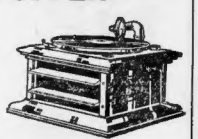
THIS will give you a good chance to see for yourself what an attractive phonograph salon we have and what an extensive assortment we carry.

Through our liberal terms of credit, made to suit customers, every home may have a talking machine

LARGEST AGENTS IN ROXBURY
WIDEST STOCK OF MACHINES and RECORDS
DAILY CONCERTS

—SPECIAL OFFER—

Columbia Eclipse Graphophone, in either mahogany or oak, with 10 double disc records (twenty selections) and supply of needles.



$29.75

No matter what the downtown stores offer you for terms, Ferdinand, with forty-five years of square dealing, is in a position to make you a better offer.

We have some remarkably attractive special inducements, at prices that will appeal to you. Come in and investigate.

Store Open Saturday Evenings

When In Doubt Buy Of

OSGOOD

New England's Greatest Furniture Store
244-256 WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON
Just a Few Steps from Boylston and Essex Tunnel Stations

Store Open Saturday Evenings

Lowest Terms

On All

Talking Machines

THAT'S why you should buy your Grafonola at Osgood's—there's always a good reason.

$90.00 Grafonola $5.00 Down $1.00 a Week

$60.00 Grafonola $4.00 Down $1.00 a Week

$50.00 Grafonola $4.00 Down $1.00 a Week

All the Latest Records for Modern Dancing

When In Doubt Buy Of

OSGOOD

New England's Greatest Furniture Store
244-256 WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON
Just a Few Steps From the Boylston and Essex Tunnel Stations

$60—At An

The 'Favorite' tan
Columbia 'Favor
trated here, toget
ment of 20 danc
Columbia Double-Disc R

6 Tangos 4 Hesitation Wa
2 Tango Mattchiches, and a

What These People

JULIA SANDERSON SAYS:

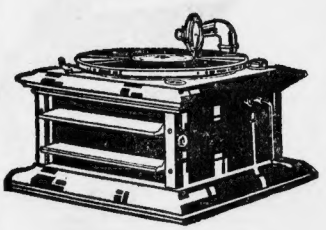
"It may please you to know that the Columbia Grafonola I am using at my Hotel and Theatre is a wonderful help to me and Mr. Mudie in rehearsing before each performance 'The Argentine Tango.'

"The music as rendered on your instrument is of better tempo than that furnished by the average orchestra. You are to be commended on the splendid Tango selections made by the Municipal Band of the Argentine Republic."

VERNON CASTLE SAYS:

"I want to congratulate you recently issued. They are the be 'Grand' Grafonola and Columbia attracting extraordinary attentio dance time and are frequently o

$29.65—At $5.00 a Month AND ON FREE TRIAL



The "Eclipse" Dance Outf includes the Columbi "Eclipse" Graphophone i lustrated here, together wit an assortment of 5 Columbi Double-Disc Records t consist of

4 Hesitation Waltzes
2 Tangos
1 Maxixe
3 One-Steps

Important Notice!

All Columbia records can be played on Victor Talking Machines—likewise all Columbia instruments will play Victor records.

COLU GRAPHOPHONE

DID you ever stop to consider that I will sell you a Graphonola outfit and let you enjoy it while you are paying for it?

Terms: $2 Down, $1 Weekly

A Complete Dancing Outfit for . . . 29.65

This Outfit Includes 1 Columbia Eclipse Graphophone, 5 Columbia double disc dance records, 4 hesitation waltzes, 1 maxixe, 2 tangoes, 1 one-step.

NOTICE Bring Boston American Coupon published on another page of this paper and get a 65c Columbia dance instruction record for 25c

FREE Call for a bottle of Nyoil free. Just what you want to keep your machine in order.

JAMES G. HAYNES

254-260 HARRISON AVENUE
CORNER BROADWAY EXTENSION—A BLOCK FROM WASHINGTON ST

W. & A. BACON CO.

The Bacon Store

Is Boston Headquarters for Talking Machines

Come here to buy your records and outfits, where you can hear them demonstrated and where assortments are so complete as to include every listed record.

The "Eclipse" Dance Outfit
$5.00 A MONTH AND ON FREE TRIAL

including Columbia Eclipse graphophone and 5 Columbia double disc dance records, 4 Hesitation waltzes, 1 Maxixe, 2 Tangoes, 3 Two-steps. **$29.65**

BUY IT AT BACONS

The "Jewel" Tango Outfit On Trial Free—$5.00 a Month

The "Jewel" tango outfit includes the Columbia "Jewel" Grafonola illustrated here, together with an assortment of 34 dance selections on 17 Columbia Double-Disc Records. **$50**

The Jewel

Bring the Boston American Coupon (printed on another page) to Bacons' and secure a 65c dance instruction 10-inch Columbia Disc Record for 25c

The "Favorite" Tango Outfit
ON TRIAL FREE—$5 A MONTH

BUY IT AT BACONS

The "Favorite" tango outfit includes the Columbia "Favorite" Grafonola, illustrated here, together with an assortment of 20 dance selections on 10 Columbia Double-Disc records. **$60**

The Favorite

PHONE OXFORD 2600

WASHINGTON & ESSEX STS.

W. & A. BACON CO.

One Hundred Years in Boston. Now in Our New Store, Formerly Occupied by Henry Siegel Co.

Tango Outfits
Largest Assortment
$15 and up
CASH OR TERMS TO SUIT

COME in any tim
ings until 7.
We are always p
and assist you in
machine or record

Machines rented
Delivery charges pre
BOSTON AMERIC

ROSEN'S
3 School Street
Near Washington Street

Outfit in Your Home

nd a Selection of Columbia Dance Records

All of the dance records in these outfits have been made under the personal supervision of G. Hepburn Wilson, M. B., the greatest authority on modern dancing in this country.

$5 a Month
On Free Trial

outfit includes the Grafonola, illus- r with an assort- selections on 10 ords to consist of

zes 8 One-Steps
upply of Needles.

Think of Columbia Grafonola

he excellent dance records you have have heard. I am using a Columbia ords at Castle house, where they are The records are played in perfect ed by our patrons."

ANNA PAVLOWA SAYS:

"Since I have been in your country I have been amazed to see the popularity of the talking machine record when used with the dance. This so excited my curiosity that I have made it a great study and think it is due you to say that Columbia instruments and Columbia dance records over all others have my unqualified endorsement.

"I used your Grafonola and dance records in my rehearsals with complete satisfaction and find your dance records truly represent the very spirit of the dance. Their tempo, rhythm, clarity and musical qualities simply charm me. I am convinced that all who dance can get great satisfaction from the use of your Grafonola and records."

$50—At $5.00 a Month
AND ON FREE TRIAL

The "Jewel" tango outfit includes the Columbia "Jewel" Grafonola illustrated here, together with an assortment of 34 dance selections on 17 Columbia Double-Disc Records, to consist of

11 Hesitation Waltzes
9 Tangos 11 One-Steps
2 Tango Mattchiches
1 Mattchiche
AND A SUPPLY OF NEEDLES

MBIA
O., 174 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

On sale at all stores carrying Columbia Machines, including
Our Providence store, 119 Westminster St.
Our Springfield store, 174 Worthington St.
Our Portland, Me., store, 550 Congress St.

Largest Stock
And Variety of Records
25c and up
IN ALL LANGUAGES

We are open even- aturdays until 10. sed to demonstrate r selection of either

ged and repaired nd for free booklets
PONS REDEEMED

KING CHINE SHOP
246 Huntington Ave. (Opp. Symphony Hall)

A. McArthur Co.
111 to 117 Washington St.
at Adams Square

A Small Deposit and $5.00 Per Month Will Place the World's Best Music in Your Home

Our most liberal system of credit enables you to enjoy the pleasures of a Columbia Outfit while paying for it. You will never miss the small monthly payments, and the happiness it will add to your home is surprising.

Operas—Symphonies—Popular Songs

Columbia Records will provide just what you want. The wide variety of music includes selections that will please everyone. The greatest artists and the most successful singers of the popular songs contribute to make the Columbia list complete and enjoyable.

Modern Dance Music

All the records of the modern dance music are in stock. They are absolutely correct as to tempo. The new dance instruction records will be demonstrated continuously.

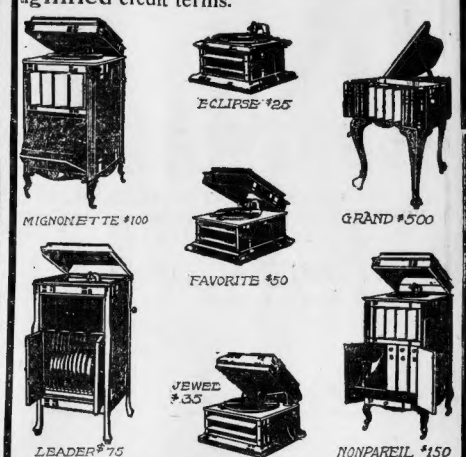
Open Saturday Evenings

A. McArthur Co.
111 to 117 Washington St.
at Adams Square

SUMMERFIELD'S, 727-731 Washington St.

Handle Columbia Graphophones and Grafonolas Exclusively

WE are always first in any proposition, and want you to take advantage of this great offer made by Summerfield's, the American and Columbia Graphophone Co. Below are a few of our leaders sold on our dignified credit terms.



SUMMERFIELD'S, 727-731 Washington St.

R. H. WHITE CO. | R. H. WHITE CO.

Become a Member of our Dancing Club

$4 Monthly Brings this Dancing Master to your home

Become a Member of
OUR DANCE CLUB

Here's the Proposition—
2 Complete Dance Outfits

including COLUMBIA ECLIPSE GRAPHOPHONE and 5 Columbia double-disk dance records—4 Hesitation waltzes, 1 Maxixe, 2 Tangoes, 3 two-steps.

$29.65

Including Columbia "Jewel" Grafonola with 24 Newest Selections. The Tango, The Hesitation, The One-Step, The Maxixe. In addition you get one record album and assortment of needles, complete for $45.00.

The R. H. White Talking Machine Dept. is the most complete line of Talking Machines and Accessories in this city, which includes supporting selections at all times.

$45.00

Demonstrations will be cheerfully given at all times upon request—in our quiet, cozy studios on the third floor—south annex.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
R. H. WHITE CO.

Order your Grafonola Outfit from Gilchrist Co. by letter or telephone (Oxford 4300)

or better still, visit our new

Grafonola Parlors
(FIFTH FLOOR)

We will be glad to show you any of the outfits and demonstrate the records for you. Our splendidly complete stocks of talking machines and accessories make this store the logical place for you to choose your Grafonola outfit.

We will furnish you with special dance Instruction Records teaching you the "One-Step," the Hesitation or the Maxixe if you will present Boston American Coupon and 25c, which is printed on another page.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE
GILCHRIST CO.
"One Million More" 1914

TUXPAM CAPTURED BY REBELS, FEDERAL GARRISON NOW IN FLIGHT SOUTH

HUERTA'S TROOPS ROUTED; HUNDREDS SLAIN IN BATTLE AT BIG OIL CENTRE ON COAST

Hand to Hand Struggle Marks Desperate Encounter That Ends in Rebel Victory

Continued from First Page.

ta to explain the fate of Consul Silliman, Correspondent Doster and Private Parks has brought about a situation so acute that orders for the mobilization at Galveston of more troops for Vera Cruz are expected, notwithstanding Huerta's positive promise to get the facts in Parks' case at once.

4—The feeling in Washington is strong that the President is about to address a communication to Congress on the subject, although Secretary Bryan holds that nothing should be done at present to interfere with the mediation proceedings.

The news that the Constitutionalists have ordered a Dutch cruiser out of the Panuco River, adds a new complication to the Mexican situation. The navy department regards this development with great concern. The Constitutionalists now insist on the withdrawal of the Dutch marines who were landed at Tampico.

Concerning reported compromise proposals by Huerta, the opinion of the administration is that Huerta is in no position to "dictate terms" to anybody. He must get out, and in getting out, must sever his connection entirely with the administration of Mexico's affairs. The belief of the President and his most capable advisers is that Huerta will hold only a little longer and that he has already made his arrangements to leave Mexico.

The loss of Tampico and of Tuxpam, the latter being credited as reliable news today, and the siege of Saltillo make it all the more useless, in view of the advisers of the President, for Huerta to endeavor to temporize by suggesting terms to the United States.

It has been reported from Vera Cruz that Huerta is willing to retire, provided the United States would promise him that Carranza would not succeed him, that he should be consulted as to his successor and that he should be permitted to run for the presidency at the regular elections in July.

It is denied here that such a suggestion has been made either to the United States or to the mediators by any one qualified to speak for Huerta.

The probable recognition by Great Britain of the belligerency of the Constitutionalists is of great significance, particularly in view of the fact that Great Britain was one of the foreign nations to recognize Huerta in the first instance.

Huerta's envoys are here, Emilio Rabasa, Luis Elguero and Augustin Rodriguez. But what their powers are, no one yet knows. Unless Huerta has given them "full power" to negotiate and conclude an agreement, the mediation proceedings will be crippled from the start.

Huerta's eagerness to placate the United States is argued from his prompt reply to Bryan's strong note of inquiry as to the fate of Orderly Samuel Parks, reported captured and murdered outside Vera Cruz when he wandered beyond the American lines.

Only a few hours after the transmission of this inquiry, the Spanish ambassador here received a reply from the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, assuring that a vigorous investigation of the Parks case had been begun, and that an early report could be expected.

The outcome of this Huerta investigation will have the deepest significance, and its effect upon the future relations of Huerta and this administration can hardly be overestimated.

Secretary Bryan is personally interesting himself in the Parks case. If reports of the manner of Parks' death be true, it was decidedly an "hostile act," and the mediation proceedings were only begun with the understanding there should be no hostile act on either side. If Parks was murdered, as reports would indicate, the administration would be expected to order either an advance on Mexico City or the seizure of Peurto as retaliation.

MEANS MORAL SUPPORT.

According to authorities in international law, a recognition by a foreign state of full belligerent rights, if not justified by necessity, is a gratuitous demonstration of moral support to the rebellion and of contempt upon the parent government.

The belief here that the United States is slow to recognize the belligerency of the Constitutionalists is strengthened by the knowledge that this government was about to take such a step several months ago, but the murder of William S. Benton, a British subject, by the Constitutionalists so complicated matters that recognition was postponed.

Although elaborate preparations are being made for the mediation conference which will begin on Wednesday, officials of the State War and Navy Departments—excepting Secretary Bryan—appear to be more firmly convinced than ever that nothing will come of mediation. One official said that mediation, under the circumstances, must necessarily be a farce. It is being conducted, he said, "like a game of courtesy" with no possible results attained.

The opinion of this official is that the failure of Huerta to give satisfactory answers to the demands of this government for information about the fate of Silliman, Doster and Parks, has put him completely beyond the pale of mediation.

Two dispatches regarding Silliman were received today at the State Department from the Brazilian Minister, who represents the United States at Mexico City.

It was stated by Robert Lansing, the counselor of the State Department, that the dispatches of the Brazilian minister indicate he had received his information not from an official source, but from Americans who had arrived from San Luis Potosi. In fact, the second dispatch from the Brazilian minister began with the words:

"Am informed by American citizens who arrived here tonight at 5 o'clock from San Luis Potosi, etc."

An earlier dispatch from the Brazilian minister, as paraphrased for the bulletin on the State Department, says that the Brazilian minister "has been informed that Consul Sullivan left Saltillo on the 14th and should reach the capital either the night of the 15th or 16th unless railway communication is interrupted.

NEW NEWS ON DOSTER.

In the case of Edward Depew Doster, correspondent of the International News service, the State Department is absolutely without news official or otherwise. The case has now become one of intense interest. The consulor of the State Department said today that A. J. Sutton, the photographer of a Washington newspaper was arrested at Cordoba because it was supposed he was Doster. This shows that the Huerta government is pursuing him for some unknown reason.

Nor is the State Department able to get any definite official word of Privats Parks, the orderly who disappeared outside the American lines at Vera Cruz. The State Department has, however, received word from reliable but not official sources that Parks was deliberately murdered by the Federals.

Sir Spring-Rice, with the Netherlands Minister, was in lengthy conference with Secretary Bryan late this afternoon. The British Ambassador said that the conference related to the Tampico situation where there are important British and Netherlands oil interests.

SETTLE PORT ENTRY.

It is understood that the conference went further than the discussion of the oil situation and that the recognition of the Constitutionalists as belligerents, the conditions of port entry at Tampico and other matters were tentatively agreed upon.

Sir Spring-Rice said a message he received last night from the British Consul at Saltillo stated that Silliman had taken the train from Saltillo to Mexico City on May 14. He expressed surprise at the reports that Silliman had not reached his destination.

Admiral Mayo reports tonight that Americans and other foreigners should not be encouraged to return to Tampico immediately. He states that he is in doubt as to whether the Constitutionalists are in control of the Panuco oil district. The Constitutionalists at Tampico have ignored their assurance that foreigners would be protected.

Huerta's peace envoys, who reached Washington yesterday en route to Niagara Falls conference. At top, left to right, are Emilio Rabasa and Luis Elguero. Below, to left, aided by attendant, is Augustin Rodriguez.

TEPIC AND SAN BLAS CAPTURED BY REBELS

DURANGO, Mexico, May 16.—General Lucio Blanco, commander of the Tepic division of the Constitutionalist army today reported to General Carranza that after a battle lasting forty-nine hours the Constitutionalists drove the Federal garrison out of Tepic and occupied the city.

Tepic is a short distance inland from the Pacific ocean and is considered one of the most important cities in the western portion of the republic.

Simultaneous with the capture by the Constitutionalists of Tepic, General Rafael Buina captured the port of San Blas, while a small division of the rebel army occupied Ixpuintlan.

No details, other than that the Constitutionalists captured many prisoners and large quantities of ammunition and supplies, are given in the messages.

The reports stated that the Federal garrisons were in utter route and were trying to reach Guadalajara. Detachments of well mounted cavalry are in pursuit.

General Carranza left this city today for Sombrete Zeen for the purpose of organizing civil government.

General Obregon, at Maxatlan, declares he will be six in advance on Mexico City with 20,000 men within a week.

"Huerta will be dead before the end of June," was Obregon's sinister comment when telling of his plans for his final march on the dictator's capital.

With Tepic in the hands of the Constitutionalists and the entire country surrounding it free from Federals, the advance by General Obregon to Guadalajara, capital of Jalisco, will not be impeded.

CONCENTRATE AT TEPIC.

The combined armies of Obregon, Blanco and Buelna will concentrate in Tepic for the advance against Guadalajara.

Reports brought to General Obregon from Guadalajara are to be the effect that the Federal garrison of Guadalajara is being strongly reinforced by recruits forced into service and by smaller garrisons from outlying districts. It is thought General Obregon will have an army of fully 6,500 men to overwhelm before he can occupy Guadalajara. The only city of importance between Guadalajara and San Luis Potosi is Aguas Calientes and this stronghold will be attacked simultaneously with Guadalajara.

Although the plans of the Constitutionalists commanders have not been made public it is said by a member of General Carranza's cabinet that the entire Constitutionalist armies of the North, Centre, East and West will be spread out over a frontage of several hundred miles extending from Guadalajara on the West to San Luis Potosi on the East, and in this mighty formation the armies will march onward to Mexico City.

Constitutionalists have gained materially in the capture of the port of San Blas in that they have a seaport on the west coast of the republic through which they may import munitions for the future operations.

MAZATLAN NEXT TO FALL.

Although Mazatlan is still occupied by Federal forces the capture of that important seaport is expected almost hourly. General Obregon, who is now personally in command of the besieging forces reports to General Carranza, several times each day informing him that the Constitutionalists are slowly pushing their way into the city and that the artillery and aviators are doing deadly work with big shells and bombs.

Captain Salinas Carranza has reported to his uncle through General Obregon that a bomb dropped by him from his aeroplane exploded on the deck of the Federal gunboat, Morelos, almost totally demolishing the craft. He made several unsuccessful attempts to drop a bomb into one of the stacks or directly over the powder and ammunition magazine.

PROVIDE TRAIN FOR AMERICAN REFUGEES

MEXICO CITY, May 16.—A train specially provided for all Americans who decide to leave this city has been arranged for and will leave on Wednesday next. Seven hundred Americans here have however, registered, declining to leave the city. Many families are arriving here from San Luis Potosi although the Federal government offered to guarantee their safety.

A large number of Cubans and Latin-Americans have offered their services in the field to the Mexican government.

The Constitutionalist plans to attack Saltillo have been frustrated. The garrison there is too strong and the rebels are said to be retreating southward toward Zacatecas. Minister Blanquet states that this movement must be unsuccessful. It is also reported that all attacks on Mazatlan were defeated.

General Zaragoza's army is said to have left Tampico for Tuxpam with all guns, cannon and ammunition.

The Postoffice Department states that foreign mails service has been resumed. General Maas arrived here yesterday and denied that Private Parks of the Twenty-eighth United States Infantry or any other American soldier had been executed by the men under his command. The story of the execution, the general says, was undoubtedly a canard, started by the Vera Cruz newspapers.

General Maas said there are no new developments at Vera Cruz. His forces occupy the same positions and are respecting the armistice, he said.

"NEW MEXICO" DATES FROM TAMPIC'S FALL

By CHARLES MICHELSON.

VERA CRUZ, May 16.—May 13 is certain to become a day of as great importance in Mexican history as either Cinco De Mayo or September 16. In the days to come streets and plazas will be named after it; for this was the date of the deciding battle of the bitterest revolution in the stormy history of the republic.

The taking of Tampico by the Constitutionalists not only points to the end of the Huerta regime, but to the end of the Mexico that was. Under the inquiring guns of the American war ships the victors are determined to show the world that they know how civilised conquerors should behave in a captive city.

No shrieks of tortured women, no blowing up of strong boxes, no gutting of houses, no slaughter of noncombatants, not even a carnival of executions with an army of savages drunk and bedrugged, with every sort of loot and the shrieking of Indian yells of triumph. This was the first time for a Mexican force to storm a city and not give it over to pillage.

If the Constitutionalist leaders had been taking notes during the American occupation of Vera Cruz they could not have learned the lesson better. Pablo Gonzales took up his quarters in the Imperial Hotel just as Funston did in the Hotel Terminal in Vera Cruz. With Gonzales was Cabellero, the Constitutionalist Governor, his aides, colonels, majors and captains, became magistrates, police captains and street cleaning heads. Orders for the sanitation of the city were drastic and promptly carried out. The bodies of the dead disappeared from the streets in the twinkling of an eye. They were disposed of swiftly but decently. All shanons were closed. Two soldiers caught looting in defiance of the orders of the commandant were taken to the suburbs and summarily shot. Commissaries of citizens were installed to patiently.

Order was restored and all prisoners paroled instead of being shot.

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

Take a tablespoonful of Salts if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

Most folks eat too much meat, which forms uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

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is a recognized medicinal whiskey and can always be depended upon. It is an absolutely pure distillation of carefully selected, clean grain, thoroughly malted, being made for medicinal purposes only. It favorably influences weak digestion, increases the appetite and corrects faulty assimilation of food, strengthens the heart, gives force to the circulation, relieves throat and lung troubles and insomnia, and brings restfulness to the brain and nervous forces. Duffy's promotes vitality in feeble folk, conserving energy and increasing the resisting power in old age; you can take nothing that is more wisely directed toward the establishment of good health.

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FREE TOLLS PLANK APPROVED BY BRYAN, SAYS SENATOR WALSH

Montana Senator Gives 'Inside" Details of Baltimore Convention Proceedings and Scathingly Rebukes Administration for Breaking Solemn Pledge to the People

WASHINGTON, May 16.—That William Jennings Bryan personally approved a free tolls plank in the Baltimore platform when it was read to him in sub-committee, and that he asked only that it be accompanied by another plank declaring against the admission of railroad-owned ships to the canal, was the declaration of Senator Walsh of Montana in the Senate today in a speech denouncing the free tolls repeal bill.

As secretary of the platform committee and of the sub-committee, Senator Walsh said he personally transcribed the proceedings when the free tolls policy was approved by the party leaders.

Senator Walsh argued that the question of the rights of the United States in the canal should be submitted to the Supreme Court, as suggested by former President Taft. He asserted he believed the world would acquiesce in that decision.

"The Democratic platform has declared the policy of the Democratic party on this subject," he said.

"I went before the people on it and was elected to carry out this mandate whatever individual opinion might be. Were the open repudiation of this solemn covenant of the party proposed by any other man than the President of the United States we all should recoil from it with horror.

MORAL ASPECT UNCHANGED.

"For myself its moral aspect assumes no different view because he commends it.

"My relationship to the Baltimore convention is too intimate to permit me with an easy conscience to yield the fetters it places upon my official actions, even though I did not favor it altogether in any particular policy it adopted.

"The work of putting into appropriate language the ideas to which general acquiescence had been given by the platform committee was proposed in Mr. Bryan of Nebraska, and Mr. O'Gorman of New York, who were authorized to call to their aid such members of the committee as they chose. They requested me to stor Fowne and myself to remain with them. The draft prepared by this committee of the committee was transcribed under my own supervision, and by it the sub-committee and by it to the entire committee before which it was again read and by it approved—was presented to and adopted by the convention without change.

NO DEBATE ON PLANK.

"The plank referring to canal tolls was, as my memory serves me, tendered by the Senator from New York and was adopted by the sub-committee of eleven before the smaller committee assumed the task imposed upon it. There was no debate upon it simply because it was generally approved and acquiesced in. When it was presented Mr. Bryan expressed his approval but said that it should be accompanied by another plank declaring against the admission of railroad-owned ships to the canal.

"The draft tendered used the expression 'free tolls.' Someone suggested that the two words were contradictory of each other. It was changed to read, as we find it: 'We favor the exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise traffic through the canal.'

"If it should be determined by the Supreme Court of the United States that this act in question is in contravention of the treaty, or if I were satisfied that it is, I should feel my oath of office a superior obligation and would unhesitatingly vote for its repeal. While I remain convinced that no treaty restrains our action, I am under no temptation to escape from the trammels of the platform upon the puerile suggestion that the plank in question is contradicted by another that declares against subsidies, requiring a choice as between the two, in that view the canal itself is a subsidy to the shipping interests."

FREE TOLLS ARGUMENTS WIN COLLEGE DEBATE.

The exemption of American coastwise ships from paying tolls at Panama should not be repealed, in the opinion of the judges, students, judges and audience who heard the Boston College versus Georgetown University debate on the question at Boston College Hall last week.

District Attorney Pelletier presided, and the judges of the debate were Judge Patrick M. Keating of the Superior Court, John R. Murphy of the Finance Commission and Judge Charles S. Sullivan of the Charlestown Court. When the debate was over they were unanimous for Boston College and free tolls.

The Boston College team has twice defeated Georgetown on the same question. Last year at Washington they argued for free tolls and won. Then Gaston Leonard A. Wood and two Supreme Court Judges Judged the debate. This year, taking the same side of the argument, they were again victorious.

The Georgetown team relied upon President Wilson's position. They argued:

"Right or wrong, we should repeal free tolls and avoid friction." They further asserted that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty forbade free tolls.

Leo M. Murray of Revere, last speaker for Boston College in rebuttal, shattered the claim by pointing out that "Senator Bard offered an amendment to the treaty when it was under consideration in the Senate, specifically giving us the right to exempt our ships from paying tolls. Senator Lodge and the other Senators who have answered our queries on the matter say that amendment was unnecessary because the point was covered in the treaty, and the amendment was dropped."

The speakers for Georgetown were Edward J. Devlin, Jr., of New York; J. Francis Ryan of New Jersey, and Rufus A. Lusk of the District of Columbia. The Boston College speakers were Edward A. Sullivan of Cambridge; Robert F. Barry of Newton and Leo M. Murray of Revere. When the judges unanimously gave them the decision, the two thousand packed into the hall burst into cheers.

Here are extracts from the main speeches of the three Boston College men. The extracts show how they developed their argument to the point of absolute conviction:

AGAINST PRECEDENTS.

Edward A. Sullivan spoke first and said in part:

Georgetown is arguing against something which is a law now, and which is stamped with the approval of Congress and a President. When you ask us to uphold, they condemn the judgment of the greatest assembly of statesmen in the country.

"We propose to show that a failure to exempt American ships is contrary to precedent, to established law, and to the Constitution; that it is economically wrong, and that it involves a national dishonor and injustice to the American people.

"The Panama Canal is OUR waterway. It was built and will be maintained by this country, and by this country alone. No other nation contributed to that colossal cost of $400,000,000. No nation save the United States gave an ounce of energy or a single idea to the realization of the project. The canal is as truly ours as any river or harbor in the land. And on no single river or harbor do we impose tolls upon coastwise vessels.

"Therefore, if we impose tolls at Panama, we discriminate among our own skippers. Take the case of two New York skippers, one trading with San Francisco, the other with Duluth. The one uses the Panama Canal, the other uses the Great Lakes and the Sault Ste. Marie Canal. The former would be compelled to pay a toll at Panama, the other is charged absolutely nothing.

"The imposition of tolls would violate the River and Harbor Act of 1884, which expressly states: 'No tolls whatever shall be levied upon any vessel or other craft for passing through any canal or other work for the use of navigation now belonging to the United States or that may be hereafter acquired or constructed.'

"The imposition of tolls is contrary to the Constitution, which provides that 'no preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another.' Suppose you charge tolls at Panama. St. Paul can today ship goods by the Mississippi to New Orleans without paying tolls. San Francisco, if tolls are collected, would have to pay for shipping goods through the canal to New Orleans. That is giving one port preference over another, in violation of the Constitution. The Constitution also says 'No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.' If you impose tolls, you violate this clause, for if a cargo be shipped from Boston through the canal to San Francisco and made to pay tolls at the isthmus, that is neither more nor less than a tax and duty laid on articles exported from a State.

RAILROADS THE REASON.

Robert P. Barry said:

"It is an axiom of economic law that the high cost of transportation is the prime factor in the high cost of living. Whenever railroads come into competition with water carriers they are forced to reduce their freight charges. Our government has spent hundreds of millions on the canals and rivers of our land, which stimulates the increased rates from which our people get the benefit of a measure of relief. To raise the cost of transportation is to raise the cost of living.

"It is only through freedom from tolls at Panama that maximum economic benefits can come to our people.

"There are eight splendid reasons which all unite to support the full argument against free tolls. These eight reasons are the eight articles of the constitution. They recognise that in proportion as a toll is levied, in like proportion will their railroad rates be increased or maintained. Free tolls will force reduced freight rates.

"For over thirty years, with all the gigantic force and tremendous power at their command, the railroads opposed and obstructed the building of the canal itself, and when successful in their selfish purpose, they attempted to gain control of our coastwise shipping, and were again defeated by the government's enactment that a ship owned or controlled by a railroad should not use the canal. And now they make their supreme effort and rally to their side the powerful instrument of fraudulous lobby and subsidized press in an effort to erect an artificial barrier to our domestic progress.

"You cannot impose a toll on transportation without the American people bearing the burden of that toll. Now levy a toll of $1.20 a ton upon a ship with a capacity of 8,000 tons and you increase the price of the commodities in that ship on that trip to the extent of $9,600. That money will come out of the pockets of the people.

"It is a law of trade which knows no violation that when you place a tax or a toll on a commodity in one section of the country, you affect the price of that same commodity in every section. When you put a toll of $1 a ton on our canal traffic, you substantially put a toll of $1 a ton on all the 25,000,000,000 worth of produce that goes into our interstate traffic in a year.

"It is objected by some that free tolls means ship subsidy, but free tolls at Panama no more means ship subsidy than free tolls at Sault Ste Marie, in the Soo, and in every river and harbor in the land."

WRONG ECONOMICALLY.

Leo M. Murray, the concluding speaker, said:

"Not only is repeal of the exemption clause unconstitutional and economically disadvantageous, but it is the surrender of a right which under present conditions and the interpretation which will be placed on it abroad would be an injustice to the American people and a national dishonor.

"That we have the right to exempt our coasting vessels from tolls is absolutely undeniable. Natural justice demands that the people who spent $400,000,000 in the construction of the canal shall reap the maximum advantages from that canal. And the exercise of this right is in no way hindered by the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

"The treaty lays down six rules for the government of the canal. One of these rules forms the groundwork on which the opponents of free tolls challenge our rights. This rule declares: 'The canal shall be open to the vessels of commerce and war of all nations on terms of entire equality, and there shall be no discrimination.' The question comes on whether the United States is included in the words 'all nations'.

"We do not believe that a landlord is included in the rules he promulgates for his tenants. With former Secretary of State Olney, we believe that it cannot reasonably be argued that in fixing the terms for the use of its canal by customers the United States looked upon itself as one of the customers.

"If the United States did include herself in these rules, her vessels of war as well as her vessels of commerce should pay tolls. Even England saw the absurdity of such a claim.

"If the United States is included in this clause, then there is a basic and fundamental contradiction in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty itself; for article 3 of this treaty says that the United States 'shall have and enjoy all rights incident to construction' of the canal, as well as the 'exclusive right' to the regulation and management of the canal. This obviously includes the right to exempt from tolls our coastwise ships.

"European nations generally believe that we have not the right to exempt our shipping. They know that England has protested, and that we are apparently about to repeal, and they interpret our action as submission to England's demand, and suppose the United States has been forced to retire from an unjust position.

"When we have acted wholly within our rights and a repeal of that rightful action is planned, it is paramount to a national dishonor. We retreat under fire when we know that that retreat and repeal will be looked upon as a confession of guilt."

BRYAN'S CHANGE OF POLICY

William Jennings Bryan personally approved a free tolls plank in the Baltimore convention platform when it was presented to the sub committee, but said that it should be accompanied by another plank declaring against the admission of railroad-owned ships to the canal.—From speech in the Senate by Senator Walsh of Montana, who was secretary of the convention platform committee.

Police Find Body of Missing Captain

The harbor police have found the body of Captain John Murphy, forty, employed on a scow of the Boston Development and Sanitary Company. The captain was seen Friday night on the scow, which was docked near Spectacle Island. The next morning he could not be found, but his hat was lying on deck. The police, after a few hours' grappling, located the body.

Lynn Man Held on Charge of Arson

Charles P Brown of Lynn was held in $1,000 bonds for the Superior Court by Judge Lummis in the Lynn District Court on the charge of arson. Mrs. Florence Prince testified that on last Wednesday morning she saw Brown entering the building at No. 114 Union street, Lynn, with a bundle of newspapers under his arm. After he left the building the fire was discovered.

Arrest Elevator Boy for Forgery

Ernest W. Adams, eighteen, an elevator boy in the Rogers building, No. 209 Washington street, is under arrest on a charge of forgery. The police say he forged the name of Attorney Louis H. Sawyer to four checks for $10, $5, $10 and $7 respectively and the name of Myer Dana, real estate man, to a check for $25, and cashed them at the bank in the building where he works.

Sullivan Favored for U. S. Attorney

Michael L. Sullivan, City Solicitor of Salem, has been endorsed by eight Democratic Massachusetts Congressmen for United States District Attorney in Boston. A committee consisting of Peters, Murray and Phelan has been designated to inform Attorney-General McReynolds of the wishes of the delegation.

Speak for Twelve Nations at Harvard

Twelve countries, including Mexico, were represented at the International entertainment last night in Peabody Hall, Phillips Brooks House, Harvard, by the Harvard Cosmopolitan Club. Students from Russia, Japan, India, China, Holland, Liberia, Switzerland, Columbia, Cuba and Mexico spoke. L. O. Wright represented Mexico.

MILITIA MEN BARE MIDNIGHT CAMP 'REVELS'

Say Incident Was Seized Upon as Pretext to Drive Lieut. M'Dowell Out of Sixth.

"The Scandal in the Sixth," the livellest militia sensation Massachusetts has ever seen, is about to come to a head. The AMERICAN, from militiamen in Fitchburg, has secured for the first time the unvarnished story of the revel by night in camp at Mattapoisett last Summer.

The story is being presented to the court-martial sitting at the State House in secret session. The affair, according to the friends of Lieutenant Joseph J. McDowell, was innocent in itself, but was seized upon by a clique of his enemies as a pretext to drive him out of the militia.

A quarrel between two brothers figures in the affair. The other brother is Captain Jeremiah J. McDowell of the same company—D of the Sixth. Thus far the lieutenant has had the worst of it. He is charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, and with falsifying muster rolls. Lieutenant McDowell charges Captain McDowell with drunkenness on duty and with falsifying muster rolls.

BROTHER IN COMMAND.

Lieutenant McDowell has been barred from the company's armory. His brother is still in command. The lieutenant has been brought to trial. The charges against the captain are pending.

A further complication of the Sixth's affairs has arisen in Company I. Former Captain Ralph B. Petersen is charged with retaining company property. Since he is retired, he is not subject to court-martial, but a civil suit may be begun. Captain Petersen says the charge against him is a mistake and a technicality.

Here is the story of the Mattapoisett revel, as told by a member of the militia who says he participated:

"Two Fitchburg militiamen had two Fitchburg girls at camp during the day. The militiamen, toward evening, took the girls to New Bedford by automobile and started back to camp. On the way they met two New Bedford girls.

STORY OF "REVEL."

"The chauffeur asked if the girls couldn't ride out to the camp, so as to have company for him on the trip back to town. This was agreed to. When the party reached camp the girls wanted to see how a soldier's tent looks from the inside. Accordingly, a party of perhaps ten gathered in one of the tents. There was beer to be had, and until 3 o'clock in the morning, the 'revel' went on.

"About that time, a senior officer appeared at the tent door and the revellers departed."

Regarding the charge of falsifying muster rolls, it has been testified that a man, named Martin Jilbert, was allowed to impersonate Private O'Brien on the rifle range, and shot so well that Private O'Brien's marksmanship record was much improved.

Must Cut Collectors $11,000, Says Curley

Mayor Curley announces that $11,000 must be cut off the payrolls of the collecting department and about $10,000 out of the appropriation of the street laying out department by the collectors department he is not going to wait for Bowdoin S. Parker's successor to take hold before

Anne P. Rogers Is Bride of Boston Man

Colonel Rogers' Daughter Married to J. Griswold Webb.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 16.—Miss Anne Pendleton Rogers, daughter of Colonel Archibald Rogers of Hyde Park, and J. Griswold Webb of Boston were married at St. James Church, Hyde Park, by Rev. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Mass., at noon today. The bridesmaid and matron of honor were matron, Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley, sister of the bride; maids, Miss Ruth Wales, Miss Katherine Cole, Miss Margaret Traver and Miss Sarah Delano; flower girl, Miss Elisabeth Sloan Rogers, a niece of the bride. Among the 500 guests were Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor.

500 Go Crazy a Year in State, Says Hall

"Massachusetts is going crazy at the rate of 500 a year, and we must have more institutions in which to care for the unfortunates," declared Representative Edward M. Hall of Pittsfield, in advocating in the House the passage of the bill to establish an insane hospital within the metropolitan district, and—to appropriate $100,000.

B. & M. Note Holder Sues for $75,000

Another holder of $50,000 of Boston & Maine's $10,000,000 one-year 5 per cent. note issue defaulted last February, has precipitated legal action against the road when a suit for $75,000 was entered by Harold A. Williams of Brooklyn in the Superior Court.

SOTHERN PLAYS UNUSUAL HAMLET

Miss Elizabeth Valentine Is Well Received in Part of Ophelia.

"The native hue of resolution is sicklied over with the pale cast of thought" qouth Hamlet at the Shubert last night, and that sentence was the keynote of Sothern's depiction of the Melancholy Dane.

His Hamlet is a man of fierce and fiery purpose, but the purpose eats itself in meditation and soliloquy, till it becomes the "almost blunted purpose" of the ghost's second appearance.

Sothern's Hamlet is a sentimental, shrewd, meditative gentleman, yet bears conviction in every line.

Miss Elizabeth Valentine had the difficult task of filling Julia Marlowe's place as Ophelia. Her voice was inadequate in the first three acts, but in the two scenes of her mad grief in the fourth act, voice and reading were perfect, and her work was masterly.

Sidney Mather as Laertes brought out most strongly the contrast between his character and that of Hamlet. The father of each was murdered. Laertes instantly appeared to demand vengeance. Hamlet, on the other hand, consumed his first passion in mere ponderings, and delayed action till the end.

Of the secondary characters, Lark Taylor as Polonius, Alma Kruger as the Queen, and Frederick Lewis as Horatio excelled.

LOGAN PREDICTS BUSINESS REVIVAL

Former Worcester Mayor Encouraged After Trip to the Coast.

WORCESTER, May 16.—Former Mayor James Logan struck a strongly optimistic note in discussing business prospects, upon his return from a trip to the Pacific coast, in the course of which he interviewed business men, large and small, and men in all walks of life.

Logan is general manager of the United States Envelope Company, and one of the most alert business men in the country.

He does not predict "unprecedented prosperity," but he does foresee a great revival of industry and a new vitality in business, which will grow out of the new order of things. He summed up his opinions thus:

"I found that the most hopeful sign is, that with industry marking time as it is, there appears to be absolutely no pessimism but a broad spirit of optimism. Business men from coast to coast do not expect trade is going to boom, but say there will be a fair volume of business and they are all waiting expectantly in the belief that things are going to mend. That the foundations are pretty secure and all we need is a little more confidence to go ahead, slowly at first, of course, seems to me to express the general feeling throughout the country."

It's Health That Counts

It is the duty of everybody to keep healthy, but this is impossible if the Stomach is weak, Liver lazy and Bowels constipated.

An impaired digestion soon affects the other functions of the body, and to remedy this condition you should try

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It assists digestion, keeps the liver active and is a real safeguard against Poor Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, Biliousness and Malaria.

To Protect Health Insist on Hostetter's

Off It Comes

That's all you have to do with the Gavaza "no-opener" cap should ultimately replace the present cap requiring some tool to remove. Every one appreciates its convenience and merchants must give their customers the best to keep up with the march of progress. Once the Gavaza cap is on the market the public will demand it on all their bottle goods.

Wonderful Possibilities

Enormous Field

is almost beyond estimation, and is an indication of the possibilities of this business. Beers, ales, tonics, ginger ale, mineral waters, special products, all use them.

Your Opportunity

A limited amount of 8% cumulative preferred stock is offered the public at par. For a short time only a special bonus of common stock is also given. This may some day be worth hundreds of dollars. Think this over. Investigate it fully. Write or telephone for sample cap or, better still, call at our office and see a practical demonstration and try the cap yourself. Further information gladly furnished.

GAVAZA BOTTLE CAP CO. 120 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON Telephone Oxford 3470

Up-to-date brewers and bottlers should communicate with us at once for terms and arrange for deliveries.

MONDAY—A GREAT SALE—SHOWING OF New Millinery Styles

In which we present a wide variety of the latest white and black and white effects now so popular in New York and Paris. The prices are attractively low in order to induce advance buying.

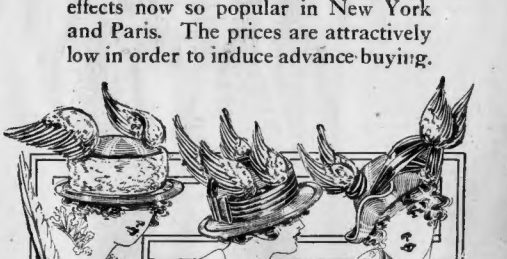

Figure 1 Figure 2 Figure 3

Figure 2
A beautiful hemp sailor, trimmed with white breast and newest wing effects. Regular $7.50 value. Sale price **3.98**

Figure 3
Another of the new hemp sailor shapes, trimmed with silk moire ribbons and mercury wings. A $7.50 value. Sale price **3.98**

Figure 3
A new black and white hemp continental shape, trimmed with new black lacquered straw and ribbon. Regular $7 value. Sale price **3.98**

Figure 4
The very latest small hemp sailor, trimmed with lacquered ribbon and quill to match. Regular $7 value. Sale price.. **3.98**

Here's a new sailor shape of fine white chip straw with a black edge and black band. Sizes in these. A value. Sale price, **1.49**

Panamas of exceptional fine quality soft white shape of fine white chip good quality in all the felt hats. Very desirable newest blocks. Trimmed alike for Summer wear with black ribbon band and outings. Worth $8 and $10. Sale price, **4.98**

Untrimmed Panamas in a variety of the very newest shapes. Good, white hats, worth $6, are offered by us Monday at **59c**

Mail Orders Filled on Any of These Items.

THE FRANCIS WILSON STORES

Popular-Priced Millinery

503 Washington St. and 17 Winter St.

We Give Legal Stamps

AMERICAN REPORTER FINDS CHARLES STREET JAIL AS FINE AS CLAIMED BY SHERIFF QUINN

Inspection Reveals Clean Light and Airy Cells, Kitchen and Corridors

"You seem to think that jail of yours is a palace," said Councilman Watson.

"Yes, it is. I like it. It is a fine place," replied Sheriff Quinn.—Extract from testimony given by Sheriff Quinn at the hearing before the Prison Committee of the City Council on charges of mismanagement brought by Councilor James A. (Jerry) Watson against the former.

An AMERICAN reporter made a personal investigation and has written the following:

By THOMAS F. PHELAN.

Through the courtesy of Sheriff Quinn I was permitted to visit the jail on Saturday afternoon and was shown through the place by Arthur R. Towle, one of the clerks, and Deputy Sheriff Kelly.

On entering the jail yard from the office entrance I was confronted by gardens on each side of the roadway leading to the jail. The roadway was recently swept.

SPOTLESS FLOOR.

Inside the jail I met Mr. Towle, told him Sheriff Quinn had invited me to inspect the institution and wished to take advantage of the offer.

"All right," said Towle, "though we're pressed for help, I'll show you through the institution."

With that we entered the jail through a doorway which led to the rotunda, the floor of which was recently washed and appeared so clean that person could safely eat a meal off it.

An odor of fresh air pervaded the place, the windows on each side were open, and a number of the prisoners, dressed in the conventional jail garb, were walking through, chatting as happily as if on the boulevards.

SOILED BED TICKING.

Several steps across the floor brought us to a row of cells, and Towle commented on the fact that the walls of the place, which were white bright and glossy, had recently been kalsomined, and that of late every room had been placed in some of the cells.

As Towle said this he walked up to a cell door and looked at the bedding to two cells, one on each side of the cell. The floor of the cell was clean, but the bed ticking appeared soiled, as if they had been in use for some time.

Our next visit was to the kitchen, where a number of prisoners were busily engaged packing large loaves of bread into wooden trays and carrying them into another room.

Each tray was manned by two men, and an officer wrote in a memoranda book the number of loaves of bread carried away.

SPICK AND SPAN KITCHEN.

In a corner of the room three other prisoners were cleaning tin drinking cups, while others were peeling about large kettles. Towle pointed to a large copper vat, stating that it was filled with cocoa. He removed the cover, disclosing the cocoa, which was colored with milk and steaming hot.

Towle next took the cover off a smaller vessel, filled with hash, which appeared palatable. Everything was spick and span in the kitchen. Cleanliness was evident everywhere.

From the kitchen we went back to the rotunda and looked over a number of barber chairs, which were covered. Towle nodded to a barber fastened to the floor, which, he said, was used for holding water, which flowed when turned on into bathtubs in the bathroom underneath. He said the boiler would soon be supplanted by shower baths.

A walk down a flight of stairs brought us to the shower baths in a spacious room. There are ten such showers on each side of the room, but have not been accepted yet, according to Towle.

WINDOWS PUT IN.

Towle pointed to several other improvements recently made in and about the bath room and also referred to a window which had been cut through a wall to permit of better ventilation.

During our walk through the place, Towle casually remarked that other improvements for the benefit of prisoners are in process of formation.

Returning to the rotunda, Towle pointed out the women's cells. All showed the same line of improvements in the way of kalsomining of walls and installation of windows.

Towle then turned me over to Deputy Sheriff Kelly, who escorted me across the country to the officers' building which contains the padded cells. Before reaching the latter we went through the cage or room near the street entrance to a tier of cells.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Kelly stopped in front of a cell, called attention to the abundance of light and air. The window had recently been cut through so as to permit of proper ventilation.

Near this cell is a room in which were several prison runners, known as "trusties."

A few steps down the corridor and we were in the padded room section, which is well lighted, airy and clean and in which one prisoner is confined with an attack of delirium tremens.

The cells resemble cages, and when the door of each is shut the only way in which a person can see inside is through a small aperture in the centre of the door.

The inside of each cell is heavily padded. To the uninitiated the cells appear inhuman, and did to me, having looked at a prisoner confined in one of them.

Deputy Kelly said that the cells should never have been built the way they are. He said, though, that they are at times necessary.

In a small room adjoining is a bath tub of the porcelain variety in which prisoners, who have been held in captivity in padded cell, are washed in hot water after leaving there.

Up to recently there was no window in this room, but at Kelley's suggestion one was cut through to the corridor. Kelly said that it was impossible in the old days to see a man in the tubs because of the padding being so thick.

He mentioned that hot baths were necessary for prisoners afflicted with delirium tremens.

The punishment cells were next shown. These cells are dark and dreary, without windows, and are fitted with plank beds. A punishment prisoner sleeps while undergoing punishment, which, under the law, cannot exceed ten days.

A prisoner so confined, according to Kelly, is put on bread and water, and officers wrote in a memoranda book the place he is apt to obey prison rules.

OFFICERS WELL HOUSED.

Upstairs are the officers' rooms, which are well furnished.

My visit to the jail, from what I saw, convinced me that the jail is what Sheriff Quinn says, "a fine place to live."

The menu at the jail follows:

Breakfast—Dipper of coffee, oatmeal and as much bread as wanted.

Dinner—Beef stew, hash stew, potatoes, vegetables and bread.

Supper—Dipper of cocoa or chocolate, corned beef hash and plenty of bread.

Desert—Tobacco to those who like to chew or smoke.

"The meats we use at the jail, young man," interjected Sheriff Quinn, "are served the same as the cuts of meat market men sell to the proprietors of the best hotels in the country."

Claims Throne in 4 Words

Steward Would Rule Siam

Grandfather Invaded Harem

George Russell, who claims he is rightful heir to the throne of Siam, is dressed in Siamese costume.

Bostonian Ready to Push Rights if He Can Start a Rebellion.

When Uncle Sam gets the Mexican government on its feet again as a going concern he might step over to Boston and take up the chances of a good Siamese muss for George Russell.

George says he is the rightful heir to the throne of the kingdom forever associated with white elephants and twins.

What with the general financial lightness, the secrets "Charley" Meilen threatens to tell about the New Haven, the coming cup races and other things to watch, the call for Siamese claimants is a bit off just now.

In the meantime George Russell is working as one of the bar stewards in the Jefferson House, and is located most of the time in the wine cellar, where he sees that the dust is not allowed to get off the wine bottles.

Among the exhibits George has to back up his claim are these:

A—Four Siamese words.

B—His other name: "Devan Moutri."

'C—Complete ground plan and perspective for Siamese rebellion.

D—Considerable discretion regarding the same.

E—Family tree (uprooted but quite a swell piece of shrubbery at that).

F—A sad story.

"Devan," or George to use the name on his laundry list, is short on the Siamese language. The four words he knows are adjectives which the native Siamese uses, when he is out with his own gang, to express his opinion of Europeans. The Mexican equivalent is Victoriano Huerta's idea of Venustiano Carranas.

George's other name, "Devan Moutri," is how he would be listed in the Bankok City directory, whatever that is.

REBELLION PLANS.

Regarding the rebellion plans, the Moutri family tree and the sad story, George said to a Sunday AMERICAN reporter yesterday:

"There isn't a particle of doubt about my being the lawful heir to Chaufa Ekadwat Anurak Moutri, who was King of Siam. He was slain when the Burmese conquered the country in 1767.

"While the Siamese did get the throne back King Chaufa never regained his title. Two army generals set themselves up as kings and founded the present dynasty.

"So my family ceased to become rulers, although one of my relatives, Phya Moutri, was Prime Minister under King Chulalongkorn.

"But my grandfather, who has just died in a Siamese prison, as I've informed, had ambitions for the throne and was betrayed to the King by a man whom my grandfather had trusted.

"A terrible charge was brought against my grandfather—that of having invaded the royal harem. He was cast into prison. I hear he was subjected to terrible cruelties.

"His death makes me the next in line, as my father is dead. I am the real heir to the throne of the Moutri dynasty."

George said further that he has been approached to start a rebellion in the north of Siam. It seems that his adherents are called the Loas. The "Monde," too, are against the present regime.

"I have in my possession," says George, "complete plans for a rebellion to depose the present king. But the present dynasty is well established and enjoys the support of many of the people."

It seems that the Monde are disgruntled, for one thing, because their old capital, Pakina, was captured. Then the present dynasty moved out of the old walled Bhuddist city of Ayuthia and set up the throne at Bankok.

"If the Monde and Loas should combine in rebellion," says George, "they certainly would oust Ayuthia the capital instead of Bankok."

The throne of Siam is a stake worth playing for. It is the richest that John D. Rockefeller, the Guggenheims and the Rothschilds combined. And he doesn't have to pay income taxes or any other tax. In fact, he doesn't pay taxes—he collects 'em.

That's about the situation over in Siam. It might be worth Uncle Sam's time to dicker with George for the chance of getting things right there and getting some good concessions in the elephant and Siamese twin lines.

POTOMAC RIVER TO LIGHT WASHINGTON

Senator Norris' Plan calls for a Cost of $15,000,000 to Develop Water Power.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Lighting up all the buildings occupied by the national government in the District of Columbia is the task the Potomac River must perform if Senator Norris has his way. There's a cost of $15,000,000 to be considered before the development of this river power is made by Uncle Sam, but appropriations of that size are a mere trifle to a Congress that tosses out a billion and more with every two years of work.

Senator Norris is trying to get this item, which would result in a big saving to the federal treasury in a few years, attached to the river and harbor appropriation bill. The chances are, however, that it will be put into one of the other budget bills instead.

Army engineers have been looking with ambitious eyes at the rapids in the Potomac, just above the city, ever since George Washington selected this site for the Capital. Time after time the power has been investigated and the engineers have been chagrined to witness the indifference of the Senate and House to the possibilities. Recently a new estimate of the cost of development has been prepared, and Norris has made it his personal business to see that the project is brought to a definite issue and a vote.

Cushing Will Try for State Ticket

Speaker Grafton D. Cushing of the House of Representatives will be a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Republican ticket next Fall, according to closest friends. The formal announcement will be made at the close of the Legislature.

HINGHAM BLAZE IS BROUGHT TO THE FIRE DEPARTMENT

Flames Away Off in the Woods Didn't Feaze Chief Cushing's Men.

FREIGHT CAR WAS BURNING

You can't stick George Cushing's hand-raised fire department down in Hingham, not even when the fire starts away off in the woods in a box car while Chief George is over in New York city on a matter of personal business.

Not being able to get out to the fire—running a fire engine and not a railroad engine—the department had the fire brought to it, or under it. They met the fire half-way at the railroad bridge and the rest was simply a matter of minutes.

Chief George has been in office thirty-three or four years and is next to the oldest fire department head in the United States in length of service. But he's a fox on fires.

Shortly after the week Chief George turned the department over to Assistant Chief "Bill" Nelson, saying:

WENT A WAY TO NEW YORK.

"Bill, I've got to run over to New York for a couple of days on a legal matter and you keep things from burning up or down while I'm gone. I figure on being back about Saturday morning."

Chief George stepped off the Boston train yesterday and asked "Bert" Brown, the chief's driver: "Any fires while I was away, Bert."

"Well, yes, they had to turn out early today and take the outside fire engine up to the railroad bridge and haul a box car that was brought down from Nantasket Junction on fire with $4,000 pounds of burning rubber. They couldn't get the fire engine up the track, so they hauled the fire down to meet the boys halfway at the bridge."

Chief George made tracks for "Bill" Nelson and learned all that had happened.

It seems that a New Haven railroad freight train was between Cohasset and Nantasket Junction when the box car loaded with rubber began to smoke.

WATER TANK USELESS.

The train crew cut the burning car out from the train and backed it up to the water tank at the Junction, thinking to flush out the fire from the tank pipe.

But this didn't work because the car was on fire inside and the standpipe couldn't send an accurate stream.

Then they 'phoned the Hingham department, being in actual Hingham territory, though still out at Nantasket Junction.

"Bill" Nelson, who answered the 'phone, said: "We can't run the fire engine along your railroad track and if we could you haven't any hydrant out there. But you have your box car to Rockland street railroad bridge and I think we can fix you up."

HAULS FLAMING CAR.

"Bill" had the engine run up to the hydrant near the railroad bridge, with the hose lines carried to the bridge and ready to play down below.

Pretty quick, down on the track from Nantasket, came this engine, hauling a flaming box car and not wasting any time about it.

The car was stopped at the bridge. The Hingham fire fighters turned their hose streams on and had the fire out in a jiffy, saving about all the rubber and most of the car.

George said over his way not much obliged and Assistant Chief "Bill" Nelson said for them to bring along any good fires they had anytime.

Chief George Cushing heard Nelson through and said:

"Good boy, Bill, I knew you'd know what to do."

Messenger Boy Is Killed by Engine

Daniel Toomey, a fifteen-year-old messenger boy of No. 7 Russell place, was struck by a shifting engine and killed at the Back Bay Station, while he lay stunned from a fall on the tracks. Toomey was sent with a hurried call to deliver a message to a fireman on the Twentieth Century Limited when it reached the Back Bay. He delivered the telegram, and as he left the train was thrown upon the track and stunned.

DOROTHY KELSEY, LOST CHILD WHO BLOCKED TRAFFIC

Child who wandered away from father's auto and kept Policeman on busy corner busy.

PHOTO BY HENRY O. DRYON & KEY. HARVEY PIERCE

LOST CHILD KEEPS POLICEMAN BUSY

Weeping Girl in Centre of Street with Bluecoat Attracts Attention of Crowd.

You don't see the sight every day—a big policeman holding hands with a wee little girl, who is crying as if her heart would break, and right in the middle of one of the busiest of Boston's streets—so maybe that's why several thousand folk stopped and looked on.

It happened at Tremont and Winter streets yesterday afternoon. The policeman was John F. McGillicuddy. The little girl was—well, when the policeman asked her name, she sobbed:

"Dor boo-hoo-o-hoo-hoo-thy."

"That's it, Dorothy. And your last name?"

"Hoo-hoo-oo-Kel-hoo-hoo-hoo-ney."

Past the two rushed a seemingly unending line of autos, taxis and other wheeled things. On the sidewalk and near the subway entrance gathered the throngs.

"And where do you live?"

"Hoo-hoo-H'ook-hoo hoo-oooo-line."

"Now be brave, Dorothy and I'll look out for you."

While he talked with the child, McGillicuddy had his troubles. Being on crosswalk duty he had to keep up continuous signals to teamsters and pedestrians. Finally little Dorothy dried her tears and beamed happily while the crowd still stared. Then into the middle of the street rushed Harry S. Kelsey, a local business man, and claimed the girlie for his own. Dorothy had wandered away from the Kelsey automobile on Bromfield street.

READ THEM, ANYWAY.

Even if at the moment you feel the need of nothing that Sunday American Want Ads could supply, read them for suggestions and general information.

CAVALRY WILL BE TOURNAMENT HOST

Big Gallery to Greet Troops Three Nights at the Park Riding School.

Everything looks like a big gallery when the three-nights military tournament of the First Squadron Cavalry, M. V. M., opens in the Park Riding School next Thursday night.

It isn't the first cavalry show ever held in this city but it will probably be the biggest and most elaborate since the Civil War, with all local men engaged.

There are four troops of cavalry in Massachusetts and they comprise the First Squadron. All four troops will be there, a total of 231 officers and men.

Cavalry men can put on a dandy show when they set out, especially when they are in uniform, with sabres jangling and all that. The Mexican muss and the possibility that the squadron will be called to the border make the cavalry more interesting just now.

There is great rivalry between the four troops, too. Troop A (Captain John Kenny), for instance, is more familiarly known as the "Lancers." This is the body which has escorted Massachusetts Governors to Harvard class days for three-quarters of a century. Ex-Governor Guild was formerly a member of the Lancers and he will be there on Governors' night (Friday), when Governor Walsh has promised to be present.

Troop B (of which Captain Benjamin S. Blake is the bad, is nicknamed the "Millionaires," because so many soldiers and sons of them have been in it.

Troop C of Cambridge (Captain Dana T. Gallup), is called the "Hard and "Troop" on account of the percentage of college men in the ranks.

Troop D (Lieutenant H. Ferguson) is better known as the Roxbury Horse Guards. It dates from the Civil War, in which it acquired fame.

The program is:

Sabre drill by Troop D.

Equipment race, to get a horse saddled, bridled and mouted with all equipment first.

Musical ride by Troop A in full-dress uniform.

Tug-of-war between mounted men.

Indoor war game. First scene shows Troop B pitching camp. Second report approach of the enemy. Scene 3 shows Troop C (the enemy) attacking.

Potato race, mounted (men, not potatoes).

Rough-riding contest.

Police Hunt Missing $250 French Poodle

A French poodle dog worth $250 and owned, it is said, by a New York millionaire, escaped from a crate in which it was shipped as a present at the Wellesley station of the Boston & Albany road yesterday afternoon. The dog was shipped from New York to Hollis Hunnewell of Wellesley. It came to earn for it for the Summer at the Hunnewell kennels. The poodle escaped at Wellesley and the police send out a general alarm for the capture of the dog.

Pilgrimage for Ancients June 17

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery, Fusilier Veterans' Association, British Naval Military Veterans' Association and the National Lancers, all of Boston, will be the guests with twelve other famous independent military companies of the amateur veterans at Manchester, N. H., June 17.

Other organizations that will be represented are: Worcester Continentals, Worcester, Mass.; Putnam Phalanx, Hartford, Ct.; Governor's Foot Guards, New Haven, Ct.; First Regiment Infantry, Providence, R. I.; Lexington Minute Men, Lexington, Mass.; Barnum Continentals, East Greenwich, R. I.; Infantry Battalion State Fencibles, Philadelphia; Old Guard, New York; Albany Burgesses, Albany, N. Y.; and the British Trait Artillery of Bristol, R. I.

YOUR NOSE IS IT A HANDICAP?

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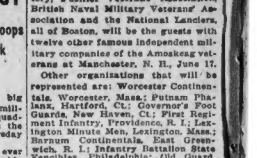

HUMP. DENT. CORRECTED. THE NOSE is the most prominent part of the face and therefore the most likely to show any of the hereditary faults, while all other feature reveals to a greater extent the mental strength and character, the temperament or disposition and the possible line of success in life. Are you satisfied with your nose? AN IRREGULAR OR DEFORMED NOSE, no matter whether it be a Hump, a Dent or a Double Dent, is considered a serious handicap. Whether the slightest risk of subsequent loss of time, BY THE GIBSON METHOD OF COSMETIC SURGERY

An Irregular Bridge, whether it be a Hump, a Dent or a Double Dent, is considered a serious handicap. Whether the slightest risk of subsequent loss of time, BY THE GIBSON METHOD OF COSMETIC SURGERY

MALFORMATIONS OF THE CARTILAGES of the nose are corrected by simple painless operations in a few months. See our before and after photographs.

BULBOUS TIP BEFORE. AFTER TREATMENT

View of Under Surface of Nose

A CORRECTED NOSE. Showing Tip, Septum, Nostril Size, Drooping Lids, Receding Chin, Thick Lips, Ear Size, Eyebrow Size, Scars, Dimples, Crossed Eyes and ALL OTHER facial anomalies.

REMOVED WITHOUT SCARS. Moles, Birthmarks, Moth Patches, Tan, Pimples (Acne), Blackheads, Red Veins, Superfluous Hair, Pittings, Red Nose, Tattoo, Grease Skin, Eczema, Wrinkles and all skin diseases, Itching Scalp, Dandruff, Falling Hair. Ask about Guaranteed Hair Straightening by Electrolysis. Blackheads and Oily Skin, also Red Nose and Facial Blemishes Treated.

TRACES OF AGE REMOVED—An Hour's Treatment Will Make Sunken Hollows, Furrows and Fine Wrinkles. By a new method the skin and all tissues are toned up and all lines and blemishes removed, giving you a smooth, youthful appearance that lasts for months. Two weeks of your time is necessary. Lasts 10 to 15 years.

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A. STANLEY GIBSON, M.D.,

74 Boylston St., opp. Keith's Theatre.

Hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m., daily. Evenings by appointment. Tel. 5400 Beach. Suite 31 on 3d floor of building. Phone 5400 Beach. Suite 31 on 3d floor of building. Phone 5400 Beach. Suite 31 on 3d floor of building. Phone

PAWTUCKET LABOR TO CARRY WAR ON BOSSES TO STATE PROSECUTOR

Likely Governor Will Take a Hand to Rid City of Notorious "Ring"

PAWTUCKET, May 16.—The fight to oust Pawtucket's "political pirates" from power has become a state issue.

Today President John H. Powers of the Pawtucket Central Labor Union, and other representatives of the 5,000 union men in this city, decided to lay their sensational charges against certain city officials before Attorney-General Herbert A. Rice in the State House at Providence. It is likely that Governor Pothier will be asked to take a hand in the efforts of decent citizens generally to free Pawtucket City Hall from control of the notorious "ring" and its bosses.

The Attorney-General when told of the plan of the labor leaders, had this to say.

"I should think that ought to be cleaned up. There have been for some time rumors of irregularities. Something ought to be done."

Specific accusations are to be drawn up and presented to the Attorney-General for rigorous action. This step is the result of the repeated insults which have greeted the labor leaders in their attempts to have the City Council take up charges against certain License Commissioners.

WHAT LABOR MEN CHARGE.

The complaint which will go to the State House will charge:

Discrimination.

Performance of duties in a manner that "is a disgrace to the city and a dishonor to the commission."

Use of office to compel liquor dealers to support a particular political party.

Permitting saloons to be run on licenses granted to one person and operated by other persons.

Holding of licenses by "stool pigeons" and juggling of licenses with the consent of certain commissioners.

Behind the fight will be lined up not only the civic organizations of this city, but every local labor union and the united forces of the labor organizations of the State.

So vital is the movement against ring rule that President John Golden of the United Textile Workers has taken a stand with the crusaders against corruption. He has written a letter to President Powers in which he says:

"Good luck to you in your effort to get a square deal for the thousands of union men in your city. If I can be of any assistance, call."

The labor leaders are determined to administer a lasting rebuke for the insults given at City Hall to organized labor. Ringing denunciation come from pulpit and public platform. Already in the face of the coming storm—certain to be disastrous to the "ring"—the grafters, big and little, are looking for a chance to get from under when the storm breaks. The "machine" is plainly weakening and the next step in its history will be a run to cover.

FEAR GRAFT PROBE.

A State investigation and probably court proceedings are the fear of the bosses. These are just the things the labor leaders say they will bring about. The slogan is, "Down with the ring."

The unions will have the support of the State Branch, A. F. of L., and every union in Rhode Island will be asked to join with the local organization. Not only will the leaders push to the limit their demands for the removal of the License Commission, but they are bent on finding out why products made in Pawtucket by union employes and under union regulations cannot be sold here. Certain products are barred, among them the beer made by Michael Hand, the city's only brewer.

It is admitted that there is no hope now of any action by the city government. The complaint was taken to the commission itself. Result: A snub. Then it was taken to the aldermen. Result again: Another snub. Then to Mayor Easterbrooks, who to the complete astonishment of the labor committee, indorsed the Aldermen's action, and followed this up with an admission that things were not as they should be in Pawtucket.

The whole matter was put up to Commissioner David W. Bullock by President Powers, who was accompanied by a Sunday AMERICAN reporter. The committee had accused "Boss" Keenan of dominating the commission.

SURPRISING ADMISSION.

Commissioner Bullock made the startling admission that he did not know the commission was issuing tavern licenses.

Bullock said that he had told Commissioner Burroughs that he (Burroughs) had made a mistake in not giving the committee of labor men a hearing.

"We come here to learn if the commission is subservient to the will of Barney" Keenan," President Powers informed Bullock. "Now, Mr. Bullock, you are a deacon in the church and you are a lifelong resident of this city. With those two facts in mind, will you tell us if it was a square deal you gave us and if it was not, to prearranged matter to snub us as you did."

Bullock: We talked the matter over in the side room and agreed to leave the answering of the questions to Thomas Holden, the chairman of the commission.

Powers: I thought as much. Did Keenan agree to the arrangement and did you know what was the nature of it?

Bullock: Yes, everyone on the board knew. We knew that it was something about rumsellers selling somebody a beer and we did not know why we should bother about it. I went to see Burroughs at his office the next day and told him I would not have done what he did. He said he was not going to be insulted and that the labor men were butting in on something which did not concern them.

THOUGHT OF RESIGNING.

Powers: Then you think we were treated fairly?

Bullock: I said I would not have done as Burroughs did. I DON'T ATTEND MANY MEETINGS and don't know much about them. I asked the members of the board if they knew of any disorderly houses selling Hand's beer and they said they did not.

Powers: It is useless to argue further when you do not know of things that exist or you don't know something you should know. If you consider that these conditions tend to improve our city, then argument is useless.

Bullock: When I was on the board before I had not a paster of it. I'm better versed, and he said he thought the city needed men like me.

Powers: Don't you think it is your duty to know what is going on right in this commission while the saloons are up in arms in protest?

Bullock: Well, I've been in business for thirty years and everybody that works for me respects me. I am really surprised that the commission did not give you a hearing.

Reporter: Mr. Bullock, will you tell us who offered you your present job?

The commissioner smiled.

Reporter: Is there anything secret about it?

The commissioner smiled again. He did not answer the question.

PASTOR DEFENDS UNIONS.

Alderman Evans was asked about the action of his board when petitioned by the labor committee. Evans said the charges were of a serious nature and should be brought before a court.

"What was the matter with the charges?" he was asked.

Evans: It is the business of ours it should be a matter for the courts. The charges were not properly drawn. Had they been drawn up properly they might have received consideration.

Rev. Edward F. Carrigan, pastor of St. Edward's Church, a champion for fair play and respect for the law, declared that the insults to the labor committee would not countenanced "in the backwoods."

"These men have rights, and why they should be subjected to such insults is more than I can understand. I see that the Mayor is credited with denouncing a citizen who in my mind would rank higher than a great many others. This citizen is a lesson in rugged honesty after which a great many persons might copy and be benefited, and themselves then be of benefit to the city."

Schoolhouse Site in Dorchester Wanted

The Schoolhouse Commission announced yesterday that it is seeking a lot of about 35,000 square feet, in the Oliver Wendell Holmes district, Dorchester, on which to build a school. The land purchase is to be advertised and the sale made from the landlord making the lowest offer. Sealed bids will be received until May 26, and will be opened at a public hearing June 2.

Workman Killed by Gas from Manhole

PAWTUCKET, May 16.—James Gibbin, thirty-five years old, of No. 66 Prairie avenue, Central Falls, while making repairs in a manhole here today was killed by gas. When pulled out by Frank Bassett, his helper, and two others a pulmotor was used in a vain effort to revive him.

King George Will Spend Week in Field

ALDERSHOT, Eng., May 16.—King George arrived here today to spend a week in the field with his troops. The King insisted upon personal inspection of all divisions of the great military establishment here, but there will be no formal reviews. He was accompanied by Queen Mary.

Slayer Killed in Paris Police Battle

HAVRE, France, May 16.—In a pitched battle between the police and two murderers in the streets here today one of the latter was killed and the second arrested. The murderers, known as Fruts and Lambert, had killed a chauffeur in Chimay, Alsace, then fled here with the intention of taking passage to New York. Fruts was killed.

Approve Transfer of City Chauffeur

The Civil Service Commission yesterday approved the Mayor's transfer of Daniel J. Heffernan, chauffeur, from the Public Works Department to the Schoolhouse Department.

Pick Prize Roxbury Babe Honor Goes to Russian's Son G. Shuman Eats "Anything"

GEDHALI SHUMAN, CHAMPION ROXBURY BABE

Gedhali Shuman, the twenty-nine-month-old son of a Russian Jew junk dealer, late yesterday was adjudged winner in the Child Welfare League's bronze medal "better baby" contest in the Ruggles street district.

Gedhali is the youngest of a family of four children. His parents live at No. 9 Hasking street, Roxbury, in a five-room tenement. His brother, who came to this country from Russia five years ago, says that her baby eats "anything." He is said to be very fond of pickled herring and unleavened bread.

The prize baby of Roxbury won over seventy-two other picked children, some of whom have parents able to supply them, with every luxury. Five of the seventy-two scored ninety-nine points or better when first examined by the league's physicians. This necessitated a re-examination at the rooms of the Ruggles Street Neighborhood House yesterday, at which Gedhali finally was declared the winner.

HIS ONLY IMPERFECTION.

Gedhali is 32½ inches high. He weighs 31¼ pounds. The circumference of his head is 18 inches, of his chest 20 inches, and of his abdomen 19½ inches. He has dark-brown eyes, light hair, and would be perfect, physically, were it not for a slight, an almost unnoticeable defect in the alignment of his little ears.

Dr. Edith Swift, the examining physician, later declared that Gedhali was as nearly perfect a specimen of babyhood as one could hope to find. The slight irregularity in the set of his ears, she said, did not in any way affect his health. She did not try to account for the fact that accompanied a diet of "anything" plus plenty of pickled herring and unleavened bread.

Edmund P. Warren, the twenty-nine-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Redmund P. Warren, of No. 19 Grovenor street, Jamaica Plain, was next highest to the winning baby on the final examination. The fact that he had cut only seventeen teeth, where he should have had twenty at his age, however, knocked several points off his record. A further loss because of enlarged tonsils, caused by a temporary cold, ran his score down to ninety-eight, and lost him the contest.

LOST THROUGH NERVES.

Edna Lois Stevens, the twenty-three-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Stevens of No. 14 Concord square, was another of the five babies reaching over ninety-nine on the first examination, but she fell off several points on the re-examination because of nervousness.

William Frederick Seward, thirty months old, and the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter I. Seward of No. 3 West minister terrace, Roxbury, also lost five points on the second test because he chanced to be nervous, as did Andrew J. Moody, twenty-months old, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Moody of No. 18 Burnay street.

Minor physical defects in the first instance had lost each of these three children ten points out of a possible 1,000. Their nervousness on the second test did the rest.

M'ADOO AND HIS BRIDE WILL LIVE IN A "COTTAGE"

But It Will Be One of Those Inexpensive Houses Millionaires Build.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Now that the Wilson-McAdoo wedding is over, one great nuptial fact stands out prominent.

The McAdoos are going to live in a cottage.

This has come as something of a shock to Washington society, which, when it heard the news, elevated its eyebrows and emitted a little murmur of well-bred surprise.

But it will be jarring to certain of a sentimental cast of mind to learn that the "cottage" of the McAdoos will be a cottage in name only.

It's something on the order of the "cottage at Newport" that Cohan used to sing about long years ago, and the cottage which the McAdoos are reported to be "taking," is situated at Chevy Chase, not far from the Chevy Chase Club, of which President Wilson is a member. The very fact that it is in Chevy Chase puts it in the Newport class, but the exact location of the cottage is a deep secret.

A cottage at Chevy Chase comes nearly being the title of houses known in 1849 as a mansion. Chevy Chase is the most exclusive suburb of all the suburbs around the capital, and the man who buys a house there finds his deed quite full of clauses, stipulating everything from the price of the house he must build on the lot to the color and method of the man to whom he may sell his property, if ever he does throw.

Therefore, it seems that the mere [illegible] the McAdoo office is to be in Chevy Chase kills all the romantic dreams of the sentimental minded, who probably conjured up dreams of a little bungalow where the red roses grow and the ashman never comes to the back gate.

There are several good reasons why the Secretary of the Treasury and his bride will not occupy the Chevy Chase cottage very long. In the first place the Secretary already has a big town house. It is a great, big, white stone pile, located on the "Avenue of the Presidents," the thoroughfare that begins at the Capitol and ends in the ledge suburb. Sixteenth street. This town house is situated in the heart of the fashionable Scott Circle district and is a block off Massachusetts avenue, where are located some of the finest houses of the city.

Peace Sermons in Boston Pulpits Today

Peace sermons will be preached in many churches of Greater Boston today. Secretary Frederick Lynch of the Peace Commission of the Federal Council of Churches has issued a statement to the ministers of the various denominations, asking them to refer to the growth of peace movements in their pulpits.

The subjects of the sermons are:

"Peace," morning, Brookline Baptist.

"The Practical Effects of a Great Peace," morning, Claremont Street Baptist.

"Can We Live at Peace," morning, Quincy street Baptist.

"A Life Purpose and a World Program," morning, First Baptist.

"The Mighty Issue," morning, Free Baptist, Roxbury.

"Fearful War," evening, Union Square Baptist, Somerville.

"World Peace," morning, Dorchester Rumsey Congregational.

"The Hope of Humanity," morning, South Congregational.

"Peace and Peace-makers," morning, Roxbury Universalist.

NORDICA'S CAREER.

"The Career of Lillian Nordica, Opera Singer," will be treated this evening in a sermon by the Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Johnson in Warren Avenue Baptist Church. Lillian Nordica made her debut in Boston as a singer in the First Methodist Church, Temple street, this city.

"Demonstration Day" will be observed at Beacon Universalist Church, Brookline. Every one will be asked to see what they can do to promote the welfare of the church in their special community.

The nephew of Dean Stanley, A. S. Stanley, who has not been in active church for twenty years, has been converted by the Rev. Austin T. Kempton of Cambridge Baptist Church by one of his dramatic sermons. He has already set to work and gathered together twenty-five persons in his neighborhood who have not been in church for years.

Dudley Street Baptist Sunday school has just rounded off ninety-five years of existence. Miss Jessie M. G. Wilkinson has not missed a session of the school in nineteen year.

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

More than five hundred Baptist preachers are expected in Boston in attendance at the Northern Baptist convention, to be held in Tremont Temple, June 17-25. Rev. A. E. Scott Pearson is chairman of the committee of arrangements.

Rev. John L. Campbell of Cambridge will preach the baccalaureate sermon before the commencement of the Gordon-Hackett Training School, Walnut street Baptist Church, at 10:30 a. m. today.

Rev. S. R. Maxwell will be installed minister of the Second Church, Boston, Wednesday, May 20, at 4 p. m. The service will take place at the First Church, Marlboro street.

A public memorial service for Rev. Benjamin F. McDaniel, "The Children's Preacher," will be held in the Harvard Memorial Chapel, Warren-ton street, Boston, today, at 3 p. m. Rev. George F. Pratt of Christ Church, Dorchester, will deliver the address.

BREAKFAST IN CHURCH.

Follen Church, East Lexington, is making an experiment of serving breakfast to its members from 8:30 to 9 a. m. On May 1, it served nearly two hundred persons with that meal. Hester Russell will give his famous photo-drama of the Creation at the Boston Theatre today and next Sunday at 10 a. m., 2 and 7:30 p. m. It will then be withdrawn till another year.

Rev. George S. Fiske, who was largely instrumental in building out of his means St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Orient Heights, East Boston, is now ministering to his people in this new church.

Rev. Frederick R. Allen, who has been superintendent of the Episcopal city missions for twenty-five years, has now been made archdeacon of Boston. He was formerly a Congregational minister.

Siegel Fearful of Prejudice at Trial

Indicted Banker Will Return to New York on the Olympic.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Henry Siegel, the defunct department store owner and banker, now under indictment, today made it plain that he intends to return to this city on the steamer Olympic, which will sail from London next Wednesday, in a cable received by his attorneys, John B. Stanchfield and Abraham Levy.

Siegel declared in the cable that he will be unable to secure a fair trial in this country on account of the prejudice existing against him.

Eductors Will Meet at Harvard

The sessions of the American Institute of Instruction will be held at Harvard College July 1, 2 and 3. Dr Franklin B. Dyer, superintendent of schools, will preside. The sessions will be opened by Mayor Good of Cambridge and Professor Henry R. Holmes of the educational department at Harvard. It is expected that thousands of New England school teachers will attend.

Anti-Mud Campaign Is on in Medford

"Get rid of the mud," is the demand of the residents of the Wellington section of Medford who will have a mass meeting Sunday at 3 p. m. at the home of Former Alderman Richard S. Phillips on Second street to protest against the condition of streets.

Everyone in Wellington is invited to join in a parade to City Hall at the next meeting of the city government, when demands will be made for better streets. The Wellington Improvement Association and the Wellington Woman's Club are joining the campaign.

President Harvey N. Alvord of the Improvement Association said that the public health demands that the streets be filled in.

LIGHT SAVES TIME

And therefore saves money. Well-lighted stores and lofts a-plenty are listed in the Boston AMERICAN "Want Ad" columns.

IF SKIN BREAKS OUT AND ITCHES APPLY SULPHUR

Use It Like a Cold Cream and Dry Eczema Eruptions Right Up.

The moment you apply bold-sulphur to an itching or broken out skin, the itching stops and healing begins, says a renowned dermatologist.

This remarkable sulphur made into a thick cream effects such prompt relief, even in aggravated Eczema, that it is a never-ending source of amazement to physicians.

For many years bold-sulphur has occupied a secure position in the treatment of cutaneous eruptions by reason of its cooling, parasite-destroying properties, and nothing has ever been found to take its place in relieving irritable and inflammatory affections of the skin. While not always establishing a permanent cure, yet in every instance, it immediately subdues the itching, and unless scrofula the Eczema right up, and it is often years later before any eruption again manifests itself.

Any good pharmacist will supply an ounce of bold-sulphur cream, which should be applied to the affected parts like the ordinary cold cream. Its freedom from grease, and its prompt relief afforded in very severe cases of Itching Piles and Eczema is accompanied with torturous itching.—This is published by Walter Luther Dodge Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Mother Saves Babes as Stove Explodes

Mrs. John Kovel, cooking on an oil stove in her apartment at No. 5 Morton street, grabbed her children and ran for the street when the stove exploded. The tenants of the building likewise fled, but the firemen extinguished the blaze with $100 loss.

Every Blemish Removed In Ten Days

I Will Tell Every Reader of This Paper How FREE.

Your Complexion Makes or Mars Your Appearance.

PEARL LA SAGE, former actress who now offers to tell women of the most remarkable complexion treatment ever known.

a great beauty secret has instantly removed, blackheads, pimples, liver spots, sallow complexion, freckles, tan, moth patches and blackheads. Within a few days' time it will make your complexion clear as a rose petal, your skin soft as velvet, your eyes bright and sparkling, your form rounded and graceful, your step elastic and full of vim and energy. In fact, you will look and feel like a new woman. You look years younger in appearance, your skin fine and velvety, your complexion clear as a rose petal

UNVEIL SHAFT TO BARRY, HERO OF FIRST NAVY

President Delivers Oration as Thousands View Statue at Washington.

CELTIC SOCIETIES MARCH

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Irish America, through thousands of its representative citizens, paid tribute today to Commodore John Barry, "the father of the American navy."

With the [illegible] the United States [illegible] of Sons [illegible] Commodore [illegible] thousands [illegible] the [illegible] Miss Elise Hepburn [illegible] of Commodore Barry, [illegible] which draped the [illegible] Irish-American hero [illegible] the bronze figure [illegible] American flag [illegible] the breeze as [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

NEWS SECTION
PART II
SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914

Boston American
MONARCH OF ALL NEWSPAPERS IN NEW ENGLAND SUNDAY PAPERS

NEWS SECTION
PART II.
SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914.

WHAT MELLEN WILL TELL

M'NARY, $1,000 "ABSORBER"

DOUGHBOY AND ABSORBER

START FIGHT THIS WEEK TO FREE MANTIR AND DELOREY

Petitions for Pardon for Boys Sentenced for Annie Mullins' Murder to Be Presented to Walsh Wednesday or Thursday

State Prison Chaplain Murphy Indicates His Belief in the Boys' Innocence by Announcing Readiness to PleadforThem

Petitions for the pardon of James Mantir and Peter C. Delorey for the alleged murder of Annie Mullins will be filed with Governor Walsh on Wednesday or Thursday of this week.

[illegible] Attorney Corcoran will be [illegible] He will add [illegible] for the two prisoners in [illegible] He [illegible] support [illegible] of the young men's plea for free men. He feels that his duty [illegible]

Mantir, a Greek, is serving a life term as the alleged wielder of the blade that severed the girl's throat in Squire's Field on the night of March 27, 1908. Delorey got eighteen to twenty years as accessory. Mantir was eighteen and Delorey nineteen at the time. Mantir has since learned the English language. He knew little of it or of the customs of the country when arrested.

Should their plea succeed it would leave the Annie Mullins murder case as big a mystery as it was for a whole year before Mantir and Delorey were implicated by the sensational information tardily furnished by Delorey's aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Delorey of Billerica.

Mantir and Delorey's liberation would leave the mystery unsolved. It would compel the Middlesex authorities to renew the hunt for the real killer six years after the killing.

A [illegible] petition of the Mullins [illegible] heirs of Annie Ruth, [illegible] superior [illegible] Cambridge, [illegible] has [illegible] Nolan during the past few weeks in [illegible] with the matter, while Attorney John A. D. Mooney of No. [illegible] Washington street, counsel for Mantir, and Attorney Frank McDermott, counsel for Delorey, are busy preparing their pardon petitions.

POINT AT OLD SUSPECT.

Captain Hurley and Lieutenant [illegible] have held frequent conferences with District Attorney Correa. [illegible] have interviewed witnesses. They are said to have marshalled a lot of damaging evidence [illegible] points to a suspect that was [illegible] among the several interrogated by the Arlington-Cambridge police since the killing of Professor von Luegenmann's house maid; but who, because of [illegible] confusion and politics was allowed to go without having been properly examined.

"SYNDICATE," SAYS BURLEY.

This much is the opinion of Captain Hurley and Lieutenant Nellan and others, was the real slayer of Annie Mullins. Captain Hurley and Lieutenant Nellan have always held to this theory, even through the exciting period covering the arrest and trial of Mantir and Delorey when developments tended to alter public opinion. Captain Hurley weathered criticism and even ridicule, but never budged, and today public opinion in Middlesex County appears to be

Continued on Page 6, Column 5.

Chelsea Babies to Stay with Parents

Krementovich Gets Job; Adoption Plan Abandoned.

[illegible] John Krementovich of [illegible] tried to take their [illegible] for adoption several [illegible] are going to keep them, for yesterday the father found a job.

Because [illegible] despaired of getting work, Krementovich asked his wife [illegible] would agree to give up the babies—Leviska, eighteen months and John, three months old. Mrs. Krementovich agreed. Krementovich came to The AMERICAN office with his offer. As a result of the story the AMERICAN printed, there came a letter signed "A. P. Russen, Franklin, Mass." telling Krementovich he could have a job on the Russen farm at [illegible] with house and food [illegible] Friday Don Krementovich [illegible] to the Franklin [illegible] A number of other offers [illegible] AMERICAN readers were [illegible]

House Leaders at Unique Luncheon

Friends for Feast Came From Four Corners of the United States.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Speaker [illegible] Representatives Underwood, Murdock, party leaders of the House, were the guests of honor today at a unique luncheon at the capitol. It consisted of viands from the four corners of the United [illegible] were furnished Maine [illegible] Florida supplied the crab, California plums [illegible] and Johnson of Washington brought fish from the [illegible]

Guggenheim May Testify in Suit

Suit of Louis Rosa is Coming Up This Week.

The suit of Louis Rosa, mining engineer, against Albert C. Burrage, known as the "copper king," and a [illegible] mine owner, for 10 per cent of the profits from the floating of the Chaquicamata mines, is to be heard on Monday before Thomas W. Proctor as master. Rosa claims [illegible] worth of stock in the Utah Copper Company. It is expected Daniel Guggenheim will testify. Pope Yeatman will be another witness.

Won't Send Rum to Winchester for Year

Judge Johnson in Woburn District Court ruled that any delivery of liquor in Winchester, a no-license town, was illegal. The case, which was closely watched by Boston wholesale liquor dealers, was that of Joseph Rosen, a driver for D. F. Flagg & Company of Beckstone street. Rosen was accused of unlawfully keeping and exposing with intent to sell intoxicating liquor in Winchester. He was found guilty and the case was filed on condition that his employers would agree not to attempt to sell and deliver liquor in Winchester for a year.

Four Old Contracts Paid Up by Curley

Payments have been made by Mayor Curley on four contracts for work done in 1912 and 1913; $3,519 to James Doherty, for work done in Montabello road, Mattapan street and Haverford street, first payment; $1,135 to William L. Doan for sewerage work in Center street; $234 to Timothy Coughlin for sewage work in Poplar street, West Roxbury, final payment, and $190,600 to W. S. Hendie Company for rebuilding the north end of the Chelsea bridge, final payment.

The Moving Van!
The Furniture Man!

This is their season! This is the time they are preparing for a rush. They calculate that Bostonians will wait until the last minute and then all want to move at once.

Makes it inconvenient for everybody. The way to avoid that is to rent an apartment now—decide where you are going to move, and make terms with the van man.

Read the "Apartments" columns—a big feature of the "Want Ad" pages of the Sunday Boston American and settle the matter at once.

If you desire a particular location write an "Apartment Wanted" ad and leave with any of the American's "Want Ad" Stations, the branch office at 264 Washington Street, Main office at 80 Summer Street, or

Telephone it to the Boston American Main 5180

YOUNG WOMAN LEAPS OFF THE HARVARD BRIDGE

Scores Witness Attempt at Suicide and Tech Engineer's Daring Rescue.

WIFE WAS DESPONDENT

Scores of passers-by witnessed a spectacular attempt at suicide and a daring rescue, at the Cambridge end of Harvard Bridge yesterday.

Mrs. Eleanor Renborg, a young woman of twenty-three, who lives at No. 102 Austin street, had become despondent from domestic troubles. She had threatened suicide more than once. Early yesterday she left home at her usual hour as if to embark in a Turkish bath establishment but put a small purse in the hands of her sister with a little poem, saying, "Take care of my babies and look out for them if I don't come back."

LEAPS INTO RIVER.

The sister, in view of Mrs. Renborg's other suicide threats, was not alarmed. Mrs. Renborg walked to Harvard Bridge, stopped for a moment on the side nearest the site of the new Technology buildings, then suddenly climbed over the railing and leaped into the water.

Carl Hites, a Technology graduate and engineer at work on the new buildings, had noticed the woman's strange behavior. No sooner had she struck the water than he was sprinting to the river side. He sprang in after her, caught her head and was able to keep her above water until workmen came to his assistance.

CROWD SEES LEAP.

A crowd had gathered and saw the woman lifted from the water. On an ambulance she was sent to the Cambridge Relief Hospital. There it is said she will recover.

Mrs. Renborg is the wife of Gottfried Renborg. He is a roofer. They have two children—boys. The sons are boarded in Arlington at the mother's expense.

It was worry over her family affairs, Mrs. Renborg told the police, which prompted her attempt at suicide.

Stays in Cell Rather Than Give Her Name

Woman, Accused of Shoplifting, Has Plenty of Money.

Mystery surrounds the identity of a well-dressed and apparently well-educated woman who was arraigned in city police court under the name of Alice Gray on a charge of shoplifting.

The woman was arrested in a downtown department store on a charge of having stolen an inexpensive shirtwaist. She had plenty of money with her, but remained in a cell over night rather than have her identity known by giving bail. Judge Ely, in an effort to learn more about her continued the case until Wednesday.

Curley to Cut All Registry Salaries

A reduction in all salaries in the Registry Department of 5 per cent is announced by Mayor Curley. Jeremiah J. Leary, acting assistant registrar, whose brother refused to vote for Mayor Curley when they were both in the Board of Aldermen and Alderman Curley needed that vote for chairman, was discharged. Leary's salary had recently been increased from $1,500 to $2,000. Darwin M. Cressey, messenger in the department, is exempted from the 5 per cent. cut. He is a Civil War veteran.

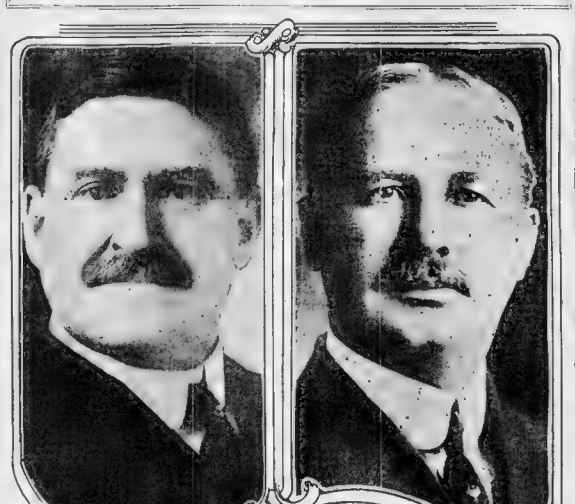

PHOTO BY CONLIN.

PHOTO BY MORRISSEY.

Timothy E. Byrnes, through whose hands, as a vice-president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, probably $500,000 of New Haven money passed to the pockets of politicians and publicity promoters in New England.

William S. McNary, now chairman of the Massachusetts Harbor and Land Commission, who, according to the sworn testimony of Byrnes at Washington, got some of the money; Byrnes isn't sure whether it was $1,000 or $1,500.

McNary, Byrnes says, was a New Haven "absorber." McNary wrote reports, Byrnes says, which were never printed. Byrnes doubts if he would do it over again. If he did he thinks he would "get it cheaper."

MRS. TINGLEY WILL FOUND A COLLEGE HERE

Leader of Theosophists to Follow Plan of Raja-Yoga at Point Loma, California.

Mrs. Katherine Tingley, head of the Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society, will soon arrive in Boston from California, to perfect plans for the erection of an Eastern Raja-Yoga college. When here Mrs. Tingley talked over the project with her assistants, but probably will not be able to do more at present than look over desirable property in or near Boston. Her coming visit is made to get definite information about property she hopes to secure.

As Boston and its suburbs are centres of educational institutions Mrs. Tingley thinks it fitting that one of her colleges should be located here.

Raja Yoga means "Royal Union" and when applied to education pupils true education to be the development of all the faculties, physical, mental and moral.

Mrs. Tingley thinks that Boston will welcome her plans of education which include new methods for the building of pure-minded, refined, good and womanhood, that each may be prepared to take an honorable, self-reliant position in life.

The Boston Raja-Yoga School College will have teachers who have been trained at the Raja-Yoga College at Point Loma, California, and will be two general departments of instruction.

The studies will range from elementary to those of a university course and will include [illegible] ancient and modern literature, mathematics, physics, chemistry, [illegible] electricity, civil engineering, the fine arts, industrial arts, practical horticulture, domestic economy, etc.

Particular attention will be given to the study of music. This is obligatory and free of charge.

The practical aim of education will be made apparent to the student, he will not be allowed to [illegible] his studies unless he excels in that particular branch of study in which he feels in one branch of education he will be tested in order to discover what he is most adapted for.

Mrs. Tingley will be in Boston in the course of a week and will probably [illegible] quarters at the Copley-Plaza.

Boylston Street Subway Ready Before Snow Flies

Work Being Rushed on Last Section of Work.

The Boylston street subway is fully nearing completion. From Kenmore street terminal to Arlington street, the work of digging is practically finished. The last section, extending to Park street, is expected to be wound up in time to open the new subway to the public before snow flies again.

One of the most noticeable changes made by the Transit Commission in connection with this subway is the exterior finish at the stations. The roof of these stations is to be located in Copley square, with an entrance on Dartmouth street and another entrance opposite the Public Library. The other station will be at Massachusetts avenue and Newbury street. In both instances the stations are to be finished in "terrazzo," instead of the white glazed tiling used in the Tremont tunnels and subways. This is a composite substance, made by mixing white cement and marble chips. The surface, when laid, is rough, but by time, is polished and gives to the whole appearance of [illegible] Both the walls of both these stations [illegible] white cement [illegible]

Dynamiters Must Go to Prison June 6

Labor Leaders Ordered to Fort Leavenworth by U. S. Court.

CHICAGO, May 16.—All the labor leaders whose convictions as dynamiters were upheld by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, now out on bond, were ordered to begin serving their sentence in Fort Leavenworth Prison June 6, in a mandate issued into today by the court. Convictions of twenty-one of the dynamiters were upheld and six remanded for new trial.

Among the men who must serve are Young and Higgins of Boston.

$900,000 Cotton Fire at Galveston

GALVESTON, Tex., May 16.—An unidentified man was killed by a falling wall at a fire which destroyed a warehouse of the Merchants and Planters Compress Company, near the waterfront today and caused $900,000 loss. Eleven thousand bales of cotton were badly damaged.

WILSON MAY TAKE HAND IN MELLEN PROBE

Rumors That He Will Stop New Haven Hearing and Call for Indictments.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The clash between Senator Folk of the Interstate Commerce Commission and Attorney-General McReynolds took a [illegible] today when it was [illegible] the Department of Justice [illegible] sending out anonymous press reports attacking Folk and his work in the New Haven investigation.

The following is a sample statement which the Department of Justice is charged with circulating, and which is understood will probably bring forth a congressional investigation of its source:

"Officials of Justice that former [illegible] Mellen's appearance on the stand gives him immunity from prosecution. Their hope now is that means can be found for preventing the calling of other high officials of the New Haven road. The examination of Mr. Mellen probably will not be completed for a week or more and officials are hopeful that it may be possible to head off the Folk inquiry by that time so as not to interfere with any other criminal actions that the Department of Justice had in mind.

"Officials are not disposed very seriously to regret the calling of Mr. Mellen to the stand, provided means can be found for withholding immunity from others who are scheduled to follow him."

Members of the Interstate Commerce Commission are up in arms over what has been done and it was freely intimated in the interstate building that severe measures will be brought to mark the calling of General Crowe his alleged attacks.

Hints of a carefully concealed plan to prevent the calling of the wreck of the New Haven, was given force today by rumors that the President may call a halt in the investigation with the completion of Mellen's testimony and a few connecting links and demand indictments based on that testimony, either by the Attorney General or his successor, if McReynolds refuses to proceed.

This view of the situation was given further credence today when it was learned that some of the biggest men fro whom subpoenas have been issued will not be called to Washington Tuesday. It was also said that Mellen may not take the stand Tuesday, as was first thought, but that some of the minor witnesses will be called, merely to corroborate Mellen's already given testimony.

Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

BYRNES QUOTES DEMAND FOR CASH

"Wanted Settlement," as He Was Going on State Board and Could Give No Further Service to the New Haven

A new word has just been coined at Washington to describe a kind of political-financial worker not quite so new.

William S. McNary, along in the early part of 1912, according to former Vice-President Timothy E. Byrnes of the New Haven Railroad, was a New Haven "absorber."

To "absorb," according to Dr. Noah Webster, is "to suck up; to drink or take in; to imbibe, as a sponge, or the lacteals of the body, or the roots of plants."

McNary, according to the sworn testimony of Dough-Boy Byrnes of the New Haven, absorbed a New Haven $1,000 or a New Haven $1,500; Byrnes isn't sure which.

And "absorbed" thus finds its way into the language, to be used in a new way. Hereafter we shall see and hear it often.

It was Lemuel Ely Quigg who described himself as an "accelerator of public opinion." So there must have been somebody to first use the word "lobbyist," and somebody else to describe an army of lobbyists as the "Black Horse Cavalry," or the "Third House."

The Sunday AMERICAN prints herewith, for the first time in any newspaper, ALL the testimony of former Vice-President Byrnes at Washington, before the Interstate Commerce Commission, touching on the "absorbing" activities of William S. McNary.

OF INTEREST TO ALL.

McNary, "New Haven absorber," happens at this time to be chairman of the Massachusetts Harbor and Land Commission and, ex-officio, one of the Directors of the Port of Boston. His former achievements as a New Haven "absorber," therefore, are of interest not only to Governor Walsh, to the Executive Council and to the Senate and House of Representatives, but to other citizens of Massachusetts.

In examination of Mr. Byrnes by Governor Folk is so interesting that any attempt to set it off by way of introduction would be to paint the lily. It is, however, the duty of the commentator to point out that, far from being "a clark in a furniture store," as Mr. Byrnes appears to have thought, Mr. McNary was the financial man of the firm of Drake & Hersey.

Introducing, then, William S. McNary, former Congressman, as a New Haven absorber, Mr. Byrnes is on the witness stand, under oath. Folk, chief counsel

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

"I HAVE BEEN THE GOAT LONG ENOUGH"

Former New Haven President to "Blow Off the Lid" Tuesday and Reveal Secrets of Manipulation That Wrecked Property

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The correspondent of the Boston AMERICAN here is in a position to state unqualifiedly that when Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New Haven Railroad, is again called to the witness stand that he will lift the lid and uncover the entire rascality of the New Haven Railroad from the time he was made president until he retired.

"I will tell all I know," said Mr. Mellen before he left Washington to go to Stockbridge to get more papers that would throw light on the financial brigandage that ruined the New Haven Railroad. I will answer every question that I can answer, fully, truthfully and without regard to anybody's feelings. I have been the goat long enough. I am willing to assume my share of responsibility for the things that I did. I will not assume responsibility for the acts of other men; and the fact that some of these men are dead and some alive will not influence me in the slightest particular."

FOLK AFTER FACTS.

"And I will see to it that the lid is kept off long enough to make the exposure complete in every detail," said ex-Governor Folk, who is counsel to the investigating commission. "I want the facts. I want the truth. Mr. Mellen has promised to give us the facts and to give us the truth. I will spare nobody. If there are rascals in New Haven, if there are rascals among the politicians in New York, who helped to loot the New Haven Railroad, I am going to drag them forth if they are alive, and I am going to expose their skeletons if they are dead."

"Can you indicate something as to the nature of Mellen's revelations?" was asked Mr. Folk.

"You may predict anything you please, and it will probably be correct," was his reply.

OFF COMES THE LID.

With the people of the United States for an audience, Charles Sanger Mellen will resume the witness stand on Tuesday to tell how the late J. Pierpont Morgan and his associates tried to turn the six New England States into a private empire.

Mr. Mellen will name as some of the confederates of J. P. Morgan, Mr. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mr. Charles H. Pratt and Mr. William Rockefeller.

Mr. Mellen will tell "the whole story."

Ownership and control of the great public service enterprises of the [illegible] States—railroads, trolleys, steamships, gas companies, electric light companies and water powers—this was the program.

The former President of the New

MELLEN TO TELL OF PLANS OF MONEY KINGS TO RULE NEW ENGLAND THROUGH NEW HAVEN

Dreams of Empire by Morgan and Others That Finally Wrecked Big Railroad Properties

[illegible] today get[illegible] papers together. He [illegible] bring them back here. His story [illegible] the nation.

Mr. Mellen will not [illegible] that the late J. P. Morgan said of him: "Crush that man"; "buy that man"; "get control of that line of steamships or reduce it to junk"; "pour some money into that newspaper and make it friendly."

The former President of the New Haven will make it clear by his testimony that all Mr. Morgan and his associates wanted was "results."

EXPLOITING NEW ENGLAND.

Mr. Mellen was instructed from time to time regarding the Morgan plan. His orders were general. In that [illegible] he set the orders down the [illegible] that everything wanted was done.

It will be for the public and the Interstate Commerce Commission to read between the lines. The facts will be laid out so strongly that none can misread them.

[illegible] today, during Mr. Mellen's absence from the city, of the [illegible] of the Connecticut Company to be "reached" in the control of the New York, Westchester [illegible] Mr. Mellen will be asked [illegible] he knows—whether they [illegible] how it was accomplished.

Mr. Mellen knows all about the general plan of the Morgan-Baker-Rockefeller coalition, as many testified that, [illegible] of the Westchester, he [illegible] a financial [illegible] Byrnes [illegible] tonight that [illegible] demands made [illegible] the public, followers of Westchester [illegible] the new organization [illegible] the immediate stopping of [illegible] by the way [illegible] that public will [illegible] the renewed [illegible] stitution.

Authority to comply with most of these demands was lodged in the hand of Intimate and Apportionment. This board is [illegible] was made [illegible] of Harvey George B. McClellan, [illegible] Mead, John F. Ahern, Bird S. [illegible] Hyde and Joseph Purmel [illegible] ng themselves.

GOT CONCESSIONS FIRST.

Morgan wanted this Westchester [illegible] 1,000 shares of New Haven were placed in Mellen's name. [illegible] order that Mellen might [illegible] for these 5,000 shares of New Haven. Mellen secured Westchester stock worth, it is [illegible] cents a pound. But not until "the people on the other side" made the direct financial concessions did Mellen [illegible] of a single certificate.

Governor Folk has learned that of the 16,875 shares of "Westchester" [illegible] less than 5,000 shares [illegible] Company.

In 1906, Marcus J. Ferry and Oakleigh Thorne—the same Oakleigh Thorne whose name is identified [illegible] the books"—began the negotiations which [illegible] New Haven control.

It is very widely, perhaps, by the [illegible] evidence now in the hands of counsel for the Commerce [illegible] Mr. Mellen will be shown [illegible] he can furnish further details [illegible] the New York "strike" [illegible] turned, and who got the [illegible]

Evidence will be brought out to show that after the great insurance scandals the greedy eyes of the Morgan crowd were turned toward the further exploitation of New England and the New England.

The kings of finance had for years been making use of the money of the insurance companies.

One well-known attorney, Charles E. Hughes by name, had put a stop to [illegible] by a grateful people, had been elected Governor of New York.

It was then that the Morgans turned towards New England.

Mr. Mellen will explain that, when he came to the New Haven from the Northern Pacific, in 1903, he found the New Haven—under directors owned or controlled by the Morgan-Rockefeller-alliance—already embarked upon a career of monopoly.

SUPPRESSING COMPETITION.

The directors had called a meeting to consider what must be done by way of suppressing the competition of trolley lines.

A special committee had been named—Mr. Mellen will show—investigate and report.

Investigation indicated that the rapid development of electricity would enable the street railways and the interurbans to run big cars—trains, even—without dust or smoke, almost as rapidly, and much more comfortably and cheaply, than the railroad.

The way to suppress this competition, it was reported, was to get New Haven control of New Haven competitors.

Mr. Mellen's testimony will be that his directors started out to get the trolleys of Connecticut and that, to begin with, Mr. Edward H. Robbins, general counsel, was handed a New Haven $100,000 with which to "mould public opinion."

Legislators having been "appeased" and "convinced"—Mr. Mellen's testimony will show—and public opinion having finally been "moulded," a persuaded Legislature permitted the New Haven to gobble the Rhode Island State trolleys.

With Governor Folk shooting a question here and there, for the purpose of bringing out where the "orders" came from, and who gave them, Mr. Mellen will proceed to tell how the New Haven now secured a new Connecticut charter. And how this wonderful charter gave it the right to conduct a banking business, own street railways, hold gas companies and take over power companies.

MORE SECURITIES.

But the new company—the New Haven with its new Connecticut charter—shortly found itself compelled to issue more and more securities. The monopolistic scheme of Morgan was already bearing fruit in big bills. Higher and higher climbed the capitalization of the New Haven. Up and up climbed the tax charges.

Smaller and smaller—Mr. Mellen will make plain—became the relation of the parent railroad to the conglomerate amount of property represented by gas, electric, trolley and water companies.

Just about now—Mr. Mellen will remind the Interstate Commerce Commission—and the nation—came the exposure of insurance company financing, compelling the Morgan crowd to seek some other instrumentality through which to conduct its financial exploitations.

And the late Mr. Morgan—Mr. Mellen will say—promptly received the notion that what he had been attempting to do with some success through the control of insurance funds, and trust companies, he could do quite as easily with an absolute railroad monopoly, which is territory covered by the six New England States.

Mr. Morgan saw the possibility—Mr. Mellen is going to say—of extorting from this territory revenues without limit.

And Mr. Morgan dreamed a dream of conquest much bigger even than this. What he and his Connecticut-land could later on be done as successfully in other sections. The New England idea was the forerunner of a experiment station.

New England, in other words, was to be bound and ravaged—and vivisected—by Dr. Morgan.

TALKED WITH ASSOCIATES

He talked it over with his associates, and he and Mr. Morgan, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Charles M. Pratt and William Rockefeller—saw visions of the great empire they were going to rule through the ownership and control of railroads, street railways, gas companies, electric light companies, power companies and steamship lines.

Charles S. Mellen, it is believed, performing for the public a service never prompted by himself, once did for Morgan, will this week tell it all.

First the poor old New Haven Railroad, having now become the strange hybrid organization made by the newer Connecticut charter already referred to, acquired the right to do everything, under the sun that can be done by a gas, electric, water power, steamship or railway company. To say nothing of banking and kindred business.

So much accomplished—as the testimony of Mr. Mellen will make plain—they began to play with the funds of New Haven stockholders as they had played with the funds of the insurance companies.

The first was to establish peace in Connecticut.

It was the place of Warsaw, for public opposition to the schemes of Mellen—they were called the schemes of Mellen, but the design was Morgan's—had to be crushed down.

NONE DARED OPPOSE.

There was desolation among the independent spirits of Connecticut. Everything in the State with power was controlled. Men and business was dominated by the New Haven from butcher to baker, from lawyer to college president. None dared raise his voice in opposition.

So Connecticut had been "taken care of" when, with peace and their rear, the army of Morgan—as Field Marshal Mellen will tell the story—moved over into Rhode Island.

Before he leaves the witness stand, Mr. Mellen will tell how they bought Rhode Island. How they [illegible] financed it [illegible] the New York, New Haven Railroad at exorbitant figures.

At about this point in his narrative Mr. Mellen will tell of the Morgan war on Charles W. Morse, and of the Morgan declaration that before the war was over Morse with the inside of Morgan or Morgan will be inside of Morse.

We shall hear [illegible] week from Mr. Mellen the inside story of the Morganized Steel Trust to acquire an independent competitor but incidentally to "break" Charles W. Morse and the Morse line of steamships.

The Morse war over. Charles W. Morse was sent away. He was "inside of Morgan."

Mr. Mellen will now be ready to tell the story of the New Haven in Massachusetts.

They came in over the western boundary, as Mr Mellen will show, beginning with the acquisition of the Harlem Line in Berkshire and Worcester counties.

From first to last, however, Mr. Mellen will have no more amazing story to tell than the story of the New Haven in the Boston & Maine.

MILKING B. & M.

The public of New England will learn a lot before next Saturday night about the milking of the Boston & Maine by the Palmer, Morse and the American Express Company.

At that time, as Mr. Mellen's testimony will show, the American Express Company owned a large block of Boston & Maine stock. Not a majority interest, but a big block big enough to bring about a contract by which the Boston & Maine was forced to do the business of the American Express Company for only 35 per cent. of the gross receipts.

Under this contract, the Interstate Commerce Commission has found, the loss to the Boston & Maine has amounted to $700,000 a year on the basis of other contracts between the American Express Company and railroads other than the B. & M.

Before New Haven—as will be shown with a day or two by day testimony of Mellen—immediately entered into a deal with the American Express Company, by which the Express Company was to have a renewal of its rich contract with the Boston & Maine.

The price? An immediate exchange by the Express Company of its Boston & Maine stock for stock of the New Haven, "share for share."

This deal as consummated and the old despoiling contract was renewed for another twenty years. Poor old New Haven! Poor old Boston & Maine!

It is not Mr. Mellen's purpose to "name names." He is not gunning for the small fry, the men whom he got to "do things." Mr. Mellen has a feeling that the Men Higher Up made him the New Haven fall guy. He will point out these Men Higher Up. He will make it plain that they knew what was going on, that they gave certain orders which could be carried out only as they WERE carried out.

And the incident of the Westchester shares, wherein $1,200,000 went to "men of influence" in exchange for stock worth ten cents a pound is an illustration of the workings of the New Haven management from first to last.

No more dramatic story of the crimes of High Finance has ever been told in America than that which Charles S. Mellen will pour into the ears of the people of the United States this week from this city.

In the opinion of competent judges it can do no possible harm to business or the market. It may do lasting good, these judges say, to the investing public and the American people as a whole.

SOME OF THE NEW HAVEN INSIDERS

IN EUROPE

John Hall McKay, wanted by the Interstate Commerce Commission to explain why he expended large sums of money for dock facilities for the New Haven New York city. McKay is a brother of former Police Commissioner Douglas McKay. Stevenson Taylor, president of the S. Quintard Iron Works, wrote to President Mellen: "McKay suggests that his expenses toward getting the pier in New York city will be about $36,000."

IN BAD

Stephenson Taylor, president of the S. Quintard Iron Works, who wanted to know from Mr. Mellen if this $36,000 could be charged up by the S. Quintard Iron Works for "repairs on steamers" operated by the New Haven.

IN BOSTON

Former Congressman William S. McNary, chairman of the Massachusetts Harbor and Land Commission and tax-officio one of the directors of the port of Boston. Former Vice-President Byrnes says he paid McNary $1,000 or $1,500, at McNary's suggestion, for written reports to Mr. Byrnes, which were never published, on the proposed coming of the Grand Trunk Railway. McNary favored the coming of the Grand Trunk, which the New Haven opposed. He was not then in his present official position. Mr. Byrnes says McNary was a New Haven "absorber."

IN TREMONT STREET

The well-known free and untrammelled Boston Herald, in whose valuable bonds the New Haven interests have deposited at least $400,000.

IN RIGHT

James Buchanan Brady, "Diamond Jim," who served Mellen as a "dummy director" in the New England Investment Company, and once upon a time held a $7,500,000 contract from the New Haven for new cars. Loaned $100,000 in ten years on the I. O. U's of his friends. Tore them up, when he thought he was dying, because he "didn't want to annoy anybody." Keeps no books or personal accounts.

John L. Billard, Meriden (Ct.) coal dealer, who apparently cleaned up $2,743,000 by buying 109,800 shares of Boston & Maine from the New Haven at 125 and selling it back at 150. Borrowed $11,000,000 from the National City Bank of New York, leaving the Boston & Maine stock as security.

IN WRONG

The National City Bank aforesaid, which apparently violated an important provision of the United States banking act by thus loaning more than 10 per cent. of its capital stock and surplus to a single individual. Violations of the same provision by other national banks have resulted in the forfeiture of their charters. The National City is a "Morgan-Baker" institution.

Oakleigh Thorne, New York banker, who cannot for the life of him remember what became of a certain New Haven $1,032,127.07, and who, like John L. Billard, has "burned his books."

IN SOFT

James P. McDonald, a New York contractor with a contract to build part of the Westchester road, who received $375,000 for merely surrendering his contract.

IN BED

William Rockefeller, one of the directors, whose testimony would be welcome at Washington. Mr. Rockefeller is on Jekyl Island, off the coast of Georgia, dangerously ill, as he was when the Pujo committee wanted him. His physician says he cannot speak above a whisper. "When he attempts to talk, spasms come over him."

George Macculoch Miller, another aged director of the New Haven, physically and mentally unable to testify before the Interstate Commerce Commission. "Were he brought to Washington at this time," Mr. Miller's doctor says, "his appearance might result in fatal consequences to him."

MELLEN ROAD PAID M'NARY $1,000 FOR "ADVICE" THAT IT DIDN'T FOLLOW

Continued from First Page.

for the Commerce Commission, asks the question. The examination proceeds:

Following is the transcript of the cross-examination of former Vice-President Timothy E. Byrnes of the New Haven by Chief Counsel Folk of the Interstate Commerce Commission with reference to Port Director Wm. Hugh S. McNary:

Mr. Folk—Do you know W. S. McNary?

Mr. Byrnes—Yes.

Q—Who is he?

A.—He is now a member of the Dock Commission of Boston.

Q—What was he in 1912?

A.—He was a citizen of Boston. He was [illegible] engaged in any public service [illegible] he was helping me.

Q—What work did he do for you?

A.—Very largely in connection with the preparing for me of a number of statements in reference to the Grand Trunk situation, the building of the Grand Trunk into Boston, and he discussed with me very generally what he believed should be the attitude of the New Haven Company in reference to the building of the Grand Trunk, and prepared a number of statements.

Q—Did he discuss it from the standpoint of the public or from the public?

A.—Mr. McNary, I [illegible] has always contended that his chief thought was as the public interest.

Q—Did you pay him anything for these thoughts?

A.—Yes.

Q.—I suppose it would include both thoughts, the thoughts——

Q.—How much did you pay him for those thoughts?

A.—I can mean, how much did I pay him in all?

Mr. Folk—Yes, sir.

Mr. Byrnes—I cannot tell you. You have the vouchers.

Q—Have you any independent recollection of how much you paid him for what he thought?

A—I imagine it was—it would be a mere guess on my part—but I imagine that he must have received $1,000 or $1,500. I don't recall that. It covers quite a long period.

Q—Did he work under your direction?

A—Yes.

Q—Well, what did he do?

A.—He made a very careful study of what he deemed would be the effect of the Grand Trunk building into Boston.

Q—He is not a lawyer, is he?

A—I don't [illegible] he has been admitted to the bar. I think he has taken the course in law. He is not practicing, but I think he has had training.

Q—Why did you not go to all of those high-priced counsel that you are paying for their thoughts, instead of taking Mr. McNary's thoughts?

A—Well, I assume that is a hard question to answer with any satisfaction. Wherever I have had a very difficult complicated problem—I did not have very many counsel; you spoke about my high-priced counsel. As a matter of fact, we had very few counsel. We had, with the gentlemen you described yesterday, the Jones firm and the Wardwell firm, but outside of those we had very few counsel. Mr. Choate was not consulted in any of those matters.

Q—Mr. Benton—

A.—Mr. Benton was not consulted. He was in Europe practically all of the time in the Winter of 1911 and 1912, and he was consulted in the consideration of the proposed—now, if you will give me your attention, I want you to hear what I have to say, but——

Examiner Gartner—The witness is talking for the record and what you are saying is being taken down.

Mr. Byrnes—When I am asked a question I would like to be listened to when I make the reply.

Folk—I think he is not listening?

Mr. Byrnes—Now, Mr. Benton has been in the service of the New Haven Company for a quarter of a century, I presume, and, from time to time has performed services. I think every year he has had some compensation from the company, but it has been chiefly in reference to grade crossing matters, and he there has been some litigation also. Mr. Benton was not consulted during the last two or three years on matters of this character except one matter, when we had consulted with him as the head of the public utilities bill. That Winter Mr. Benton was in conference with Governor Foss and others, but he had practically nothing to do with the Grand Trunk situation.

Q—What did you pay Mr. McNary do for all this money you paid him?

A.—I told you.

Q—That he gave you some of his thoughts?

A.—Well, he did more than that. McNary claimed to be an expert on transportation work. He was put by the Governor, afterwards, on the dock commission because he believed him to be a man who would bring ability to the consideration of these questions.

Q—What was his experience in transportation?

A.—Well, it was more in the way of public discussion. He had been making a series of speeches before various boards of trade and chambers of commerce and legislative committees and committees upon transportation questions.

Q—In whose behalf?

A.—Usually in behalf of the public

Q—In behalf of the public?

A.—Yes.

Q—He has made a large number of speeches?

A.—Yes.

Q—Before boards of commerce and legislative committees in behalf of the public?

A.—Yes.

Q—Now you know what subjects he discussed before those different bodies?

A.—I [illegible] not [illegible] any of his speeches. He never made speeches for us before any of them.

PAID HIM $500 FOR SPECIAL SERVICES

Q—Now, on February 26, 1904, you paid him $500 for services on special railroad matter under the direction of Vice-President Byrnes?

A.—Yes.

Q—Was that for some of his speeches?

A.—No, that, as I recall it, was for work—

Q—That was for some of his advice? A.—Yes, advice, and he prepared a great series of written reports.

Q—Where are they? A.—They may be in the files. I don't know whether they are or not.

Q—What duties do they have? A.—As to the effect of building the Grand Trunk into Boston, and what he believed should be the attitude of the railroad with reference to the matter. He began to give you item by item in detail, only in the most general way, but they were voluminous.

Q—What did he believe? That it was for the railroad should be? A.—He believed that the New Haven should co-operate with the Grand Trunk in coming into Boston.

Q—He was then a lobbying in the Massachusetts Legislature at that time, seeking the Grand Trunk?

A.—No.

Q—Mr. McNary was in politics, though, was he not? A.—He had been. He had been for many years. He was formerly in Congress, and I think since he retired from Congress he has not—

Q—He thought the Grand Trunk should come into Boston and that the New Haven should not prevent it?

A.—Yes.

Q—And you paid him $1,000 for that? A.—No, not for that. I paid him $1,000 for what he did for me.

Q—Including what you have stated? A.—Yes; all the things he did for me.

Q—Are published these pamphlets?

A.—No; he did not publish them.

Q—Well, he got up the pamphlets?

A.—Yes, he got them up for me for my information.

Q—Including that the New Haven ought not to object to the Grand Trunk coming into Boston? A.—That is one of the things.

Q—The New Haven prevented the Grand Trunk from coming into Boston, did it not? A.—It did not.

Q—It was indicted for preventing, as a matter of fact, he was being paid $1,000? A.—No.

Q—Why the New Haven Railroad? A.—Of course, there is no point to that, because the reports that he made were reports to me, that never were made public.

Q—Was it that you pay him this $1,000 for? A.—Because I wanted the information and his candid views on these questions.

Q—What did he do other than the things you have stated? A.—Nothing more than I have stated so far as I recall.

Q—So you gave him $1,000 for expressing his views in writing? A.—Yes; I did.

Q—And did you publish his views?

A.—No.

Q—Did you print them? A.—No.

Q—They were simply in typewritten form? A.—I think most of them were in manuscript form, handwriting.

Q—None of them were ever published or printed? A.—None were ever published or printed or used in any way, so far as the public were concerned.

Q—And for them you paid him $1,000? A.—I did. I may have paid him more than that. There may be other vouchers

Q—The fact that he held a prominent political position did not have anything to do with his being paid $1,000? **A.—No, he did not hold a prominent political place. He was working at that time, I think, as a clerk in a furniture store. He had no political position at all. I think he was a salesman in a furniture store.**

Q—He was a salesman in a furniture store? A.—I think he was.

Q.—And you were giving a salesman in a furniture store $1,000 for his opinion as to whether the Grand Trunk should come into Boston, and that was never published in any form? A.—Exactly, and the state of Massachusetts was paying him a very much greater sum now, for advising the state upon the same questions.

Q.—As you intimation anything else that he did other than to give his views concerning the Grand Trunk entering Boston? A.—Practically everything he did was on that line. **Why should you pay him $1,000?** A.—**Well, if I had to do it over again, I would probably have got it cheaper.**

Q—You would not go to it at all, would you? A.—Well, I might if I would; but at that time it seemed to me a wise thing. There was certainly a reasonable doubt about it.

Q—Was he saying anything that would injure the railroad in any way? **A.—Less sometimes. I would have liked to batted him over the head, if I had a chance, about some of the things he said.**

Q—Was that before you gave him the $1,000? A.—**Before and after, both.**

Examiner Gartner—You say both then? **A.—Because of speeches which** A.—He has always been adverse to the railroads

the Grand Trunk coming, and all of his speeches were against us.

Q—You paid him $1,000 for making speeches against you? A.—**No, sir. I did not.**

Q—Did he stop making speeches against you when you paid him $1,000? A.—No, he was talking on these questions at the time, as you claim to be here, representing the public interest and being absolutely fair to everybody.

Q—Did he stop talking when you paid him the $1,000? A.—No he did not.

Q—He continued to talk? A.—Yes sir.

Q—The same way? A.—Yes

Q—Against the railroad? A.—Yes

Q—Did you stop paying him? A.—I finally did; Yes.

Q—Because why—because he did not stop talking? A.—No. He was appointed to a public body. When he was appointed on the—

Q—It is not your function to pay men to talk against the railroads; that is what we had in mind when you employ him to talk. I never saw a speech that he made.

A.—So you intimation anything else that he did other than to give his views concerning the Grand Trunk entering Boston? A.—Practically everything he did was on that line.

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Examiner Gartner—You say both then? **A.—Because of speeches which** A.—He has always been adverse to the railroads

Q—Why did you pay it to him. Mr. McNary made before the public on the questions that were adverse to the railroad; but he was in favor of

M'NARY KNEW THE THOUGHTS OF OTHERS

Examiner Gartner: "Was it not rather the consideration of keeping this man quiet that caused you to employ him?" A.—No, not at all. I never thought of such a thing.

Examiner Gartner: "He did not suggest that to you when he came to you seeking a position?" A.—No, I never had any connection with the Grand Trunk situation. I think he knew—I think he was familiar with the situation as to the other people, but his knew the whole drift of the question. I have said that before and to me there was no suggestion of any consideration at all. There was no suggestion about it.

Q—You did not even think he was going to ask you for any, did you? A.—I am frank to say I did not.

Q—Did you express surprise when you received from for money? A.—**No, I have got over that.**

Q—I thought you said you did not expect him to ask for any money and surprise do not necessarily go together. Did you expect in the beginning there would be any remuneration?

A.—**I think I SHOULD HAVE SOME WAY.**

Q—What did you say to that?

A.—From the appearance of the vouchers, I think I must have paid him.

Q—You said it more than once but he still kept talking about you? A.—Yes, and he is yet.

Q—Were his speeches as bold against you and as strong against you after you paid him money as now? A.—Yes, it did not change him a particle.

Q—Did you protest to him, after paying him, that he ought not to express those views? A.—I did not. I did not employ him in any way to influence his opinion on public matters.

Q—I thought you said you did employ him because of his views in connection with the Grand Trunk? A.—Yes, but I did not employ him at all with reference to his public views. I did not [illegible] anything to do with that.

Q—Were not those views public?

A.—Which?

Q—With reference to the Grand Trunk? A.—He had made a great many speeches on the subject—

Q. But his views with reference to the Grand Trunk were public, were they not? A.—Not those that he gave me.

Q—Did he give you views contrary to those he expressed publicly?

A.—No, I do not recall now just what he did say.

Q—You say you did not give him this money for any of his public views? A.—No

—And yet you say you gave him money in connection with the views of the Grand Trunk matter? A.—No, I said I gave him no money in connection with the expression of his public views. In other words I was not retained for them.

Q—In other words, you mean there was no express agreement as to what he should say, but he got the money? A.—I did not know what he was going to say.

Q—As a matter of fact, he continued to talk in the same way and you soon stopped paying him money? A.—I stopped [illegible] **I stopped paying him money, when he came in to see me, and he said, "I am going to be appointed on the Dock Commission, and of course I can render no other services for you. I would like a settlement." And I settled with him and that was the end of it.**

Q—The only service he performed for you was the expression of his views in connection with the Grand Trunk? A.—In a general way I had a great many discussions with him. He used to come to see me a great deal about the situation.

Q—And for that you paid him $1,000. A.—Yes, that is what the vouchers show. I did, yes sir. I am surprised it is not more.

Q—He was a publicist? A.—Yes

A—And expressed his views from the standpoint of the public? A.—Yes

Q—You are surprised it is not more? A.—I am astonished

Q—Why are you surprised it is not more? A.—Well, from the amount of time you were spending there, I supposed you had a half a dozen vouchers for that amount.

Q—Do you think his services were worth more? A.—No, I don't think his services were worth more.

Q—Do you consider he first owes you not pay him more? A.—I don't recall whether I did or not. The vouchers show for themselves. I suppose you bear in mind, Governor, that I passed upon vouchers every day by the hundreds, and sometimes by two or three hundred at a time——

Q—Of this character? A.—Oh no; not of that character, but for all the various departments and you ask me to tell you the facts and circumstances in reference to some transaction of that kind. It is impossible for any one to do it.

Q—This work was done under your special direction? A.—I have no recollection. My general way was that Mr. McNary did for me. Now whether I paid him $1,000 or $1,500, I don't recall. I do not recall.

Q—All that I understand he did for you was to express his views in connection with the Grand Trunk matter? A.—And the general development of the traffic possibilities of Boston. He believed there should be a belt line around the city, it is the same thing I would do this week, but it should be connected with all the piers——

A.—And get a franchise? A.—Yes, and the Governor, I think, at that time was advocating the same thing to a question about getting a franchise if the railroad was willing to undertake it. We did not want to [illegible] to bring out the suggestion was that the railroad should absorb the charges for transportation, but it was in fact a large capital charge taking out a large capital charge without any return, except what we would make in the future of an increased business.

Q—Did you pay any other publicist? A.—I don't recall. If you will ask me about the particular individuals I will be pleased to discuss it, but I think now others.

Q—Do not recall any others.

Examiner Gartner—How did this man come to be so an expert on these matters? A.—**Well, Mr. Examiner, it is a difficult question to answer to tell how many of the men who today are advising how the railroads should be run and succeed, got their experience.** I am not able to say. There are so many thousands of men today who know more about railroads than I do, who have spent their lives in it, that it is a mystery. Many men have a good deal of public life and experience. Here is a man who is quite an active, virile man, who is a good public talker. He has been in Congress and has been in the Legislature, and he has made a study of these questions with all the courage and confidence of a man who has an able and forcible impression on the public, because the Governor of the State of Massachusetts has been one of the most important boards engaged in the consideration of these questions.

Examiner Gartner—He had been in politics considerably? Since he was a newspaper clerk? A.—**O, yes, he is a very able man, capable, energetic and enterprising.**

Mr. Folk—And public spirited? A.—Public spirited? Yes, he really is.

Q—The New Haven spirit? A.—No, he is not the New Haven spirit. He never has been a New Haven man in any sense of the word.

Q—A New Haven absorber? A.—That is what I mean.

Q—An absorbed man that $1,000, evidently. (Laughter.)

ARCHIE THOMAS SENDS THANKS TO AMERICAN

Boy Leper on Penikese Island Grateful for Fund of Readers to Buy Wireless Outfit.

INSPECTOR PAYS HIM VISIT

Heartfelt thanks to the AMERICAN and all the good people of New England for what they have done and are doing for me. I cannot thank them enough.

This is the first message from Archie Thomas, the "boy leper" on Penikese Island, to a world of well-wishers from whom he has been cut off to spend a life in exile.

The gratitude Archie sends out to his friends in his return (as the wireless-sending) apparatus he is soon to get—the result of the efforts of the Sunday AMERICAN in raising a fund for Archie's benefit. The message came to Boston, not via wireless, but through Harry R. Cheetham, the Marconi inspector for Boston.

TALKS WITH LEPER.

Inspector Cheetham spent most of the day at the leper colony yesterday, taking the trip to look things over and see just what Archie needs in the line of wireless equipment. He talked with the unfortunate youth for two hours or more, told him how the AMERICAN'S fund had reached the sum of $350 and how probably within a couple of weeks the lad would get his sending mechanism.

"Words cannot express how grateful I am to all my kind friends who have done so much for me," Archie told Inspector Cheetham. "It fills my heart. How good everybody has been to me. Certainly I shall never forget it."

With Archie was his mother, who gave up her home to be near her son on the little island fourteen miles across Buzzard's Bay from New Bedford. She is a wonderful woman and the joy of her life is to be near Archie and look after his wants.

MOTHER IS GRATEFUL.

"Archie and I do want to thank our kind friends" she said. "We can't thank them enough. We appreciate everything that has been done and feel deeply grateful to the Boston AMERICAN and everybody who has helped."

Inspector Cheetham went down to New Bedford, Friday night. Yesterday early he went over to Penikese. There he was welcomed by Dr Frank H. Parker, the superintendent. The two went over the island, crossed the "dead line"—a barbed wire fence which shuts the lepers off from the rest of the island—and entered the little four-room cottage occupied by Archie and his mother

"We found mother and son as cheerful as could be," said Inspector Cheetham last night. "They laughed and talked with us. It ought to be said that the mother is most assuredly not an exile on the island. She can come and go as she likes. It was through the efforts of Dr. Parker that she was permitted to be with her son and it is only just to say that the superintendent has seen to it that Archie has everything he needs. Everything is done by Dr. Parker to make life enjoyable for the lad.

BOY NO LONGER.

"Archie is a boy no longer. He is twenty-four—a grown-up young man. In their home is the wireless room with its receiving apparatus. Just outside is a 35-foot pole with three wires. There are two bedrooms.

"Archie has a pet parrot which says Archie' very plainly. He has a work bench and seems to be inventive.

"Every morning Archie takes press reports sent out from the Marconi station at Cap May, N. J. I think his wireless work generally is wonderful with the apparatus he has.

"He told me the wireless work kept him occupied. His mother added that Archie arose early in the morning, worked at his instrument and kept working until late in the night or after midnight taking reports from land stations and passing ships.

"I expect to make a second trip the latter part of this week."

The sending apparatus Archie is to get through the fund raised by his friends will be the best instrument to be had. Its value will be more than five times the amount of the fund, something which is possible only through the generosity of Henry C. Gawler, the United States government expert in charge of the enforcement of wireless regulations in New England. Mr. Gawler has worked cuttingly to get Archie the most up-to-date of wireless apparatus.

Maplewood Colony to Have Synagogue

Cornerstone Will Be Laid Next Sunday.

The Maplewood Jewish Community is soon to be represented by a synagogue on Myrtle street. The structure is now in process of erection, the corner stone of which will be laid on next Sunday afternoon.

The officers of the new congregation are Lo'is Cohen, president; J. Spear, vice-president; Joseph Shoolman, treasurer; I. Shear, secretary; directors, Messrs. Lewitzky, Kaits, Lourie, Abrams and Wolnberg.

Superfluous Hair

Get This DeMiracle Package

It contains the original liquid hair remover which has been used and recommended by Physicians for over twelve years. Protect yourself. Refuse worthless imitations.

Harvard "Gold Coaster" from Central America Is Centre of Tango Mystery

WHO IS MYSTERIOUS "MONSIEUR X" THE ONE-STEP EXPERT?

HE WILL BE PARTNER OF CAROLYN MAYWOOD, LASSELL GRADUATE

FEATURES GALORE FOR BIG DANCEFEST THIS WEEK IN BOSTON

Many Society Girls Will Take Part in Amateur Contest of Modern Dances

Miss Bertha Godfrey. Miss Carolyn Maywood. Miss Louise Ordway and Mrs. James C. White.

PHOTO BY ABBEY-HAVELOCK PIERCE

All Sorts of Steps from Hesitation to Oriental Dagger Whirl.

Tango mysteries!

Why, sure—several of them. For instance, there's the mystery of the "Monsieur X.," who is going to one-step it with Miss Carolyn Maywood of Brookline, a Lasell graduate, during the amateur dancefest at the Boston Theatre this week.

Now who is this young "Mr. X."? They're keeping his name a secret—that is, he is. All that is thus far given out is that he is a "Gold Coaster" at Harvard, a Junior. They add that he comes from Central America, if that helps any in the identification.

Miss Maywood is nineteen, having just celebrated her birthday a week ago. She has studied at the exclusive Misses Ely's School in New York and studied the modern dances under John Carroll and his former partner, Miss Jean Sawyer.

But Miss Maywood and her unknown partner will be only two of hundreds of Greater Boston amateurs who will take part in the week's carnival of up-to-date dancing. Yes, there will be hundreds and they will compete for still silver trophies under the auspices of the Boston Dancing Teachers' Club. This is an organization of 200 teachers and the contestants will come from the 2o,o0o young men and girls—older folks, too—who are numbered among the teachers' pupils.

There will be features galore. As an example, there will be Mrs. James C. White, a beautiful young woman who is to appear in full evening dress—trousers, stiff white shirt and all. She will dance the maxixe and the furiana with Miss Louise Ordway, a society girl who will make her appearance as Mrs. White's partner. Miss Ordway recently appeared at the Junior Charity Club show and the Hillside Home Charity bazaar at the Copley-Plaza.

Miss Ora Dell, of the Back Bay, will dance with Walter Demelman, a Harvard student, and son of a banker living in Brookline. Miss Dell greatly resembles Mrs. Vernon Castle, facially and in form, and her friends think she and her partner will prove one of the sensations of the week.

Of equal interest will be the appearance of Miss Mabel Macomber, of Newton, who will present what she calls an oriental dagger dance. She is eighteen years old, an orphan, and lives with her brother-in-law and sister. She is an extremely pretty girl and was born deaf and dumb. A remarkable feature of her performance is that, although she cannot hear a sound of the music, she yet appears to feel the rhythm, and dances in perfect time to the harmony. In fact as she expresses it herself, "I feel every note as if it were a pulse in my body." Miss Macomber's friends are very much interested in her public debut.

Marston Robinson and Stella Best are to do an eccentric dance which they call "The Scarecrow and the Coon." Miss Best playing, or rather dancing, the latter role. Miss Best is seventeen years old and lives in Dorchester, while Mr Robinson is assistant manager of an automobile concern and lives in Medford.

Margaret McDonough is another Boston girl who will shine this week. She is seventeen years old. Her specialty will be ballet dancing, and in one number she appears draped in an American flag.

Amelia Burnham and La Roy Young will introduce a dance called "Un Peu d'Amour." Miss Burnham, whose home is in Dorchester, is regarded as one of the best amateur dancers in New England. She appeared at the Blue Garden Revue at Newport last season and attracted wide attention. Mr. Young, who will dance with her this week, is receiving teller of the American Trust Company.

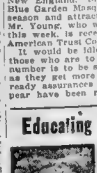
It would be idle to enumerate all those who are to participate, as the number is to be so largely increased as they get more confidence, but already assurances that they will appear have been received from such well-known young people as Louis Murray, Miss Dorothy Secro, Paul Ebedd, Miss Brenda Cleveland, Samuel Gibson, Miss Madeline Reed, Miss Mary Stewart, Miss Harriet Brown, Miss Evelyn Dornbach, Miss Adelaide Gitte, Edwin Bruce, Miss Marion Gibbey, Michael Kenneally, William Chamberlain, Miss Pauline Chamberlain, A. A. Schulman, Miss Louise Dixon, Faunce Whitcomb, Miss Alice Mannix and Miss Bertha Godfrey.

Some of the girls who will demonstrate various new dance steps and compete for the prizes. Many surprises in the big Boston dancefest this week, and a fine display of beauty and grace are promised.

Miss Margaret McDonough.

Miss Mabel Macomber.

Educating the Public



Many people have said to me "Why don't you advertise so much about your powders and tell them what lots of public find out in experience?"

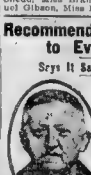
My reply has invariably been that I am content to let the users of my powders tell it as well as I could myself.

From the large correspondence which I have it seems as if every lady acquainted with the facility, asking for a trial box in the hope that it will demonstrate the different claims of the Dermo Kalis of the Dermo Kalis, I believe that my labor has

CLARENCE H. WHITE

Recommends Warner's to Everybody

Says It Saved His Life.



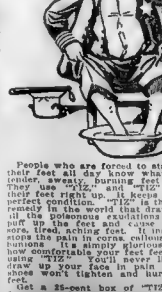
Resident of famous health resort city, Battle Creek, Mich., found relief until he tried Warner's. Read what he says

"Having been afflicted with kidney and liver complaint for over 20 years, and being treated by physicians with no apparent relief, I was induced to try Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy and after using it for a time was completely cured, and am now well and strong. I can unqualifiedly state that this medicine without any doubt saved my life and I can conscientiously recommend it to others similarly afflicted. I enclose my photograph which speaks for itself as regards my health. This testimonial is given without solicitation and by my own free will."—Clarence H. White, Battle Creek, Mich.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy is an exceptional medicine and superior to many ordinary remedies in use. It is a herbal preparation with remarkable power in cases of kidney, liver and urinary diseases. It has brought welcome relief to sufferers for over 37 years as thousands testify. Sold everywhere by druggists in 50c and $1.00 sizes. Write for free sample and other valuable information to Warner's Safe Remedies Co., Dept. 331, Rochester, N.Y.

"Tiz" For Aching, Sore, Tired Feet

"TIZ" for tender, puffed-up, sweaty, calloused feet and corns.



"Ah! Boys, 'TIZ' is the thing!"

A PLUMP, STRONG, ROBUST BODY

People who are forced to stand on their feet all day know what sore, tender, aching, burning feet mean. They use "TIZ" and "TIZ" cures their feet right up. "TIZ" keeps feet in perfect condition. "TIZ" is the only remedy in the world that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet and cause tender, sore, tired, aching feet. It instantly stops the pain in corns, callouses and bunions. It is simply glorious. Ah how comfortable your feet feel after using "TIZ." You'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't tighten and hurt your feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "TIZ" now from any druggist, department store or general store. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents.

NEW SARGOL COUPON

This coupon, with 10c to cover to help my postage packing, etc., and to show good faith, entitles holder to one 50c package of Sargol Free. Address the Sargol Co., 151-J Sargol Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind. Write name and address plainly.

"Gains 22 Pounds In 23 Days"

Remarkable Experience of F. Gag- Builds Up Weight Wonderfully.

"I was all run down to the very bottom," writes F. Gag. "I had in dust work I was on my feet all day. I was losing flesh like a rock. I was in my 37th year. I was pale and weak. I could not eat. I was nervous and sleepless.

CHILD PRODIGIES ARE SCORED BY DOCTOR EVANS

Andover Professor Says Our Methods of Education Are Making Prigs.

SAYS, 'LET THE INFANT PLAY'

Professor Daniel Evans of Andover Theological Seminary, in an address to the Twentieth Century Club, scored infant prodigies, after H. Addington Bruce of Cambridge had referred to methods of education as put forth by Dr. Beers Bidis and Dr. A. A. Berle, as ideal.

"We are making intellectual prigs. The democratic idea is by our methods of education and training to force it into the minds of the youngest children," said Dr. Evans.

"There is nothing that appeals to me more than to allow the modern infant in a natural development before we begin to practice upon it. Our theories about methods in modern education. Let the child play with other children in the neighborhood instead of pinning it down to theories which are ill advised and merely speculative in their nature."

NEED OF MANIPULATION.

Professor Bruce advocated education of the child in its home when it was a year old.

"There is need of parent manipulation of the material in a child before it is sent to school," he said. "There is the importance of those first two years when habits are formed and the early home influence is felt. We can see how the training put forth by Dr. Bidis, Dr. Berle and others has demonstrated the fact that before the child is sent to school its education has begun in its infant years in the home."

Professor Bruce cited the case of Helen Keller, whose memory of her infant years before illness made her deaf, dumb and blind, was recalled afterwards by vibration through tunes played before her.

"Children are suggestible and the parents ought to train this suggestibility," he continued. "I put stress upon the efforts of parents to educate the child before sending it to school."

PARENTS' INFLUENCE.

Professor Colin A. Scott of the Normal School urged the importance of parents' control in their children's education.

"I would like to tell of the sub-conscious mind of a child," he said. "When I was in Chicago, a teacher came to me with a boy who was believed to have done some petty stealing. I asked the teacher to bring the boy to my laboratory, where, in the course of a conversation, he was hypnotised.

"In that hypnotic state I talked to the boy and told him to bring back the cap which did not belong to him. He suddenly opened his eyes, went out of the room and brought back the cap.

"This sub-conscious mind in early childhood is susceptible of influences. I believe Professor Bruce is right in pleading for the education of infants in their own homes by the parents."

Professor S. S. Curry of the School of Expression jumped up and said, with enthusiasm,

"I believe the education begins when you see an infant kicking on his back. Let him kick. Let him roll over on the floor. He's learning something."

Fourth Anniversary of Llewsac Lodge

Bedford Home to Celebrate with Open House.

Llewsac Lodge, the Bedford rest and industrial home of the Frances E. Willard Settlement, will celebrate its fourth anniversary Saturday, May 23, by keeping open house, to which all its friends are invited. All parts of the plant will be open for inspection and in the afternoon an entertainment will be given by the children from the Boston settlement, consisting of folk dancing, kitchen gardening, club drills, etc.

If pleasant, this will be given on the lawn in front of the new Nellie E. Cook dormitory, which was dedicated last Fall. Barges will meet all trains and trolleys from either direction at the Bedford station, carrying passengers for a small sum. A light lunch will be served.

To Discuss Teaching of Jewish Children

Conference Tomorrow at the Temple Ohabei Shalom.

A conference for the purpose of discussing ways and means for the extension of Jewish education among the Hebrew children of Greater Boston will be held tomorrow evening at the Temple Ohabei Shalom, Union Park street.

The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Women's Society for the Extension of Jewish Education. Prominent speakers will address the gathering. Among them are the Rev. Dr. M. M. Eichler, Rabbi Harry Levi of the Temple Israel, Commonwealth avenue, and S. Z. Prokesh.

Correct Way to Treat Skin Diseases

Both air and water seem to have a bad effect upon skin diseases like Eczema, of which there are many forms. Keeping out the water and air is the first thing to do. By using Cadum, the well-known remedy for skin diseases, air and water are excluded, because Cadum contains petrolatum and white wax, and these form a tight covering over the sore places upon the skin. Cadum also contains oil of cade, which has been successfully used many years by the medical profession in the treatment of Eczema and other skin troubles. If your skin is inflamed, irritated or sore, get a 16c box of Cadum at your druggist and try it. The 25c size box contains nearly four times as much as the 16c size and is cheaper to buy.

When Ragtime Does Damage

Radcliffe Composer's Views

MISS CATHERINE BEATLEY

Miss Catherine Beatley Tells How Syncopated Strains First Appear.

Ragtime is all right so long as it keeps to its place, BUT—

Too much of the "Tickle the piano, professor, and let's have some of the good old rag stuff" is bound to be injurious—as harmful as eating unwholesome food.

So thinks Miss Catherine Beatley, Radcliffe senior, president of the Radcliffe Musical Club and prize composer at the college. Miss Beatley's songs have already won her fame and she knows music from A to Z. Here's what she thinks about ragtime:

"Ragtime, while its use is to be deplored, fills a place in dances and musical comedies. The fact that ragtime is sung so much in clubs doesn't indicate a degraded taste for I know that many of the students hear the good music as well. They go to the opera and the symphony concerts quite regularly."

OF MUSICAL FAMILY.

Miss Beatley comes of a musical family. Her father conducts an orchestra of fifty boys at the English High School. There is a Beatley family orchestra in which one of Miss Beatley's brothers plays 'cello, she plays violin, another brother and sister play other instruments and the father plays the flute.

Not long ago one of Miss Beatley's songs took a $25 prize offered at Radcliffe. The girl composer says there's almost no use writing the music for a song unless one has the words first.

"You must have the words first," she says. "You carry them around in your memory and then the tune is likely to come to you any hour of the day or night. And you have to take it when it comes. Afterward you can sit down and work it out in detail. That is the hardest part. It takes hours and hours of thinking and chancring and arranging before you get the whole song to suit you.

WORDS COME FIRST.

"It's the words that make you think of the tune. At least that's always been my experience.

"And I have found, too, that to sit down with the words and try to think of a tune to go with them is much harder than just waiting for the main idea to flash upon you like an inspiration when and where it will. After that you can take that main idea and sit down to write the rest of the music. The main idea usually comes easy, but the trouble comes in getting things to go before and after it and sometimes the parts of the song that you work the hardest over never suit you quite as well as the strain that came without effort. Yet hours of work seem to be absolutely necessary to make a song satisfactory, and I have found that the things that people really like are the things that have taken a great deal of revision."

Famous Artists in Jewish Folk Songs

...oncert of Jewish folk music ... given at Ford Hall today by ... Mrs. Medvedieff, tenor and ... and E. Korpovsky, baritone, ... St. Petersburg. Where they ... teachers of the Society for the ... of Jewish Music. ... is the son of the famous ... and is himself a ... having appeared in ... in Russia. His wife is ... experienced grand opera ... Korpovsky was won over to ... of Jewish music by his colleagues after a successful career in the ... houses of Europe.

Rabbi Wise to Speak at Clark College

WORCESTER, May 16.—Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York will address the students of Clark College ... commencement day next month. He will replace Senor Romulo Naon, the Argentine Minister to the United ... who was obliged to cancel his ... engagement when chosen one of the ... mediators between the United States and Mexico.

KEEP THIS AD It's Worth $1.00

Any new patient presenting this ad will receive $1 worth of work free to demonstrate our painless methods of crown, bridge and extracting.

$3 Best Bridge Work Per Tooth $3

Pure 22k Gold Crowns Warranted 10 Years

NOTE HEWSON SUCTIONS

Gold Teeth Price of Pain

A scientifically constructed rubber plate, gives lasting comfort and satisfaction, absolutely firm, as it restores the natural appearance of the face, that it cannot be detected. CANNOT BE HAD ELSE-WHERE. Shows and demonstrated FREE.

We extract your old teeth in the morning and give you your new teeth the same day. No pain by extracting when positively ordered. Lady attendant. Gold Fillings $1 up. Silver Fillings 50c.

Full Set of Teeth.. $5

Best set rubber this size

DR. HEWSON

Dentist

378 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON

Hrs. 8:30 to 6 Sat. till 8 Sun. 10 to 1

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EVERY WOMAN BEWARE

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Quality Millinery

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Chic shape worth $2 to $3 in fine fur felt

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This hat trimmed with imitation aigrette. Retailis for $1.75. Our wholesale price,

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IDEAL WHOLESALE MILLINERY CO.

597 WASHINGTON ST.

Entrance Next Door to Traveler Shoe Store

Handy Opp. Bacon's Third Floor

Elevator. Open Sat. Eve. till 9

NEW BUNKER HILL BATTLE AT HAND

Charlestown Aroused at Cutting of 17th Celebration Appropriations by Mayor.

Charlestown, particularly the youth of Charlestown, is up in arms and what promises to be a modern battle on Bunker Hill is scheduled unless Mayor Curley can be prevailed upon to restore the appropriation for a morning celebration.

Mayor Curley cut the money usually appropriated for a morning feature parade. Talk of massing the young men and boys of the district and marching to City Hall in protest has been going around the section, but such action will be deferred until a committee of the Bunker Hill Day Feature Association meets the Mayor and discusses the situation with him.

This association in a recent meeting appointed its president, Former Representative Francis M. Ducey, James J. Mullen, Jr., the assistant clerk of the Charlestown Police Court, and Howard V. Redgate as a committee to wait upon the Mayor. Several novel ideas are being talked over and if the money is given, a splendid parade will be assured.

Meanwhile the youngsters await the action of the committee and if the money is refused, a public meeting of protest is liable to be held.

Daughters of New Hampshire Meet

Miss Jessie M. Fisher Is Elected President.

The annual breakfast of the New Hampshire Daughters Club was held at the Hotel Vendome yesterday. The dining room was effectively decorated in sweet peas, and eighty-five members attended. After the breakfast the following addressed the assembly: Mrs. Eleanor Porter, Mrs. Terhune; third vice-president, Mrs. Alba C. Riley; recording secretary, Mrs. Florence W. Cadieu; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Grace E. Glasier; treasurer, Mrs. Lura F. Mad; assistant treasurer, Miss Mabel J. Johnson, auditor, Mrs. Mary F. Gilman; directors, Mrs. Emma L. Johnson, Mrs. Mary W. Truesdale, Mrs. Clara P. Abbot, Mrs. Kate T. Wheeler, Mrs. Anna D. Phillips, Mrs. L. Myra Courier.

DISCUSS INFANT MORTALITY

Under the auspices of the Women's Municipal League, a meeting to discuss the Prevention of Infant Mortality will be held at Huntington Hall this afternoon. Dr. J. Whitridge Williams will speak.

HUNT MISSING ROCKLAND MAN

W. E. Perry Cashed Check for $462 Before He Disappeared on Thursday.

ROCKLAND, May 16.—A statewide search is being made for William E. Perry who disappeared Thursday.

The case is one of the most baffling in many years of the missing disappearances from Rockland. Chief of Police Michael E. Stewart has notified the police of the surrounding territories to be on the lookout for him.

Mr. Perry runs a barber shop. Thursday he went to Abington, telling his employees that he would be back on the next car. He went to the Abington National Bank and cashed a check for $462.

He is twenty-eight years old. He came here six years ago from Boston. He is five feet tall, of dark complexion, wears eye glasses and has black hair. When last seen he wore a brown suit, dark overcoat and a light cap.

209 Divorce Cases for Judge Wait

Suffolk Court for Marital Troubles Opens Tomorrow.

Judge Wait will preside in the Suffolk divorce session for the May term, which begins tomorrow morning. It is expected that the present term will last for six or seven weeks, disposing of the May and June cases. The May docket has 209 cases, of which 134 are uncontested and 75 contested. No June list has yet been prepared.

Freeman O. Emerson, former member of the Legislature, is seeking a divorce from his wife, Grace L. Emerson on the ground of desertion. This will be one of the first cases tried. They were married January 1, 1885, and lived together in Boston until January 1, 1907, when, after twenty-two years of married life, he charges that she deserted him and refused to live with him again. A copy of the libel was served on her at Amesbury, where she has been living. She is not contesting the suit.

Boy Knocked Down; Chauffeur Is Held

Melville Hughes, 25, of No. 6 Grosvenor road, Brookline, who, it is alleged was driving the automobile that struck and knocked down eight-year-old John Buckley on Malden street, was held in $500 bonds for a hearing May 22. Hughes was charged with assault and battery and operating an automobile so as to endanger the lives of the public.

CHIEF SUSPENDED BY QUINCY MAYOR

Appointment of Members of Fire Department Brings About Another Chapter.

Mayor John L. Miller of Quincy, who has caused more suspensions of city employes than any other chief executive in its history, added another to his list yesterday when he announced that Chief of the Fire Department, Faxon Billings had been relieved from duty without pay until next Wednesday. This was done because Chief Billings on Friday announced the appointment of three new members to the fire department.

The Mayor and Chief had a consultation, Friday morning, regarding the matter. Following the consultation, Chief Billings declared that the Mayor had sanctioned the appointments and forthwith he named Edward O'Neil, Myles Cremmer and Murdock McDonald as the new members of the department.

Yesterday, the Mayor became indignant and when asked about the appointment of the men denied that he had authorized it.

The Katzenjammer Kids

are coming back after a long vacation and this great feature of the Sunday AMERICAN'S Comic Section will be resumed NEXT SUNDAY, May 24.

Tell the Children

Even the grown-ups will want to see these funny little fellows again. And they are just as original as ever.

Order Your Paper Now

There will be a great demand for next Sunday's AMERICAN. The Comic Section of the Sunday AEMRICAN is the very best FUN given by any Sunday newspaper.

SHRINERS HAIL ATLANTA AS GREATEST CONVENTION CITY IN THE NATION

40,000 VISITORS ARE QUARTERED, FEASTED AND GIVEN THE TIME OF THEIR LIVES

Birdseye view of a part of the business section of Atlanta, the pre-eminent convention city of the South, with arrows pointing to eight of her forty hotels where 40,000 Shriners were accommodated.

GALLIVAN FATHERS BILL FOR NATIONAL SANATORIA FOR TUBERCULOSIS SUFFERERS

Founder of Rutland Institution Plans Similar Retreats in Different Sections of the Country.

By ANDREW R. KELLEY.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—National sanatoria for the relief and prevention of tuberculosis is the institution which Congressman Gallivan of Massachusetts proposes to write upon the statute books before the completion of his service in Washington.

Gallivan is the father of the State institution for Tuberculosis located at Rutland, Mass., and he has never lost his interest in measures which would operate for the relief and the prevention of the dread white plague.

As a preliminary to the introduction of a bill providing for government sanatoria, the Twelfth District Congressman has had a lengthy interview with Surgeon-General Rupert Blue of the government health service and the federal official heartily approves of his plan.

The Gallivan bill which will be introduced before the close of the present session will provide four-hour government sanatoria.

These will be located in different parts of the country and will be available for all citizens who cannot be accommodated at local institutions or those who desire the government treatment.

Because of the action of the Democratic caucus and the legislative program as outlined there is no chance of such a bill being considered at the present session, but it will be considered at the next regular session and it will be passed if hard work and the beneficial results from scientific treatment which Gallivan is prepared to cite carry conviction.

"This is one measure that I propose to devote my most sincere efforts to have placed on the statute books," says the Congressman, "and I am confident of success."

Senators Get Flood of Free Tolls Essays.

The AMERICAN contest for the best essays on the question of free tolls for American coastwise ships using the Panama Canal has brought a flood of letters into the offices of Senators Weeks and Lodge.

The senior Senator does not believe in free tolls for American ships, but he has read every letter which has been submitted to him in the contest and is impressed by the interest and the knowledge of the situation which the writers display in a much mooted international question.

Senator Weeks has not yet made up his mind on the matter and reads every letter submitted. Both of the Senators express pleasure at observing the interest in a contest of this kind, which develops a desire to become familiar with public questions and incidentally with what the government is doing.

Compensation Bill Delay Disappoints.

The fact that the Democratic caucus of the House did not schedule the workingmen's compensation bill for consideration during the present session of Congress has caused considerable disappointment among government employees.

This bill reported favorably by the House Judiciary committee upon the motion of Congressman Mitchell of Marlboro provides for retirement and compensation at the rate of sixty-five per cent of their annual salary for every government employe injured in the service or suffering an occupational disease of a permanent nature contracted in actual service.

Over 400,000 employees will benefit by the passage of this bill which is sure to be acted upon at the next session of the present Congress.

Weeks Opposed to Giving Away Seeds.

By a vote of 32 to 21 the Senate has decided to do away with the free distribution of government seeds. There is no indication that the House of Representatives will ratify this decision as represented by their conferees on the agricultural bill.

It costs $247,000 to make the annual distribution and the allotment to each member is 22,000 packages.

Senator Weeks is strongly opposed to the continuance of the distribution, contending that "there is no more reason why we should furnish seeds to high schools or to the children attending high schools than there is for our furnishing pianos to high schools or furnishing any other instruments or any other methods of development which are used in the high schools of the country.

The sixteen members of the House from Massachusetts are unanimous in dissenting from the views of the junior Senator.

Chance for Doherty if McReynolds Goes.

Attorney-General McReynolds' efforts to prevent the interrogation of former President Mellen of the New Haven railroad has brought down a storm of criticism on his head.

In the controversy with chief counsel Folk of the Interstate Commerce Commission it is admitted that McReynolds was beated and the demands for his resignation from the cabinet are more than local.

Massachusetts Democrats are watching the controversy with considerable interest since the elevation of Folk to the cabinet, as suggested, would put Philip J. Doherty, the right hand man of the chief counsel, in line for promotion and Doherty is a life-long Democrat, a Boston man with exceptional qualifications for the position through his experience as an assistant counsel for the commission.

The cross-examination of Mellen has brought out some interesting and intimate facts with regard to the New Haven, and Folk promises more interesting revelations during the hearing of the coming week.

More than 25,000 telegrams and petitions on the prohibition amendment have been received by the Massachusetts members in Congress, and the flood of communications pro and con on this question has reached such proportions that the judiciary committee has been virtually snowed under.

The Democratic caucus has decided not to consider the matter at the present session. The telegraph companies have waxed fat on the lively campaign for and against the bill, which has developed, and they will have further cause for glee in the fact that the question will be even more acute at the short session of the present Congress opening next December.

Somerville to Get Better Car Service

Schedule Calls for More Adequate Transportation.

In compliance with recommendations made by the special committee of the Somerville Board of Aldermen, the Boston Elevated Railway Company will increase the car service on Broadway during rush hours and on Somerville avenue during normal hours beginning tomorrow.

The schedule for the Clarendon Hill-Sullivan Square line will be increased so that trips will be run on Broadway at intervals of four minutes during the rush hour periods. Between Powder House Square and Sullivan Square cars will be operated at intervals of about one and one-half minutes during rush hours.

The service on Somerville avenue will be increased during normal hours providing a two-minute service, instead of the present fifteen minute service.

Beginning tomorrow, all Broadway Extension cars will be operated both inbound and outbound via Dover street and Washington street. This diversion is made necessary by the rebuilding of Broadway Extension Bridge, and the cars will be operated as over the temporary route until the work on the bridge is finished. It is expected that this operation will continue for about three months.

Jewish Women Plan Summer Campaign

The philanthropic and social service work of the Boston Council of Jewish Women will center in throughout the summer. Confirmation exercises of the Council's Religious Schools will take place this afternoon in the Temple Ohabei Shalom on Union Park street, under the direction of the Rev. Dr. M. M. Eichler and Rabbi Harry Levi of the Temple Israel, Commonwealth avenue. Sixty-one children will be confirmed.

Peace meetings will be held today in the synagogues and temples of Greater Boston.

Waltham Antler Club Has Dance

At the dancing party of the Waltham Antler Club, the chairman of the committee of arrangements, Mrs. Annie Harding McGuire, was presented a bunch of American beauty roses. Mrs. McGuire was assisted by the following committee: Mrs. Vandermarse, Mrs. Kenal, Mrs. Wentworth, Mrs. Riegelsburg, Mrs. McCarthy, Mrs. Mrs. Riegelsburg, Mrs. McCarthy, Mrs. Mrs. Riegelsburg, Mrs. McCarthy, Mrs. Zirlut, Mrs. Pepper, Mrs. Bold and Mrs. Reo.

Discuss Montessori Method at Meeting

The annual meeting of the New England Montessori Association was held in Perkins Hall yesterday afternoon. The business of the association was followed by a relation of experiences in using the Montessori method.

Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no delay from work at any time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation, if you write to me. Fourth St. Puritan Corporation, 102 Marvella Avenue, Station No. 21, Berea, Ky. Please tell me about your plan, as I have others who are ruptured and may be a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.

LIBRARY EXILES OLD DAMOXENUS

Somerville Trustees Don't Want Marble Statue in New $125,000 Building.

"What shall we do with Damoxenus?" is a question that agitates Mayor Cliff and other Somerville officials.

When Literature and Art moved their home from the old Somerville Public Library to the new $125,000 library, the marble statue of Damoxenus, presented to the Somerville Library in 1907 by Eben D. Jordan of Boston, was left behind. The statue is a copy in marble of one of the famous twin gladiators by Canova, which are treasured in the Vatican gallery at Rome. It weighs 3,100 pounds and is mounted on a pedestal of Italian marble, at a cost of about $3,500 it was brought to this country by Mr. Jordan, who presented it to the public library trustees. It was accepted, and for nearly seven years occupied the conspicuous position in the bay window of the delivery room of the library, fronting the desk with its back to the bay window.

The statue is in the nude, and it represents the gladiator in the act of delivering the blow at his antagonist, Crexsus, which pierced his side and enabled the cruel victor to pull out the entrails. The populace, on the latter score, although admiring the strength that made possible such a blow, placed the laurel on the brow of the dying Crusesus and exiled Damoxenus. The mythological fate still pursues him.

While the lines of the statue and the cruel, determined expression of the face are the highest form of art, Drew B. Hall, the present public librarian, does not consider the study a pleasant one, and the figure not desirable. The library trustees don't want it.

It was offered to the high school and refused by Headmaster John A. Avery. Neither is it wanted in the office of the Overseers of the Poor.

It has been suggested that the statue would not be out of place in the new hall of Willard C. Kinsley Post, 139, G. A. R. "Whatever else Damoxenus may have been he was a fighter, a doughty warrior, and so are the Boys of '61," says Mayor Cliff.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your occupation is, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, "patent smokers" etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at our no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON
FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 212, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.
Send free trial of your method to
Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

ATLANTA, May 16.—Congratulations are being showered on Atlanta for its success in entertaining the 40,000 visitors who came to attend the Imperial Council of Shriners and the incidental festivities last week. This great convention body was quartered, feasted, transported and given a royal good time without a serious hitch or mishap.

Men who have seen Shrine meetings and lesser conventions, year after year, say that Atlanta's hospitality and efficiency has made of the last week a period for the most pleasant recollections of their careers. They say, too, that Atlanta is one of the greatest convention cities of the nation, certainly the pre-eminent convention city of the South.

"I was certain that Atlanta was capable of caring for the Shrine meeting," said Will W. Irwin of Wheeling, W. Va., imperial potentate until Wednesday, "but the thing has been done so smoothly, with so little effort, so evidently as a part of the city's well-ordered existence, that I was amazed at the resources of this Southern capital."

Dr. Frederick R. Smith of Damascus Temple, Rochester, who succeeded Irwin as imperial potentate, has seen a round score of Shrine meetings, but none more pleasingly arranged and executed in every detail than that at Atlanta. He was sincere in his congratulations and thanks just before he left the city.

"I shall always consider my stay in Atlanta as one of the most enjoyable occasions of my life," he said. "Atlanta certainly has made good with the Shrine world, and with everybody who knows what a good convention should be."

Most remarkable feature of all, and the one which excited the most favorable comment, was the fact that the restaurants, at any hours of the day or night, always were equal to meet the wants of the emergency crowd Atlanta had providently and correctly laid its plans for the visitors, and had left no phase of the affair uncared for. Restaurant men, maintaining their regular scale of prices, assumed the added responsibility of caring for the 40,000 visitors almost without effort.

There was never a complaint of lack of sleeping accommodations. The city's forty commodious hotels, several of the largest of which have been opened within the last few months, met a great bulk of the demand for quarters. These facilities were supplemented by the special car lodging of many of the visitors, and by the hospitality of private homes, which were literally turned over to the Shriners and their trains.

HER ABILITY PROVED.

With it all, Atlanta's ability to handle effectively any convention body in the world was proved last week. Furthermore, Atlanta's hospitable desire to enter into the spirit of the visitors' moods, and to help them toward the fullest enjoyment of the occasion, was plain. Never was there a city more gracious and adaptable.

"We have learned something of royal entertainment," said George L. Brown, past imperial potentate. Mr. Brown is a memoir of Jamaica Temple, Buffalo, which is working hard for the meeting in 1916. "If Buffalo is successful in this fight, you may be sure that this affair in Atlanta will be before our eyes all the time, and that Atlanta will be one of our first models and exemplars."

The great army of visitors reached Atlanta without hitch, without the slightest delay or inconvenience in getting about after arrival (a responsibility, over the most luxurious routes of travel by sea and land, excited wide and favorable comment). It was this feature that most delighted Robert D. Williams, potentate of Mecca Temple, New York, and all the nobles from the east. It was possible for them to travel by superb steamships to Norfolk, Savannah and Charleston, thence by rail to the Shrine city.

"The trip to Atlanta was glorious," said Potentate Williams, "being made smoothly, luxuriously without a minute's delay. The arrangements for taking care of the Nobles who traveled by special cars was superb. The railroad men concerned designed for the most ample parking of cars beyond the city traffic."

Thus it come about that Atlanta became known over the nation by the title it bears so well, "The Railroad Centre of the South." Thirteen railroads radiate from Atlanta, and there are 120 passenger trains in and out of the city daily. The schedules are over-hauled to Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, St. Louis, Memphis, New Orleans, Mobile, Pensacola, Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston, Norfolk and Washington. This proved to the visitors that Atlanta was located ideally as a convention city.

But no advantage overshadowed, in the eyes of the visitors, nor the local population either, the beautiful weather that was vouchsafed the city during Shriner week. It was the ordinary May weather of Atlanta, and yet the visitors gasped and marveled at the serenity and purity of the skies, and at the continual breeze that tempered the warmth of the summer sun.

Algeria Temple sent a patrol and a picturesque company of representatives to Atlanta, who came out of a snowstorm. They were grateful, as were all the visitors from the North and West, for the balmy breath of Atlanta's weather.

PRAISES THE WEATHER.

"I don't believe any other city in the world could give us such bright, unclouded weather without giving also much suffering and hardship from the heat," declared Harry Cunningham, of Algeria Temple, Helena, Mont., the morning after the two great street parades, in which the Algeria patrol, in heavy spats, marched for miles under a sun, the like of which they do not know on their native heath.

"It is the altitude that does it, of course, bringing cool breezes and purity of atmosphere along with the bright sun."

Atlanta's superb climate was one of its greatest assets in the argument before the Dallas council last year, with a mean temperature of 69.9 degrees and a May average of 70 degrees for thirty-four years. There is not a wide variation throughout the year, so that the city is one for consideration whatever the season of a visit or a convention.

Swell Corns? Try Wonderful "GETS-IT"

Greatest Corn-Cure World Has Known. "Gets" Corns Sure as Fate.

Thousands say "GETS-IT" is simply magic. If you've tried nearly everything under the sun to get rid of those corns, so much the better for GETS-IT. Corn freedom is yours, at last, not

Use "GETS-IT" and You Will Mighty Soon Forget About Your Corns and Calluses.

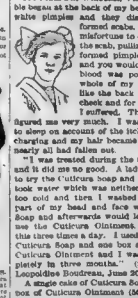
only week or next month, but right now! "GETS-IT" is the particular corns be a very dear sort. There are no more thick plasters and greasy salves that don't remove corns but only loosen and soften. Just drop "GETS-IT" on any corn and calloused spot and vanish. That's the new way. It's painless, sure, safe, quick way. Only "GETS-IT" and for it. Apply it in 3 seconds. Every druggist in the land sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence Sloan, Buffalo, N. Y.

"GETS-IT" is sold in Boston by Riker-Jayne Co.

WHITE PIMPLES ON WHOLE OF HEAD.

Suffered for Three Months. Disfigured Very Much. Hardly Able to Sleep on Account of Itching. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured.

251 Main St., Winooski, Vt.—"My trouble began at the back of my head with little white pimples and they discharged and formed scabs. If I had the misfortune to comb or raise the scab, pulling it off, there would come a watery sore and you would say that my blood was poisoned. The pimples spread all over my head and face like the back of it and one for three months I suffered. They disfigured me very much. I was hardly able to sleep on accounts of the itching and disfigurement and had become very sad and nearly all had fallen out.



"I was treated during the three months and used a full set of Cuticura Soap and one to try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I took water which was neither too hot nor too cold and used the Cuticura Soap for parts of my head and face with Cuticura Soap and afterwards would let it dry and use the Cuticura Ointment. I repeated this three times a day. I used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box and a half of Cuticura Ointment and I was cured completely in three months." (Signed) Miss Leopoldine Boudreau, June 20, 1913.

A single cake of Cuticura Soap (25c.) and box of Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are often sufficient when all else has failed. Sold throughout the world. Sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

LAY CORNERSTONE OF CHAPEL MAY 31

The laying of the cornerstone for the chapel in the cemetery of the Congregation Mishkan Tefila on Centre street, West Roxbury, will take place on Sunday, May 31.

Work on the foundation has already begun. Rabbi Herman H. Rubenovitts will deliver the oration, and rabbis of the other synagogues of Greater Boston will assist in the ceremony. Noted speakers will deliver addresses and a special musical program will be given by cantors, assisted by a choir.

The building, which will be constructed of West Roxbury brown granite, quarried not far from the cemetery, is of mingled Oriental and Gothic architecture, with large leaded glass art windows, upon which the Jewish leaders, Moses, Joshua and the Prophets, will be portrayed. The noble women of Israel will also be remembered in memorial windows to Miriam, Deborah, Ruth and Esther.

The building committee includes Henry I. Bornstein, chairman; Joseph Sonnabend, Simon Finberg, Elias J. Pevzner, ex-Senator Edward J. Bromberg, A. Alexander, Lewis Brown, J. Solomon, Myers Goldman, Louis Mayer and Aaron Slutsky.

BUCKLES HISTORY FOR NEW ENGLAND

NOW IN FOUR VOLUMES

Printed from the same plates as the original edition, which sold for $4.

IF YOU will get these books and read them—Think your way through them—You will have a right to consider yourself possessed of the foundation of a real education.

The Boston American has made it possible to secure the entire four volumes for One Dollar.

You can secure these Books from your local dealer, or you can order them direct from the Boston American. You will be persons of knowledge after digesting the great book, to which the writer devoted his whole life.

Send all mail orders to the American Promotion Department, P. O. Box 3047, Boston, Mass.

BOSTON AMERICAN

MERGING OF SIX TROLLEY ROADS URGED BY PRESIDENT SULLIVAN OF BAY STATE CO.

Means Better Service for the Eastern Section of State, and Will Solve Steam Road Problem; "L" Company Is Silent.

Up to a late hour last night President Bancroft of the L hadn't made up his mind just what to say in answer to the suggestion that the time has come when—for the public good, of course—the Bay State Railway Company, operating in nine ty-two cities and towns from the New Hampshire line to Rhode Isla nd, should be allowed to adopt the Elevated.

PRESIDENT SULLIVAN FOR PLAN.

President F F Sullivan of the Bay State has been telling members of the Legislature, at a public hearing in the State House, how to relieve congestion at the South and North Station s by cutting out half the trains when enter and leave these terminals every day."

Mr Sullivan's remedy—which he says will take care of not only this evil, but most of the transportation troubles of the metropolitan district —is a consolidation of all the street and interurban railway companies of eastern Massachusetts.

Such a combination would take in:

Boston Elevated.
Bay State.
Blue Hill.
Boston & Worcester.
Middlesex & Boston.
Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn.

The capital stock, bonds and all other forms of indebtedness of these five institutions amounts in round numbers to $350,000,000. Mr. Sullivan says it "requires so much effort today to get even a very small increase in actual capitalization that there is no inducement for over-capitalization. Hence he opposes stock-watering.

SOLVES SMOKE PROBLEM.

Members of two committees at the State House are anxious to hear from the Elevated, the Narow Gauge, the Boston & Worcester and the others. With all these interests in agreement it is not unlikely that the present session might witness the passage of an enabling act.

"The steam railroad companies," Mr Sullivan said last night, "have been telling us for years that the suburban business in and out of the North and South Stations costs them money. Such a combination as I have outlined can relieve them of this drain entirely the suburbanite to his nearest corner, and cut down the number of railroad trains in the two terminals by 50 per cent.

"We have also heard four years of talk about 'electrification.' Here is the way to get rid of most of it. In the other words, here is the maintenance of the best street railway and suburban service enjoyed by any city in the world, at the lowest cost.

"The Consolidated Company I have in mind would take over this suburban traffic on the outskirts of the Metropolitan zone and take it over practically in its entirety. From the north and the south, and from the west to Cambridge—extending the Cambridge tunnel out to Porter Station—it would save itself and also the elevated structures and into the tunnels on fast trains of four and five cars.

"NARROW GAUGE" TUNNEL.

"The enabling act should, and of course would, provide that rates and fares and the matter of capitalization remain in the hands of the Public Service Commission. I feel that I have merely done my duty in making a recommendation to the representatives of the people at the State House and I await cheerfully such action as legislators may decide to take.

"In a score of ways consolidation would improve the service. For example, the Revere Beach road, or 'Narrow Gauge,' as it is called should carry the people of Lynn, Revere and Winthrop into the city by means of a tunnel and leave them at Dollar Square with the transfer rights further on. In my mind there is no question but that the public would be better served by one company in the place of these six."

President Sullivan visited the State House for the second time in sixteen years to make his suggestion to the Committee on Metropolitan Affairs and the Committee on Street Railways. Said Mr. Sullivan:

I wish to state the position of the Bay State Company. If you should prepare an enabling act that would be fair, reasonable and workable, I am prepared to recommend it for favorable action WITH REASONABLE HOPE OF ACCEPTANCE.

BAY STATE ROAD READY.

President Sullivan's appearance grew out of the "Hyde Park" movement, as organized effort on the part of residents in the lowest, newest and youngest ward—Ward 26—to get the same 5-cent fare enjoyed by residents of other sections.

The Legislature of 1913 turned the complaints of Hyde Park, Revere, Chelsea, East Boston and other communities over to the Boston Transit Commission and the Public Service Board.

President Sullivan thought it was time for him to go to the State House when he read certain recommendations in the report of commissions which had been studying the situation for nearly a year. The boss of the Bay State found his inspiration in such sentences:

The Joint Commission believes that no large measure of relief can be expected in the way of the communities at the present time by a change in the existing method of situation and that the only hope of any substantial and effective immediate relief for these communities which suffer injustice or discrimination under the present system is by a thorough and fundamental consideration of the whole metropolitan transportation system, investing possible changes which might result from a consolidation of all or a part of the companies concerned.

"Speaking for the Bay State Street Railway," the president Sullivan said in effect, "We are ready."

Commissioner Curtis turned to Vice President Sergeant and Attorney Ballantine of the Boston Elevated.

"How about the L?" they were asked.

"This suggestion is as new to us as it is to the members of the committee," answered Ballantine, "we shall have to talk with our Directors' House and I await cheerfully such and get instructions."

UNITARIANS WILL GATHER MAY 24

Delegates from Every State and Canada Coming for Anniversary Week.

Unitarians of Boston are making extensive preparations for the observance of anniversary week, May 24 to 28. Delegates from every State of the Union as well as from Canada will be present.

Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, will be one of the speakers at the missionary meeting in Arlington Street Church, Wednesday, May 27, at 8 p. m. William Skyle, president of the Unitarian Club of Boston, will preside at this gathering. Dr Eliot will also make the address before graduating exercises of the Meadville School in Channing Hall, No. 25 Beacon street, Thursday, May 28, at 9.30 a. m.

Former Governor Guild will preside at the Unitarian Festival in Tremont Temple, Wednesday, May 27, at 8 p. m. Congressman Samuel W McCall, the Rev. A. H. Bithaney of the Church of the Disciples, Brookline, and President J Randolph Coolidge of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will speak.

One of the most important business meetings will be in South Congregational Society on Sunday evening, May 31, at 8 p. m., when the Unitarian Fellowship for Social Justice will outline its program. There will be addresses by the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, the Rev. Edward Cummings, D. D. and Miss Jessie Wallace Hughan, Ph D.

The laymen of the Unitarian Church will hold their annual dinner on May 25, at 6.30 p. m., in the rooms of the Twentieth Century Club. The Rev. Samuel A. Eliot and Alexander Johnson, formerly secretary of the National Conference of Charities, will speak.

The eighty-ninth annual meeting of the American Unitarian Association will be held in Tremont Temple Tuesday, May 26, at 10 a. m., when the annual address of the President, the Rev Samuel A. Eliot, will be given, with the report of the special commission on methods and membership of the association by Judge Lewis C. Cornish.

WOLF 25 YEARS IN POLICE WORK

Noted Thief Catcher Receives Many Letters of Commendation on Anniversary.

Police Inspector Morris Wolf, one of Boston's noted thief catchers, is today celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of his police career. During his service he has arrested and convicted more than 2,000 criminals and holds the distinction of never having lost a case in the Superior Criminal Courts.

His first assignment was as a patrolman attached to Station I. He was sent to what was then known as the "Cow House District."

The inspector speaks several languages which are valuable assets to him in his work. He has never used the story book disguises and is always sure of his man before he decides him. Wolf is at present assigned to the water front and meets every incoming steamer, bidding them welcome as well as Bostonians who depart for foreign countries.

Few if any of the police inspectors can boast of the record of Inspector Wolf. His acquaintance does not extend entirely to criminals as was evidenced by the letters, telegrams and flowers that decorated his desk at headquarters last night, some of the cards bearing names of Boston's most prominent citizens.

Dance About Pole in Dorchester Party

A happy crowd of boys and girls danced about the May pole at a May party held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J F. Brown, No. 26 Evelyn street, Dorchester. Alfred N Dunnell was "King" and Miss Ruth Helen Brown was "Queen" Ice cream and cake were served by Mrs. Brown Mrs. M. N. Strong and Mrs. M. Glass on the lawn.

BOY CONVICTS IN MULLINS CASE

Peter Delory, at left, and James Mantir, convicted of the murder of Annie Mullins, and for whom pardons are now sought on the grounds of miscarriage of justice.

Continued from First Page.

swinging his way again in the Mullins case.

"I thought it would come," said Captain Hurley last night. "Those boys are innocent. It is a shame to keep them locked up They never saw Annie Mullins. This has been a horrible mistake. I wish I was as sure of getting to heaven as I am that they are innocent.

"I would stake my own life on the guilt of the man they let slip through their fingers. He lost in Cambridge now, though. Latest reports place him in the West. He didn't stay in Cambridge very long after that. Everything he turned up ended in a blind alley. He was a dove-tailed and encompassed that man."

Captain Hurley and Lieutenant Neilan expressed the view that it would be hard sledding to convict the suspect now, owing to the passage of so many years, but they are on the job, nevertheless, and have a pretty formidable case, as matters stand.

CORCORAN TAKES HAND.

Although he knew that Attorneys Moroney and McDermott were preparing petitions, District Attorney Corcoran felt that he had work to do as county prosecutor of Middlesex County to determine whether a mistake had been made in the case of Mantir and Delorey

District Attorney Corcoran knew that procedure would demand that counsel for the prisoners take the initiative in pardon proceedings, but he felt it his right to help if the convicted men were innocent and so he rolled up his official sleeves and pitched in. He did this irrespective of what future course may be shaped by developments in the way of getting anybody else for the crime That with the young prosecutor of Middlesex County is a secondary consideration just now.

Mr Corcoran is being assisted by Assistant District Attorney Frank P O'Donnell. He is not talking for publication about the matter at this time. He says that is up to counsel for the prisoners, whom he wishes to assist in every way.

Last week Assistant District Attorney O'Donnell went to State Prison with a stenographer and brought back a statement from Mantir and Delorey. Last Wednesday District Attorney Corcoran personally visited the prison and chatted with Mantir and Delorey more than an hour.

BOYS PROTEST INNOCENCE.

Both prisoners reiterated their innocence After his interview, District Attorney Corcoran and his counsel walked in a solitude, doing nothing just then, in the shirt room. They saw Warrie Charlie, the Chinese court interpreter who got a death sentence commuted to a life term for the murder of his Chinatown, deftly folding shirts. "Big Bill" winked as they passed. They each bought a cane from Blondin, who got life for chopping up his wife. Blondin makes canes out of paper which are almost as heavy and black as ebony

District Attorney Corcoran admitted that he had taken full statements from Mantir and Delorey, and that he was very much impressed with their stories.

Attorney John A. I. Moroney, counsel for Mantir, said yesterday:

"Those boys are as innocent as I feet. am Time and time again I have tried to corner Mantir or to get some statement amounting to an admission, but he has always told the same story He said he never saw the girl for whose murder they convicted him He says he didn't know what they had him for He consented to come to Boston from Manchester a year after the crime at the Detectives' aunt, expecting that she wanted to see him, but his suit to compel her to pay him $58 for a half year's wages. When he responded to the appointment they arrested him.

COMBAT AUNT'S STORY.

"I don't feel at liberty now to discuss plans. We shall not overlook a detail, however The big thing to combat is the story told by Delorey's aunt a year after the murder, the story that caused her nephew and Mantir, who worked as a farm hand for her, to have evidence on their score. What has impressed me is the refusal of Mantir to agree to any compromise plan which I suggested as a test to sound him. For instance, I have said to him that perhaps the right got a pardon if he agreed to leave the country, but he was answered that he would not do that if he was innocent and wanted to remain right here and work.

"I would say to him after he got his life term 'Now, Jim, if you did this thing you ought to confide in your counsel so long as it is all over,' and he would reply hotly 'So you think I did it, too?' and I would quickly answer him that I didn't but was only trying him Then he would come and tell what a mistake it was to have them lie there for something they did not do.

"I shall file my petition with Governor Walsh the middle of this week."

To Inspect Cape Canal on June 9

Upon the invitation of August Belmont, the president of the Cape Cod Construction Company, the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange will make a visit of inspection to the Cape Cod Canal, Tuesday, June 9 The Dorothy Bradford of the Provincetown-Provincetown service, has been specially chartered by the Exchange for this occasion. Governor Walsh will be the special guest and principal speaker of the day.

STATUS OF SHOE TRADE.

One large shoe manufacturer is said to estimate the shoe business of the country as being from 20 to 25 per cent. below the average of three past years. He said: "In my recent trip in the West I found sentiment in Chicago and elsewhere [illegible] Two distinct views seemed to prevail One was that we have got a year and a half to live through before we get complete liquidation and before business shows a broad and genuine improvement. The other view, on the contrary, thought the upswing would begin in five or six months."

UNITED FRUIT OFFERING.

It is stated that the United Fruit Company has decided to arrange its 1914 financial requirements through the sale of $10,000,000 four per cent. notes. This issue has been sold by the company to John Hopkins & Co, who will shortly offer the notes to the investment public at a price understood to be close to par.

NEW HAVEN HEARING.

On June 3 there will be held in Providence a hearing on the New Haven's certificate of condemnation of certain lands it desires to take in Stonington, section 40 as to construction of freight yards The total area [illegible] oses to take is estimated at 544,347 square feet.

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BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL NEWS

Edited By Experts

COTTON OUTLOOK IS NOT HOPEFUL

Sentiment Rules Business Rather Than Economic Considerations, in Opinion of Experts.

By EDWARD LOW RANLETT.

NEW YORK, May 16.—American spinners will consume approximately 6,000,000 bales of cotton for the season ending September 1. This will cost at the mill doors a total of about $400,000,000. The output may be estimated at a valuation of $1,000,000 to the consumer. This is the magnitude of the cotton goods division of the dry goods trade

A representative of the Boston AMERICAN in a visit to the cotton goods district yesterday was informed trade conditions were extremely unsatisfactory and promised no change for the better The causes were variously estimated, but underlying it all, according to a consensus, sentiment is ruling the textile business rather than economic consideration or facts

Money is plentiful, stocks are light, and general crop prospects are now estimated as fair to good for the business In agricultural districts the retail and jobbing trade is better than at manufacturing centres as great railroad terminals.

FEWER WORKERS HITS TRADE.

The reduced number of pay envelopes coming from corporations and a reduction in the wage scales are beginning seriously to curtail sales in the retail department of the textile business This is the feature in this branch of the business in New York city.

The distribution of textile fabrics is in many respects changing and the great jobbers of the country are being reduced in number as a result of the establishment of mail agencies and mail-order corporations The consumer is daily coming in closer contact with the actual producer.

The result of this is to lessen the volume of orders, though their number may not decrease during periods of dullness Margins of profits are smaller as a result of these conditions, and accumulations of stocks are not necessary as buyers supply their needs from hand to mouth.

BUSINESS IN SUSPENSE.

The cotton goods division of the textile business is waiting. Some views expressed point to the effect of a lower tariff and the invasion of domestic and foreign markets by Japan and Europe at the expense of the export of American mill products Others regard the situation as temporary legislation and consequent trade depression a fully sharing in all other questions calling for pessimism.

"Contraction in the export business during the war's continuance with no hope of an early revival, the loss from the Far East Some interference in domestic business has followed the closing of Mexican mills and also as a result of contracts for army and navy fabrics.

There were also reported numerous retail buyers in New York on the taking by jobbers of some goods still unsold, covering a period of the next four months Many opinions in cotton goods centres are to the effect that any further drop in goods will enforce not only curtailment but the closing down of some mills.

COPPER METAL.

Regarding the status of the copper metal trade it is stated: "Producers of copper metal braced up considerably and refiners and producers refused to sell under 14½ cents a pound while the buyers could not be induced nearly to pay that price. Prices are as good as consumptive demand, with indications of lasting good for domestic consumers were in the market, and the copper sold was mainly chiefly for June delivery. Second-hand copper had almost entirely disappeared and it was doubtful if there was enough metal were obtainable under the 14½ cent level.

MR. GOULD AND "MOP."

One story about the refusal of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to arrange for floating the $250,000,000 Consumers' Pacific notes, due June 1, is that Otto Kahn's friend suggested to George J. Gould was that the Goulds and their fellow directors should all resign and let the banking house put in a new board and a voting trust—but no cash. Incidentally the banking house put up a considerable amount of real money to insure the success of the note financing.

"That doesn't look very good to me," said Mr Gould. "So long as we continue to put our money into Missouri Pacific, we intend to sit on the inside and watch it."

YARN MILLS BUSY.

It is reported that yarn mills are busier than cloth plants. So far this year the gross of the orders received by the United States Worsted Company is over double that of the first three past years. He said: "In my recent trip in the West I found sentiment in Chicago and elsewhere [illegible] Two distinct views seemed to prevail One was that we have got a year and a half to live through before we get complete liquidation and before business shows a broad and genuine improvement. The other view, on the contrary, thought the upswing would begin in five or six months."

FAILURES FOR A WEEK.

Failures last week in the United States numbered 226, against 224 for the previous week, 238 for the preceding week, and 280 in the corresponding week of last year. In Canada the number was 35, against 31 for the previous week, 53 for the preceding week and 45 last year.

SAN PEDRO COPPER.

The San Pedro Copper Company, all the capital stock of which is owned by the Greene-Cananea Copper Company, showed net income in 1913 calendar year of $1,823,31, compared with $830,030 in previous year.

ITS PRODUCTION FOR 1913.

For last year the Greene-Cananea Copper Company reports that the mines it owns or controls produced 44,490,514 pounds of fine copper, 497,933 23 ounces of silver and 8021.077 ounces of gold Combined net income for year amounted to $1,344,042.

Stocks Were Dull and Also Lower

Stocks ranged lower at the close yesterday, as they did at the opening. But trading was on a small scale. In New York transactions totalled but about 69,000 shares. There was some profit taking and a disposition to be cautious over Sunday. Steel, which led the market and was dealt in to the extent of a little under 11,000 shares, closed unchanged. Reading, Amalgamated and Union Pacific finished fractionally lower. In fact, the price range was narrow as regards both declines and advances. Americans had been heavy in London, but this was due more to European conditions than to any change in this country The monetary situation abroad is still giving concern. It is unchanged here. Big exportation of gold may have some effect upon rates, should it happen. Crop prospects, the expectations that Eastern roads will be permitted to make freight rates and the belief that the Mexican situation has passed the critical stage, are factors at present operating in support of stocks, although speculation and interest generally are both at a minimum Sentiment is better, although it is difficult to see any improvement in the business situation.

The Boston market lacked feature of interest, exerting the decline and recovery of United Fruit. That issue recorded several points when six issues of notes for $10,000,000 was announced, but it closed with a gain.

N. Y. Stocks

RAILROADS

	High.	Low.	Last.
Atch. T. & S. F.	91¾	91¼	91¼
Balt. & Ohio	91⅝	91¼	91¼
Canadian Pac.	214	213	213
Chesapeake & Ohio	56¾	56¼	56¼
Chi. R. I. & Pac.	26⅝	26⅜	26⅜
Chi. & N. W.	128¾	128¾	128¾
Erie	29¾	29⅜	29⅜
Erie 1st Pref.	38¾	38¼	38¼
Great Northern Pref.	127¾	127¾	127¾
Illinois Central	109¾	109¾	109¾
Interboro Pref.	18¾	18¼	18¼
Louisville & Nashville	137¾	137¾	137¾
Missouri Pacific	4¾	4¾	4¾
New York Central	92¾	92¾	92¾
N. Y. N. H. & H.	68¾	68¼	68¼
Norfolk & Western	112¾	112¾	112¾
Northern Pacific	111¾	111¾	111¾
Pennsylvania	113¾	113¾	113¾
Reading	164¾	164¼	164¼
Southern Pacific	93¾	93¼	93¼
Southern Ry.	25¾	25¼	25¼
Texas & Pacific	17¾	17¼	17¼
Union Pacific	146¾	146¼	146¼
Wabash Pref.	30¾	30¼	30¼

INDUSTRIALS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Copper	73¾	72¾	73¾
Am. Ice	8¾	8¼	8¼
Am. Smelting & Ref.	86¾	86¼	86¼
Am. Steel	32¾	32¼	32¼
Am. Sugar	122¾	122¼	122¼
Am. Tel. & Tel.	131¾	131¼	131¼
Am. Tobacco	41¾	41¼	41¼
Anaconda	41¾	41¼	41¼
Beth. Steel	42¾	42¼	42¼
Brooklyn R. T.	82¾	82¼	82¼
Consolidated Gas	132¾	132¼	132¼
Corn Products	16¾	16¼	16¼
Distillers' Sec.	36¾	36¼	36¼
General Electric	142¾	142¼	142¼
Int. Harvester	107¾	107¼	107¼
Int. Paper	17¾	17¼	17¼
Lackawanna Steel	44¾	44¼	44¼
Mexican Petroleum	71¾	71¼	71¼
Nat. Lead	57¾	57¼	57¼
Pacific Mail	23¾	23¼	23¼
People's Gas	111¾	111¼	111¼
Pressed Steel Car	44¾	44¼	44¼
Ry. Steel Spring	61¾	61¼	61¼
Republic I. & S.	29¾	29¼	29¼
Sloss-Sheffield	44¾	44¼	44¼
Tenn. Copper	31¾	31¼	31¼
U. S. Rubber	57¾	57¼	57¼
U. S. Steel	71¾	71¼	71¼
U. S. Steel Pref.	122¾	122¼	122¼
Utah Copper	61¾	60¾	60¾
Va.-Car. Chem.	44¾	44¼	44¼
Western Union	71¾	71¼	71¼
Westinghouse	71¾	71¼	71¼

Boston Stocks

RAILROADS

	High.	Low.	Last.
Boston & Albany	254	254	254
Boston Elevated	90¾	90¼	90¼
Boston & Lowell	225	225	225
Boston & Maine	68¾	68¼	68¼
Boston & Providence	220	220	220
Boston & Worcester	40¾	40¼	40¼
Fitchburg Pref.	102¾	102¼	102¼
Maine Central	110¾	110¼	110¼
N. Y. N. H. & H.	68¾	68¼	68¼
Northern New Hampshire	130¾	130¼	130¼
Old Colony	165¾	165¼	165¼
Rutland Pref.	70¾	70¼	70¼
Vermont & Mass.	90¾	90¼	90¼
West End	90¾	90¼	90¼
West End Pref.	107¾	107¼	107¼

MINING STOCKS

Ahmeek	270	270	270
Alaska	5¾	5¼	5¼
Amalgamated	72¾	72¼	72¼
Arcadian	12¾	12¼	12¼
Arizona Com.	35¾	35¼	35¼
Bingham Mines	47¾	47¼	47¼
Calumet & Arizona	69¾	69¼	69¼
Calumet & Hecla	415¾	415¼	415¼
Centennial	23¾	23¼	23¼
Copper Range	61¾	61¼	61¼
Daly West	20¾	20¼	20¼
Franklin	8¾	8¼	8¼
Granby	82¾	82¼	82¼
Greene-Cananea	56¾	56¼	56¼
Hancock	25¾	25¼	25¼
Helvetia	30¾	30¼	30¼
Indiana	45¾	45¼	45¼
Isle Royale	29¾	29¼	29¼
Kerr Lake	6¾	6¼	6¼
La Salle	44¾	44¼	44¼
Mass.	1¾	1¼	1¼
Mayflower	68¾	68¼	68¼
Michigan	11¾	11¼	11¼
Mohawk	57¾	57¼	57¼
Nevada Con.	19¾	19¼	19¼
North Butte	27¾	27¼	27¼
North Lake	3¾	3¼	3¼
Old Dominion	56¾	56¼	56¼
Osceola	85¾	85¼	85¼
Parrot	39¾	39¼	39¼
Quincy	72¾	72¼	72¼
Ray Con.	22¾	22¼	22¼
Shannon	10¾	10¼	10¼
Superior	44¾	44¼	44¼
Superior & Boston	4¾	4¼	4¼
Tamarack	60¾	60¼	60¼
Trinity	14¾	14¼	14¼
U. S. Smelting	44¾	44¼	44¼
Utah Con.	11¾	11¼	11¼
Utah Metal	3¾	3¼	3¼
Victoria	3¾	3¼	3¼
Winona	3¾	3¼	3¼
Wolverine	72¾	72¼	72¼
Wyandot	19¾	19¼	19¼

MISCELLANEOUS

American Sugar	106¾	106¼	106¼
American Woolen	25¾	25¼	25¼
United Fruit	130¾	130¼	130¼
United Shoe Mach.	50¾	50¼	50¼

Boston Curb

Stocks.	Bids.	Low.	Last.
Bay State Gas	10¾	11¼	10¾
Butte & London	4¾	4¾	4¾
Cal Corona	2¾	2¾	2¾
Calexico	17-16	17-16	17-16
Davis Daly	85¾	85¼	85¼
Emerald	1¾	1¾	1¾
Houghton	2¾	2¾	2¾
La Rose	17-16	17-16	17-16
McKinley	6¾	6¾	6¾
Mex	15¾	15¼	15¼
Nevada Douglas	1¾	1¾	1¾
Peterson Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾
Rex	5¾	5¼	5¼
U. P. & Con.	5-16	5-16	5-16
United Verde Ext.	50¾	50¾	50¾

STEEL TRADE.

At the end of the week the steel trade was still quiet, but manufacturers were hopeful of an improvement soon The buying of late has been less than needs of consumers in the dullest times. One report is that the Standard Oil Company has placed an order with the United States Steel Corporation for 250,000 boxes of tin plate for second half delivery.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT

NEW YORK, May 16.—The New York bank statement for the week shows the following:

	Actual.	Changes compared with last week.
Loans	$2,130,200,000	Increase. $14,400,000
Net deposits	$2,130,200,000	Increase. $14,400,000
Specie	$1,000,000	Increase. $1,000,000
Legals	$10,612,000	Decrease. $1,000,000
Reserve held	$11,612,000	Increase. $1,000,000
Reserve required	$10,612,000	ACTUAL
CLEARING HOUSE MEMBERS		
Loans	$2,146,603,000	$2,132,203,000
Net deposits	$2,146,603,000	$2,132,203,000
Actual cash reserve	$11,911,000	$11,911,000
Surplus reserve	$1,299,100	$1,911,000

Decrease.

FOR SALE
Boston & Montana Dev. Tr. R'cpts.
Anti-Friction Roller Bearing
STANDARD OIL SUBS.
& MINING STOCKS.
IRON BLOSSOM
Pays 32%
Send for our Market Letter
Securities bought and sold for cash or on conservative margin.
Copy of Investment Manual sent upon request.
PHELPS & FAY
Tele. 6464 Main. Members Boston Stock Exchange
53 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS.

ROTHSCHILD FAMILY FORTUNE FOUNDED BY WIFE OF THE FIRST OF THE GREAT BANKERS

Woman Has Demonstrated Her Ability in Business and the Professions—Many Now Employed as Cashiers—Some Would Be Capable as Bank Directors and Presidents

By BOERSIANER.

CHICAGO, May 16.—When the Chamber of Deputies refused almost unanimously to give French women the vote they merely withheld a political right, they did not—they could not—stay woman's economic progress in France.

It was a French woman, Mme. La Marechale De Grancey, who long ago was well aware that "men can strike a harder blow with their fists than women. " That was the origin of their superiority, it continues to be their sole claim to "superiority."

Before La Marechale had made the profound observation the Duchess of Orleans had given her grandfather: "Do you know why nations are better governed under male monarchs than under female? Because kings are ruled by women and queens by men"

This was a witty truth, characteristic of a nation where women for centuries have been more influential than men—without the latter being aware of it. Woman cannot as yet vote in France, but they can do almost everything else. Save the military, navy, magistracy, the law permits them to enter all businesses and professions. Toute les carrieres sont ouverte aux femmes—every career is open to women.

In fact, business women indeed among business heads in the world are French They own and manage some of the largest establishments Without losing a vestige of their sex attraction, retaining all of their fascinating charm, they engage in many occupations which up to a quarter of a century ago were looked upon as piece by masculine.

WIVES AS BUSINESS ADVISERS.

A French wife is more than a wife and mother, she is a comrade and a business auditor. It is rather curious that this country which denies woman suffrage was by several generations the first to permit them to occupy offices which custom would have denied to American women. Women whose station in life one by one giving the vote to women Americans of middle age can remember when professions now generally taken by women were looked upon as naturally and properly belonging to men. Today in Paris, France, there are women cutters, printers, doctors, lawyers, stationmasters, conductors on railroads, policemen as has Chicago, but as an office that has women coachmen (la Fiat would say), for which Chicago is not yet prepared.

In the church, women are conspicuous in both countries, and wield powerful influence. Their leading power of Christ in Science is putting women in the pulpit everywhere, notably in this country.

In the matter of clerical work, in charitable affairs, etc. The efficiency is about equal in proportion to the population in France and America.

For years there was stupid prejudice here against women doing office work. The cry was it has not been done before. Consequently all the more—and are—splendid, while far to let them try it? Incapability destroys itself. The fact is that women are better fitted for such situations, are steadier, more reliable, more accurate.

WOMEN SUPERIOR TO MEN?

This wilful misprisement has its root in the age-long ignorant assumption that woman is inferior to man Ignoramuses point to the geniuses the world has produced and say "there are only a few women in the illustrious group." The answer is that there are any—considering the thousands of years in which women have been kept in ignorance. After all the real geniuses who have trod the planet are few in

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Wheat Trade Livened by Bad Crop News

Argentina Exportable Corn Surplus Reduced Fully 20 Per Cent.

By JOSEPH F. PRITCHARD.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Crop deterioration in Missouri and Illinois caused a general advance in the grain market at Chicago this week. The public came in as buyers, and many of them were influenced by the speculation and took on some long wheat In addition, the market was badly in need of something from the crop line, but it proved speedy, with cash wheat without any exception, higher than the week before.

The world's trade is based entirely on the crop conditions of the southern hemisphere. Floods have caused considerable damage, and the exportable surplus has been reduced fully 20 per cent.

Farmers have been freer sellers during the past few days Export clearances of this grain from the seaboard are quite small, totaling only 1,000,000 bushels for April while for the 8 months ending April 30 for the 8 months in 1913 the clearances were 6,000,378 9 bushels.

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BUILDERS CLASH OVER CHANGES IN CONSTRUCTION LAWS AIMED TO AVERT MELVIN FIRE HORRORS

Find No Common Ground on Which to Get Together to Carry Out Grand Jury Recommendations.

How shall the Grand Jury recommendations for changes in the building laws to prevent a repetition of the Melvin apartment fire-horror be carried out?

This is the question uppermost in the minds of men intimately associated with the construction of scores of apartment houses in Greater Boston.

While there is little or no opposition to the recommendations made by the Grand Jury, following its probe into the Melvin catastrophy, there seems to be no common ground upon which the different interests can get together to carry out the proposed reforms.

Patrick O'Hearn, building commissioner for the city of Boston, contends that the question is dismissed in a bill amending the building law now pending before the Legislature. Under the changes profiled in this bill, human life, he says, will be amply protected. Those of the opinion that new laws should be passed to limit the initial cost of erecting apartment houses

BEHIND AN IRON CURTAIN.

ALWAYS FIRE HAZARD.

basements of such buildings should be cut off and that sprinklers should be provided at the [illegible] stairways, elevator wells, [illegible] etc.

A representative from the estate of [illegible] real estate investors [illegible] of [illegible] has expressed [illegible] and became a prominent [illegible] in Boston, [illegible] been a great many [illegible] of these [illegible] of the Melvin, and more [illegible] dangerous [illegible] public [illegible] have [illegible] [illegible] and despite the awful lesson [illegible] they [illegible] shown [illegible] their [illegible] in the fire hazards [illegible] about them. The best way to control the situation is for [illegible] to become inspectors of the [illegible] in which they live, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

John L. Discusses War, Tango, Religion and Other Things

Stage Is in Danger, but Nation O. K. Says Former Champion

Grand Old Man of the Squared Circle Has Hope in Rising Generation.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN (ON THE RIGHT) AND MR. GALVIN.

By C. O'CONNELL GALVIN.

John L. Sullivan, former, ... Josephine Leonard, ... current events and ... of ... discussion the ... and most ... of ... ...

SPORTING NEWS AND ATHLETICS
SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914.

Boston American
MONARCH OF ALL NEW ENGLAND SUNDAY PAPERS

NEWS SECTION PART III.
SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914

YALE SWAMPS HARVARD TRACK STARS, 66½ TO 37½

THRILLING FINISHES AND SOME OF THE STARS IN YESTERDAY'S DUAL MEET BETWEEN YALE AND HARVARD AT THE STADIUM.

At the top, Captain Barron of Harvard (second from the left) is winning the hundred-yard dash. Inserted into that picture is Harbison of Yale winning the shot put. Below (at the left) is J. O. Johnstone of Harvard winning the broad jump. At the right (below the dash picture) is Poucher of Yale breaking a record and winning the mile run. At the bottom is Wilkie of Yale winning the quarter-mile. Inserted at the right is a head of W. M. Oler of Yale, who won the running high jump.

SOX DOWN TIGERS IN 1ST CLASH AT FENWAY

Carrigan's Men Come Back and Shut Out the American League Leaders in a 3 to 0 Struggle

Sox Have Hard Time Breaking Through the Cobbs—Huge Crowd Sees Rejuvenated Tigers

By A. H. C. MITCHELL.

The Red Sox won a most exciting battle from the Tigers in the week-end fracas at Fenway Park yesterday afternoon. Score 3 to 0. It was a regular old time ball game in the matter of thrills, exciting periods and enthusiasm.

A crowd of nearly 17,000 was kept on edge from the time the first ball was pitched until Speaker caught the fly ball from the bat of Veit, which ended the game.

The sharpest kind of fielding punctured the contest, and there were just enough errors to keep the crowd in a state of boiling excitement. The appearance in Boston of Hugh Jennings and his band of carnivorous Tigers is always a signal for a general uprising of baseball fans.

A Detroit team always delivers a money's worth, and it certainly did so in the clash with the Red Sox.

COBB MAKES GREAT CATCH.

The great "Ty" Cobb, while he did not [illegible] the [illegible] Hooper in the fifth inning, did get credit for a one-hand stab off the bat of Jack Doyle in the last game of the 1912 World's Series.

[illegible] was a sure three-bagger. It was a hot one, all right, and it did not seem possible that anybody could get within ten yards of the ball. But Cobb, running like a express speed, jumped in the air and as the ball was going by him [illegible] and pulled it down.

The ball struck the ground [illegible] the fielder got possession of it and [illegible] to start on its way again, but the [illegible] down into [illegible] and [illegible] to it as though it were the winning ticket in a solvent lottery. The far-minded Boston crowd gave the great player a hand that he will probably never forget.

GARDNER PLAYED GREAT GAME.

Besides Cobb's feat there were other fine fielding features. Larry Gardner picked sizzling grounders out of the dust and stopped bewhiskered drives that came at him with terrific [illegible] and scattered a host around [illegible] of Speaker in the last [illegible] of the day made a splendid catch [illegible] in short right field.

For thrills, the game was hard to beat. In the last of the second inning the Red Sox got three men on bases with no one out, and in the intense excitement that followed they failed to score.

The Tigers came right back in the third and [illegible] up the sacks with only one out. But they, too, were forced to take the field again without making a tally in.

Then came another heartrending session when the Sox filled up the bases with no one out. This time there were [illegible] doings. On Gardner's grounder to Bush, Lewis crossed the plate, and on Engle's sacrifice fly Speaker scored.

This pair of runs in the third looked better and better as the game wore on. The Tigers challenged in the fifth, seventh and eighth, having splendid chances in each of these innings, but fine fielding and the [illegible] of the game were against them and it never saw the home team.

It was a battle of [illegible] Cobb [illegible] was there to the tune of [illegible] honors went to the Yankee [illegible]. He pitched the tightest kind of ball in every critical period, and was forced to show his gameness throughout the game, for the Tigers circulated in every inning except two.

On the other hand, Cavaleiro was plainly in distress two or three times and, although he was out of many a tight one, the Sox hit the ball when they had to. Although single misplays [illegible] his batting average was perfect for the

Continued on Page 8, Column 5.

It Was a Merry Day Out at Fenway Park

DETROIT

	ab.	r.	lb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
[illegible]	3	0	1	1	1	2	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	3	3	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	2	3	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	2	2	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	2	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	30	0	0	0	24	15	2

RED SOX.

	ab.	r.	lb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Hooper, rf	3	1	0	0	2	0	0
Janvrin, 2b	3	0	0	0	3	3	0
Lewis, lf	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
Walker, cf	3	0	1	2	3	0	0
Gardner, 3b	3	1	1	1	0	3	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	2	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	27	2	2	3	27	17	0

Detroit [illegible] for Cobb in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Janvrin, Lewis. Sacrifice hits—Gardner, Engle. Stolen bases—Walker, Gardner. Double plays—Janvrin, Scott and Veit; Janvrin and Scott. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Boston, 5. Bases on balls—Off Boland, 2; off Leonard, 1. Struck out—By Boland, 2; by Leonard, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Leonard, Cobb. Passed ball—Stanage. Time—1:50. Umpires—Dineen and Connolly. Attendance—17,000.

BRAVES BEATEN 1-0 IN GREAT GAME AT CINCI

CINCINNATI May 16.—The Braves were shut out by the Reds [illegible] a score of 1 to 0 here [illegible]. It was the third time during their stay in Rhineland that they were whitewashed, "Rube" Benton getting credit for two of the Reds victories. The Braves scored only two runs during their series here.

The "Rube" opposed Rudolph on the rubber today, and each twirler allowed but three hits in an errorless contest, which was played in 1 hours and 26 minutes.

Rudolph held the Reds hitless until the fifth inning, when Magee singled to right. The other two Cincinnati hits were made in the eighth, when Hollitzel tripled to deep right and scored on Vonkolnits' single to centre.

Vonkolnits has been on the job in the pinches two times during the Boston series, having scored two runs with a double to centre yesterday. He is a recruit catcher and is being used in centre by Herzog to give Bates a rest.

Today's contest was by far the best game played on Redland field this season.

Maranville, who brought disgrace upon himself and defeat upon his team yesterday by errors, redeemed himself today. The speedy little shortstop played a wonderful game at short accepting three hard chances and having five put outs. His catch

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

And Those Goose Eggs Kept Stringing Along

BRAVES

	ab.	r.	lb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Evers, 2b	3	0	0	0	2	3	0
M'Carthy, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Gowdy, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf	3	0	1	1	2	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	3	0	0	0	12	0	0
Maranville, ss	3	0	1	2	2	2	0
Smith, c	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	0	1	6	0
[illegible]	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
a Deary	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
[illegible]	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
[illegible]	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	0	3	3	24	10	0

CINCINNATI

	ab.	r.	lb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Moran, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Herzog, 2b	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Groh, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Magee, lf	3	0	1	1	3	0	0
Hollitzel, 1b	3	0	1	3	12	0	0
Roth, cf	3	0	1	1	2	0	0
Neale, c	3	0	0	0	6	0	0
Rudolph, p	2	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	25	0	3	5	27	12	0

Batted for Dolan in seventh inning.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	0

Two-base hit—Vonkolnits. Sacrifice hits—Evers, Rudolph. Stolen bases—Magee, Hollitzel. Left on bases—Boston, 3; Cincinnati, 3. Bases on balls—Off Rudolph, 1; off Benton, 1. Struck out—By Rudolph, 3; by Benton, 2. Time—1:26. Umpires—Rigler and Byron.

MARLBORO TAKES GAME.

MARLBORO, May 16.— Marlboro High defeated Natick in a Middlesex League contest here today, by a score of 5 to 1. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Marlboro	H.	..	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	5	7	1
Natick	H.	..	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	3

Batteries—Cleary and Pellegrini; H. Orioroso and Dumas.

Exeter Triumphs in Big Schoolboy Meet

NEW HAVEN, May 16.—Exeter easily won the Yale interscholastic meet today, scoring more than any two rival competitors. Its total was 55, while Mercersburg and Lawrenceville Academies were tied for second place with 23 points each.

Hotchkiss School of Lakeville, Ct., was fourth with 17 points.

In the first [illegible] heat of the 100 yards dash, L. Williams of Exeter registered a mark of 9-4-5 seconds, but it will not be claimed because of the high wind which aided him.

Wright Wins Vault at Princeton Meet

PRINCETON, N. J., May 16.—The big amateur athletes who were scheduled to carry off the first honors in the open handicap track meet here today failed to produce the goods. Alvah Meyer and Mark Wright of Boston were the only prominent amateurs to win, the former taking the century in ten flat from scratch and the latter clearing the bar in the pole vault at twelve feet six inches. J. D. MacKenzie, the Princeton miler, set a new record for the local [illegible] in the mile run. MacKenzie started from scratch and finished in second place, Giordono of Marquette of C. C. who had a handicap of 125 yards, winning the event. Mackenzie was clocked in 4.21 1-5.

MANY RECORDS BROKEN AT THE GREAT ANNUAL DUAL MEET.

By NICK FLATLEY.

With a splendidly balanced track team, every member performing at his best, Yale came into the Harvard Stadium yesterday and swept the Crimson hopes away in very business-like fashion. The final score of the dual meet was 66½ to 37½.

From the very start it was evident that it would be all Yale. The Blue athletes opened proceedings by shutting out Jack [illegible], Harvard's hope in the hurdles, in the first event on the program, and from then on it was merely a question as to how badly the invaders would bury the home outfit.

CAPTAIN BARRON STAR FOR HARVARD.

Captain Barron of Harvard was glorious in defeat. Though he has been a quarter miler, he won both the hundred and two-twenty, defeating the speedy Cornell of Yale by a great exhibition of gameness and grit.

His team mates, however, [illegible] heartiest example, and Yale star after star were recorded winners to the dismay of a big crowd that filled the sides of the Stadium, and, until a few finals had been run off, hoped against hope for a Crimson victory.

Several days of warm sun had dried the track and made it lightning fast, [illegible] Potter [illegible] over the high [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] record.

[illegible] the half mile. Captain [illegible] of Yale, one time conqueror [illegible] John Tait Jones, [illegible] Eggers, outfooting the speedy Capper in 1.54, three-fifths of a second [illegible] the record he himself [illegible] a year ago.

Roi Poucher, Yale's [illegible] runner, also worked in on the record breaking stunt, leading [illegible] New Haven fellows to the tape in 4.24, which is some [illegible] he might have [illegible] [illegible] but anyone in the field [illegible] to push him.

Some share of what [illegible] glory came to Harvard in the day's work, was won by Boyd, the slender captain of the cross-country team, who took the greatest race of the afternoon, the two mile, after a heart-[illegible] of Yale, and set up the new dual figures of 9.51.

Not content with initiating affairs with a record, Potter kept right on and before he had done his day's work had both hurdle events to his credit. He showed beautiful form going over the sticks and could have come quite close to world's record time in either event had there been [illegible].

HARVARD STRONG IN JUMPS.

The big surprise of the day came in the jumps, where Harvard supposedly weak, got away with two firsts and a second. Camp took the pole vault with a surprising leap of twelve feet and Johnstone, following to Oler of Yale, in the high jump, came back in the broad with a lift for twenty-two feet and ten [illegible] inches, [illegible] Yale, Bradley a third in the shotput being the only starvard point made.

Hennessy [illegible] Yale's [illegible] in [illegible] record [illegible] record.

Continued on Page 4, Column 5.

Baseball Results Yesterday

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 2, Detroit 0.
Washington 2, Cleveland 1.
New York 2, St. Louis 1.
Philadelphia 4, Chicago 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati 1, Boston 0
New York 2, Pittsburgh 0.
St. Louis 3, Philadelphia 0.
Brooklyn 2, Chicago 1.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis 5, Brooklyn 3.
Indianapolis 4, Baltimore 1.
Kansas City 7, Pittsburgh 6.
Buffalo 8, Chicago 3.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Lowell 2, Haverhill 1.
Manchester 6, Lewiston 0.
Worcester 14, Lawrence 3.
Portland 3, Lynn 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Providence 3, Rochester 0.
Buffalo 4, Jersey City 1 (1st game).
Buffalo 5, Jersey City 2 (2d game).
Toronto 6, Newark 5.
Montreal 5, Baltimore 2.

EASTERN ASSOCIATION.

New Britain 4, New Haven 2.
Waterbury 7, New London 2.
Bridgeport 8, Pittsfield 1.
Springfield 3, Hartford 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis 6, Louisville 5, (12 innings).
Kansas City 7, Columbus 6.
St. Paul 5, Milwaukee 1.
Indianapolis 9, St. Louis 6.

Standings of the Clubs in the Six Principal Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

FEDERAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

EASTERN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

RUDOLPH FAILS TO HALT REDS

Herzog's Band Makes It Four Straight Wins — Benton Pitches Star Game.

Continued from First Page.

off Niehoff's foul against the concrete of the left field bleachers in the eighth was nothing other than miraculous.

Captain Evers, who got on [illegible] single to the midfield in the last period, went out at second [illegible] Clarke's arm [illegible] Evers' sprinting ability.

The Braves' captain re[illegible] while Maranville was [illegible] ninth, but Umpire [illegible] that Maranville purposely put out his arm and was struck by one of Benton's shoots, so Evers was ordered back to the initial base.

Both the Reds and Braves played perfect this afternoon and the 7,000 "fans" who came out to witness the game were always from the field perfectly [illegible].

Hoblitzell and Konetchy got hits [illegible] and runs, while [illegible] were made when the [illegible] of 30 Cincinnati [illegible].

PITCH HITTERS FAIL.

Rudolph gave but two bases on balls and struck out four men while Benton walked four and fanned two.

Pinch hitters for the Boston team failed to deliver the goods in today's contest. Piggy batted for Collins in the [illegible] grounded out, Bescher to Hoblitzell.

In the [illegible] Deal took up the stick and went to the plate in Griffith's place, Griffith having replaced Collins in right. Deal flied out to Moran and the game was over.

In the ninth Evers, the first man up, singled to centre field. Maranville went to the plate and after missing two let three go by, making it three and two. Benton put one over and the Braves' shortstop fell to the ground grooning. He arose and started to first while Evers took second, and the chances for tying the score looked better than any time during the contest.

Umpire Quigley, however, called Maranville back to the plate, claiming that he had purposely put out his arm and let the ball strike him. Evers was called back to first from second and Maranville promptly struck out.

EVERS PRAISES REDS.

The first game of the series, which was a one to nothing affair, was close behind today's game so far as playing was concerned, after the first inning, when Herzog's screaming double brought "Bullet" Moran across the plate from first base.

The second contest was entirely one-sided. Cincinnati scored six runs to Boston's two. Yesterday's game was all "Red" until the ninth, when the Boston's made two runs.

Captain Evers said tonight, before leaving for Pittsburgh that his team will do better against the Pirates. "The Boston ball the Reds are playing under Herzog was a big surprise to me," said Evers. "The ex-New Yorker will make some of the best teams tase off their hats to him."

BRINGING UP FATHER (IN ENGLAND)

By GEORGE M'MANUS

MAXWELL BLOWS UP, AND TERRIERS WIN

BROOKLYN, May 16. — Maxwell blew up in the seventh inning today and before the smoke had cleared away, four St. Louis Federals had crossed the plate. The final score was 5 to 3 in favor of the visitors. Three singles, a double and a triple in that one frame, in addition to a couple of bobbles, cost the Brookfeds the game.

Kauppert, the St. Louis twirler, was hit hard but was given excellent support. The score:

ST. LOUIS	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Roush, c f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	3	0	0	12	0	0
Smith, 2b	3	0	2	2	2	0
Wilson, l f	4	0	1	1	0	0
Hornsby, s s	4	1	2	1	4	0
Miller, r f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Snyder, c	4	0	1	6	0	0
Kauppert, p	3	1	1	0	2	0
Totals	33	2	9	27	8	0

BROOKLYN	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Daubert, 1b	4	0	0	11	0	0
Myers, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Stengel, r f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Wheat, l f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Mowrey, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	1
Fisher, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Merkle, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	1
Coombs, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Meyers, p	3	0	2	0	1	0
Totals	32	0	5	27	9	2

Totals ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Two-base hits—Hornsby, Merkle. Sacrifice hits—Myers, Meyers. Base on balls—Off Kauppert, 1; off Meyers, 1. Struck out—By Kauppert, 3; by Meyers, 2. Umpires—Klem and Hart. Time 1h. 35m.

MAGEE'S WILD HEAVE COSTS PHILLIES GAME

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 16.—A wild throw by S. Magee, gave the Cardinals the only run in today's game and the Phillies were beaten, 1 to 0. Miller grounded to Magee in the second and made third on the heave past Luderus. Wilson followed with a single that scored the run. Alexander and Doak pitched great ball, the former allowing but four hits. Doak held the Phillies to three hits and only one runner got as far as second, Cravath walking in the fifth and stealing. Only twenty-nine batters faced Doak.

ST. LOUIS	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Hornsby, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Bush, s s	3	0	0	1	3	0
Butler, r f	3	0	0	3	0	0
Miller, c f	3	0	1	2	0	0
Wilson, l f	3	0	1	2	0	0
Paulette, 1b	3	0	0	10	0	0
Snyder, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Doak, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	27	0	2	25	8	0

PHILADELPHIA	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Magee, r f	3	1	1	1	0	1
Luderus, 1b	3	0	0	11	0	0
Whitted, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Cravath, l f	2	0	0	2	0	0
Niehoff, 3b	3	0	0	1	2	0
Dugey, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Killefer, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Alexander, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	26	1	1	24	8	1

Totals ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Two-base hits—Cravath, Magee. Sacrifice hits—Bush, Alexander. Stolen base—Cravath. Base on balls—Off Alexander, 1; off Doak, 1. Struck out—By Alexander, 3; by Doak, 3. Umpires—Rigler and Byron. Time—1h. 25m.

EARL MOSELEY WINS FOR INDIANAPOLIS

BALTIMORE, Md., May 16.—Bill Phillips Hoosier Federals defeated the Baltimores, 4 to 0, today. Earl Moseley, formerly of the Boston Red Sox, was in great form. Kaiser Wilhelm, who pitched the whole game for the locals pitched brilliant ball for seven innings but his fellow visitors connected with his offerings for four hits and three runs.

The score:

BALTIMORE	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Kerr, c	4	0	1	4	1	0
Kauffman, s s	4	0	1	1	4	0
Mahaffey, 2b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Wilhelm, p	4	0	1	0	3	0
Dunleavy, 1b	4	0	1	11	0	0
Deal, 3b	3	1	2	1	2	0
Welsh, l f	3	1	0	2	0	0
Dolan, c f	3	1	2	2	0	0
Russell, r f	3	0	1	1	0	0
Wilhelm, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	3	10	24	12	0

INDIPS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Moseley, c	4	0	1	7	1	0
Mahaffey, 2b	4	0	1	1	4	0
Falk, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Faircloth, 1b	4	0	1	11	0	0
Fewster, l f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Hoffman, r f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Hendrix, 3b	3	0	0	1	2	0
Phillips, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	34	0	4	25	13	0

Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—3
Indianapolis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Two-base hits—Kauffman, Deal, Dolan. Three-base hit—Kerr. Sacrifice hits—Kauffman, Mahaffey, Dolan. Stolen bases—Kauffman, Deal, Dolan. Left on bases—Baltimore, 6; Indianapolis, 4. Base on balls—Off Wilhelm, 1; off Phillips, 1. Struck out—By Wilhelm, 2; by Phillips, 3. Umpires—Chill and Brown. Time—1h. 30m.

GRAFTON IS SWAMPED.

HOPEDALE, May 16.—In a Blackstone Valley League game, Hopedale High defeated Grafton High, 19 to 1, this afternoon. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Hopedale	19	12	0
Grafton	1	4	3

Batteries—Preche and Northrop; Boudlette and Stowell.

GIANTS AGAIN BEAT PIRATES

Tesreau Holds National Leaders Hitless for 8 2-3 Innings; Score Is 2 to 0.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 16.—For eight and two-thirds innings today, Jeff Tesreau was credited with a no-hit game against the Pirates. Then Jay Kelly bounced a hot grounder over Jeff's head. Two men were out at the time and no damage was done as Carey then flied out. The Giants won 2 to 0.

In the eighth inning, Vick drew a base on balls. He and Kelly were the only locals to reach first base during the game. It was generally known the Texsean virtually had left a sick bed to pitch and the big crowd applauded him generously.

The score:

PITTSBURGH	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Kelly, r f	4	0	1	4	0	0
Viox, l f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Mowrey, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Carey, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Vaughn, 3b	3	0	0	0	2	0
Schmutz, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	0
McCabe, s s	3	0	0	2	3	0
Adams, c	3	0	0	3	0	0
Cooper, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Gibson, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	0	1	27	10	0

NEW YORK	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Doyle, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Burns, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Fletcher, s s	4	0	0	2	3	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	1	12	0	0
Murray, r f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Meyers, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Tesreau, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	32	2	2	27	11	0

Totals ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 x—2
Three-base hit—Herzog. Sacrifice hits—Meyers, Merkle. Base on balls—Off Cooper, 1; off Tesreau, 1. Struck out—By Cooper, 2; by Tesreau, 3. Umpires—Byron and Hart. Time 1h. 35m.

RUNS SCORED BY LEAGUE TEAMS FOR THE WEEK

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

May 10 to May 16, Inclusive.

Teams	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Games	Runs
Boston									
Chicago									
Detroit									
New York									
Philadelphia									
St. Louis									
Washington									

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

May 10 to May 16, Inclusive.

Teams	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Games	Runs
Boston									
Brooklyn									
Chicago									
Cincinnati									
Philadelphia									
Pittsburgh									
St. Louis									

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

May 10 to May 16, Inclusive.

Teams	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Games	Runs
Lynn									
Lowell									
Haverhill									
Lawrence									
Portland									
Worcester									

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

May 10 to May 16, Inclusive.

Teams	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Games	Runs
Baltimore									
Brooklyn									
Buffalo									
Chicago									
Kansas City									
Indianapolis									
St. Louis									
Pittsburgh									

No games.

FORL TAKES GAME FOR BUFFALO FEDS

BUFFALO, May 16.—The local Federals hit hard at opportune times and easily outscored the Chifed aggregation. Russell Ford, who pitched for Buffalo, was very strong in the pinches. The score:

BUFFALO	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Wood, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Mullen, r f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Arndt, 3b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Owens, 1b	4	1	1	12	0	0
Hendrix, l f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Blair, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	0
Allen, s s	3	0	0	2	3	0
Wilson, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Ford, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	2	2	27	10	0

CHICAGO	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Flack, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Zeider, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Owens, 3b	4	1	1	1	2	0
Zwilling, r f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Kling, c	4	0	0	5	0	0
Mitchell, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Purtell, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Carroll, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Lavender, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Johnson, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	2	2	27	9	0

Buffalo ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2
Two-base hits—Owens, Zwilling. Three-base hit—Owens. Sacrifice hits—Arndt, Blair, Allen, Lavender. Stolen bases—Wood, Arndt, Owens, Zwilling, Zeider. Base on balls—Off Ford, 1; off Lavender, 1. Struck out—By Ford, 3; by Lavender, 1. Umpires—Finneran and Dineen. Time—1h. 50m.

BROOKLYN EVENS SERIES WITH CUBS

CHICAGO, May 16.—The Brooklyn Dodgers evened their series with the Cubs by taking the final game, 2 to 1, today. Pierce and Allen divided honors on the slab, both pitching great ball. The Cubs got their only run in the fourth, when, with the bases full and none out, Leach hit into a double play on which Corrideon scored.

Brooklyn's run came in the second on Corridon's error, Miller's single, a sacrifice and Dalton's triple. Allen was very effective in the pinches.

The score:

BROOKLYN	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Dalton, c f	4	0	2	2	0	0
Daubert, 1b	4	0	1	11	0	0
Stengel, r f	4	0	1	1	0	0
Wheat, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Miller, s s	3	1	1	1	3	0
Fisher, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Pierce, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	32	1	5	24	9	0

CHICAGO	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Leach, c	4	0	2	6	2	0
Corridon, s s	4	0	0	1	3	1
Deal, 3b	4	0	0	0	2	0
Saier, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Paskert, r f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Mann, l f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Bresnahan, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Allen, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	33	0	2	27	9	1

Brooklyn ..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Two-base hits—Dalton, Leach. Three-base hit—Miller. Sacrifice hits—Miller, Pierce, Allen. Stolen bases—Dalton, Miller. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 4. Base on balls—Off Pierce, 1; off Allen, 1. Struck out—By Pierce, 3; by Allen, 3. Umpires—Eason and Rigler. Time—1h. 30m.

KANSAS CITY FEDS DEFEAT PITTSBURGH

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 16.—The Kansas City Federal leaguers defeated the Pittsburgh rebels today, 7 to 6, in a see-saw game, the last man going out for Pittsburgh with three men on. Camnitz was knocked out of the box in the seventh inning while Harris gave way to Packard in the fourth. Colen batting featured.

The score.

PITTSBURGH	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hemphill, r f	5	1	2	0	0	0
Colen, c f	5	1	2	2	0	0
Lennox, 3b	5	0	1	1	2	0
Konetchy, 1b	5	0	1	10	0	0
Doolan, 2b	4	1	1	2	3	0
Wagner, s s	4	1	1	2	3	0
Gibson, c	4	0	0	4	0	0
Camnitz, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Harris, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Packard, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	39	4	8	21	10	0

KANSAS CITY	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Chadwick, l f	5	0	0	2	0	0
Kelly, r f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Swacina, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Hartley, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Easterly, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Hall, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Easterly, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Kerr, c	4	1	2	4	0	0
Bressler, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	35	1	4	24	9	0

Pittsburgh ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Kansas City ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Two-base hits—Hemphill, Colen, Lennox, Doolan, Wagner, Kerr. Three-base hit—Kerr. Sacrifice hits—Swacina, Hartley, Easterly, Hall, Bressler. Stolen bases—Hemphill, Colen, Doolan, Wagner, Kelly, Swacina, Hall. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 9; Kansas City, 5. Base on balls—Off Camnitz, 1; off Harris, 1; off Packard, 1; off Bressler, 1. Struck out—By Camnitz, 1; by Harris, 1; by Packard, 1; by Bressler, 1. Umpires—Chill and Brown. Time—1h. 50m.

WATERBURY EASILY BEATS NEW LONDON

WATERBURY, Ct., May 16.—Taking advantage of two misplays and smashing out three solid drives in the opening inning of today's contest, Waterbury won an easy 7 to 2 victory over New London. The visitors filled the bases three times, but failed to produce the necessary single to clinch a victory. Morton's pitching and Briggy fielding featured. The score:

NEW LONDON	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Bruce, c	4	0	0	5	0	0
Rock, s s	3	1	1	3	1	0
Wallace, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Quinn, l f	3	1	1	1	0	0
Bruggy, 1b	3	0	0	4	0	0
Moffatt, 3b	3	0	0	0	2	0
Ahearn, r f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Shea, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Morton, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	29	2	2	18	9	0

Batted for Rockwell in the seventh.

WATERBURY.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Briggs, s s	4	1	1	2	3	0
Wilson, r f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Fabrique, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	0
Nixon, c	4	0	2	6	1	0
Schmidt, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Shields, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Wagner, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Morton, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	32	3	7	27	11	0

Batted for Rockwell in the seventh.

New London ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
Waterbury ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 x—7
Two-base hits—Briggs, Fabrique. Three-base hit—Nixon. Sacrifice hits—Rock, Wallace, Quinn, Bruggy, Ahearn, Shea, Wilson, Fabrique, Nixon, Schmidt, Wagner. Stolen bases—Briggs, Wilson, Fabrique, Nixon, Schmidt, Shields, Wagner. Double plays—Rock, Wallace and Bruggy; Briggs, Fabrique and Schmidt. Base on balls—Off Morton, 1 in 2 1-3 innings. Struck out—By Morton, 1. Time—1h. 50m. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly. Attendance—700.

NEW BRITAIN VICTOR IN CLOSING GAME, 4-3

NEW BRITAIN, Ct., May 16.—In an extra inning session, the Brownies outbatted the White Wings of New Haven today, scoring out a victory, score 4 to 3. Sharp fielding featured the game. The score:

NEW BRITAIN.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Tyrrell, 3b	5	1	2	1	3	0
Arnold, s s	5	1	1	3	4	0
Lewis, l f	5	0	1	2	0	0
Cronin, 1b	5	0	1	11	0	0
Cassidy, c f	5	0	0	2	0	0
Burns, c	5	0	0	5	0	0
Connolly, 2b	3	0	0	3	3	0
Lavelle, r f	4	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	41	4	12	30	15	0

Runs are when winning run was scored.

NEW HAVEN	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Maisel, c f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Mahan, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Chaney, r f	4	0	2	1	0	0
Miller, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	0
Wood, s s	4	0	0	2	4	0
Warren, c	4	1	3	9	0	0
Whitted, l f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	35	3	8	26	15	0

Batted for Cronin in 9th.

New Haven ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3
New Britain ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—4
Errors—Brown, Connolly, Maisel, Mahan. Two-base hits—Tyrrell, Arnold, Chaney, Warren. Three-base hit—Lewis. Stolen bases—Mahan, Miller, Wood. Sacrifice hits—Arnold, Cassidy, Connolly, Maisel, Mahan, Miller, Wood. Left on bases—New Britain, 7; New Haven, 7. Base on balls—Off Brown, 3; off Bescher, 1. Struck out—By Brown, 8; by Bescher, 2. Passed ball—Connolly. Time—1h. 55m. Umpires—Thelan and Finneran.

HARTFORD BEATEN BY SPRINGFIELD SQUAD

SPRINGFIELD, May 16.—Springfield defeated Hartford today, 6 to 3 to 2, in a fast game. Both Burch and Baldwin, who started in, were retired, the former being relieved out in the ninth sensational fielding by Lewis, Behers Hammond, Worrell and Barney and timely hitting by Reed and Standard featured.

The score:

HARTFORD	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hammond, 3b	5	0	1	1	2	0
Lewis, l f	5	0	2	2	0	0
Behers, c f	5	0	1	2	0	0
Worrell, r f	5	0	1	2	0	0
Barney, 2b	5	0	1	2	3	0
Burch, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Baldwin, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Reed, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Standard, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	36	0	7	21	8	0

SPRINGFIELD	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hartley, 3b	4	0	0	0	4	0
Kelleher, l f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Lennox, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Hartley, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Hall, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Easterly, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Kerr, c	4	1	2	4	0	0
Bressler, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	2	4	21	11	0

Hartford ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Springfield ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2
Two-base hits—Lennox, Kerr. Sacrifice hits—Hammond, Lewis, Behers, Worrell, Barney, Burch, Reed, Standard, Hartley, Hall, Easterly, Bressler. Stolen bases—Lewis, Behers, Worrell, Barney, Reed, Standard, Kelleher, Lennox, Hall, Easterly, Kerr. Left on bases—Hartford, 7; Springfield, 6. Base on balls—Off Burch, 1; off Baldwin, 1; off Bressler, 1. Struck out—By Burch, 1; by Baldwin, 1; by Bressler, 2. Umpires—Connolly and Eason. Time—1h. 30m.

ATHLETICS DOWN WHITE SOX, 4-3

Mackmen Get Only Six Hits, but Make Them Count—Wyckoff Holds Chicago Safe.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 16.—Wyckoff held Chicago to three hits today and the Athletics won the first game of the series from the White Sox by 4 to 3. The Mackmen made their hits count off Benz. The latter followed only six hits, but five of them figured in their run making. Weaver sprained his ankle in the eighth inning and had to retire.

The score:

ATHLETICS.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Murphy, r f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Strunk, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Baker, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Walsh, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Barry, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Pick, 1b	4	0	0	11	0	0
Lapp, c	4	0	0	5	0	0
Wyckoff, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	35	0	1	27	10	0

CHICAGO.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Purtell, 3b	3	1	0	1	0	0
Weaver, s s	3	0	0	1	3	0
Berger, c	3	0	0	0	0	0
Felsch, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, r f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Mullen, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Risberg, l f	4	0	0	3	0	0
Schalk, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Benz, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	30	1	0	20	8	0

Batted for Benz in 9th.

Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—4
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Two-base hit—Baker. Sacrifice hits—Barry, Pick, Lapp, Purtell, Weaver, Berger, Felsch, Collins, Mullen, Risberg, Schalk. Stolen bases—Murphy, Strunk, Collins, Baker, Walsh, Barry, Pick, Purtell, Weaver, Felsch, Collins, Mullen, Risberg, Schalk. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 5. Base on balls—Off Wyckoff, 2; off Benz, 3. Struck out—By Wyckoff, 2; by Benz, 5. Passed ball—Schalk. Hit by pitcher—By Benz, 1 (Murphy). Time—1h. 45m. Umpires—O'Loughlin, Hildebrand and Evans.

SENATORS' WIN IS A GIFT FROM NAPS

WASHINGTON, May 16.—In the fastest game of the season here, the Nationals made it three straight by taking the first game of the Cleveland series today by the score of 2 to 1.

Blanding, who started for the Naps, could not find the plate. He was replaced by Collamore in the opening inning with the bases filled and one out and two balls on the batter. He walked the first two men to face him, forcing in the local's only runs, but pitched brilliantly thereafter. Johnson pitched well for the locals.

The score

CLEVELAND.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Lajoie, c f	4	0	1	1	0	0
Turner, 3b	3	0	1	1	3	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Speaker, l f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Graney, r f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Wood, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Perring, s s	4	0	0	2	3	0
Carisch, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Blanding, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	33	0	3	24	8	0

WASHINGTON.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Moeller, s s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Foster, 3b	3	1	0	3	3	0

HARVARD LOSES TO PENN, 12-2

Sayre Pitches Great Ball, While Hitchcock and Frye Are Batted All Over Lot.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Pennsylvania continued on her winning baseball way at Franklin Field this afternoon by swamping Harvard by a score of 12 to 2.

It was a ball game for two innings with Hitchcock and Sayre doing the twirling, but the Crimson pitcher was unsteady and could not stand the strain. He gave five passes to first and then was yanked out to make way for Frye.

The change was fatal, for Frye was worse, and the Quakers, making their hits when they did the most good, piled up runs at a great pace.

It became too one-sided to be interesting and the only fun was in guessing how many runs Penn would score.

Sayre, who has beaten Yale and Princeton twice each this year, was in his usual good form and held the Crimson batters safe all the way, although Clarke did manage to rap him for a home run.

HARVARD.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Maher, l	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hodgkins, l	4	0	0	0	0	0
Clark, 2	4	2	2	0	0	0
Hitchcock, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Frye, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Nash, 1	4	0	1	9	0	0
Cassidy, r	4	0	1	1	0	0
Kennard, c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Hubbard, s	4	0	0	1	3	0
Hardwick, 3	4	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	35	2	5	27	9	0

PENNSYLVANIA.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Mayer, 3	4	1	1	1	3	0
Bailey, l	4	2	2	2	0	0
Clarke, c	4	2	2	6	1	0
Walsh, 2	4	2	2	4	3	1
Wood, s	4	2	2	1	3	0
Cooney, r	4	2	1	1	0	0
Schmidt, 1	4	0	1	11	0	1
Wagner, r	4	0	0	1	0	0
Sayre, p	4	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	36	12	11	27	14	2

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Harvard	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2
Penn	1	1	6	2	0	0	1	2	0—12

Errors—Maher, Wagner, Sayre, Hardwick, Cassidy, Schmidt. Two-base hits—Hinde 2, Schmidt. Three-base hits—Hinde, Clark. Home run—Clarke. Sacrifice hits—Sayre, Williams. Stolen bases—Hinde, Clark, Walsh, Wood, Cooney. Double plays—Wood, Walsh and Schmidt. Bases on balls—Off Sayre 4, Hitchcock 1, Frye 4. First base on balls—Off Hitchcock 1. Hit by pitcher—By Sayre, Schmidt. Wild pitch—Frye. Passed ball—Watson. Time—1h. 55m. Umpires—Keenan and Hornberg.

Cornell Hammers a Tiger Pitcher

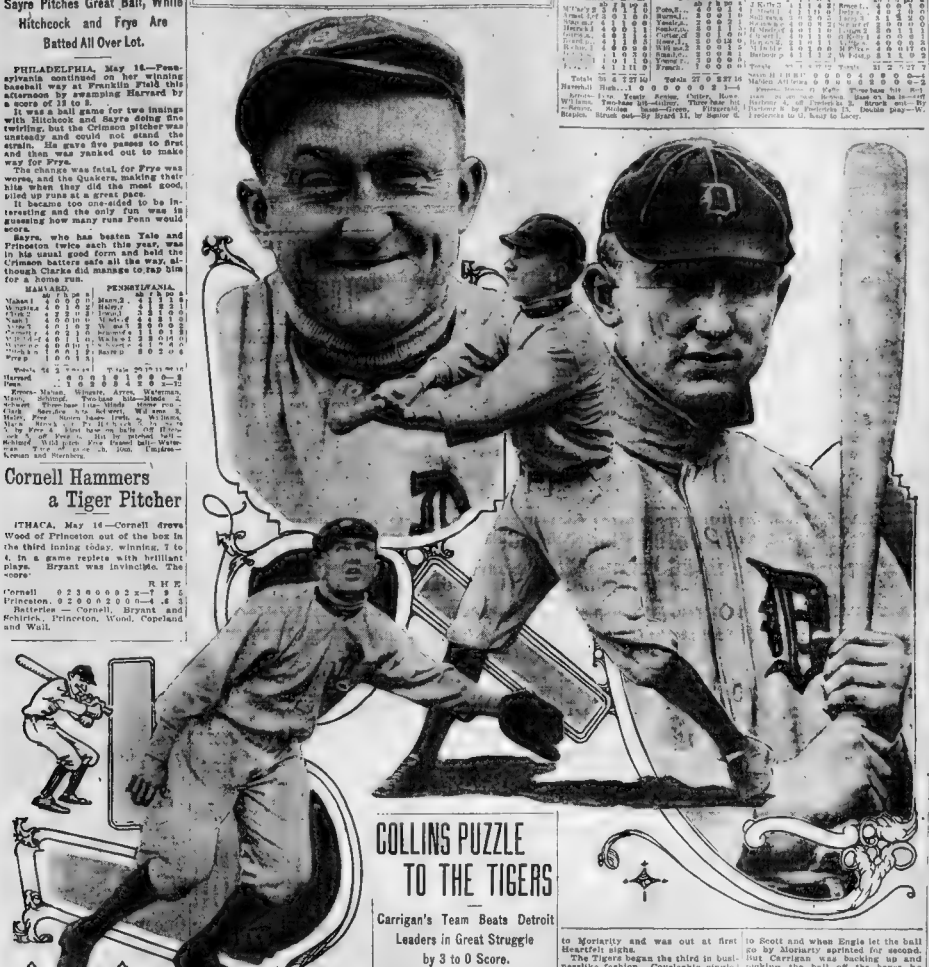
ITHACA, May 16.—Cornell drove Wood of Princeton out of the box in the third inning today, winning, 7 to 4, in a game replete with brilliant plays. Bryant was invincible. The score:

	R	H	E
Cornell	0	2	1
Princeton	0	2	0

Batteries — Cornell, Bryant and Schirtch. Princeton, Wood, Copeland and Wall.

Ty Cobb as He Looks in 1914

A series of snapshots of the mighty Georgian made for the Boston Sunday American at Fenway Park, during the opening game between the Red Sox and Tigers yesterday.



COLLINS PUZZLE TO THE TIGERS

Carrigan's Team Beats Detroit Leaders in Great Struggle by 3 to 0 Score.

Continued from First Page.

day. He drew two passes and drove in two of the three runs, scoring Speaker in the third on a sacrifice fly and sending the same player home with a sharp single in the eighth.

TIGERS RISH HALTED.

The Tigers came here from New York, where they had cleaned up by winning three straight. They have a good lead in the American League race, but Carrigan's men set them back in the first battle, and promise to keep up the good work when the two teams come together again on Monday. To help matters for their dangerous opponents they will journey down to Providence today and play an exhibition game against "Wild Bill" Donovan's Grays.

Bush began the game by popping the first ball pitched to Scott. Martin and Kavanagh then tore off a two-bagger to the left-field bank and stole third on the first ball pitched to Cobb. This put Collins up in the air and he handed Tris four bad ones. Crawford drove to Collins, who held Kavanagh on third while he threw the fence-buster out at first. Cobb going to second. High pushed a high fly to Speaker, retiring the side amid applause.

Kavanagh, the Hackensack wonder, posted Mosier's fast grounder for a starter in the last half of the inning, but before Harry had a good look at the base he was doubled up on Yerkes' tap to the box. Steve Yerkes' tap to the box. Steve Yerkes' tap to the box. Steve

BATTLE BETWEEN SECTIONS PROMISES ACTION APLENTY IN BIG LEAGUES, SAYS COBB

Star Slugger Says Tigers Will Give All Comers Very Busy Session

Thinks Good Hitters Will Soon Regain Their Natural Batting Prowess

Claims Pirates Will Die Hard in Big National League Pennant Fight

Expects to Be Back Soon in Battle for Big League Hitting Honor

TY COBB.

Written for the Boston Sunday American.

By TY COBB.

The battle between the Eastern and Western clubs in both the American and National Leagues is now on in earnest and though it is still early in the fight, the fans probably have been able to make some conclusions regarding the relative strength of the two sections.

Curiously enough, the Eastern clubs of both leagues have the same job before them, stopping the runaway pacemaker, which, in each case, is a Western outfit, Detroit in the American League and Pittsburgh in the National.

Our lead is not nearly so large as the one the Pirates have piled up, but it is a comfortable one, and we fully expect to go back home with a good hold on first place. If we do, they will have a mighty hard time catching us, for we have almost all of June at Navin Field, and defy anybody to lick us very badly right on our own stamping ground.

PIRATES WILL BE HARD TO STOP.

The Eastern clubs of the National League are up against it good and proper in trying to overtake the flying Pirates. That club will be home practically all of this month, meeting all of the seaboard teams in succession, and you may be sure that it isn't going to lose much ground while it stays at Forbes field.

I look for New York, Brooklyn and Philadelphia to have good trips this time. The Giants, now that they have settled down to the idea that they have a fight on their hands, should begin to play baseball, while the Dodgers and Phillies have done well enough at home to warrant the belief that they have real strength.

National League fans, in contemplating the huge lead of the Pittsburgh outfit, should not be discouraged at the extent of conceding the pennant to the Smoky City boys. I remember only too well that in 1911 the Tigers had a better than five Pirates have now winning twenty of the first twenty-five games, over our pitching staff went to pieces, and it wasn't long before the Mackmen were right on our heels. The Philadelphia club caught us July 4 for a minute, but we went ahead again and managed to stay there until about the first of August, when we began to breezed by in a cloud of dust. We didn't see them again except from long distance astern.

Of course, there is no getting around the fact that it looks like the Pirates are trying to make it a runaway race. They have surely cleaned up on good pitching, ginger, and even some skill on the sacks, in fact a quality which has been sadly lacking for a long time. Yet they haven't begun to be cinched by any manner of means, and the other clubs do not intend to quit fighting for at least four months yet.

Expects Soon to Be Back in .300 Class.

There seems to be much consternation among the fans because some of us who have been lucky enough to pile up big averages in the past have been slow to get going this season. Personally, I certainly am not proud of my start. I was batting under the size of my hat for a time, but I didn't get discouraged, and I think that they will begin to go safe for me regularly after a time. I expect to be back somewhere in the .300 class, so my friends need not despair.

As for leading the American League again, I am not worrying one way or the other. I like to get my hits and to acquire the honor of being the champion batsman of the circuit, but if the Tigers will stick up on top and win the pennant I shall get over much if I only hat my weight.

Fortunately, some of the other fellows on the club have been banging the ball in great style, so we weren't losing a game even when I wasn't killing the ball. When I get going, I hope to be the means of winning games for the club, which is more important than my individual figures.

It looks as though "Joe" Jackson would give everybody a battle for batting honors. He is going like a wild man now, but he doesn't look for a slump like he had late in the season of 1912, he will be a hard man to catch. "Joe" is a great fellow in any way you look at him, and if he beats me out he is welcome to all the honor that will accrue to him. I am sure that all the other batters who think that they have a chance at the top league feel the same way about it.

Others Will Soon Get Going in Proper Shape.

There is really no reason to worry about Speaker, Collins, Baker, Gandil and some of the other fellows who were bunched around the .250 mark a couple of weeks ago. All of these fellows are natural .300 batters, and unless they have some frightfully bad luck they'll all be where they belong before long.

Some of the papers have attributed my poor start to a slow start and my own to a flurry. Well, you can be sure that I deserve on my bi-weekly check have nothing to do with those in the box score opposite my name. I hit because I love to hit, primarily, and whether I am getting $15,000 a year of $1,500, I am always going to be in there trying to land the ball. Speaker must feel exactly the same way about batting.

There is something more in playing ball than the money you receive. Most players really love the game, and when they are out on the field they have something else to think about besides how much dough they are getting. We like to be paid for our talents, and to be paid well, but because a man gets a raise in salary he isn't going to swell up so that he can't see the ball any more.

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Ty Cobb's stories are a regular feature of the Boston AMERICAN, daily and Sunday.

SOMERVILLE HIGH DEFEATS EVERETT

Red and Blue Scores Second Suburban League Victory by 4 to 2.

Somerville High won its second Suburban League game of the week when it defeated Everett High on Recreation Field, Somerville, yesterday afternoon, 4 to 2. Over two thousand people witnessed the battle.

Both Pierotti for Everett and Fitzgerald for Somerville pitched splendidly, both allowing but **three** hits. The Everett boy struck out **ten**, while Fitzgerald got six on strikes.

The game was nip and tuck up to the eighth inning, Somerville making a gallant but valiant rally in the final chapter. The score:

SOMERVILLE.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Dowd's, 3	4	0	1	1	2	0
McMahon, 2	4	0	0	2	2	0
Fitzgerald, p	3	0	0	2	3	0
Hayden, c	3	1	1	7	0	0
Burke, s	3	0	0	1	3	0
Brown, 1	3	1	1	10	0	0
Hinkle, 2	3	1	1	3	3	0
Ryan, r	3	1	1	1	0	0
Fiorillo, l	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	29	4	5	27	13	0

EVERETT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Rockett, 1	4	1	1	8	0	0
Murphy, 3	4	0	1	1	2	0
Hook, c	4	0	0	9	0	0
Hassett, s	4	0	0	1	2	0
Jewett, 2	3	0	0	2	3	0
Bell, r	3	0	1	1	0	0
Sayre, l	3	0	1	1	0	0
Pierotti, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	26	2	4	24	5	0

Somerville High ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0—4
Everett High ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2

Two-base hits—Somerville, 2, Dowd's, Ryan; Everett, Bell. Sacrifice hits—Somerville, 2, Burke, Fiorillo; Everett, Hook. Stolen bases—Somerville, 2, Fitzgerald, Hayden, Brown, Hinkle, Ryan; Everett, Rockett, Hook, Hassett, Jewett, Bell, Sayre. Double plays—Fiorillo to Hinkle to Brown; Everett, Rockett to Jewett to Hook. Struck out—By Fitzgerald, 6; by Pierotti, 10. Bases on balls—Off Fitzgerald, 2; off Pierotti, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Pierotti, Dowd's. Left on bases—Somerville, 5; Everett, 6. Passed ball—Hayden. Time—1:50. Attendance—2,000.

Cunningham 'Gym' Is a 2-0 Winner

Cunningham Gym defeated the Brookside A. C. in a well played game by a score of 2 to 0. Both Lawson and Cunningham pitched good ball. A fast double play by Wood, Rein and Curley featured.

BROOKSIDE M. C.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Curley, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
Wood, 1	3	0	1	8	0	0
Rein, 2	3	0	0	2	3	0
Sullivan, s	3	0	0	1	2	0
O'Brien, r	3	0	0	0	0	0
Wiggins, l	3	0	0	2	0	0
Lawson, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Chase, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	0	1	27	15	0

CUNNINGHAM.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Cushing, l	3	0	0	2	0	0
Murphy, 1	3	0	0	7	0	0
Hanlon, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
Hassett, s	3	0	0	1	2	0
Hogan, 2	3	0	0	2	3	0
Wiggins, r	2	0	0	0	0	0
Cunningham, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	23	0	0	18	8	0

Brookside A. C. ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Cunningham ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hit—Rein. Sacrifice hits—Lawson, Hanlon. Stolen bases—Brookside, 4, Cunningham, 4. Base on balls—Off Chase, 1; off Lawson, 1; off Cunningham, 3. Struck out—By Chase, 1; by Cunningham, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Lawson, Cushing. Double play—Wood to Rein to Curley. Passed ball—Curley. Left on bases—Brookside, 4; Cunningham, 4. Time—1:40. Umpire—Hyland. Attendance—200.

Plains A. C. Downs Manville Nine, 5-3

MILFORD, May 16.—The Plains A. C. of Milford defeated Manville here today by 5 to 3. Manville outhit Milford, but their errors lost them the game.

Plains A. C.	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	6	4	4
Manville	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	5	5

Batteries—Neal and Sokoni; Donivic and Madia.

A TALKING-MOVIE OF THE YALE-HARVARD MEET

RECORDS BROKEN AT THE STADIUM

Straw Hats Blossom Forth and Society Shines on Big Track Contests.

Continued from First Page.

hurdles. Jackson, the star, colored hurdler, was shut out in the opening heat. Though he took the lead at the start, Potter, the Yale flyer, caught him at the half-way mark, while Sheddon shot by going over the last stick Potter equalled the dual record for the event when he was caught in 15 4-5 seconds.

The second heat was easy for Willetts of Yale, though Harvard got a man in when Freeman outfooted Davidson of Yale.

Captain Barron of Harvard restored confidence, however, by going out in the century and taking the first heat, which was run in 10 flat, from Yale, in a thrilling fight to the tape. The Blue runners took the other two places.

Foley, the only Harvard runner in the second heat, had too much speed for the field and won easily in 10 2-5 seconds, the same time as made in the opening heat.

POLCHER SETS NEW RECORD.

There were six starters in the mile. Poucher, the Yale favorite taking the lead at the gun and holding it for half a lap when Meadows of Harvard shot out with Peckham at his heels. They made the first quarter in 59 2-5 seconds and the half in 2.07 1-5, running in the same order.

Passing the half-mile mark, Poucher again jumped to the front, followed by Smith and Hatch, the latter of Ellis. The long Yale star set a hot clip to the three-quarter mark, which he reached in 3.2. Then Hatch made a game effort on the last lap, but could not catch the flying New Haven boy, who chalked up eight points for Yale. Poucher smashed the dual meet record by finishing in 4.23, three seconds better than the mark made last year by Norris of Yale.

WILKIE WINS THE QUARTER.

The quarter was a great battle all the way between Wilkie of Yale and Bingham of Harvard. The Yale sprinter cut out a furious clip at the start, and at the halfway mark had a tenyard lead. Bingham tried hard to get him, and did succeed in cutting down half a dozen yards, but not enough speed left to pass him. Rock of Harvard finished third, six yards back of his team mate. The time, 49 1-5s., was not quite as fast as had been looked for.

Yale netted eight more points in the high hurdle finals, when Potter broke the tape, closely followed by Sheddon and Wilsetts, his teammates. Freeman, the only Harvard man who qualified for the finals, was against the Blue flyers.

Harvard's first win of the afternoon came in the 100-yard dash which Captain Barron of Harvard took by a foot. They reached the point of speed from the gun to the tape. He was fully 3 yards ahead of Corbett at the end. Rockefeller of Yale was a close third. Barron's time was 10 flat seconds, though he probably would have done even had he been pushed at the finish.

BROWN SETS NEW RECORD.

Captain Brown of Yale lived up to all the good things said about him when he went out and beat Capper of Harvard and hung up a new dual record during it, his time, 1 minute 4 seconds, being 3-5 second better than the mark he made last year. The runner from Yale got in front at the gun and started off at a furious gait, with Capper and Scotten tacked on right at his heels. They reached the quarter well bunched in 57 seconds, then Brown let out a notch and opened up half a dozen yards on the field. Capper made a gallant attempt to catch him coming in the home stretch, but was not equal to it, and Brown won by a few yards, with Scotten 3 yards.

Yale qualified three men for the final in the low hurdle, Potter winning the first heat and Sheddon the second. Jackson of Harvard was the only man in by finishing second to Potter while Willsetts of Yale took third place in the other heat.

BARRON AGAIN WINS.

Once again Captain Barron of Harvard proved his great ability in the first heat of the furlong, in which he easily outfooted Yale's best sprinter, Kurnell, the latter's time of 22 4-5 seconds. Ricketts of Yale also had a walkaway in the second trial heat, breaking the tape several yards ahead of Foley and Rollins, son of Harvard.

The two-mile run was easily the greatest race on the meet and was won by Boyd, the Harvard cross-country captain, after a desperate battle with Clark of Yale. They fought it out practically over the entire distance, though Wilbur of Yale and Blackman of Harvard stayed up with them until the mile and a half mark was reached. From that point on the two went out and had a furious give and take battle over the last two laps. Going into the final quarter Clark sprinted and held the front till the turn into the home stretch was reached, fighting off all Boyd's hard attempts to go by him coming into the home stretch, however, the Crimson star undid a spurt and came to the tape going like a dash man. Clark was about eight yards back, Southworth of Harvard, who had trailed the field the greater part of the race, came strong in the last lap and got third. Boyd's time, 10.42 4-5, was a new dual meet record, breaking the one he established in 1913 by 1-5s.

POTTER SECOND TIME WINNER.

Potter of Yale repeated in the long hurdle event, having very little trouble coming home well ahead of Sheddon, his team mate. Jackson of Harvard was a poor third. Captain Barron also turned in his second win in the final of the 220, the last track event on the program. Coming strong at the finish, after a poor start, he broke the tape by two yards ahead of Cornell, who, in turn, led Foley of Harvard by a couple of feet.

Time—24 2-5s.

TWO-MILE RUN.

Won by Poucher, Yale; Smith, Yale, second; Hatch, Yale, third. Time—9.42. (New dual record).

440-YARD DASH.

Won by Wilkie, Yale; Bingham, Harvard, second; Rock, Harvard, third. Time, 49 1-5s.

ONE-MILE RUN.

Won by Boyd, Harvard; Clark, Yale, second; Southworth, Harvard, third. Time—10.42. (New dual record).

220-YARD RUN.

Won by Barron, Harvard; Corbett, Yale, second; Ricketts, Yale, third. Time—22 flat.

SECOND HEAT—Won by Foley, Harvard; Rollins, Harvard, second; Willetts, Yale, third. Time—22 flat.

THIRD HEAT—Won by Barron, Harvard; second, Scotten, Yale; third, Peter, Harvard. Time 22 flat.

FINAL HEAT—Won by Barron, Harvard; second, Corbett, Yale; third, Foley, Harvard. Time 22 flat.

TWO-MILE RUN.

Won by Boyd, Harvard; second, Clark, Yale; third, Southworth, Harvard. Time 10.42 4-5s. (New dual record).

RUNNING BROAD JUMP.

Won by Kurnell, Yale; Barron, Harvard, distance 22 ft. 10 in.; second, tie between Matthews and Hanson, both Yale. Distance 21 ft. 9in.

POLE VAULT.

WON by Carey, Harvard; second 12 ft.; second was a tie between contestants of Yale and Hamilton of Harvard. 11 ft. 6 in.

HAMMER THROW (16 pounds).

Won by Loughran, Yale. Distance 146 ft. 11 in.; second, Cooney, Yale, distance 138 ft. 10 in.; third Talbot, Yale, distance 136 ft. 10 in.

Detailed Score of Yale-Harvard Dual Track Meet

	Y.	H.
Mile Run	5	0
440-Yard Dash	5	0
120-Yard Hurdle	5	0
100-Yard Dash	5	0
880-Yard Run	5	0
Shot Put	1	7
Running High Jump	4	1
220-Yard Dash	5	0
Two-Mile Run	5	0
220-Yard Low Hurdles	7	1
Broad Jump	3	5
Pole Vault	1½	6½
Hammer Throw	0	8
	56½	37½

Wayland Noses Out Win at Needham

Wayland High defeated Needham High in a close game at Needham yesterday afternoon by a score of 2 to 1.

The score:

NEEDHAM HIGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Glaze, r	3	1	2	1	0	0
Kirk, 3	3	1	2	2	1	0
Ricketts, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Hall, 1	3	0	0	10	0	0
Wilson, c	3	0	0	10	1	0
Cook, s	3	0	0	0	2	0
Hall, 2	3	0	0	2	2	0
Wilson, l	3	0	0	1	0	0
Dickey, r	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	29	1	4	27	9	0

WAYLAND H.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Glaze, r	3	0	0	1	0	0
Kirk, 3	3	0	0	1	1	0
Ricketts, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Hall, 1	3	0	0	10	0	0
Wilson, c	3	0	0	10	1	0
Cook, s	3	0	0	0	2	0
Hall, 2	3	0	0	2	2	0
Wilson, l	3	0	0	1	0	0
Dickey, r	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	27	0	0	24	9	0

Needham H. ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Wayland H. ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hit—Glaze. Sacrifice hits—Ricketts, Hall, Wilson, Cook, Hall, Wilson. Stolen bases—Kirk, Ricketts, Hall, Wilson, Cook, Hall, Wilson, Glaze, Kirk, Ricketts, Hall, Wilson, Cook, Hall, Wilson, Dickey. Base on balls—Off Ricketts, 1; off Hall, 1. Struck out—By Ricketts, 3; by Hall, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Ricketts, Hall. Left on bases—Needham, 4; Wayland, 4. Time—1:30. Umpire—Hyland. Attendance—200.

Foxboro Swamps Sharon High Nine

SHARON, May 16.—The Foxboro High School baseball team defeated the Sharon High School team, at Elm Lawn Park, today, 15 to 3, in the second game of the Norfolk County Interscholastic League series. The score:

	R	H	E
Foxboro H.	5	0 0 3 2 4 2 2 0	15 13 7
Sharon H.	3	1 1 0 2 0 0 0 0	4 10 13

CHEROKEES IN FRONT.

The score:

	R	H	E
Cherokees	3	1 0 1 0 2 0 1 6	10 11 2
Wyeths	1	0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0	6 8 2

Batteries—Garrity and Sullivan; Johnson and Ford.

LEXINGTON HIGH TAKES 2-1 GAME

Watts Strikes Out 21 Batters and Humbles Arlington's Fast Team.

Lexington High defeated Arlington High yesterday afternoon on Spy Pond Field, in a closely played 12-inning contest, by a score of 2 to 1. The second scored its winning run in the first inning.

LEXINGTON HIGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Lee, lf	5	0	1	1	0	0
Hatch, c	5	0	1	21	1	0
Evans, s	5	0	2	1	0	0
Watts, p	5	0	2	0	7	0
Colby, 1	4	0	0	9	0	0
Tuttle, r	4	0	0	2	0	0
Tuttle, 2	5	0	0	2	3	0
Cook, 3	5	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	40	2	6	36	13	0

ARLINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Nicoll, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Richard, 2	4	0	0	2	3	0
Riley, c	4	0	1	17	2	0
Cassell, 1	4	0	0	11	0	0
Cassell, r	4	0	1	1	0	0
Crosby, s	4	0	0	1	4	0
Hall, 3	4	0	0	0	2	0
Howard, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	36	1	2	33	13	0

Lexington H. ... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Arlington H. ... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Errors—Tuttle, Jackson, Hatch, Crosby, Cassell, Harrington. Two-base hit—Watts. Three-base hits—Kelly, Nixon (home). Sacrifice hits—Richard, Howard. Stolen bases—Lee, Harwood, Hall. Double plays—Richard to Cassell; Hall to Riley. Struck out—By Watts, 21; by Howard, 12. Bases on balls—Off Howard, 1. Wild pitches—Howard, Hatch. Hit by pitcher—By Howard (Lee). Umpires—Sullivan and Wright. Time—2hrs. 35m. Attendance—700.

Framingham High Wins by 5-2 Score

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, May 16.—By bunching hits off O'Donnell, Framingham High School won today before a large crowd from Simpson A. C. of Saxonville, 5 to 2. Shay pitched good ball for the high school.

FRAMINGHAM H.	R	H	PO	A	E
Shay, p	1	1	0	2	0
Sprague, l	1	1	2	0	0
Hogan, 2	0	2	2	2	0
Patrick, 3	2	1	2	0	0
Wilson, c	0	0	4	1	0
Wilkie, r	0	0	1	0	0
Hilton, 1	0	1	9	0	0
Hilton, s	1	1	2	2	0
Totals	5	7	24	7	0

SIMPSON A. C.	R	H	PO	A	E
Mahoney, s	0	0	0	2	0
Gilfeather, 3	0	0	0	2	0
Gilfeather, l	0	0	1	0	0
Kelly, 1	0	1	10	0	0
Hilton, 2	0	0	2	2	0
Hilton, p	0	0	0	0	0
Hilton, r	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	2	3	27	8	0

Framingham ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5—5
Simpson ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hit—Shay. Sacrifice hits—Hogan, Patrick, Wilson, Hilton, Mahoney, Gilfeather, Kelly. Stolen bases—Sprague, Hogan, Patrick, Wilson, Hilton, Mahoney, Gilfeather, Kelly. Base on balls—Off Shay, 1; off O'Donnell, 4. Struck out—By Shay, 7; by O'Donnell, 2. Hit by pitcher—By O'Donnell (Hogan). Passed ball—Wilson. Left on bases—Framingham, 6; Simpson, 3. Time—1:40. Umpire—Jordan.

Brookline Beats Waltham High, 7-2

Brookline High	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Fogg, s	5	0	1	1	2	0
Farmer, p	4	2	2	0	2	0
Twiss, c	4	2	2	5	2	0
Tyler, 2	4	2	2	2	2	0
Tyler, 1	4	0	1	10	0	0
Pickett, l	4	0	0	2	0	0
Arthur, r	4	0	1	1	0	0
Ethredge, 3	4	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	36	7	9	22	10	0

Waltham High	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Brown, r	4	0	0	2	0	0
Johnson, 2	4	0	0	2	0	0
Tyler, 3	4	0	0	0	2	0
Farrar, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Bryant, 1	4	0	0	10	0	0
Arena, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hardwick, s	3	0	0	1	2	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
Totals	29	0	1	24	6	0

Brookline ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Waltham ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Twiss, Tyler (Brookline). Sacrifice hits—Johnson, Farrar. Stolen bases—Fogg, Farmer, Twiss, Tyler (Brookline). Base on balls—Off Farmer, 2; off Farrar, 1. Struck out—By Farmer, 3; by Farrar, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Farrar (Fogg). Left on bases—Brookline, 6; Waltham, 3. Time—1:40. Umpire—Hyland. Attendance—400.

Foxboro Swamps Sharon High Nine

SHARON, May 16.—The Foxboro High School baseball team defeated the Sharon High School team, at Elm Lawn Park, today, 15 to 3, in the second game of the Norfolk County Interscholastic League series. The score:

	R	H	E
Foxboro H.	5	0 0 3 2 4 2 2 0	15 13 7
Sharon H.	3	1 1 0 2 0 0 0 0	4 10 13

CHEROKEES IN FRONT.

The score:

	R	H	E
Cherokees	3	1 0 1 0 2 0 1 6	10 11 2
Wyeths	1	0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0	6 8 2

Batteries—Garrity and Sullivan; Johnson and Ford.

ANDOVER BEATEN BY YALE SECOND

Eli Youngsters Nose Out Academy Boys in Slashing Contest; Score 1-0.

ANDOVER, May 16.—Phillips Academy baseball team lost to the Yale second team this afternoon in a close game by the score of 1 to 0. The second scored its winning run in the first inning.

ANDOVER.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Snell, s	4	0	0	1	2	0
Earle, 1	4	0	1	9	0	0
Hall, c	4	0	0	7	1	0
Hall, 2	4	0	0	2	3	0
Sanborn, l	3	0	0	1	0	0
Gilbert, r	3	0	0	1	0	0
Bowditch, 3	3	0	0	0	2	0
Lewis, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	32	0	1	21	10	0

YALE.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Hayward, 2	4	0	0	2	3	0
Bell, s	3	0	0	1	2	0
Sanborn, 3	3	0	0	1	2	0
Hubbard, l	3	0	0	1	0	0
Wright, 1	3	0	1	10	0	0
Douglas, r	3	0	0	1	0	0
Bewley, c	3	1	1	7	1	0
Wilson, p	3	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	28	1	3	23	10	0

Andover ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Yale ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—1

Two-base hit—Wright. Sacrifice hits—Snell, Earle, Hall, Gilbert, Lewis, Hayward, Bell, Sanborn, Hubbard, Douglas, Bewley, Wilson. Stolen bases—Hayward, Bell, Sanborn, Hubbard, Douglas, Bewley, Wilson. Double plays—Lewis to Earle; Hayward to Bell to Wright. Struck out—By Lewis, 7; by Wilson, 3. Bases on balls—Off Lewis, 1; off Wilson, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Lewis (Bell). Passed ball—Hall. Left on bases—Andover, 3; Yale, 3. Time—2hrs. Umpires—Lyons and Wright. Attendance—700.

Framingham High Wins by 5-2 Score

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, May 16.—By bunching hits off O'Donnell, Framingham High School won today before a large crowd from Simpson A. C. of Saxonville, 5 to 2. Shay pitched good ball for the high school.

FRAMINGHAM H.	R	H	PO	A	E
Shay, p	1	1	0	2	0
Sprague, l	1	1	2	0	0
Hogan, 2	0	2	2	2	0
Patrick, 3	2	1	2	0	0
Wilson, c	0	0	4	1	0
Wilkie, r	0	0	1	0	0
Hilton, 1	0	1	9	0	0
Hilton, s	1	1	2	2	0
Totals	5	7	24	7	0

SIMPSON A. C.	R	H	PO	A	E
Mahoney, s	0	0	0	2	0
Gilfeather, 3	0	0	0	2	0
Gilfeather, l	0	0	1	0	0
Kelly, 1	0	1	10	0	0
Hilton, 2	0	0	2	2	0
Hilton, p	0	0	0	0	0
Hilton, r	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	2	3	27	8	0

Framingham ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5—5
Simpson ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hit—Shay. Sacrifice hits—Hogan, Patrick, Wilson, Hilton, Mahoney, Gilfeather, Kelly. Stolen bases—Sprague, Hogan, Patrick, Wilson, Hilton, Mahoney, Gilfeather, Kelly. Base on balls—Off Shay, 1; off O'Donnell, 4. Struck out—By Shay, 7; by O'Donnell, 2. Hit by pitcher—By O'Donnell (Hogan). Passed ball—Wilson. Left on bases—Framingham, 6; Simpson, 3. Time—1:40. Umpire—Jordan.

Brookline Beats Waltham High, 7-2

Brookline High	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Fogg, s	5	0	1	1	2	0
Farmer, p	4	2	2	0	2	0
Twiss, c	4	2	2	5	2	0
Tyler, 2	4	2	2	2	2	0
Tyler, 1	4	0	1	10	0	0
Pickett, l	4	0	0	2	0	0
Arthur, r	4	0	1	1	0	0
Ethredge, 3	4	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	36	7	9	22	10	0

Waltham High	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Brown, r	4	0	0	2	0	0
Johnson, 2	4	0	0	2	0	0
Tyler, 3	4	0	0	0	2	0
Farrar, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Bryant, 1	4	0	0	10	0	0
Arena, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hardwick, s	3	0	0	1	2	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
Totals	29	0	1	24	6	0

Brookline ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Waltham ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Twiss, Tyler (Brookline). S

YANKEE GOLF RAID ON BRITAIN BEGINS MONDAY

TOURNEY FOR AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

WALTER CAMP SAYS ENGLISH FEAR TRAVERS

OUIMET, EVANS AND J. D. TRAVERS ARE THE LEADERS

Americans, for the First Time, In a Formidable Invasion of Great Britain.

TOURNEY IS AT SANDWICH

Play Begins Tomorrow in the Series for the British Amateur Title.

Written for the Boston Sunday American

By WALTER CAMP.

Beginning tomorrow the interest of every golfer in this country will centre on the English course at Sandwich, where begins the first round of the British amateur championship. We have had men there before, but never such a strong invasion as the body of American players who will represent us on this occasion.

In the year when Walter J. Travis won this event six Americans went over—Byers, Emmett, Horstmann, Maeler and Burton being the others. Horstmann and Maeler were put out in the first round. Byers and Burton lasted until the third.

This will be Jerome Travers' second visit, for he played in the championship at Muirfield in 1909 and was put out in the first round. In it, "Chick" Evans stayed in at Prestwick until the fifth round.

Heinrich Schmidt, as will be remembered, at St. Andrews last year was only put out in the round before the semi-final by Harold Hilton, who won the championship, and that, too, on an extra hole.

BRITISH HAVE MANY STARS.

All our golfers on this side are familiar with the prowess of Hilton from his actual demonstration here, but they do not realize what class means over there in regard to numbers. Our best players are as good as theirs, but the number of our first-class men is less than the number of plus men they can turn out.

Hilton, Johnny Ball, Harris, Lassen, Lord, Charles Hope, Maxwell, Blackwell, Graham, Robb, Lalding, Scott are all good men, liable to win at any time, and it takes wonderful mental poise to go on meeting these plus men round after round, for any one of them may do a marvelous performance, and very few of them can be reckoned upon at any time to play badly; so that when one of these plus men gets one bf our men by perhaps a brilliant streak two down, it is going to be mighty hard to get those two holes back.

However, we have in Travers a match player of the highest quality, who, when once well started—that is, getting by the first round or two—will play better and better as his opponents extend him.

TWO MORE GREAT ONES.

"Chick" Evans and Ouimet are two other men to be reckoned with. All the Americans will be more or less affected by the change in conditions, and the putting may bother them, although Travers seems to have conquered his new putter and is using it well.

Webber of Toledo is a good standard golfer, and Fraser Hale is a brilliant player just out of the youthful ranks, being only twenty-one years old.

The [illegible] on the courses, Evans started over late, but he played [illegible] championship on that [illegible] in 1911, and was [illegible] gotten some practice since he landed. Jerome Travers' 74 at Westward Ho and 76 at Sandwich have impressed the English more than anything else Evans thinks well of Ouimet's chances and also believes that Parker Whittemore, another man who did well over there in 1911, is liable to come to the top. In fact, as it is known about Boston, he has been a golfer of both medal and match playing.

Fred Herreshoff, with a succession of brilliant days, might get to the final, as he did with Hilton over two and, at any rate if he goes far alone in the rounds will certainly put out some dangerous men.

BRITISH GOOD "HOPESTERS."

To the American spectator the cold, calm, unexcitable stamp up of the English critic is seldom entirely understood. Here in this country, just previous to a boat race, partisans of each crew act as see nothing but the merits of their own men, while the outsiders forms his judgment largely without any basis on what the crews have done the year before.

In England hardly a university race is rowed where the predictions and betting do not conform exactly to the relative merits of the crews, and the result usually confirms this judgment.

So in golf the English critic wishes not see how the American writer or enthusiast, who [illegible] a few months before the open professional tournament in the United States, had hardly heard of Ouimet, and when asked about him at Garden City consigned him to only average, simply on account of Ouimet's one success in the open, now he convinced that he is the greatest golfer in the world. It is quite true that we are much too prone to this form of enthusiasm which warps the judgment

TRAVERS' RECORD BEST.

To come down to a real cold-blooded study of chances in the British amateur championship, therefore, let us look at the records of our best men, and these records are tied over a number of years as to quality and match play, is Jerome Travers.

The English critics recognise this, and fear that our other men may put Travers to come through to the [illegible] a couple of rounds from some, [illegible] the field is carry [illegible] down and he has a chance to exhibit that fighting spirit of D.D.

Finally, to come to our weaknesses, we all know that Travers has been many times badly off in his wooden club play, and has had to rely upon the big iron, which, as every first-class Englishman familiar with Sand which knows, would probably take away Travers' chances of winning

OUIMET STILL UNSTEADY.

As to Ouimet, he has not shown his form in the early play over there He has no long period of years' record of victories over there should he play in the inspired way which carried him through the open and the play-off at Brookline, it would bring him through, and we can hope for probabilities and not possibilities

Evans has always been more or less troubled with his putting, and he has never been a lucky player. As the professional baseball player would say of a pitcher, he "has everything but it hasn't served to bring him through.

Perhaps the real point is that he is not hard enough on his opponent in his determination to make the most of everything.

(Copyright, 1914, by Walter Camp.)

FRANCIS OUIMET (central figure), American open champion. Jerome D. Travers (left), American amateur champion, and "Chick" Evans, the great Western player.

VERMONT BEATEN AT TENNIS

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., May 16—Union College defeated the University of Vermont here today at tennis by the score of 4 to 3. Union captured three of the four sets of singles and broke even on the doubles.

'CHICK' EVANS' STORY OF BIG GOLF TOURNEY

Famous Player Says America Has a Fine Chance to Win British Title.

PRAISES FRANCIS OUIMET

By "CHICK" EVANS.

The Boston American's Special Correspondent with the American Golfers in England.

LONDON, May 16—There is a great deal of divergent opinion covering the chances of the American entries for honors in the British golf championship which takes place next week, as the time for the contest draws near there is a general tendency in golf circles here to regard the Americans as far more dangerous than first indications seemed to make them.

The entrants from the United States have taken considerable time to get acclimated, and their early practice games were by no means an indication of their normal form. During the last few days they have been getting into shape, and now there is every hope that one of them may win.

Francis Ouimet, whose name will go down into golf history in connection with his wonderful performance at Brookline last Fall, will be a far different Ouimet from that seen by local golf experts on the Kentish links a week or so ago. He has been constantly improving and there is the best of reasons to hope that he will display the same characteristics next week as he did in Brookline. If he does, there is small doubt that he will be the leading factor in the championship.

TRAVERS PLAYING STRONG GAME.

I am sure it will be hard for the Englishmen to defeat Jerome Travers, who has won our national four times out of his last five attempts. His golf in England this Spring has been considered the best of all the Americans and he is the most feared by the Britishers. He goes round the links in unbroken silence, a look of firm determination on his face. His winning the Easter medal at Westward Ho this year was a notable achievement and he has been playing the Sandwich course exceedingly well.

Fred Herreshoff is certainly one of the strongest players among American golfers and while he has not been playing very well over here, having a sprained ankle, he ought to be good for two or more of the enemy and if he rounds into form his prospects are excellent.

One of the West's best golfers is Fraser Hale. He can always give any player a good match and he has been playing very well of late and ought to make a good headway in the big event. Harold Weber was a semi-finalist in the National championship in 1908 and seems to be an open champion wherever he competes for the title.

MASSACHUSETTS PLAYER.

He has played a good deal of golf this year and made a good showing at St. Andrews last Spring.

He is also well acquainted with the contest course.

A. G. Lockwood is not so good as he used to be, but there's always a possibility that he may show the way to the others. He was Massachusetts State champion for three years and has won many major events. C. W. Inslee gave Hilton a good run in the national amateur in 1911 and should do well next week.

Stall Leads Field in Brockton Golf

BROCKTON, May 16.—W. T. Stall had the best gross and net scores at the Brockton Country Club this afternoon in the May tournament.

The other scores were as follows:

[illegible]

The first round in the Satucket Cup contest was played with the following results

Myron L. Keith defeated S. C. Hudson 2 up; Dr. Frank Hollenbeck defeated Rev. Frederick Hale, 1 up; Lawrence C. Reed defeated Winslow Thompson, 2 up; Dr. Frank Hollenbeck defeated Harry W. Hagar, 3 and 1; Walter B. Fox defeated George D. Morse by default.

Capt. Barta's Team Takes Close Match

In a team match played at the Wollaston Country Club golf links yesterday, Captain W. Barta's team defeated Captain J. L. Hunt's team, 7 points to 11.

The summary:

[illegible]

Good Golf Scores at Bellevue Club

Best ball foursomes were in order at the Bellevue Golf Club at Melrose yesterday with H. C. White and Dr. George D. Wheeler winning the net prizes and G. H. Lyall and Fred M. Cloverland taking the gross prizes.

The summary:

[illegible]

GOLF

By H. P. FARRINGTON

[illegible]

Eaton Wins Match at Bear Hill Links

Theodore Eaton was the winner of the kicking duffers handicap held this afternoon at the Bear Hill Golf club, Wakefield, by pulling the lucky number from the hat at the close of the contest. The best net card for the play was turned in by Charles E. Walton, who assisted by a 13 handicap got a net. The best gross for the 18 holes was made by Theodore Eaton. The scores follow:

[illegible]

Record Crowd Out in Brockton Tourney

BROCKTON, May 16.—The biggest crowd of the season took part in the qualifying round for the President's Cup at the Brockton Club this afternoon. C. F. Richmond and Walter T. Stall were tied for the low gross, but Mr. Richmond had the low net.

The scores of those who qualified:

[illegible]

Meadow Brook Golf Is Won by Nowell

READING, May 16.—The event at the Meadow Brook links this afternoon was a grave yard tournament and was won by Charles H. Nowell his allotted stakes landing him five feet to the left of the 18th green His runner up in the match was Dr. Paul Forbes, who finished within four feet of the 15th green Next saturday the Meadow Brook Club will entertain the members of the Massachusetts Golf Association at the annual tournament. A large number of entries from prominent amateurs have been received.

WILDER CAPTURES SPRING MEETING

Country Club Golfer Wins on Clyde Park Course for Third Time.

By H. P. FARRINGTON.

For the third time in his golfing career, which dates back over fifteen years, Henry H. Wilder of the Country Club captured the classic Spring meeting on his home course at Clyde Park. He defeated F. H. Hoyt of Woodland, the runner-up last year in the Fall meeting, and a several-time semi-finalist, at Brookline, by 5 up 3 to play

Wilder played the best golf of any individual after the qualification, and won on his merits

F. H. Hoyt met J. D. Standish, Jr., the titled Montclair player, in this "Marathon" contest, and it was nip and tuck all the way around. Hoyt led the greater part of the time, but never by more than one hole, which his younger opponent would take back, and lose again with equal celerity.

Standish appeared to have his chance at the first extra hole where his second shot nearly reached the 430-yard green. Hoyt was short in two but nicely on the green in 3 As Standish over-ran his approach the hole was eventually [illegible] Hoyt had the opportunity at the next, after Standish had missed his second stroke, and was well over the hole in 3

Hoyt was in a good position to reach the green in 2 but pulled into a trap short of the green from which he recovered beautifully to within 4 feet of the cup. Standish made a valiant attempt to hole a 25 footer and the ball would have gone down had it been going a trifle slower. Hoyt was not equal to the opportunity offered to clinch the match, and another half in 5 resulted

At the deciding hole both drove well. Standish sliced his second and Hoyt topped his to keep matters on an even keel. The latter was short of the green in 3, while Standish failed to get out of the bunkers and mounts until he had played 5, his putt for a 6 was short. Hoyt had no difficulty in winning the hole and match in 6 to 7

The other semi-final contest between Wilder and Jesse Guilford, the long swatting State champion of New Hampshire, brought out many amusing holes. Guilford kept up his batting averages from the tee but messed under-hand strokes, showing little finish with his irons and mashie play

[illegible]

Harvard Stars Add New Tennis Scores

Harvard's tennis stars added another victim to their list yesterday afternoon on the courts of the Longwood Club, Brookline, when Princeton was disposed of in singles by 5 sets to 1 on in doubles by 3 sets to 0.

The Crimson suffered one humiliation, Cooper of the Tigers spoiling their clean slate of singles which won. Six men represented each university, all Cooper defeated Hastings by 6-1, 7-5, not after a hard fight.

With Princeton and Harvard both undefeated, the playing was for blood, but the veteran Crimson racquet stars managed to win every other game in straight sets. The summary:

[illegible]

Holy Cross Tennis Players Defeated

WORCESTER, May 16.—Williams defeated Holy Cross at tennis today, 4 to 5. In the singles Starbuck and Cutler were obliged to play an extra set to decide the winner, with the victory going to the Williams tennis artist

[illegible]

Capt. Barta's Team Takes Close Match

[illegible]

GOLFERS CROWD LOCAL COURSES

Good Cards Turned in by Big Fields at Many Country Clubs.

Going was a popular diversion at all of the Greater Boston courses yesterday and large fields took part in the members' tourneys. Woodland led for numbers, with 67 entered in two classes for the Handicap vs. Par trophies. In Class A, R. L. Longley with 1 down was the victor, while T. F. Cole with 3 down was best in Class B.

Brae Burn held a four-ball, medal handicap with [illegible] and C. B. Hickenson and [illegible] so well and [illegible] caps to such great [illegible] that they won with a fine total. They were closely pressed by F. C. Nason and F. P. Hayward, who totalled one stroke higher.

Prescott Bigelow, Jr., led a field of 13 players at Belmont Springs with a 90 and in fact was the only player to get under 100 for gross honors.

Chestnut Hill held a handicap medal sweepstake and A. M. Jones and M. L. and A. M. Crosby led the field.

NEWTON G. C.

HANDICAP FOURSOMES.

[illegible]

CHESTNUT HILL G. C.

HANDICAP MEDAL PLAY

[illegible]

BELMONT SPRINGS C. C.

[illegible]

OAKLEY G. C.

[illegible]

ALBEMARLE G. C.

[illegible]

COMMONWEALTH G. C.

(Country Tournament.)

[illegible]

WOLLASTON G. C.

[illegible]

MEMBERS' HANDICAP.

[illegible]

Sargent School Girls Do Athletic Stunts

Wall scaling, vaulting and marching tactics were features last night of the exhibition given by [illegible] seniors girls of [illegible] of Physical [illegible] at the Ho to. Arena, before a large audience. The guests of honor also gave an exhibition of dancing.

RUBBER SOLED SHOES

In rubber bottomed oxfords we have an assortment of specials that should merit your attention.

All shades of tanned shoes, also white, olive and gray buckskin and suedes—some dressy, but others for knockabout sporting events. Your week-end engagements can be supplied to exactness from our stock.

WALTER B. HENNIGAN CO.

DISTINCTIVE SHOES FOR MEN

14 Milk

HARVARD WINS TWO PRINCIPAL HENLEY RACES

Capture the Stewards' Cup and the Junior Collegiate Event.

OARSMEN IN CLOSE FIGHT

All Crews Langer in Stewards' Event—Washington Gets a Second; Rivers've a First.

[illegible] for the Stewards' cup and also [illegible] eight-oared [illegible] New England [illegible]

They rowed in Yale the Navy the Union boat [illegible] veterans [illegible] Harvard [illegible] and Yale [illegible] the Navy [illegible] the Junior [illegible]

Previous [illegible] of the three [illegible] was entered [illegible] offered for [illegible] and [illegible] Washington [illegible]

WELL BREAKS A RECORD.

[illegible] Yale [illegible] Navy Club [illegible] three in the [illegible] Yale Wiltsie [illegible] Boston [illegible] from the [illegible] which had [illegible] to be quite [illegible] Wiltsie [illegible] 20, [illegible] Navy Hare [illegible] Yale [illegible]

Without [illegible] Harvard [illegible] bell team [illegible] of the [illegible] from [illegible]

Dartmouth [illegible] New York Athletic [illegible] was [illegible] a poor [illegible] pulled [illegible] second [illegible] Williams [illegible]

The first [illegible] which was [illegible] of the [illegible] were [illegible] Boat Club [illegible] Yale [illegible] Navy, [illegible] the [illegible] Navy [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] was [illegible] behind [illegible]

HARVARD STARTED FIRST.

Harvard [illegible] back [illegible] Navy [illegible] Washington [illegible] Navy [illegible] At the [illegible] Harvard [illegible] Navy [illegible] strokes ahead [illegible] Harvard [illegible] lead [illegible] mile [illegible] Harvard [illegible] Navy [illegible] Washington [illegible] Yale [illegible] Navy [illegible] Washington [illegible] Yale [illegible] Navy [illegible] Washington [illegible] Yale

FIVE COUNTRIES REPRESENTED IN 500-MILE RACE

Two Days of Racing Will Be Necessary to Reduce the Field of Entries to Thirty Contestants Permitted by Rules of Contest and Size of Track

By J. C. KERRISON.

The big men of the motor racing world are beginning to establish their headquarters at the Indianapolis track and take up the work preliminary to the 500-mile event on Memorial Day next. The list of entries this year is greater than in any previous race and rumor about either an unusual number of cars. The race itself is limited to thirty entries and yet there have already been received no less than forty-five. This means that in the preliminary work some fifteen cars must be relegated to the shelf, for none are to be omitted, will more than thirty be allowed to participate in the race. Consequently the preliminary trials this year themselves are a greater feature than in previous years.

Heretofore the speed trials have been considered as perfunctory performances, it only being necessary for the cars to negotiate a certain distance within a given time. More than that will be demanded this year, and fifteen cars showing the poorest time for the day's driving will be eliminated. Therefore the speed trials will, to the minds of many, be more interesting than heretofore, and it is probable that two days will be devoted to this significant proceeding.

The trials will probably start on Tuesday, the 26th, and end on Thursday the 28th. Friday the race before the race is a day of rest, to speed work being permitted on the Indianapolis track the day prior to the 500-mile race. That day is usually spent in giving the final touches to the different cars and completing the final details of the arrangements.

The Indianapolis track has been rebuilt since last year, and Harroun, in the Marmon Wasp, scored the shortest lap of either of the sixty-mile heats for four-cylinder cars and it took him as though he were well ahead of this year's field of forty-five entries, thirty-nine have four-cylinder motors, five have six-cylinder motors, and one, termed the "monster," but little, if any, speed data has yet been received of this machine. Under cars all but one are of foreign construction, the latter being entered among the English cars, the other one a Belgium and the other German product.

Five countries are represented in the cars entered this year, England, Holland, Belgium, Germany and America, but, strange as it may seem the nationalities of the drivers are confined to four, there not being an English driver on the field. Two of the five foreign cars are driven by Americans.

Hoyt, who made the best time last year, has returned to defend his honors and if possible turn the trick once more to the Boston district. You will find a strong contingent of Bostonians, headed by Hoyt, who have formed some wonderful records in contests in Europe. He has never driven on the Indianapolis track before, so recently has it been rebuilt, but of course will know it by heart before the race. Hoyt has been steadily building up a reputation as a driver of the first water, and has represented Uncle Sam in the international contests abroad, and has been pitted against the best drivers of the world. He has driven a Simplex car in the past, but this year will be seen at the wheel of a Mercedes.

All of the foreign drivers are men of experience in the sport and many of them have made records in their own country, although a few have had any experience on this famous track. All of the American drivers of note are entered and it can be said that these men will prove the battles of previous years.

The French representatives together with the mechanics, numbering twelve in all, arrived in New York on Friday and are expected to reach the track no later than Tuesday next when it is presumed that the majority of entries will be on the field.

Several improvements are being made on the track, including the construction of new stand on the south turn. This makes the eighth grade to be taken up and gives the spectators a mile of grandstand from which to view the performances for 500. A general overhauling of all structures on the speedway is now in progress, in order to be sure that they are in shape for the big day. A tunnel has also been put under the south end of the track, leading into the infield, allowing egress and egress while the race is in progress.

All indeed of the various intermediate speed trials and trophies have been given them to the management of the drivers with their deed of entry.

The list of entries of cars, drivers, cylinders, size of motor and other equipment will be found in the accompanying table.

Taxicab Companies Use Nobby Treads

It is a far cry from Stockholm, Sweden, to San Francisco, California, but so far, however, but that both cities can find a common ground on which they have arrived at the same conclusion regarding a very important part of their city transportation problem.

In the Swedish capital, the principal taxicab operations, after thorough and exhaustive tests with various makes of tires adopted the Goodrich "Silvertown Nobby Tread" and during the past season many thousands of these treads of tires from the Akron, Ohio, Tire Company.

In San Francisco a city right on the other side of the world from Stockholm, and in customs, and that the adoption of the city has arrived at the same conclusion with respect to the tires which their cabs should wear. The result is that the Goodrich Company has a contract to furnish "Nobby Treads" on all their taxicabs.

In New York city the famous Yellow Taxicab fleet uses Nobby Treads exclusively on the rear wheels. It finds the Smooth Treads on the front wheels, and the Nobby Tread on the rear, a most economical combination of tires for the purpose.

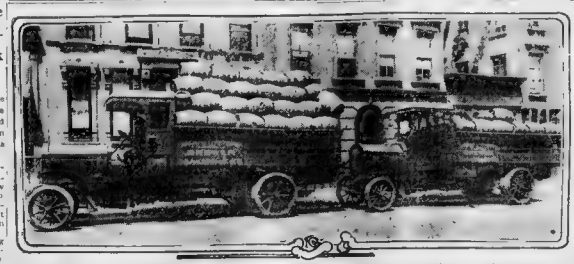
Nobby Tread

TO EMPTY INNER TUBE.

Once or twice removal of the core of an air valve will usually repair the trouble with the small rubber washer. A small screw having a groove lengthwise on one side, and turned to fit the inner part of the valve, may be run down so as to press on the core and keep the valve open until the air can all escape, when removing the core.

BUILT FOR ENDURING SERVICE

NEW TYPE OF COMMERCIAL VEHICLE



Two of the General Vehicle Mercedes (gasoline) trucks operated by a leading brewing company.

Location of Tool Box Important

Accessibility Is One of Main Points Considered.

From the early days of the automobile industry, when changes in design came so fast that a new model bore very little resemblance to its predecessor of the year before down to the past year or so, there have been one or two details of detail that were never satisfactorily disposed of. One of these, says J. H. McAlinan was the location of the tool box. For many years this important adjunct of the motor car was carried on the running board—accessibility was important and that was the easiest place to put it.

When makers began to look to the appearance of their cars, however, and gradual refinements brought the straight line, flush-sided body into vogue, the tool box looked decidedly out of place in so conspicuous a position—it ruined the effect of the clean body lines. The important point being to get it out of sight, most makers provided a compartment under the seats and tucked the tools away in it. Although a few stuck to the old running board location on account of its accessibility, some even stick to it.

It remained for the H. B. Stearns Company of Cleveland to puzzle in their Stearns Knight cars for the current season, a position that offers the utmost in accessibility, about starting from the apron in front of the car, or, in fact, being at all times.

In the Stearns Knight, both of the tool boxes, two substantial affairs, are provided, one on each side of the car. These compartments are located near the front seats between the chassis frame and running board apron, extending back under the front

Salesmen Are Great Users of Roadsters

Motor Vehicles Save Travelers' Time and Money.

"The demand for cars by large corporations for the use of their traveling salesmen is steadily increasing," said H. C. Rueschaw of the Reo Motor Car Company of Lansing, Michigan "Only a short time ago the American Radiator Company bought a quantity of Reo the Fifth roadsters for the use of their traveling salesmen, and an order has just been received from the Lipsomb Company for the same type of cars for the use of their salesmen, several grain elevator and milling companies in the Western States have been heavy purchasers. In those territories salesmen are able to cover the ground more rapidly and economically by means of the automobile. For example, on a recent trip to Sioux City I met a traveling salesman of my acquaintance whose chief complaint had always been that the hardest part of his job was idling Sundays in small towns where he was not acquainted, but he solved this disagreeable feature by purchasing a Reo roadster, in which he now makes all of his weekly trips in four days which enables him to spend his week ends at home."

Employes Rally to 'Safety First' Slogan

Goodrich Foremen Hold "Smoker" and Plan to Make Work Easier.

One of the most unique series of industrial meetings ever held in this country took place at the rubber factories of The B. F. Goodrich Company, Akron, Ohio, recently.

To the slogan of "Safety First" almost a thousand foreme inspectors, managers and sub-rubber assembled in their factories of safety devices throughout the main rubber plant and hear their Works Manager F. C. Shaw, tell them what the real work of conditions.

The meetings extended over several days and brought out practically every man in the Goodrich plant in authority. The sessions were experimental and the large attendance, enthusiasm and interest shown marked the idea as a success.

LITTLE KIDDIES TO HAVE OUTING

Twenty-five Hundred Children Will Be Entertained.

[illegible] will be given a [illegible] day, which takes place at Nantasket Beach Wednesday, June 10. Chester I. Campbell, secretary of the Boston Automobile Dealers Association, has the affair in charge and is [illegible] to make it a success.

About [illegible] automobiles will be [illegible] the youngsters. They will represent [illegible] parts of the city and [illegible] Boston and [illegible] suburbs. Each machine will be decorated in a manner befitting the occasion. It is expected that at least [illegible] persons will have to volunteer their services in the machine for the occasion.

Last year about 1,500 little [illegible] were taken on this outing, and it was indeed an impressive scene, as one of the children [illegible] around in [illegible] to direct the [illegible] they were to [illegible]. The [illegible] was served and quite a [illegible] entertainment was provided. The expense is large and Secretary Campbell suggests that if [illegible] out [illegible] for autos that a [illegible] of money would be acceptable.

The outing is [illegible] Children from the Boston Army & Navy Relief Association Home for Jewish Children, New England Peabody Home for Crippled Summerside Day Nursery, Mount Pleasant Home, Margaret Fuller House, South End Day Nursery, Cambridge Neighborhood House and many other charitable homes attended the outing last year.

All communications regarding the loan of cars or donations of money should be made to Chester I. Campbell, No. 5 Park square, Boston.

CLEANING OUT RADIATOR.

After using anti-freeze solutions the cooling system should be thoroughly flushed with a strong solution of common "Wash Soda," and allowed to soak for a couple of hours to be followed by thorough flushing out with clear water.

OIL ON SPARK PLUG.

[illegible]

THE AUTOMATIC SPARK.

[illegible] regulation is [illegible] of ignition depends [illegible] of the engine. [illegible] upon the [illegible] additional regulation [illegible] enough to [illegible]

The Diamond is a better Tire

The Diamond is a better buy

Size	Squeegee Tread Prices
30 x 3	$12.65
30 x 3½	17.00
32 x 3½	18.10
33 x 4	25.25
34 x 4	26.05
34 x 4½	35.00
35 x 4½	36.05
36 x 4½	37.10
37 x 5	44.45
38 x 5½	57.30

Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires

—the world-known Diamond quality, at these prices—means more miles per tire than you've ever bought, at less money than you've ever paid.

And the tough rubber squeegees, wiping their way through the treacherous surface of the slipperiest road, put complete control of the car in your hands. They defend you against short mileage and long skids. Demand

Diamond Tires

Overland Order Your's To Day

$950

Completely Equipped

1914—With electric starter and generator
Prices f. o. b. Toledo, Ohio

Specifications:

Electric head, side, tail and dash lights
Storage battery
35-horsepower motor
33 x 4 Q. D. tires
114-inch wheelbase
Mohair top, curtains and boot
High-grade speedometer
Clear-vision, rain vision, windshield
Electric horn

LAST week we told the public that we were able to materially increase our factory production.

We told them that we would have Overlands for "immediate delivery" in practically every city and town in the country.

The effect was astonishing! Overlands moved faster and were sought and bought more rapidly than ever before!

All previous sales records were smashed into obscurity!

Now, Mr. and Mrs. Buyer—

If there is still the slightest doubt in your mind as to which is the best car to buy, the following facts alone should bring you to an immediate decision:—

The Overland is outselling every other similar car on the market—not because it is the only good car made, but because it does offer more downright value for less money than you can get in any other car manufactured.

And further—

This car is as accurately and as thoroughly manufactured, both from a quality and mechanical standpoint, as any of the highest priced cars in the world!

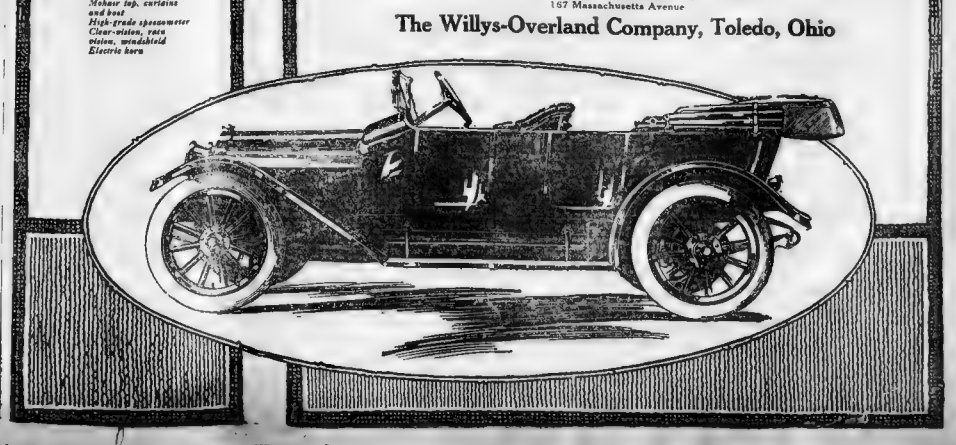
Hesitate no longer. Time lost is money lost. The Overland sales are leaping ahead every day. We are delivering over 5000 cars a month. If you wait until they are all gone you'll be compelled to spend a great deal more than is necessary.

Order yours today and save the difference.

Dealers everywhere. There is one in your town.

CONNELL & McKONE COMPANY, Distributors
167 Massachusetts Avenue

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio



Oakland

OUR SUCCESS PROVES OUR CLAIMS

If a man applies to you for a position, you would undoubtedly ask him for recommendations and inquire as to what he had accomplished. A man buying an automobile should ask the same things of the automobile salesman.

Find out for yourself the facts about the company the number of years in business the success of each car made the general reputation. These things mean much to you.

And it is these things that we want you to find out about us. We are proud of our record. We have accomplished much, and, naturally, it is gratifying to us.

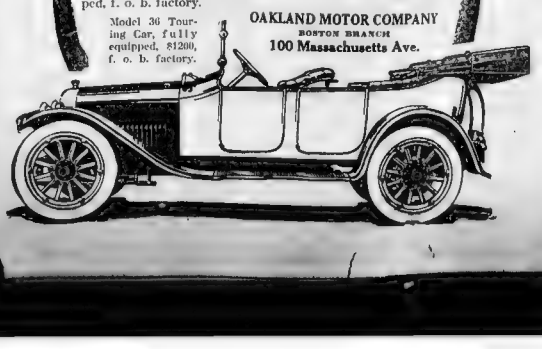
When buying an automobile you either get a success or a failure. Your car will be in proportion to the strength or weakness of the organization producing it. There is no other way of figuring it.

The Oakland has been a success since its inception.

Oakland cars are made in four and six-cylinder models, in a wide range of body designs, $1150 to $2600, fully equipped, f. o. b. factory.

Model 36 Touring Car, fully equipped, $1200, f. o. b. factory.

OAKLAND MOTOR COMPANY
BOSTON BRANCH
100 Massachusetts Ave.



SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING AT BETHLEHEM

Arrangements Completed for the Gathering of Members of A. A. A. Early in July.

The semi-annual meeting of the American [illegible] will be held at Bethlehem, N. H., [illegible]. This meeting will [illegible] less the class of the [illegible] from Chicago to Boston [illegible] bring into New England a large [illegible] of interesting [illegible] stones at the [illegible] White Mountain [illegible] resort.

The [illegible] of the meeting will [illegible] Chairman [illegible] Boston, who [illegible] the [illegible] committee [illegible] and it now includes [illegible] Chicago, Dr. H. M. [illegible], Baltimore, Laurens [illegible] of Boston, Robert P. Hooper [illegible], Alfred Reeves, of New York, and James Fortescue [illegible], secretary of the Motor [illegible] Association of [illegible].

Judging [illegible] reports there will be [illegible] from all sections, and [illegible] arrangements are being made [illegible] from Chicago [illegible], Cleveland, Hudson, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Newark, New York, Rochester and Hartford. Of course, [illegible] will be [illegible] to apply the most generous [illegible] to participate as early [illegible] the opening of the [illegible] White Mountain season. It is expected that after the Bethlehem [illegible] there will be supplemental trips to Maine and Vermont, while [illegible] parties have in mind continuing into Canada.

Five Carloads En Route to Boston

The Cole Motor Company of Boston, in all [illegible] of the Cole car, are in receipt of information from Indianapolis to the effect that the first five cars [illegible] of the 1915 series left Indianapolis [illegible] The cars shipped at this [illegible] model since its arrival in Boston a week ago. In speaking of this shipment A. E. Smith, [illegible] says: "The Cole Motor Car Company have adopted somewhat original policies in following the [illegible] times. This is manufacturing what the public demanded rather than trying to guess what the future did not want. This [illegible] policy will continue to govern the future. Standardization alone has made this possible for a purchaser to procure the very latest development in motor car construction [illegible] time.

"The method of [illegible] is also responsible for [illegible] on the 1915 model T. [illegible] of enormous overhead expense is one feature that makes [illegible] capable of reduction of [illegible] price. The Cole Motor Company are the originators of the method of manufacture, standardization has now spread to all lines of business.

Wins Two Medals at Exposition

Automobile shows, a familiar story to the motor [illegible] of this country, are a novelty in the Philippines of which the latest parade [illegible] had their first taste. The Philippine Exposition was recently held in Manila and the motor cars on display aroused the widest interest.

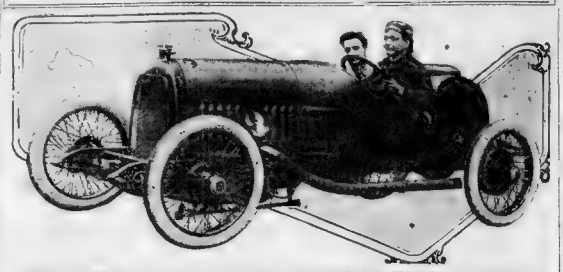
The Cadillac display was especially elaborate, complete. The Cadillac was rewarded with two gold medals. One was awarded for the "most distinctive special automobile exhibit among the Cadillac chassis in operation." The other was awarded for an example of special excellence.

HEAVIER OIL IN OLD CARS.

The [illegible] of a car that has been run for two or three years will [illegible] better results if [illegible] you will use heavier oil than was at first intended for it.

A CONTESTANT IN THE 500-MILE RACE

CAPABLE OF GREAT SPEED AND ENDURANCE



Teddy Tetzleff, world's famous road driver, at the wheel of the Maxwell car he will drive at Indianapolis.

BIG FUND TO BE RAISED

Fifty thousand dollars, instead of the originally planned $25,000, is the amount of the guaranteed put up by Sioux City business men to back the purses offered by the Sioux City Automobile Club and Speedway Association for its inaugural meet on the [illegible] speedway, June 30-July 4. This total has been raised and it means certain that $25,000 will be offered in prize money in the feature [illegible] to meet on July 4th, which is to be a [illegible] race, while [illegible] as [illegible] dollars will be put up in the other events on the program [illegible] world's record trials and [illegible]. There has been some [illegible] in certain circles as to the ability of Sioux City to make good all [illegible] pledges, but the Sioux City Automobile Club and Speedway Association is in a position to back up its claims and pay these large sums of money, as it got the [illegible] of the world's drivers.

Visits His New England Dealers

Manager Bradford of the Velie wholesale branch, has just returned from a visit to New England Velie dealers and reports excellent sales in the Velie line, particularly the new 1915 Velie 3. In regard to the new model, Mr. Bradford said: "In every section that I visited [illegible] new model has met with unprecedented success. Our agents are busy from morning until night with demonstrations and closing sales. Our Springfield agent sold three cars the day I was there, Providence, New Bedford two, and so on throughout the territory. We are receiving now four carloads a week from the factory and are still a little behind on our deliveries."

Oakland Output Completely Sold

With the cars sold during the month of April showing an increase of 47 per cent over the April business of 1913, all the 1914 output all on order board officials are well pleased with showing.

"Total sales to date are 20 per cent greater than last year," said General Sales Manager Fred W. Warner "and our sales [illegible] already passed our production mark.

"The cars sold and delivered during the past month represent the largest single month's business we have ever had and one-half more cars were sold than during the same period last year."

Great Growth of Spark Plug Industry

One Plant Has Daily Product of 25,000 Plugs.

With the announcement that it is now turning out an average of 25,000 spark plugs per day, the Champion Spark Plug Company of Toledo, Ohio, has given another striking illustration of the marvelous growth of the automobile industry. For a concern engaged in the manufacture of a small, but nevertheless important part of an automobile, the Champion company's rise in the industry has been a wonderful demonstration of business development.

Four years ago the Champion Spark Plug Co. began the manufacture of its product in a little brick factory down in Toledo. The best efforts of officials and workmen could bring about the production of only about 100 plugs per day. Now, with a daily production of 25,000 plugs in one of the largest and most completely equipped factories in the country, the company has not only increased its business by 4,500 per cent, but has reached the stage where, in some months it produces more plugs than, in the old days, were manufactured in a month.

Efficiency Prize Is Added Feature

A prize unique in the history of automobile racing has just been offered to entrants in the big 500-mile international race at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway.

The prize known as the "Waltham Efficiency Prize" is unique both for itself and for the conditions of the award. It consists of the finest and most accurate solid gold watch made anywhere in the world," and it is to be given, not necessarily to the winner of the race, but to the driver of the car who finishes among the first five and at the same time displays the greatest efficiency.

Efficiency will be established by the length of time spent "at the pits," that is for making repairs, adjustments or tire changes. The driver finishing third or better and spending the least amount of time "at the pits" will earn for the Waltham Efficiency Prize.

The offer was made by the Waltham Watch Company and accepted by the Indianapolis Motor Speedway on behalf of the entrants. The winner will be decided by David Beecroft, official representative of the A. A. A.

Becomes Identified with Boston College

Day Baker, who so frequently lectures [illegible] of trade and associations [illegible] use of the electric truck, has [illegible] been called upon by the Boston University College of Business Administration to talk to the classes [illegible] on salesmanship.

During the past week Mr. Baker delivered his first lecture on "The Dignity of Salesmanship," illustrating some of the points which he made by citing personal experiences.

Motorcycle Day in Philadelphia

May 20 is to be known in Philadelphia, Pa., as "Motorcycle Day." On that day riders of the Quaker City are planning a huge street parade, in which 3,000 motorcycles and [illegible] bicycles are expected to participate. Riders from many towns outside of Philadelphia are asked to take part in the parade, and suitable awards will be offered for the best decorated machine and also for the most novel and comic display.

Shows an Increase in Business

Franklin business for the first three months of 1914 shows an increase over the corresponding months of 1913 of 93 per cent.

Conditions with the Franklin have been unusual for the past six months. The factory has been running under high pressure and has been unable to get within a couple of weeks of its schedule for shipping cars. The capacity of the factory has been steadily increased.

Shortage of Cars Is Predicted

"The Spring season of automobile buying has [illegible] advanced so that a good line can be drawn on the probabilities," says Ralph Kerchum of the Kissel-kar. "It looks to me as though the first of July would see a shortage of cars of the more desirable makes, and that a great many people who are delaying selection will regret it. This applies, of course, to the better grade of cars, as there seems to be an ample production of the low-priced vehicles."

FOR GOOD ROADS AND GOOD LAWS

Aims of the Metropolitan Motor Association, Just Organized.

The Metropolitan Motor Association was formally started on Saturday last at the Art Club with the following officers:

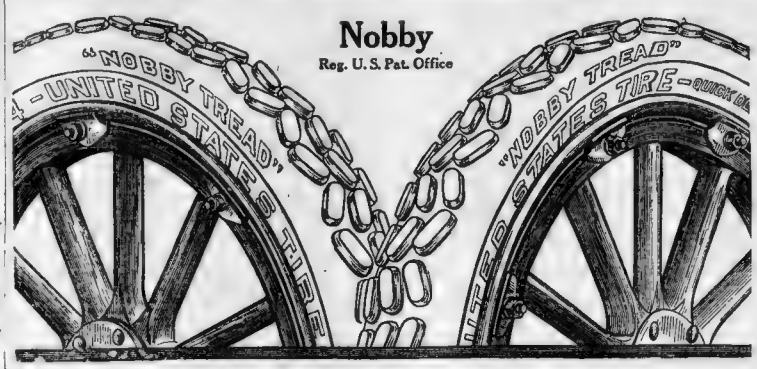
Samuel L. Powers, president. Charles E. Hatfield, vice-president. Arthur F. Clarke, treasurer; James Fortescue, secretary and assistant treasurer.

A list of proposed directors contains the names of some of the most prominent motorists in the Metropolitan district, and there is every hope that the association will be a success, as it has for its object the two laudable aims, good roads and good laws, and it does not include any social feature. It will be affiliated with the State and the American Automobile Associations. The dues are nominal. Just enough to pay for the literature and the necessary office expenses. The headquarters of the Metropolitan Motor Association will be at No. 93 Massachusetts avenue.

New Argument in Favor of Trucks

The newest and one of the best arguments ever advanced for the motor truck as against the horse and wagon system of transportation has been produced by a Kansas City firm. The day that this enterprising firm purchased and put into commission its fleet of White Utility three-quarter ton trucks it began a systematic advertising campaign, calling the attention of the public to the fact that its bread and other baked goods were absolutely clean, from raw materials to delivery, a campaign which was made possible only by the use of the lower vehicles.

"Clean bread, delivered clean" is now the slogan of the Daily bakery, and the people who buy baked goods have been quick to see the desirability of purchasing products in which cleanliness is made indeed "next to Godliness."



Business Basis Tires

Automobile owners everywhere are rapidly learning to buy tires on a real business basis, viz:—the basis of ultimate economy.

That is the reason why "Nobby Tread" Tires are today the largest selling high-grade anti-skid tires in the world.

Take the taxicab as a concrete example,—taxicab companies have to operate on a business basis—they have to buy tires on a business basis.

That is why today——

In Europe and the United States thousands of

Taxicabs use "Nobby Treads"

Taxicab companies are the most constant users of tires. They have to watch tire mileage expense all of the time.

Taxicabs must have real anti-skid protection—real tire dependence—real freedom from puncture delays—and *lowest cost per mile tires.*

Some of our best taxicab customers are in Europe—in spite of the extra cost of freight charges, duties, etc., they import "Nobby Tread" Tires simply because on a business basis they are cheaper in the end.

"Nobby Tread" Tires solve any automobile owner's tire problems the day he decides to buy tires on a business basis.

Based upon their remarkable mileage records

"Nobby Tread" Tires

are now sold under our regular warranty—perfect workmanship and material—BUT any adjustments are on a basis of

5,000 Miles

Thousands upon thousands of veteran motorists now use "Nobby Tread" Tires on their front and rear wheels through all seasons, because they give real anti-skid protection and the lowest cost per mile.

United States Tire Company

NOTE THIS:—Dealers who sell UNITED STATES TIRES sell the best of everything.

Clearaway Sale of Exchanged Locomobiles

Sixes

1914—38-H. P. Touring Car, 5-Pass.
1913—48-H. P. Touring Car, 7-Pass.
1913—38-H. P. Touring Car, 5-Pass.
1912—38-H. P. Touring Car, 7-Pass.
1911-48-H. P. Touring Car, 7-Pass.

Fours

1912—30-H. P. Baby Tonneau, 4-Pass.
1912—50-H. P. Touring Car, 5-Pass.
1911—50-H. P. Touring Car, 5-Pass.
1910—30-H. P. Baby Tonneau, 4-Pass.

OTHER MAKES

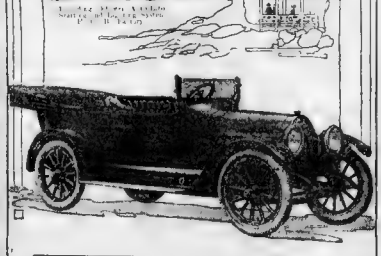
1912—30-H. P. Packard, T. C., 7-Pass.
1911—30-H. P. Peerless, T. C. Limousine
1911—30-H. P. Peerless, T. C., 7-Pass.
1910—40-H. P. Ampler, T. C., 7-Pass.

Fred M. Halligan, Mgr. USED CAR DEPT.
Back Bay 5380 700 Commonwealth Ave.

CHEVROLET

"The Product of Experience"

Light Six TOURING $1475.00



Chevrolet Motor Co. of New England
Factory Branch
Motor Mart Park Square, Boston
Telephone Oxford 4830

BOSTON MEN MAKE RECORD

Four Local Men Sell Over a $1,000,000 Worth of of Cars.

A Boston automobile organization has admittedly earned the double honor of American leadership and world-wide supremacy in a contest for number of motor vehicles sales and volume of business covering a period on one hundred and one days just brought to a close.

Over three hundred salesmen in all parts of America took part and met a crushing Waterloo simply because they could not follow the fast pace set by the invincible Boston contingent, headed by Alvan T Fuller

Bonafide sales orders for new vehicles accompanied by deposits were received by the Boston organization during the competition aggregating over a million dollars, said to be a world's record for actual retail sales to users of motor vehicles.

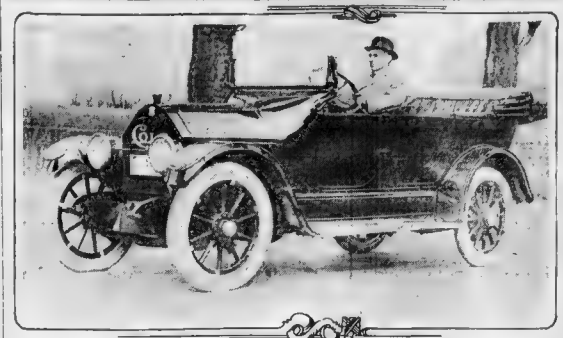
Of the ten maximum pleasure vehicle salesmen in the United States who established such fine honors and prizes the Boston Packard organization leads with both first, Fuller Graves being victorious over the entire field with C S Henshaw U A Robinson and F E W Howe closely following in the order named, while out of the ten maximum truck salesmen Boston had the honor to send by C W Sawyer, with A S Bixby, H P Klauer, S L Byrne and J Benjamin Barrows not far behind

"How is the rest of outlook for business in New England Mr Fuller was asked. "It should be prosperous," he said "but if you want of the best guides would be the record just established by our people such a thing as 1,000 automobiles was only a dream at the Boston show a few weeks ago and in over seventy-five per cent look of trade the factors included business for the first four months of 1913 that was 25 per cent greater than for the corresponding period of last year, and the tremendous demand has absorbed all our available supply up to August

"There is no manufacturing problem, barring unforeseen calamities to business as a whole for the next twelve months will be the greatest we have ever experienced. Surely there is no overproduction of high-class cars."

LATEST MECHANICAL DEVELOPMENTS

CONTAINED IN THE MOST RECENT STANDARDIZED CAR



Conrad Smith in the new four-cylinder Cole Series Ten.

Will Consider Many Questions

Electric Vehicle Interests to Hold Convention at Engineers' Club.

Interests in motor trucks have been [illegible] leaders of the New England section of electric vehicle interests at the Engineers' Club in this city on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. In order [illegible] to the convention [illegible] the New England section will hold its May meeting and dinner at the Vendome House, on Monday evening, at which F A Horton of the [illegible] & Mime Railroad, will talk [illegible] The effect of the Motor Truck on the Freight Congestion."

Tuesday morning will be devoted to the reading of papers at the business session and in the afternoon a special trip will be made to the garage of the Edison Company This will be followed by a buffet dinner. The business session will be held in the service building of the Edison Company. Wednesday the organization will have an outing and dinner at Bass Point.

NEW MANAGER IN NEW YORK.

Announcement is made E R Jordan, general sales manager of the Thomas B. Jeffery Company, makers of the Jeffery Four and Six, that A. R. Chevrolet, formerly manager of the Newton Humphreville Company, Newark, N. J., has been transferred to the position of assistant manager of the Stratton Auto Sales Company, New York city. Mr Humphreville, who is one of the veteran automobile men of the East, will start work in a few days on a tour of the New York agencies established by the Stratton concern, to get in touch with the end of the New York business.

Chevrolet Wins Quaker City Contest

The Chevrolet Ribs Grand touring car won the great Quaker City motor race at Philadelphia last week and attained the distinction of being one of the best cars of its class in America. The race was from Atlantic City to Lakewood, a distance of 125 miles, and was sanctioned by veteran drivers and automobile [illegible] There were twenty-two entries.

The winning Chevrolet car beat its nearest competitor by 20 minutes 13 seconds, which is saying a good deal for a race of this kind. Another feature to be taken notice of in the race was that the Chevrolet was the only car under $2,000 entered in the affair George D. Wright was the driver.

Test Show Decided Gasolene Saving

Test after test has been made by the Goodrich Company, in Akron, as the result of which it is announced that its Goodrich Silvertown Cord tire will cut down gasoline bills often as much as 2 per cent, that it will increase the efficiency of the motor tests of record showing as much as 15 per cent greater horse power developed, that it will give more mileage, that it will enable the motor to start quicker, steer easier and count further, and will give the practical security from stone bruises, which are the greatest cause of tire.

Mr E C Tibbitts, advertising manager of the B F Goodrich Company, and Thomas Riggs in Chicago last week with M L P Rowen, Chicago branch manager of the Goodrich Company, and while there conducted a series of tests on the road that are actually startling in their results.

The car used was not a testing car but one specially equipped for the experiments conducted It was one which is in daily use, and was drafted for the tests on a few moments' notice.

The main object of the road tests was to show the practical value given to a car when equipped with the Goodrich Silvertown Cord tires as against the ordinary equipment of fabric tires. The definite results of the tests were certainly impressive.

QUICK TIRE DESTRUCTION.

A good way to spoil a tire casing quickly is to start your car with a lunch and stop it with a sudden application of the brakes.

Strength and the Lightness of Cars

Two Important Factors That Enter into Car Con truction

In speaking of the lightness of cars, Joseph Dowson, local distributer of the Studebaker, said:

"Strong cars of a wieldy weight are not unsatisfactory cars. They will endure for many years, but every mile traveled is at a wasteful expense for gasoline and tires. No one can push a car over impurities to pass or even the sense of exhilaration caused by that instant response to the driver's will found in a lighter vehicle.

Plainly one of the great tasks of a designer is to plan an automobile strong enough for any emergency, yet light enough to register a reasonable economy in maintenance and to retain the quality of acceleration which we term "life."

There is no questioning the strength of Studebaker cars; not one of them yet, so far as we know, has worn out in service and many of them have covered more than 100,000 miles.

CRANK YOUR OWN CAR.

Courts have decided that if an owner asks another party to crank his car, and a broken arm results, the owner is liable for damages.

KEEP OUT THE DIRT.

When the spark plug is removed a cork should be put in the spark plug hole to keep out dirt and grit until ready to replace the plug.

ROAD POLICY TO SATISFY ALL

How Durable Trunk Lines and Better Farm Roads Can Best Be Built.

[illegible] the demands of automobilists and business men for permanent intercity highways and of farmers for improved tributary roads with the objection of taxpayers to increased road taxes by following these rules formulated by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce after a study of the opinions of prominent highway authorities:

Build brick, concrete or other durable roads wherever there is much heavy hauling, even if doing all [illegible] is desired.

Save roads to be built to last, even if they will be seriously inadequate for any other kind would amount to more than twenty-five years, that the cost of maintaining the durable road plus an extra first cost of interest on the excess.

Issue fifteen-year to twenty-five-year bonds to pay for permanent work if sufficient funds are not available. It is sound economic policy to borrow money with bonds for all roads that will outlive the term of the bonds.

Pay out of current funds provided by general taxation and assessment the cost of a road with other material that is not as durable as brick or concrete.

Make gravel roads where traffic is comparatively light and there is not much automobile travel, first grading and draining the foundation thoroughly.

Extend the mileage of permanent highways with money saved by building gravel roads instead of macadam roads.

Define construction as close as possible to durable roads and gravel roads, so that the total cost will not exceed that of a capital in lieu of macadam roads nor increase the State or county expenditure.

The gravel, sand, burnt clay or a mixture of sand and clay where gravel is not readily obtainable. They are all good substitutes.

Concentrate the expenditure of State funds on the improvement and maintenance of intercity or trunk lines because they carry about 80 per cent of the total traffic.

There Is Always a Slight Skid

"As a matter of cold, hard fact, there is much thing as a tire that won't skid at all, because if it didn't slip just a little on [illegible] cars would turn over," says a man in the Akron tire store. "But this skid is so slight as to be negligible. A non-skid tire, so called, must be made on certain principles set to suit when the asphalt is wet, and ours conforms to those principles. Theory and practice confirm this statement.

"That makes a skid. That is [illegible] greasy film remains between the tread of the tire and the road surface. The tire slides on this. What is a non-skid tire? It is one with a tread such that it breaks up the film and gives the tire a chance to roll on dry places. That is the Ajax tread whose diamond shaped [illegible] is just right for this work."

DRAW FROM FOUR MAKERS

One and a Quarter Million of Tires Will Be Used in Year.

DETROIT, Mich., May 16.—[illegible] hundred and fifty thousand tires for the year's production of Ford cars is the estimate made by officials of the Ford factory, Highland Park, Mich.

This immense quantity will be supplied by four leading American tire companies. The tires arrive in daily shipments of sufficient quantities to keep pace with the production of the Ford factory. Each carload contains about 400 sets of tires, so that during the months of January, February, March and April when the factory production was around eleven hundred cars daily, approximately three carloads of tires were required for each day's production.

With 400 sets of tires to a freight car, it will require approximately 3[illegible] cars, or a train approximately five and one-half miles long to bring the year's tire supply to the Ford factory. One of the visitors at the factory recently, figured out that if [illegible] received at the Ford factory in his travels in the course of the [illegible] thousand miles the year's supply of tires will have traveled a total distance of 62,000 miles, or 250,000 times around the world, before the last one is scrapped.

Suggestion for the Car of Tires

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company has issued a new series of what are known as "Tire Conservation Service Bulletins," for the purpose of enabling tire users by proper care, to obtain more mileage from their tires. Goodyear believes that the only good customer is a satisfied customer, and the company is for co-operation to obtain the utmost mileage.

There are eighteen bulletins in the series, with such titles as "Why Tires Sometimes Go Bad," "Under-inflation Its Consequences," "The Story of a Neglected Cut," etc. The subjects are covered concisely and clearly and the information made as practical and helpful as possible. The following brief quotations from bulletin No 1 give the spirit of them all:

"An automobile tire, like the human body, does a magnificent service if treated fairly, if abused, it wears out long before its allotted time. As a help to those who would get utmost mileage, many suggestions are offered.

RUNNING MASTER VIBRATOR.

The primary current should not be run through a master vibrator coil when the secondary circuit is not in use.

STICKING TIRES.

Make the surface of rim smooth with emery cloth, apply graphite to the rim and beads of the tire, and your tire will never stick

Export Business on the Increase

Shows Great Activity in England, France and Sweden.

"Our export business for this season shows an increase of from 175 to [illegible] per cent. over the corresponding period of last year," says F. L. Terrell, export manager for the Detroit Motor Car Company. "We have been especially active in England, France and Sweden, where the increase over last season is at least [illegible] per cent. The increase of our Australian business is considerably better than 100 per cent. Seventy-[illegible] per cent. of all our export business consists of the smaller [illegible]

"The success of the Paige and other American cars is selling around [illegible] is not due to the fact that [illegible] and other foreign people are especially fond of Americans and their products. It is purely a business proposition on. They get far more for their money.

A BARGAIN

1912

LOCOMOBILE

BIG SIX

Newly Painted.
Excellent Condition.
Fully Equipped.

THE WHITE CO.

930 Commonwealth Av.

THE same reasons why Firestone Tires took their leading position are the reasons why they hold it.

The finest materials in most liberal measure, built layer by layer and double cured, by the leading, largest tire specialists of America.

Firestone

Tires cost you very little, if any, more than ordinary tires which are made to sell at a price. Look to the inside reasons as well as the records and reputation and there find the cause of the Firestone Fact—*Most Miles per Dollar.*

FIRESTONE TIRE AND RUBBER CO.,
"America's Largest Exclusive Tire and Rim Makers,"
656 BEACON ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Home Office and Factory: Akron, Ohio.
Branches in all Large Cities.

YOU have always known that the Paige is a good car.

A car of quality and character.

You have heard people say that dollar for dollar the Paige offers greater actual value than any other car ever produced.

Investigate these things for yourself.

Look into the reasons for this super-quality.

You will find back of the car a company free from debt—no interest to pay on bond issues—no dividends to earn on excessive capitalization.

Nothing to do—or to worry about but to build cars and put into them a dollar of actual value for every dollar of the selling price.

Then—after you have fully satisfied yourself get your name on an order blank at once—the Paige is going to be oversold again this year.

PAIGE

The Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company, Detroit, Mich.

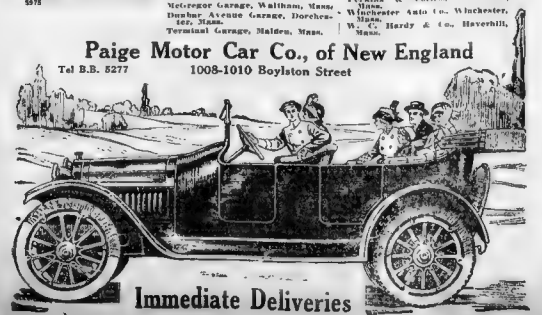
Model Glenwood "36" Gray & Davis Large Unit Electric lighting and starting—$1275

Model Brunswick "28" 5-passenger Electric lighting and starting $975

PAIGE CARS ARE SOLD BY

C. E. Whitten, 40 Central av., Lynn, Mass.
Power Truck Sales Co., 452 Main St., Worcester, Mass.
C. A. Merry, Colrain, Mass.
McGregor Garage, Waltham, Mass.
Dorchester Avenue Garage, Dorchester, Mass.
Terminal Garage, Malden, Mass.
Reed Brothers, Cambridge, Mass.
A. J. Olsen, 1000 Main St., Brockton, Mass.
Lee's Motor Car & Supply Co., New Bedford, Mass.
Perkins & Curtiss, Gloucester, Mass.
Winchester Auto Co., Winchester, Mass.
W. C. Hardy & Co., Haverhill, Mass.

Paige Motor Car Co., of New England
Tel B.B. 5277
1008-1010 Boylston Street



Immediate Deliveries

ONE YEAR'S USE AT NO COST!

Pretty Soft For Motor Car Buyers!

YOU already know that we are selling first-quality used cars at unheard-of low prices.

But here's something new, something you never heard before.

Our prices are so wonderfully low that you can drive one of these cars a year and then sell it for as much as it cost you.

A whole year's use without a cent of cost for depreciation!

It's like having a friend lend you his car for 365 days—without charge.

Better not let this chance slip by. Come in today and see for yourself these spick and span, good looking, fine running cars. Demonstrations gladly given.

If you bring in that little car you are driving we'll take it off your hands, and you can drive home in a car that will delight your family.

The Winton Motor Car Co., Manufacturer

674-684 COMMONWEALTH AVENUE

Tel. Back Bay 5228 BOSTON, MASS.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

"I wouldn't sell it for twice its price—if I couldn't get another." That's what hundreds of owners have said about the Ford. More than a half-million sold to date is proof of its world-wide popularity.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the *Ford* runabout, the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and purchases from Ford Motor Company, Brookline Street and Charles River Parkway, Cambridge

The Greatest Tire Offer —For Boston Motorists

Motorists who buy tires or tubes from us never have one cent of tire expense. That's because we Guarantee to keep each tire or tube always in good shape AT OUR EXPENSE. And this holds good during the Entire Life of the Tire.

Think what this offer means to you. The tires we sell are pretty close to perfect. They save you trouble. And we save you every penny of expense. You want service like ours. Remember the place

J. W. POTTER CO.

198 Columbus Avenue

Phone Trem. 429

MALDEN SMASHES OUT 9-1 VICTORY

Flanders Comes Back and Pitches Team to Win in Suburban League.

Malden High completely outplayed the Melrose High boys in the Suburban League match yesterday afternoon at Melrose and won by a count of 9 to 1. The winning nine showed some classy batting, the first time this season.

Three home runs over the left field fence by Flanders, Rowe and Reid of Malden were the features of the game.

Flanders, the little Malden southpaw who has been out of the game with a sore arm for two weeks, came back yesterday and gave a fine exhibition of pitching.

The score:

MALDEN	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Mcfee, c	4	0	0	5	1	0
Flaherty, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	0
Rowe, ss	4	1	1	1	3	0
Reid, 1b	4	1	1	10	0	0
Mahoney, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Wilson, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Flanders, p	4	1	1	0	2	0
Bryer, 3b	4	1	2	1	1	0
Totals	36	9	10	27	9	0

MELROSE	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Mullen, c	4	0	0	4	1	0
Lynch, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	0
Bowen, ss	4	0	0	1	3	0
Hall, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Hall, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hall, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hall, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Hall, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	36	1	0	27	10	0

Malden ..... 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 x—9
Melrose ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Errors—Bowen 2, Reed, Flanders. Home runs—Flanders, Rowe and Reid. Stolen bases—Rowe, Reid, Mahoney, Wilson, Flanders, Bryer, Lynch, Bowen, Hall. Sacrifice hits—Flaherty, Rowe, Reid, Wilson, Flanders, Bryer, Lynch, Bowen, Hall. Double play—Rowe to Reid. Struck out—By Flanders 7, by Hall 7. Bases on balls—Off Flanders 1, off Hall 1. Hit by pitcher—Rowe, Reid. Passed ball—Mullen. Left on bases—Malden 7, Melrose 5. Time—2h. Attendance—300.

Rogers High Again Lands Out in Front

NEWPORT, R. I., May 16.—Rogers successfully continued its struggle for the scholastic baseball championship of the State of Rhode Island by defeating the commercial school team here today, 7 to 2. While both teams made numerous errors, Rogers came at opportune moments.

ROGERS	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Intyre, c	4	0	0	6	1	0
Hall, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	0
Hall, ss	4	0	0	1	3	0
Hall, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Hall, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hall, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hall, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Hall, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	36	1	0	27	10	0

[illegible]	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
[illegible]	4	0	0	5	1	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	3	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	3	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	10	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	0	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	0	2	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	36	1	0	27	10	0

[illegible] ..... 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 x—9
[illegible] ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Errors—[illegible]. Home runs—[illegible]. Stolen bases—[illegible]. Sacrifice hits—[illegible]. Double play—[illegible]. Struck out—By [illegible] 7, by [illegible] 7. Bases on balls—Off [illegible] 1, off [illegible] 1. Hit by pitcher—[illegible]. Passed ball—[illegible]. Left on bases—[illegible]. Time—2h. Attendance—300.

Noble & Greenough Enjoys Bat-fest

Noble and Greenough easily defeated the Country Day nine at Dexter Field, Brookline, yesterday, by the score of 14 to 5. Coffin pitched a steady game for the winning team, holding his opponents to five hits.

The score:

N. GREENOUGH	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Kendall, c	4	2	1	6	1	0
Coffin, p	5	2	2	0	3	0
Wood, 1b	4	2	1	10	0	0
[illegible]	4	1	1	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	1	1	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	1	1	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	1	1	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	36	14	9	27	4	0

COUNTRY DAY	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Kendall, c	4	0	1	6	0	0
Harris, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Wood, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	36	5	1	27	3	0

N. Greenough ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—14
Country Day ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Errors—[illegible]. Home runs—[illegible]. Stolen bases—[illegible]. Sacrifice hits—[illegible]. Double play—[illegible]. Struck out—By [illegible] 7, by [illegible] 7. Bases on balls—Off [illegible] 1, off [illegible] 1. Hit by pitcher—[illegible]. Passed ball—[illegible]. Left on bases—[illegible]. Time—2h. Attendance—300.

Woburn High Team Takes League Game

Woburn High defeated Peabody in a Middlesex League game at Woburn yesterday afternoon by a score of 14 to 9. Tas score:

WOBURN H.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Carlson, ss	4	2	1	2	3	0
Murphy, 2b	5	2	2	1	2	0
Cassidy, 1b	5	2	2	10	0	0
Cahill, c	5	1	2	5	1	0
Bailey, 3b	5	1	1	1	2	0
Fahey, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Wilson, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Walsh, p	4	1	1	0	2	0
Totals	40	14	11	27	10	0

PEABODY	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
O'Connell, ss	5	1	1	2	3	0
Cooper, 2b	5	0	1	2	3	0
Cassidy, 1b	5	0	1	10	0	0
Cahill, c	5	0	1	5	1	0
Bailey, 3b	5	0	1	1	2	0
Fahey, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Wilson, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Walsh, p	4	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	40	9	11	27	10	0

Woburn H. ..... 2 0 0 0 3 2 4 0 x—14
Peabody ..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0 3—9

Errors—[illegible]. Home runs—[illegible]. Stolen bases—[illegible]. Sacrifice hits—[illegible]. Double play—[illegible]. Struck out—By [illegible] 7, by [illegible] 7. Bases on balls—Off [illegible] 1, off [illegible] 1. Hit by pitcher—[illegible]. Passed ball—[illegible]. Left on bases—[illegible]. Time—2h. Attendance—300.

Reading Nine Has a Walkover, 23-6

READING, May 16.—The town team had a walk-over this afternoon, defeating the Dedham team by a score of 23 to 6. The Dedham players were outclassed from the start and the Reading heavy hitters pounded the ball at will. They were assisted in heavy scoring by multiple errors of the visitors.

	R.	H.	E.
Reading	3	1	5	6	0	0	0	0	x	23	18	0
Dedham	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	—	6	13	10

Batteries—Bunson and Stark, King and O'Brien.

Two Steals Home Give Maples Game

SALEM, May 16.—With the score, 5 to 4 in the ninth but one of today's game the Maples of Salem and Stoneham, Tower and Meiserver of the Maples made home, winning the game, 6 to 5. There were many fielding features in the game.

The summary:

	R.	H.	E.
Maples ...	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	6	8	3
Stoneham ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	5	11	2

Batteries—Kelley, Connolly and McGovern; Whalen and Fitzmorris.

AT GIBSON STREET GROUNDS.

	R.	H.	E.
Suffolks ...	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	—	8	2	3
Tour Hops. ...	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	4	8	5	1

Batteries—Mercer and McLaughlin; Clark and Ralden.

Close Horse Show Entries This Week

Meet to Be Held on Chestnut Hill Grounds May 30.

Entries for the Chestnut Hill Horse Show, to be held on Memorial Day on the Chestnut Hill grounds of the Longwood Cricket, will close Wednesday. The show will open at 10 o'clock and continue until 5:30, with an intermission for luncheon. Parking space will be provided for carriages and automobiles.

The committee for the show is Andrew Adie, William L. Allen, Henry W. Bliss, Chester A. Howe, Herbert Lincoln Pierce, Francis W. Lee, Montgomery Rollins, Richard M. Saltonstall, Edwin S. Webster, A. Winsor Weld, George S. West.

Higgins Takes Hot Old Colony Race

Appearing on the card for the first time, C. L. Swan's bay gelding, Higgins, proved one of the features at the matinee of the Old Colony Gentlemen's driving Club on its track at South Weymouth, yesterday, by capturing the honors in Class C, after an extra heat.

The summary:

CLASS A—PACE.
To heat 1:07½.

Benjamin, ch. g. (T. E. Atwood)	1	1	1
Catherine C., blk. m. (Wood)	2	2	2
Kalset, bg. g. (W. Forrest)	3	3	3

Time—1:10½, 1:07½.

CLASS B—TROT.

Willie J. ch.g. (T. A. Cushman)	1	2	1
Sir Spencer, b.g. (F. W. Tirrell)	2	1	2
Penny Jennings, bm. (D. Fahey)	3	dr	

Time—1:16½, 1:15½, 1:15½.

CLASS C—TROT AND PACE.

Doubtful, b.g. (T. McKeever)	4	3	1
Maxwell Direct, b.g. (W. Reardon)	1	4	2
Howard Patchen, b.m. (W. Wood)	3	1	3
Kitty Bell, br.m. (C. Bell)	2	2	4

Time—1:15½, 1:13½, 1:12½.

CLASS D—TROT.

Higgins, b.g. (C. L. Swan)	1	3	1
Lawson's Gift, b.g. (F. C. Wilder)	3	1	3
The Guy, br.g. (F. Crapo)	2	2	2

Time—1:15½, 1:14½, 1:13½.

CLASS E—TROT.

Direct Pointer, b.g. (W. Reardon)	1	1	1
Thankful, b.g. (C. Bell)	2	2	2

Time—1:21, 1:22.

CLASS G—TROT.

Lady B., b.m. (C. W. Young)	1	3	1
Kates, second b.g. (L. S. Howard)	2	1	4
Miss Lane, ch.m. (H. C. Thayer)	4	4	2
Jack Hall, b.g. (C. Hall)	3	2	3

Time—1:23, 1:21½, 1:20.

CLASS H—TROT AND PACE.

Lucy, b.m. (J. Perkins)	1	1	1
Dandy Newsboy, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	2	2	2

Time—1:17½, 1:16½, 1:16.

CLASS I—TROT AND PACE.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS J—TROT.

Ace, ch.g. (J. Hallett)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS K—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS L—TROT.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS M—TROT AND PACE.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS N—TROT.

Ace, ch.g. (J. Hallett)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS O—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS P—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS Q—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS R—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS S—TROT.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS T—TROT AND PACE.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS U—TROT.

Ace, ch.g. (J. Hallett)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS V—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS W—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS X—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS Y—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS Z—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS AA—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS BB—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS CC—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS DD—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS EE—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS FF—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS GG—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS HH—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS II—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS JJ—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS KK—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS LL—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS MM—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS NN—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS OO—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS PP—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS QQ—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS RR—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS SS—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS TT—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS UU—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS VV—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS WW—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS XX—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS YY—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS ZZ—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS AAA—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS BBB—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS CCC—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS DDD—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS EEE—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS FFF—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS GGG—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS HHH—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS III—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS JJJ—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS KKK—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS LLL—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS MMM—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS NNN—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS OOO—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS PPP—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS QQQ—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS RRR—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS SSS—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS TTT—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS UUU—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS VVV—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS WWW—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS XXX—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS YYY—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS ZZZ—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS AAAA—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS BBBB—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS CCCC—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS DDDD—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS EEEE—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS FFFF—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS GGGG—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS HHHH—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS IIII—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS JJJJ—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS KKKK—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS LLLL—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS MMMM—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS NNNN—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS OOOO—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS PPPP—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS QQQQ—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS RRRR—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS SSSS—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS TTTT—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS UUUU—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS VVVV—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS WWWW—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS XXXX—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS YYYY—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS ZZZZ—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS AAAAA—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS BBBBB—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS CCCCC—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS DDDDD—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS EEEEE—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS FFFFF—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS GGGGG—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS HHHHH—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS IIIII—TROT AND PACE.

Nonpareil, b.m. (C. E. Abbott)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS JJJJJ—TROT.

Bonnie Direct, b.m. (W. Williamson)	1	1	1
Time—1:23, 1:22½, 1:22.			

CLASS KKKKK—PACE.

Dr. Frost, b.g. (C. Frost)	2	2	dr

CITY LIFE SECTION
OF THE BOSTON
Sunday American

See the Famous Pathe Players
Present Every Episode of
"The Perils of Pauline"

The $25,000 Prize Novel
in Wonderful
MOVING PICTURES

It Will Save a Lot of Time

By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

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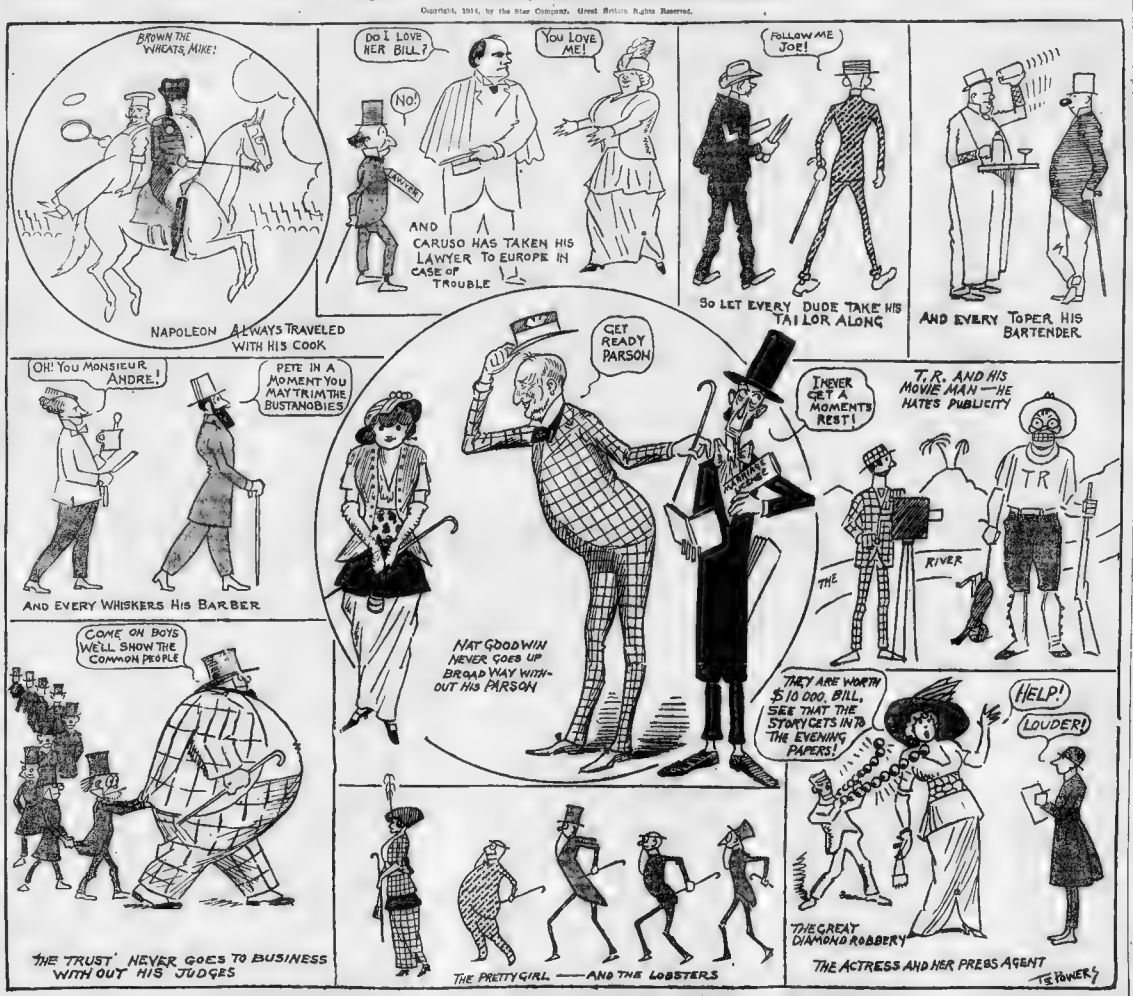
BROWN THE WHEATS, MIKE!
NAPOLEON ALWAYS TRAVELED WITH HIS COOK
DO I LOVE HER BILL?
NO!
YOU LOVE ME!
LAWYER
AND CARUSO HAS TAKEN HIS LAWYER TO EUROPE IN CASE OF TROUBLE
FOLLOW ME JOE!
SO LET EVERY DUDE TAKE HIS TAILOR ALONG
AND EVERY TOPER HIS BARTENDER
OH! YOU MONSIEUR ANDRE!
PETE IN A MOMENT YOU MAY TRIM THE BUSTANOBIES
AND EVERY WHISKERS HIS BARBER
GET READY PARSON
NAT GOODWIN NEVER GOES UP BROADWAY WITHOUT HIS PARSON
I NEVER GET A MOMENTS REST!
T. R. AND HIS MOVIE MAN—HE HATES PUBLICITY
TR
RIVER
THE
COME ON BOYS WE'LL SHOW THE COMMON PEOPLE
THE TRUST NEVER GOES TO BUSINESS WITHOUT HIS JUDGES
THEY ARE WORTH $10 000, BILL, SEE THAT THE STORY GETS INTO THE EVENING PAPERS!
HELP!
LOUDER!
THE GREAT DIAMOND ROBBERY
THE ACTRESS AND HER PRESS AGENT
THE PRETTY GIRL —— AND THE LOBSTERS
T.E. POWERS

LAUGHS IN THE NEWS

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A HARVARD professor has discovered that telephone girls become heavily charged with electricity during the Winter.

Which is absolutely nothing to worry about. The telephone subscribers are overcharged all the year 'round.

One of our brave marines, learning he was to be sent to Mexico, promptly got married.

He won't learn much about the horrors of combat until he returns and begins married life.

In discussing the silver service for the battleship New York, Governor Glynn was asked what he would advise as a substitute for the punch bowl, since liquor has been forbidden in the navy.

"A pickle dish," replied the Governor.

In our humble opinion a punch bowl is one of the most successful "pickle" dishes known.

President Wilson is going to move his office into a tent during the hot weather, and every paragrapher (except this one) will spring something about the "intense" heat or work, or something of that sort.

We wouldn't.

A leading jeweler informs us that the latest cutting for engagement solitaires is square instead of round.

At least one thing about the engagement will be on the square.

Brooklyn suffragists sent an appeal to President Wilson by carrier pigeons.

Never again will that bird be regarded as an omen of peace.

"In riding habit," said a head line, "she wished for pants."

Wonder what happened.

"Nurse gets his estate," was a very recent headline.

And it might have added, "Also the goat of each relative."

"Barber with a record," says a headline over a Cleveland, Ohio, date.

No deed to read the item. We know all about it. It was a talking machine record.

Argentina is sending Secretary Bryan a new llama to replace the first one which was deported owing to some alarming disease.

Bryan, several believe, needs a lam or two.

"Babies will be checked while mothers vote," is a statement all the way from White Plains, N. Y.

If anyone thinks voting is going to put a check to babies they don't know much about women.

"In case of war our government will raise money by various taxes," said a Washington dispatch.

Why not tax the tango? Make the dancers wear a stamp on the heels of their shoes for each dance.

Congressman Moore of Pennsylvania declares women are twice as costly as the canal.

These artificial locks cost money.

We all know what Sherman said about war.

What he would have said about it today, with Secretary Daniels barring all drinks, is difficult to imagine.

Woman was silent a year. Now an effort is being made to break her will.

Oh, yes; on the grounds of mental derangement.

Some one jokingly put a "Not Wanted" sign on a baby carriage containing a baby. In this instance the mother was indignant.

But many a truth is spoken in jest.

Harvard has added a course on lumbering.

Nearly every other paragrapher will doubtless spring some wheeze about blockheads. Not us, we merely hint at the chips of the old block taking to the tall timber, and let it go at that.

"Hen House" is the name just bestowed by Wellesley College girls on the structure, a temporary affair, which will house them until the burned building can be replaced.

Wellesley girls are modest. From personal observation of Wellesley girls and a knowledge of the strict rules of keeping them in, we would not hesitate to call it the "Chicken Coop."

Our Garden Patch

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About This Time Things Are Coming Up in the Garden, with the Aid of Nature and Friendly Hens. There Are Flowers as Well as Vegetables, as You Can Prove by Any Seed Catalog. Read What Lewis Allen, Author of "Rows and Rows of Roses," Writes About These Mid-May Things.

MAY 20—Sir Arthur Sullivan wrote the music to Gilbert's famous "Flowers that Bloom in the Spring, Tra-la!"

The "Tra-la" part of that song was his gentle method of giving the "ha-ha" to the amateur florist who sees a Grandiflorians Glorians advertised, buys and plants the seeds, and raises quite a flock of dandelions, almost as large and yellow as those he digs out of his front lawn.

MAY 21—Four hundred and thirteen years ago Amerigo Vespucci started on his third voyage of discovery. Columbus called the land he discovered "a veritable garden spot." Naturally, the people got sore and named it after Amerigo, who was more discreet.

Now is the time to set out pansies. They won't stand, but have to be set. Ninety per cent. of them will have to be laid out within a week on account of cut worms, who build their little nests underneath them and dig merrily from root to root.

MAY 22—Alighieri Dante, like many others, started an amateur garden early in life, which enabled him to write that classic known as "Dante's Inferno."

Prepare your flour beds this week. Some graham seeds are needed, also pancake seeds for the lighter flours. Buckwheat seeds should be planted separately and watered with maple syrup. If you care for decorative shrubs in your garden, plant doughnuts, being careful that the soil does not clog up the holes.

MAY 23—Eighty-four years ago Mt. Aetna blew up and poured mud and other delicacies down over the garden plots in eight villages, making them look much like your own garden after your dog has gone out and buried a bunch of bones in it.

In preparing a flower bed, see that both sides are opposite. Particular gardeners will also have the ends opposite. A good combination is made of planting yellow canary seed for border. If your place is near the seashore plant flowers with ultramarine tints. Never plant sunflowers on a cloudy day.

MAY 24—Five thousand and seventeen years ago a man said: "Every seed I planted came up and developed into a vegetable or flower. My roses were the best, my tomatoes the biggest and my peas the earliest in all Palestine." The man's name was "Ananias."

About this time watch out for the plant lice on roses. Buy a box of twenty-five-cent pure Havanas and smoke them in the garden, blowing the smoke on the rose bushes.

MAY 25—Know the innocent little flowers, so you may recognize them whenever you see pictures of them. Here are a few:

ASTER—One of the richest known. Color of gold, about $300,000,000.

AFRICAN DAISY—Flourishes in the kitchen and can broil chicken and fry pancakes to perfection.

BACHELOR'S BUTTON—Generally invisible. Single, free blooming. Keeps coming off almost as soon as it appears.

CALIFORNIA POPPY—Like any other pop, extremely proud and always bragging about it.

CANDYTUFT—A hunk of molasses taffy stuck in the forelock of little Hortense, aged five.

LOVE-LIES-BLEEDING—A joy-rider's sweetheart after the smash.

MARIGOLD—The very best possible advice if you marry at all.

MORNING GLORY—Sunday morning when you don't have to pay any attention to the alarm.

PANSY—Generally the third from the left in the front row, wearing pink ones.

PINKS—The kind Pansy wears in the first act.

PRIMROSE—The only worth-while decoration along the path of life.

SUNFLOWER—A freckle.

WALL FLOWER—The sort that haven't learned to do the "knee hunch" in the tango.

MAY 26—Fifty-nine hundred and sixteen years ago this date the Garden of Eden flourished. If Adam had refused to bite the pippen we wouldn't have had to do $300 worth of work to make a $3 garden.

Do you really want all the flowers pictured in your seed catalogue in your garden? It is a simple thing. Cut out all the pictures, glue them to sticks and jab the sticks in your garden.

MAY 27—Know the vegetables. Here is something about them considerably different from anything you may learn in catalogues:

BEETS—The only things known that are as intelligent when pickled and boiled as when perfectly natural.

CORN—Delicious on the ear, unmentionable on the feet.

CARROTS—The Titian blondes of the vegetables kingdom.

CABBAGE—Some greenery to wrap around a bouquet of pigs knuckles.

RADISHES—Little red things you eat today and remember for a week.

CUCUMBER—Long and straight on the vine, but pretzel shaped after eaten.

EGG PLANT—The darned things that scratch up your garden.

PEAS—First described by Joe Miller as the things that roll off your knife.

ENDIVE—What a man does when he slips on wet ice.

KOHLRABI—The only Rabi that doesn't know the Talmud.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Chin whiskers on a German.

LETTUCE—See "Kale."

KALE—See "long green."

SUMMER SQUASH—And some are pumpkins.

MAY 28—Jabrosken, a Hindu, discovered poisons three thousand and eleven years ago.

Now is the time to use poisons in your garden. By applying vitriol, prussic acid, cyanide of potassium and such things to your flowers and vegetables, and by pouring a mixture of these poisons about the roots, you will fool all the slugs, grubs, cutworms and such things in your garden. Your poisons will kill the plants and leave the insects to starve to death.

MAY 30—Thomas Hood, a great and happy humorist, born in 1798. He was born in London and never dallied, meddled, or fussed with a backyard garden plot. All his plots were in prose and verse, from which he reaped an abundance of pounds, shillings and pence.

If, by this time, you are disgusted with your attempts at growing flowers and vegetables, plant hops and malt and call it a beer garden.

At the Front! By A. E. Hayward

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Mexico City, May 14.

EDITOR City Life Section:

Dear Sir—In accordance with your instructions I let Vera Cruise around by herself and hustled over here in the hopes that I would be able to untangle the situation somewhat. The walking was dreadful and I have been up two nights plucking cactus points out of my shins. As Sherman so aptly put it—it sure is!

I think everything will be all right if we watch and wait a little while longer. I feel sure of this, on account of the warm reception tendered me on my arrival in town. Aside from a sort of meat cleaver aimed at my head as I crossed the Plaza, which only grazed my left ear, I was not molested in the least. Every afternoon I am serenaded by a band of pipers, swinging from the presidency. These bring me mails to himself, and the next morning when they arrive he refuses to accept them.

There seems to be great misunderstanding among the natives as to the meaning of the word "mediate." Most of those I speak with seem to think it means a kind of soup or one of the new dances we are popularizing. It just occurs to me—why not?

Why not what? says you.

New dance, step, says I, stepping back two, and pivoting on the third count. The "Mediation." It all goes so well together, continues I. "A. B. C." "Argentine Tango." "Brazilian Nut Walk," "Chilly Crawl," "Hesitation," "Mediation."

Great opportunity. What's the matter with our dancing innovators. Two steps backward, with the right, hesitate for two counts, then forward two counts and "Mediate." This would be a peach of a dance!

One could start off right down the floor as though they really intended to go through the entire dance, but you could fool 'em. When you come to the "Mediation" you retire to the conservatory and talk it over. Then you could return to the floor and continue the other figures of the "Mediation," which might consist of dancing around an imaginary point in a circle, but in reality getting nowhere Castle House please note.

Huerta wants to know whether, in the event of his stepping out, will there be any effort made to prevent him from accepting an engagement at Hammerstein's. I told him I could not altogether "Mediation."

"Two Steps Backward, Hesitate for Two Counts, Then Forward Two Counts and Mediate."

Great demonstrations of approval in the shape of assorted, superfluous fruit and vegetables from street urchins, I say, aside from this, I noticed little indication of hostility.

It is a beautiful morning. Everything is so peaceful and serene as I write this. Though it is nearly noon, there have been only nineteen attempts made on my life, and it looks as though it is going to be a rather tiresome day. Yesterday was bright and more interesting, there being thirty-two separate efforts to present me with a harp and wings.

It started early, when the bellhop purposely spilled the hot water over my bare feet. They seem to have the darndest way of making war down here!

Next thing I know they'll throw a caterpillar on me.

I located Huerta sipping Ancestre on the back stoop. His nerves are in a frightful condition. He says of late he can not order more than ten executions between drinks without feeling the strain. When I approached he was writing a bunch of resignations. He tells me that the market for resignations these days is positively bully and the demand exceeds the supply.

So many friends are asking for them now, he tells me that it keep him working overtime to assure him on that point, but that I thought if he confined his monologue to some "uplift" topic it would be all right. He said he thought of doing this and if Hammerstein would handle him, he has a pippin of an act doped out.

It commences with a song in which the orchestra doesn't quite get the key, and big noise by the drummer. Then a few fancy steps and a good autrum talk. Photographs for sale in the lobby.

Huerta started to tell me of a play he is writing, which he thinks will draw pretty good, but he is stumped when he comes to one scene. One of the character is a war correspondent who is strung up by the thumbs. He says he is not quite sure as to the dialogue here.

He wore a thoughtful look as he told me this, so I suddenly remembered I had an engagement at the hotel. I am no sacrifice to the interests of the drama, says I.

Another dastardly attempt was made a few moments ago on my life. A big Mexican greaser entered the room, took my hat off the rack and jumped up and down on it. It was a perfectly good hat, too, respectable and wouldn't harm a fly. Now, I ask you again, is that any nice way to fight?

Sincerely,

A. E. HAYWARD.

Hashimura Togo Swats the Fly

Being a Letter of a Japanese Boy of All Work to the Editor of GOOD HOUSEKEEPING MAGAZINE.

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To Editor Good Housekeeping Magazine, noble editor who make fly-chasing delightful among national sports.

DEAR Silt—Last Wednesday midnight p. were historical date when I bane sot kiss a by to employment from home of Mrs. K. W. Pumphrey, North Bourbon, Ky. This were too bad accident from my helpless.

When I enter this sweetchurted home Hon. Mrs. Pumphrey says me, "Tango," she reate, "I am most particular about flies."

"I am sure you must raise some delicious varieties of these live stocks," I colapse in chivalry.

"O not to do!" she renig hashly. "I would sooner have a tiger in my home than a fly.

"A tiger might be more noisy," I negotiate.

"A tiger merely contains six claws in his feet," she snagger, "while a fly got 10,000 scratchers each containing 10,000,000 germs. From this you can estimate."

I attempt to do so until fatigued.

"From national science report arranged by boss doctor of John Hopsmith University I learn considerable valuable diseases which come from flies. Asthma, miasma, phantasma, connection of the membranes, loss of memory worms (hook, book & ring), hydrophobia, anglophobia, colic, bibliography, and jaw-lock. All these are brought home from footprints of this poisonous bird."

"They should not be permitted to fly" I abhor.

"It is not when they fly they are harmful. They do the damage when they land," she tell.

"In this they are similar to aeroplanes," I snuggest.

"Perhapsly!" she combust. "At any rates, I give you instructions. Whenever you see a fly, track him to his hole and shoe him at once."

"Only horse-flies can be shoed," I determinate.

She could not assimilate this reply I said "Whenever I see flies," she say furthermore, "I shodder, not so much for self & husband as for dearie Baby Alexander, who are endanger."

"Expect me to fear nothing including flies," I narrate cruelly like a Samurai.

Mr. Editor, when housewifely lady got fears for something she got it even when it are not there. I once did kitchen labor for one lady who imagine tramps was somewhere all time. When grocer arrive with order expression, she holla, "Tramp!" till he say otherwise. She yell "Tramp!" when welcoming book-arcent peddleman come. One day gentleman in very tired-looking clothes arrive up to door. She screech, "Tramp!" and quench him with hose-water. "I am preacher," he yellup. "I thought you was tramp," she oblige. 'At my salary I should be,' he negotiate while walking awayward.

Thusly it were with Hon. Mrs. Pumphrey about flies. Each morning she examine fly-paper lovingly like mariner studying charts.

"How much flies we caught this a. m., Togo?" she ask it.

"Six," I say it. "Five house and one butter."

"Unloosen Hon. Butterfly," she dement. "We should not punish nature's lovely insex, because of sins of others."

So I grab that lovely insex and attempt to remove him from his sticky toes. But when I done so he turn meanly and bit me on thumb with hot end of his poison tail.

"That butterfly are a wasp!" I lecture amid Japanese word curse.

"Wasps does little harm," she say sweetishly.

"What little they does can be noticed immediately," I snarrel.

And so onwards.

After 2½ days of continuous flymanship I become extremely skilful in murder. My ears became very bright by listening for flies. At distance of 66 ft. I could hear Hon. Fly walking up windows. Then was time for me. My eyebrows containing gunpowder expression peculiar to Hwana Tumbo, I hide behind curtain shade with cruel hand containing swat-stick Hon. Fly approach, little imagining. Now and occasionally he stop and rubb his mitten together so they will be more ready to catch more disease. Still I await. Of suddenly I arise ugly, silently like eels drinking milk. And then. Swats!!!

By this warfare I broke considerable flies and other dishes.

Hon. Pumphrey, husband, come home saying stern about flies.

"What are so fatalistic about this bugs all of a suddenly?" he ask it. "In childhood of, youth I was affectionately acquainted with flies. While enjoying cradle-side of infancy, flies was allowed to buzz round my head angel whispers. And yet I live."

Man who talk like that never had any infancy," snagger Hon. Mrs. with peev.

"If folks in this neighborhood could pay less attention to screen door and more to window-lock there would be less burglary," he otter. "6 homes has been burglarized while everybody was busy snubbing flies."

He remove one enlarge coltish revolver filled with bullets and lay him doggishly on table.

"O!!!" This from Hon. Mrs.

While you are executing flies I shall mutilate burglars," he narrate with militia voice. "And let us see who gets it first."

Hon. Fly Approach. Hide imagining. Now and Cautiously He Step and Rubb His Mittens Together So They Will Be More Ready to Catch More Diseases. Of Suddenly I Arise Ugly, Silently Like Eels Drinking Milk. And Then, Swats! By This Warefare I Broke Considerable Plies and Other Dishes.

"Kindly not to point him this way while doing so," elocute Hon. Mrs. Madam looking calm but nervus.

Another weeks go by and I am very much embossed in my work. Once in occasionally Hon. Fly come walking into home on deceptive wings, yet I pursue. Sometime I make masher motion with broom & impale him flat against wall. Other time I allure him gently with towel so he flop to fly-paper where his feetsteps becomes glue.

Once Hon. Fly alight downward on Baby Alexander nose, shaking his cruel feet, intending to leave 10,000 symptoms. Spank! I capitulate that insect by stroking Hon. Baby on head with apron. Yet he cry without thanks for my bravery.

At lastly that house were so scarce of flies you could not find him without advertising. All day, while not sweeping other rugs, I search back & forthly with cruel fly-spank. Yet never a buzz was there. Such was accomplishment of my great science.

Night of Wednesday approach up. When dinner-eat was accomplished and dish-wash ceremony doneup, my Cousin Nogi arrive to kitchen for make conversation from Japanese politics while eating cake, kindness of Mrs. Pumphrey who didnt know it. Lateness of hour arrive. When time of 11.63 p. m. come, Nogi make sleepy go-home while I emerge to my bedroom expecting tomorrow, as usual.

I light gass. What was? Buzz! Ah, Hon. Fly, where was it? I turn my eyesight behind window-curtain—and sure enough! There stood one entirely enlarged buzzer washing his front thumbs.

With sneekret expression I borrow slipper from myself and stole forth. Crouches. Of finally, when Hon. Fly seem to be looking at his nose, I lep. Bangs! Yet he was too soon. He flew ugly, aeroplaned circular for moments, and then—when less expected—start to fly outward through door.

O! ! This escape must not! Slightly down hallway were child-room where Hon. Baby Alexander layed enjoying innocent nightmares. That fly must not arrive there to sting him with medical diseases. If no hero was there to have him who must? I must!

Therefore I rush forwards with slippershoe in my Samurai thumbs. With talented stroke of match I lit gass. O yes! There were Hon. Fly smuggling in air right over eyebrow of that infantile. I make talented swing to lash him with slipper, yet he were too collusive for me. Ere I could brush him dead he make slippery wing motion & flew to window-curtain where he hide shyly like poets avoiding praise.

I should get him yet! I crouch downly, my slipper raised ugly. But while I do so—O look! Who there?

Standing distinctly in doorway of child-room I observe Hon. Mr. Pumphrey standing like a cold ghost in pajamas. And in his right-hand finger he held that enlarged coltish revolver.

What is?" he whisper ghastly.

"I chase one in here!" I gollup. "He are now.

Yours truly,

HASHIMURA TOGO.

The A B C of Mexican War

By Raymond and Caverly, Wizards of Joy.

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RAYMOND—Hello, August!

CAVERLY—Don't call me August, it makes me hot.

RAYMOND—You don't look well today. Why is der reason?

CAVERLY—I tink I got suggestion.

RAYMOND—What have you been eating?

CAVERLY—A tango sandvich.

RAYMOND—What is a tango sandvich?

CAVERLY—A little chicken, mit very little dressing, und hot too much mustard.

RAYMOND—Vat is der latest from Mexico?

CAVERLY—Der American Eagle has gone down dere und is flying around to lay der eggs of prosperity und is vaiting for a chance to hatch 'em.

RAYMOND—Who is interfering mit his good intentions?

CAVERLY—A bunch of diplomats who shoot off hot air faster dan Mount Vesuvivius, und while der eagle is screeching for liberty der diplomats are vaiting und drinking grape juice.

RAYMOND—Grape juice is a tonic.

CAVERLY—Yes, for der feebleminded.

RAYMOND—Vat is a diplomat?

CAVERLY—A person who understands how to get money mid-out working und hold his job at der same time.

RAYMOND—Vat is der trouble mit Mexico?

CAVERLY—Der trouble is, everybody vants to be der president.

RAYMOND—Are you going to enlist?

CAVERLY—No.

RAYMOND—Den you are not patriotic.

CAVERLY—Sure I am! Why, I'm so patriotic I von't year anything but a union suit.

RAYMOND—I am going to enlist und clean der navy.

CAVERLY—You are too old to clean der navy. Remember, you are no chicken.

RAYMOND—I know, but giff me credit for being game.

CAVERLY—If you are going to enlist, take my advice und choin a regiment of plumbers or taxicab drivers.

RAYMOND—Vhy?

CAVERLY—Because dem fellows know how to charge.

RAYMOND—Vat does a man haff to be in der army to be buried mit military honors?

CAVERLY—He's got to be dead.

RAYMOND—I see where Admiral Fletcher vent und took Vera Cruz.

CAVERLY—Is do so? When did he marry her?

RAYMOND—Marry who?

CAVERLY—Vera Cruz.

RAYMOND—Vera Cruz ain't a she. It's der capital of Mexico.

CAVERLY—I thought Clide vas der capital.

RAYMOND—No, Chile is der capital of Con Carne.

CAVERLY—Vat does A. B. C. mean?

RAYMOND—American Bull Con.

CAVERLY—Vat's der use to talk about der var when Rosefelt is miles away, und Carnegie is willing to pay millions for peace?

RAYMOND—Dot's der trouble. Rosefelt don't want peace. If he can't find trouble he goes in der jungles und fights mit animals. Why, Rosefelt at der head of Coxey's army can march into Mexico, throw his hat in der ring and make every Mexican salute it.

CAVERLY—I see where he has discovered a new tribe down in Brazil.

RAYMOND—Is vey be new to him, but I tink it's der same tribe vat voted for Bryan years ago vile he first ran for President.

Briefs on Joy Line

Good for Medicine Men.

ADMIRAL DEWEY, on being complimented on his superb health, smiled and said: "I attribute my good condition to plenty of exercise and no banquets. One-third of what we eat, you know, enables us to live."

"In that case," said his friend, jestingly, "what becomes of the other two-thirds?"

"Oh, said the Admiral, "that enables the doctor to live."

Only One Glance.

"DID you notice that woman who just passed?" inquired he.

"The one," responded she, "with the gray hat, the white feather, the red velvet roses, the mauve jacket, the black skirt, the mink furs and the lavender spats?"

"Yes."

"Not particularly."

Calling the Kettle Black.

"I DESPISE a hypocrite."

"So do I."

"Now take Jackson, for example; he's the biggest hypocrite on earth."

"But you appear to be his best friend."

"Oh, yes, I try to appear friendly toward him, but I'm better in the end."

Economic Defence.

"WHY don't women dress sensibly?"

"If they did, half the industries of the world would go to smash."

Andy Rice on Marriage

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TAKING marriage purely on a business basis, when I negotiated my marriage I should have made a better deal. The goods had been on the shelf for a long time. I had no competition. When her father first promoted the holding company the prospectus looked very good, but I shouldn't have taken any stock in it.

You know when a partnership for life is consummated and you start out to make the venture a success you find that the expenses to maintain the business are greater than the value received. Because after you take an inventory of what you have on hand you find that the face value has been overrated, the figure shows a deficit—very little collateral and all bonus—and you realize that you should never have given a mortgage for what has been unloaded on you.

But when your partner appoints herself the receiver of all your finances and hypothecates your funds for fancy figures, you find your assets shrinking, and you can't give her a stop-loss order or a check because she won't let you utter a note of protest. Of course, the first season is brisk, but after that, when you find fifty per cent. depreciation for wear and tear, although it's your duty, with all your good will, you can only show a half interest in the enterprise, that's a tax on your resources and you have to go out and liquidate.

Somebody sent us a Morris chair. A fine chair. Only, the back was broken. As soon as I sat in it—so was mine. I could have had lots of pleasure with that chair—only my wife wouldn't sit in it.

We had caviar at the wedding feast. Nobody wanted it. Nobody liked it. But everybody ordered it. I asked Finkelstein, the caterer, "What is caviar?" He said, "It's the eggs from the sturgeon. It costs a dollar a half ounce." So I ate some. Eggs from a sturgeon. I don't know whether those eggs were good or bad—I never ate any before—but I'm sure they were bad—already they were black.

Then came the roast. While they was serving, a swell baby sitting across she give me a little kick with her foot under the table, chucked me over a smile and said, "Andy, dear, are you fond of chicken?" And I answer, "Of course, but have a little respect for my wife's feelings."

I said to Rosenblatt, the lawyer, "Excuse me, but why don't you throw up the law and go into a respectable business? Learn an HONEST trade—or something?" He said, "Never mind. Don't worry about me. I'll get there. Look at Abraham Lincoln. He studied for ten years in a log cabin, and when he came out of the log cabin he became a President." I said, "Way don't you do the same thing? You've been studying law for ten years—why don't you become President?" And he said, "How can I? I ain't got no log cabin."

We had our wedding in a hall. I told my father-in-law it's more stylish to have a private wedding and just invite the immediate relatives. He said, "Stylish or not—it must be in a hall. If I only invite the immediate relatives I'd lose money on it."

BEST JOKES OF THE WEEK

Uncle's Knowledge.

LITTLE JIMMY came to Toronto from his northern Ontario home, where he had never seen a colored person. One day when he was out walking with his Uncle Bob, they happened to pass a colored woman, and the little fellow asked:

"Say, uncle, why did that woman black her face?"

"Why, she hasn't blacked her face—that is her natural color," replied the uncle.

"Is she black like that all over?" asked Jimmy.

"Why, yes."

"Gosh, uncle, you know everything, don't you?"

Good Idea.

BALD-HEADED PARTY—No, I can't go to the masquerade tonight, I've no costume.

Warm Friend—That's all right, just stick a black patch on your pate and go as the cue ball.

Getting Scared.

A CUSTOMER had ordered lunch in a restaurant at 2 o'clock. He waited half an hour without result.

"Waiter," he called out, "what time do you close?"

"Half past six, sir."

With deep concern in his voice, the customer said:

"You're not going to lock me in, are you?"

We Trust So.

"HERR SCHMIDT is so fat that he can't get near enough to his counter to sell goods."

"Hm! Sort of a corporation in restraint of trade."

The Economist.

SOME people seem to think that, to get rich, one must economize like Jones.

Jones' faithful old dog had turned sickly and savage and so Jones said to his wife, on arriving home from business Saturday evening:

"I'll shoot Towser tomorrow morning before church."

Jones paused, then added, sternly:

"So remember, please, that he won't need any breakfast."

Correct.

"ONE-HALF of the women in this world retail gossip," remarked Mr. Stubb, as he lit the after-supper cigar.

"Quite considerate of you not to say all of them retail gossip," snapped Mrs. Stubb, as she washed the dishes.

"Oh, no, only half, Maria. The other half wholesale it."

Rather Harsh.

THE GIRL—I say, Algy, why do you make your own cigarettes?

Algy—Because the—er—doctor said that I must take more—er—exercise.

Wise Father.

BROWN—I wanted to get married when I was twenty-one, but my father said I didn't have sense enough. So I waited until I was thirty.

Cora—And you married at thirty?

Brown—Oh, no; at thirty I had too much sense to want a wife.

Good Illustration.

LITTLE WILLIE—Pa, what's a redundancy of expression?

Pa—Using more words than are necessary to express one's meaning, such as "wealthy plumber," "poor poet," etc.

10 Days Free Trial. Send No Money
$2 Hair Switch on Approval. Send lock of hair and 10c to match and mail a fine 22 in. short stem human hair switch (any shade) on approval. A bargain. Hold it in dirt—if not pleased send it back and we will refund your money. Extra choice of short, medium or long stem switches. Latest styles hair dressing, hair goods and ostrich feathers. Anna Ayers, Dept. B 631, 220 So. State St., Chicago. Write for catalog FREE.

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Polly's Pa Goes to the Exercises—

By Cliff Sterrett

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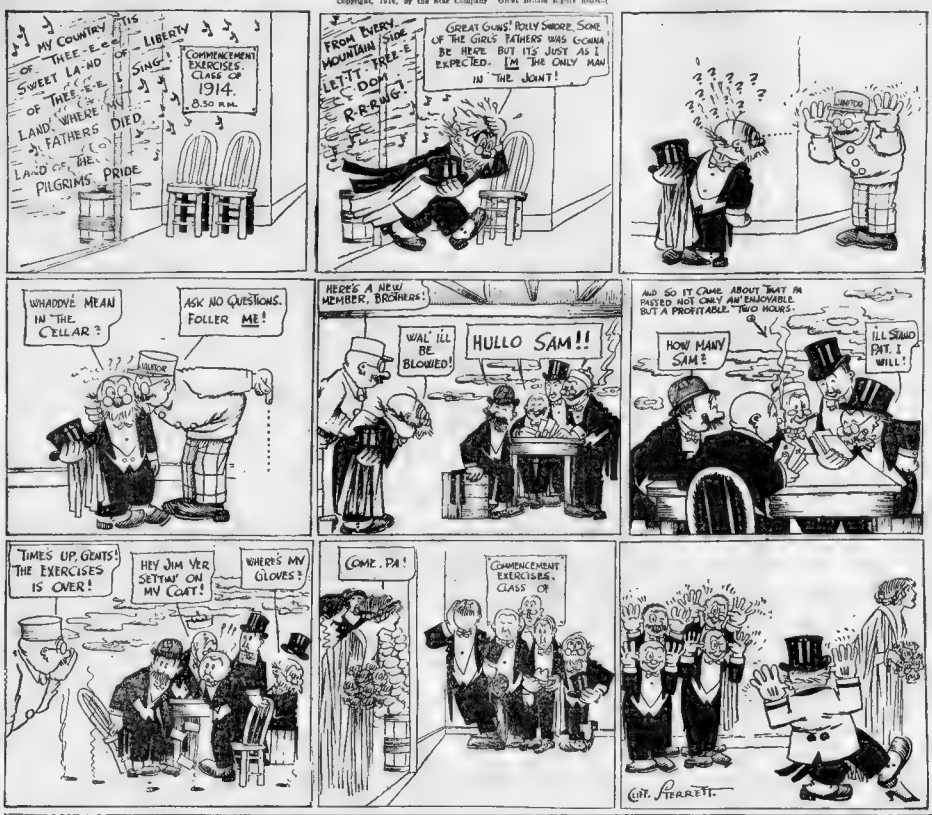
MY COUNTRY 'TIS OF THEE-E-E SWEET LA-ND OF LIBERTY OF THEE I SING
LAND WHERE MY FATHERS DIED
LAND OF THE PILGRIMS' PRIDE
COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES. CLASS OF 1914. 8.30 P.M.
FROM EVERY MOUNTAIN SIDE LET FREE-DOM R-R-RING!
GREAT GUNS! POLLY SWORE SOME OF THE GIRLS FATHERS WAS GONNA BE HERE BUT IT'S JUST AS I EXPECTED. I'M THE ONLY MAN IN THE JOINT!
WHADDYE MEAN IN THE CELLAR?
ASK NO QUESTIONS. FOLLER ME!
HERE'S A NEW MEMBER, BROTHERS!
WAL' I'LL BE BLOWED!
HULLO SAM!!
AND SO IT CAME ABOUT THAT PA PASSED NOT ONLY AN' ENJOYABLE BUT A PROFITABLE TWO HOURS.
HOW MANY SAM?
I'LL STAND PAT, I WILL!
TIMES UP, GENTS! THE EXERCISES IS OVER!
HEY JIM YER SETTIN' ON MY COAT!
WHERE'S MY GLOVES?
COME, PA!
COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES. CLASS OF
CLIFF STERRETT.

JUST FOR FUN

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TWo actors met on Broadway One of them was in deep mourning, and the other asked who was dead

"My grandfather," was the reply; "we buried him yesterday"

The other actor murmured sympathy "Many at the funeral?" he asked

A gleam of satisfaction broke over the other's gloomy face

"My boy," he exclaimed, "we were turning 'em away."

* * *

IT is announced that Snowing, Merrily & Co have added a new book to their list of Middle West fiction, "How to Be a Southern Gentleman; or, One Hundred and Twenty Five Ways of Preparing the Mint Julep"

* * *

HOW they advertise 'em in Philadelphia.

MARRIAGES.

DAUGHERTY—In loving remembrance of HARRY W. DAUGHERTY, who died April 20, 1911. We do not know the pains he bore. We did not see him die. We only know he went away. And never said goodby.—Family.

* * *

SIGNOR CARUSO says that no man is as well known as he thinks he is, and tells of an incident that occurred when he was motoring on Long Island not long ago.

He says, "My car broke down, and while the chauffeur was repairing it I entered a farm house to get warm. The farmer and I chatted in the kitchen before the wood stove, and when he asked my name I told him modestly that I was Caruso.

"At that name he threw up his hands.

"'Caruso!' he exclaimed, 'Robinson Caruso, the great traveler. Little did I expect ever to see a man like you in this here humble kitchen, sir.'"

* * *

General Grouch on Mexican Affairs.

YOU know what Sherman said about war—and he wasn't even killed. What would he have called it if he had lost a leg?

Down in Mexico a gun in the hand is worth two in the closet.

If our naval officers would discard some of those Mexican ports with ordinary washing soap the natives wouldn't stop running for a week.

The last time we had war with Mexico it cost her Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and most of California. On that ratio she won't have enough territory to pay her debt to us if we fight to a finish this time.

General Hass hid under a bed. If it had been a folding bed he might have escaped the ~~ignominy~~ of self ~~focation~~

Uncle Sam is taking a mean advantage of the Mexicans. Just as soon as he's roped [illegible] was begging for trousers for [illegible] in with his army. How can [illegible] is so terribly exposed to the enemy.

Once it was "Remember the Alamo [illegible] member the Maine," now it is "Remember [illegible] lutz we didn't get."

We seemed to overlook Huerta's refusal to [illegible] us and heaped coals of fire on his head by [illegible] him anyway—with solid shot.

Senator Borah said, "If the Stars and Stripes [illegible] up in Mexico it will never come down." Tell [illegible] Huerta, Senator, we should worry

Spring Poems.

In the Spring a young man's fancy
Takes in hfe a livlier stock.
Naught he cares for Maude or Nancy,
But he's gotter have his bock!
—Clarence Murphy.

A page of sport-dope underneath the bough,
A case of grape, a can of suds and thou
Holding a season baseball pass for two,
And this here earth were Paradise enow.
—A Fann.

I love the emerald pastures
And I love the budding trees
I love the flitting bluebirds
And I love the Springtime breeze.
I love the brilliant crocus
And I love the balmy air,
But, Oh, I hate this heavy,
Itchy, Winter underwear!
—TENNYSON POE.

There is naught so sweet as gentle Spring,
It has got it over everything.
Soon the wild flowers will be blooming
And real estate will be booming.
There is nothing that has a deeper sting
Than a real estate deal in the Spring.
This is the season so warm and sweet,
The season of love, influenza and wet feet.
—Horatius Pumkerleigh.

All Is Not Gold That Glitters—

THE MORNING SMILE

Wex Jones, Editor

But All Is Bitter That's Bitters.

Vol. III. Boston, Sunday, May 17, 1914. No. 23.

THE DIARY OF A DICTATOR

From Hitherto Unpublished Documents Found in the Cellar of the National Palace, Mexico City.

SUNDAY—Quiet afternoon at the bull fight. Everything passed off as usual, even to the riot in which 390 were shot. By a strange coincidence 389 of these were sympathizers with the Constitutionalists.

In the evening visited El Globo cafe. Had the proprietor shot at 13:59 p. m. for running out of brandy.

At midnight everything became a blank.

MONDAY—Did not feel very well this morning. Thought I needed a stimulant, so swallowed a couple of bottles of brandy. Felt a lot more cheerful

Usual afternoon riot occurred near barracks. Very remarkable and fortunate that out of 471 killed, 470 were friends of either Zapata or Villa.

Spent the evening in El Globo. The new proprietor knows his business. He showed me two cellars entirely filled with brandy. Although not feeling very well, the sight cheered me considerably, and I refrained from having the man shot.

Held I saved there until 6 in the morning, showing in a practical way my appreciation of the host's efforts to provide entertainment.

TUESDAY—Ouch! Very bad head this afternoon when I awoke. Man tells me I sent eight telegrams to various presidents, kings, etc. Wonder what the deuce I said in them. However, what does it matter.

Three bottles of brandy for breakfast A substantial meal.

Strange to say, all but one of the 425 killed in the afternoon rioting were Carrancistas. I promoted the colonel in charge of the riot and he is now a general

A quiet evening at El Globo. Appears I had the Minister of War executed.

WEDNESDAY—Find I must have made a mistake last night. It was the Secretary of the Treasury I meant to have executed. However, I can have that fixed up tonight.

Had a light breakfast of 1½ quarts of brandy. My digestion is not what it would be. (Here the Ms. has been torn.)

Oddities in the News.

Collector drops a fresh egg and commits suicide*

Jersey man poured so much maple syrup over his buckwheat cakes that it leaked through into the cellar, weakening the flooring so that the breakfast table fell through and the whole family was drowned

Easton Furnace, Mass.

Alabama farmer sends giant radish to Secretary Bryan. Note: The radish is big enough to choke on.

The Amateur Athletic "Union"

General Villa shoots messenger who brings bad news; kisses messenger who brings good news. Which kind of news had you rather bring General Villa?

The A. A. U.

Did You Know That—

There is more nourishment in a pound of gravel than in a kippered herring, especially if you're an ostrich?

Vaudeville is so called because no other name could describe it well enough?

A barber never shaves his tips?

The locks in the Panama Canal have no key holes?

Grass is green all over the world, except in some Boston parks?

Flying upside down in an aeroplane makes the seagulls think you're an awful fool?

The best way to get pickled pigs' feet is to water for a pickled pig

There's a resolution born every minute?

A hepatitis is no relation to an umbrella?

On the other hand, an aunt is a relation to a nephew?

A story is also a relation?

An egg has a soft heart beneath a hard exterior*

An astronomer is a man who looks at a star through a telescope and then writes an article on why the inhabitants wear shoes?

IN THE SMILE'S LETTER BOX

IN THE GRAPE ARBOR.

TO THE EDITOR—I heard a man say yesterday "Well, a buffalo must have it's grapes" What did he mean by that remark? Do buffaloes eat grapes? If so, how do they obtain the grapes?

JOHN VERAX.

(Certainly but falces eat grapes. They obtain the grapes by climbing the trees after them.—Ed.)

DREAMS.

TO THE EDITOR—The other night I dreamed that I was falling out of bed When I awoke I was lying on the floor. T made me believe in dreams, until some one told me that I had gone to sleep on the floor originally. Now I don't believe in dreams

VINCENT VELETTA

(All right, V. V We don't care—Ed.)

Our Weekly Health Hint.

Never try to outsprint a rifle bullet.

Mutterzolb and Son

By D. Darby Aaronson

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"TELL me, Milton," said Mutterzolb, "is this country going crazy in the head or what? Mit the whole world nearly they're fighting war First wuz mit Mexicow, then mit Tampicohn, now it's mit Vera Caruso Next I bet you will be mit the Japasneezers.

"And what is the whole fighting about anyway? On account of that murder Hurtem from Mexicow not saluting the United States American flag. He must be a terrible murder to let people get killed on account of a thing like that, especial yet when saluting don't cost anything. And you think that General Village from the Rabbis"——

"Rebel," corrected Milton.

"Well, whatever is it," returned Mutterzolb, "as bad as business is mit me I could almost laugh when that General Village comes out and says that he'll help the Americans. Sure he'll help the Americans—to get killed

"You know I feel like writing a letter to President Bryan telling him that he shouldn't trust that General Village And in the same letter I would want to ask him if he could find for me maybe in Mexicow that new salesman I had mit the red hair who ran away mit my case of sample coats. I wound out yesterday he's got a cousin a soldier And, believe me, I wouldn't be afraid to write him that I voted for him, too. Of course, he maybe knows that mitout me telling him. Say, what them politicianers don't know!

"But the reason I want to tell him about it is because I like to show him that I am not one of them fellers who's looking for favors all the time. Believe me, if everybody wuz like me we would never have war. War, I tell you, is one of the most terrible things there is. Look at the taxes we'll have to pay. It's true what General Shulman from the Civilized war said what was war.

"And you think there would be today a war in Mexicow if they gave the people there what they wanted? They want education and you can't blame them for it You see so soon as they commenced to learn them only A-B-C how they're already keeping a little quiet.

"But it's a shame, I tell you, to see our soldiers risking their lifes in an Vera Caruso, where they allow snipers to shoot from the roofs. The ones to blame for that is the landlords from the houses who allows them fellers on their roofs. I wouldn't be surprised even if you could sue them for a thing like this. Well, now, maybe mit that General Funston there it wouldn't be so easy for them snipers, because that General Funston is the same feller who catched Aguinaldeman, the King of the Philippeenan Islanders.

"Between me and you, Milton, I think that grafting is got a little to mit that war, too Do you think that them fellers what they call cots, who goes up in the air warships to look around, to find out where the enemy is, do really look around? Yes, they look around, but for what? To see maybe where they could find the best lots cheap

"For the grafting is bad enough, but the killing, that's already a little worster A person's life today in Mexicow ain't worth a cent over one dollar. Believe me, Meyer Yukman could thank me that he's alive today, because it wuz me who saved his life He asked me maybe thirty times I should lend him a thousand dollars to go in business in Mexicow, and it wuz his luck that I couldn't spare it every time he asked me or he would be today a dead man Don't you think I told him about it last night and made him treat me to a good schnaps and a cigar for that?

"And while I wuz drinking the schnaps I looked in that Meyer's face and would you believe it the tears came right to my eyes to think that such a good A No. 1 feller like him could be dead. There ain't one day passes what that feller don't treat me to either a good cigar or a schnaps. He should only live to be a hundred and twenty years old and I mit him, so that I could show mine appreciations and give him a treat, too.

"After the schnaps we took a walk over to the lodge and commenced to disgust about the war, and so soon as Yussiemayshee, Popkowitz, who wuz sitting alongside of us, heard we got war mit Mexicow, he right away wants to send his whole four sons to be soldiers You know his brother Abe, who wuz a soldier in the Spanish-American War, made a fortune selling dry goods furnishings to the soldiers Why don't you be a soldier, Milton?"

"If they call for volunteers I'll gladly go," replied Milton.

"Oh," said Mutterzolb, "so they got to call for you yet? To go yourself you're too high toned. Tell me, if they did already call for you and you was a soldier, what would you do"

"What would I do? Serve my country, of course."

"What would they pay you?" asked Mutterzolb. "Of course duty is duty, and I don't care what the pay is, but just I like to know."

"I think it's about thirteen dollars a month," answered Milton

"Well," said Mutterzolb, "while business is slack and you ain't doing anything just now, go ahead, be a soldier"

"But I'll never be able to get along with that thirteen dollars a month. I expect you to send me my allowance every week, which I'm sure you'll do, won't you?"

"Sure I will," replied Mutterzolb; "what do you ask such foolish questions for? I couldn't have the cheek to call myself a father if I didn't. But you know, Milton, I'm just thinking that on account of the busy season coming on I'm a little afraid that I can't let you go as a soldier, because I'll need you here mit me."

Loney Haskell on "Innocence"

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WE now present for your approval Miss Charlotte Davies, the original "Innocence"—the only one left—in this neighborhood Miss Davies wears a smile and a union suit The reason she wears a smile is to cover her features—and because her husband is now suing her for divorce she wears a union suit. If her husband won't protect her the union will, for in union there is strength, and it is reinforced strong support

She deserves credit for working so hard, posing twice daily for ten minutes at a time for $400 per week, while the poor working girl working ten hours a day receives only $8 per week. That is because they don't wear union suits and don't get mixed up in law suits Miss Davies won the $10,000 prize as a model. If you look up the definition of the word model in the dictionary, you will discover that it means the imitation of the real thing. If you look carefully through your glasses you will find Miss Davies is not an imitation Her union suit cannot bear false witness. She is striving to make as good a showing as possible She is ambitious to go up in the world. Most of us try to go up and up, and some of us change at Ninety-sixth street Others continue to go up as far as the Bronx. They don't care what becomes of them

"Innocence" may be seen in most any art store window, but to see the real flesh and blood one must look at this picture, earning more than a bare living I call your attention to the various poses, such as "The White Slave," "Cast Up by the Sea," "September Morn" The only change is in the expression

Would that style of dressing were more popular what a saving for poor married men and Pittsburgh millionaires. Innocence is the freshest thing in the world, and yet the scarcest, most everybody that is arrested claims it, men worship it and abuse it, women admit it and deny it, and you can't buy it. Yet you can come here and see it. Oh, Innocence, what sins are committed in thy name! With these few words, ladies and gentlemen, I leave you with the seal of purity on my lips. Adieu. Adieu

Our Own Spring Lexicon

Have You a Little Garden in Your Yard? Are You Troubled with Your Neighbor's Hens and Advice? Then Drink in These Facts.

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BUDS—There are two kinds of buds, those that come out in society and those that come out in the Spring. Only the latter are green and tender. When you see buds on the fruit trees it is a sign there will be a frost and kill the crop. When you see the other buds it is a sign there will be a wedding, then a frost, with little chances of a crop.

CHICKENS—These are a sign of Spring. One variety break out of their shells in the Spring and go "peep, peep, peep." The other kind cross a muddy street and the men go "peep, peep, peep."

DUST—Always noticeable as soon as Spring comes. Half of it gets into the house and the other half in your eyes just as you want to see what's going on, or by. None of it gets in your pocket.

ENGAGEMENTS—In the Spring a young man's fancy turns to getting married. The dictionary says "fancy" is an imaginary figure, which shows that Webster was hep, as most figures are that way.

FLIES—Another sign of Spring. If they do not wipe their little feet and you get familiar with them, it is a sign you may not see another Spring.

FLOWERS—No Spring is complete without flowers. Flowers are things that grow on magazine covers and in florist's windows, but never in the country where you can find them.

GRASS—The stuff poor children cannot step on because rich tax payers pay for it and then never visit the parks. It is the stuff children will scuff over you if you try to grow a lawn! It is the stuff that grows beautifully in your neighbor's lawn, but only in spots like rash or measles in your own lawn. It is the stuff poets rave about and suburbanites swear about. (See "lawn mowers.")

GARDENS—A garden is a sign of Spring—and softening of the brain if you try to make one. It is also a place where the suburbanite raises hopes and blisters. A rendezvous for your neighbor's hens. The place where you bury $9 worth of seeds and grow seventy-four cents worth of dwarf vegetables.

HEAVY ONES—U—yes, you have guessed. The things we take off too soon in the Spring to please anyone except doctors and undertakers.

HENS—Sociable creatures which scratch up our flower and vegetable gardens. Also a specie of creatures who get out on the veranda during the warm afternoons and guess where the stork will light next.

LEAVES—In the early Spring the leaves remind one so much of the modish skirt—the limbs are not half covered. Leaves are things that look pretty in the Spring, but remind us of the "fall," Garden of Eden and all that sort of thing, you know.

LAWN MOWERS—Cute little machines that run as lightly as thistledown and click as merrily as a cash register the first five minutes, after which they push like a steam roller and sound like the Dead March in Saul.

LAWNS—A narrow bit of ground around the house in Winter which stretches to several acres in lawn mowing season. The place where grass grows unevenly and has to be cut every fifteen minutes.

HOUSE CLEANING—Only sure sign of Spring extant. It never fails. That is why we speak of the tired feeling. When your wife has all the furniture piled up in your den and makes you eat off the gas stove and asks you to beat seven rugs and move the piano upstairs, what is your general impression of "Gentle Spring"? (The answer cannot be published in this paper. Try the Hades Herald.)

MOSQUITOES—New Jersey canaries, half buss-saw and half crocodile. They arrive each Spring. They invented malaria and boomed the quining trade and the woven wire business.

MUD—A combination of rain and dust designed to keep wives shouting, "Wipe your feet." If it were not for the fact that the ladies have to cross muddy streets now and then the town fathers would have every street paved.

NEIGHBORS—People who borrow your lawn mower, garden tools, carpet beater, step ladder and window brush—AND BRING THEM BACK!

MOVING—Moving is a Spring habit. It is so much cheaper to move into a renovated flat or house than it is to get a woman to clean house. One move takes the poetry out of Spring, two moves takes the desire out of living.

SCREENS—Sure-fire signs of Spring. Heavy objects we have to bring down from the attic each Spring and then spend a week guessing which one belongs to which window, or vice versa.

Jeff Has His Troubles Even While He Sleeps

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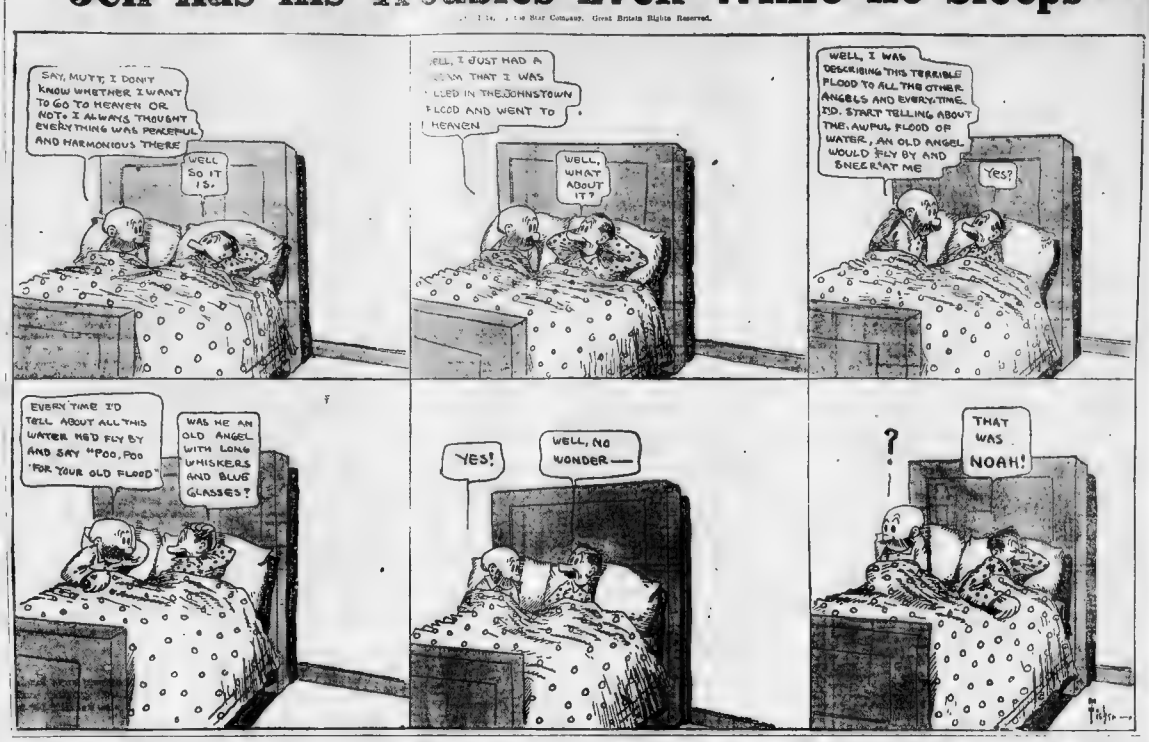
SAY, MUTT, I DONT KNOW WHETHER I WANT TO GO TO HEAVEN OR NOT, I ALWAYS THOUGHT EVERYTHING WAS PEACEFUL AND HARMONIOUS THERE
WELL SO IT IS.
...ELL, I JUST HAD A ...EAM THAT I WAS ...LED IN THE JOHNSTOWN FLOOD AND WENT TO HEAVEN
WELL, WHAT ABOUT IT?
WELL, I WAS DESCRIBING THIS TERRIBLE FLOOD TO ALL THE OTHER ANGELS AND EVERY TIME I'D START TELLING ABOUT THE AWFUL FLOOD OF WATER, AN OLD ANGEL WOULD FLY BY AND SNEER AT ME
YES?
EVERY TIME I'D TELL ABOUT ALL THIS WATER HE'D FLY BY AND SAY "POO, POO FOR YOUR OLD FLOOD"
WAS HE AN OLD ANGEL WITH LONG WHISKERS AND BLUE GLASSES?
YES!
WELL, NO WONDER—
?
THAT WAS NOAH!

Artist Outcault's Impressions of the Lambs' Gambol in Boston

THE Lambs is an organization of star actors, star writers, star artists in every sphere of intellectual activity. A star actor is one who draws well. Mr. Outcault draws well—hence he is a star, and a Lamb. Not only does Mr. Outcault draw well, but he draws well at the counting room for drawing—hence he is a particularly good Lamb.

Mr. Outcault gives here his impressions of his fellow Lambs who are preparing for the public gambol to be given at the Boston Opera House on the evening of Saturday, May 30 (Decoration Day). Mr. Outcault got his impressions at the fold in New York city, so it may be inferred that no one was pulled the wool over his eyes. He wants it distinctly understood that this drawing is absolutely impersonal. For instance, the Lamb on the right is NOT William Collier, nor are the tangoing Lambs John Philip Sousa and DeWolf Hopper, though all of these stars will take prominent part in the forthcoming entertainment, together with 158 others—for there will be just exactly 160 men in the show, including Sousa's sixty bandsmen.

If you suspect that Julian Eltinge is flirting with Digby Bell in the centrepiece it only shows that you don't understand the real significance of this drawing.

The actual meaning is this: The picture is full of surprises, and so will be the performance; you wonder what is coming next, and that's what you will be guessing about as the elaborate program of the gambol is unfolded at the Opera House. Almost all the stars of theatredom you ever heard about will be there, interpreting the dramatic and musical and dancing sketches contributed by most of the famous writers you have heard about. Someone has figured out that the combined salaries of the artists to be seen in this gambol during the eight working days of the tour, that includes fifteen performances in eleven cities, would cost $112,687.

That doesn't include Sousa's band, which will march at the head of the parade when the Lambs get to town, nor the services of such men as David Belasco, Irvin S. Cobb, George Broadhurst, Winsor McCay, R. F. Outcault, Hy Mayer, Edward Kemble—all of whom are contributing their time and their talents to this very remarkable entertainment.

All in all, the Lambs' gambol promises to be the most notable "show" ever given in this city. The actual program will be announced within a few days, but in the meantime it is sufficient to say that, besides those mentioned above, William Courtleigh, Bruce McRae, William Farnum, Harry Woodruff, George Nash, Frank Lalor, Thomas A. Wise, Edwin Stevens, Maclyn Arbuckle, Frank McIntyre, Andrew Mack, Nat. M. Wills, Brandon Tynan and ninety other stage favorites will form the most remarkable cast ever assembled on any stage.

Become A Lawyer

There are thousands of capable men in good positions with good salaries who have studied Law by mail. Why not you? Our Course is the result of 25 years' experience. Instead of Law being a trial Course in reading Law as found in other Correspondence Schools, our home-study Course is one as successful Law-yers find their practical study and are willing to pay liberal salaries.

YOU Can Be a Lawyer NOW

It is no longer necessary or advisable to spend the ability to read and write law books. Our instruction is written in plain living English by the combined knowledge of the world's foremost Law authorities, and is the equivalent of a resident course of Law in the leading Law Schools of the land. Text-books, Reference Libraries, Lectures, Quizzes, Examinations, Moot Courts, Thesis, Graduation, Diploma, Degree, Post-graduate Course, Social Standing, Class Spirit, Prestige, and Ambition are all features of the only kind of Law training that is adapted to the busy man. Our Course is practical, modern, and thorough. Every lesson is a step forward. Every lesson is a step upward. Every lesson is a step toward success. Every lesson is a step toward a better position and a better salary. Every lesson is a step toward a higher standard of living. Every lesson is a step toward a happier home. Every lesson is a step toward a more prosperous future. Every lesson is a step toward a more successful career. Every lesson is a step toward a more satisfying life. Every lesson is a step toward a more fulfilling life. Every lesson is a step toward a more rewarding life. Every lesson is a step toward a more meaningful life. Every lesson is a step toward a more purposeful life. Every lesson is a step toward a more productive life. Every lesson is a step toward a more successful life. Every lesson is a step toward a more prosperous life. Every lesson is a step toward a more happy life. Every lesson is a step toward a more joyful life. Every lesson is a step toward a more blessed life. Every lesson is a step toward a more glorious life. Every lesson is a step toward a more wonderful life. Every lesson is a step toward a more marvelous life. Every lesson is a step toward a more magnificent life. Every lesson is a step toward a more splendid life. Every lesson is a step toward a more grand life. Every lesson is a step toward a more great life. 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DEPT. 24 CHICAGO, ILL.

SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914. BOSTON AMERICAN SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914.

Real Estate and Want Ads Section

A Reliable Directory of Real Estate Advts
Don't Buy Without Consulting It
All Questionable Real Estate Ads Are Excluded

Steamships, Tours, Travel, Hotels and Resorts Ads in the Second News Section

DECREASE IN ACTIVITY OF REALTY MARKET

Number of Sales in All Sections, Except West Roxbury, Shows Falling Off.

NOTABLE NORTH END DEAL

Trading was somewhat below normal in the real estate market during the past week. Rain was one of the principal factors which served to reduce the number of sales, particularly in the suburbs.

The following sales of the week partly offset the prospects of small business. You ask the city to fix your sidewalk; however, there was a perceptible improvement.

It took a West Roxbury furnace company [illegible] contract to [illegible] the attention being [illegible] by brokers operating in this section.

It is downtown section only one deal of note went to record. This was the sale of property located [illegible] Atlantic avenue, [illegible] Commerce and 117 to [illegible] market street by George H. [illegible] Jr., to Robert Ward [illegible] Liberty trustee.

[illegible] Trade buildings and [illegible] of land were involved [illegible] transaction. The total [illegible] value of the property is $2[illegible] [illegible] $1,000 is on the land. [illegible] the dwellings in [illegible] Commonwealth avenue were [illegible] by Groves to Dr. A. L. [illegible] estate comprising two [illegible] brick dwellings and 5,526 [illegible] land. The total valuation [illegible] $25,000 is on the land.

DORCHESTER.

WASHINGTON STREET—No. 154, Virginia [illegible] containing 5,200 [illegible] $2,000.

[illegible] No. 229, John F. [illegible] of Peter [illegible] $5,000.

[illegible] No. 231, Peter [illegible] Peter [illegible] $5,000.

[illegible] No. 233, Peter [illegible] Peter [illegible] $5,000.

[illegible] No. 235, Peter [illegible] Peter [illegible] $5,000.

[illegible] No. 237, Peter [illegible] Peter [illegible] $5,000.

[illegible] No. 239, Peter [illegible] Peter [illegible] $5,000.

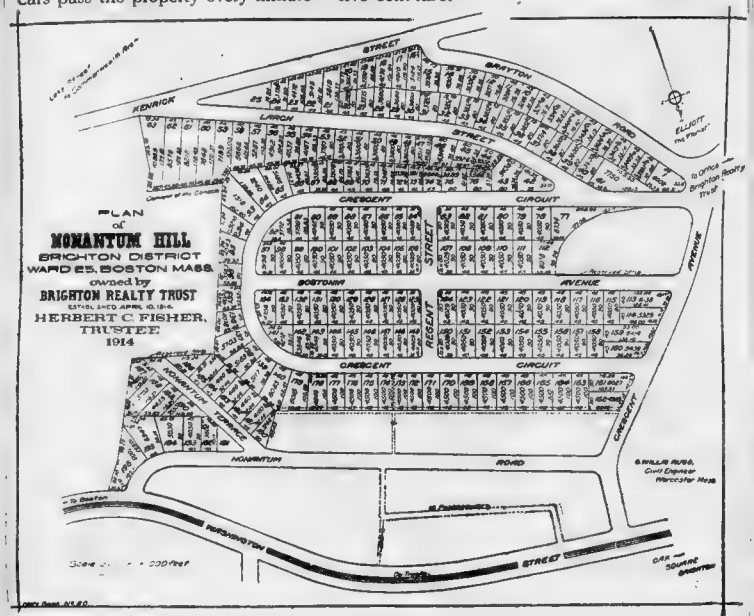
[illegible] No.

BUILD YOUR HOME WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS

Give Your Children the Advantage of the Best Educational System in the World

Nonantum Hill, Brighton District, Boston, Mass.

is the place to buy your house lot—to build your home—20 minutes to Park St.—cars pass the property every minute—five cent fare.



THESE LOTS ARE THE BEST LOCATED lots in Greater Boston—well situated on Nonantum Hill—with beautiful surroundings. Come out and see for yourself—you will agree that it is an opportunity for you to buy—and buy right. Our prices are the lowest that lots having all the advantages that the Nonantum Hill lots have can be bought for

15 cents per foot.

CERTIFICATE TITLE given free with every lot by Carret & Hay, title examiners, Boston—the purchaser thus being assured of a perfect title without additional expense. Cut out this plan and bring it with you.

HOW TO GET THERE— Take any Newton or Brighton car from Park street subway or Cambridge subway to Central square, and any Oak square car from there.

BRIGHTON REALTY TRUST

HERBERT C. FISHER TRUSTEE

Office at Fuller House, Cropped Ave., Oak Sq., Brighton.

NICHOLAS J. MURPHY

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WEST ROXBURY AND ROSLINDALE REAL ESTATE

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF COMING TO WEST ROXBURY

NO MATTER WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR IN THIS RESIDENTIAL SECTION, WHETHER A SUITE OF ROOMS, OF WHICH THERE ARE FORTY-FOUR LISTED IN THIS OFFICE, RANGING IN PRICE FROM $15 A MONTH A LOT TO BUILD ON, TO $3,500 FOR A SINGLE, TWO AND THREE APARTMENT HOUSE, AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE IN THE BEST PARTS OF ROSLINDALE AND WEST ROXBURY.

1741 CENTRE STREET COR. MANTHORNE ROAD, WEST ROXBURY

OFFICE OPEN 8 TO 5. SUNDAYS AND EVENINGS BY APPOINTMENT. AUTO SERVICE. TELEPHONES: RESIDENCE, BELLEVUE 111-W; OFFICE, BELLEVUE 1200.

"MURPHY BUILT" means "WELL BUILT"

SEE MURPHY FIRST

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A BARGAIN? House of 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, lot 50x100, only $3,400; owner obliged to sell at once. SEE MURPHY, Belle-vue 1200.

$5,000—A SACRIFICE—$5,500. Brick house of 7 rooms, tiled bath, set in tubs, hot water heat, set in tubs, hot water heat, set in tubs, hot water heat

Real Estate—Miscellaneous

GREAT VALUES IN
House Lots and Business Sites
CENTRAL PARK, BILLERICA, MASS.
Adjoining and Overlooking the New $2,500,000
B. & M. LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR SHOPS
Now employing 1500 skilled workmen. Thousands more coming.
No houses to live in. No stores to patronize
A great opportunity for
Builders and Storekeepers.
LOW PRICES—$19 TO $99. A FEW HIGHER.
EASY TERMS, $5 TO $10 DOWN; 50c TO $2 A WEEK.
Perfect Title. Warranty Deeds. Daily Free Excursions.
Week days at 1:45. Sundays at 12:45.
Get free tickets from my agents wearing
CENTRAL PARK BLUE BADGES, AT
TRACK 37, NORTH STATION.
If more conveniently, you can take any train going to Billerica from Sullivan or Harvard Squares, and see agents at my office in Billerica Center, right where the car stops.
For further particulars call, phone or write.
JAMES E. BURKE,
TEL. MAIN 4163 501-502-503 OLD SOUTH BUILDING, BOSTON, MASS.

RIVERVIEW HIGHLANDS—something new in building lots with a view. Only a few left. Prices $200 to $300. Terms $10 down, $5 monthly. Take Cabot car to Watertown Square, then Belmont car to Coolidge Corner, then Brookline car to Fuller Street. Apply to owner on premises or 19 Tremont st., Room 1016.

SOUTH MARLBORO—House of 5 rooms, about 10 acres land, with fruit trees, grapes, berries, etc.; $2,500; $500 cash, balance to suit. Apply to owner, 1 Main st., Marlboro.

Real Estate Auctions.

GEORGE P. MacLELLAN, Auctioneer Phones Roxbury { 791 1010
288 ROXBURY STREET - - ROXBURY CROSSING

Speculators and Builders—Attention!!
ON SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1914, at 3 P. M.
the following properties will be sold at
PUBLIC AUCTION

FIRST—The slate-roofed frame block of four 8-apartment houses, together with 8113 square feet of land, situated on Nos. 37 to 43 Ruggles st., corner of Hutchings st. Each of the above houses rents at 13 rooms and bath [illegible] $13,000.
SECOND—The valuable corner estate, consisting of 7 two-family houses, situated on numbers 60, 62, 64, 66 TERRACE STREET, and 1 on Lawrence st., corner of Terrace st. Each house contains 14 rooms and bath, and rents at $18 per month. Total rents, $1,764 per year.
The purchaser will receive a deed and warranty from the owner, conveying a perfect title. Terrace street is in the most desirable section of Roxbury, between Humboldt avenue and Blue Hill avenue, and is one of the most attractive streets in Roxbury. Ruggles street is in the vicinity of Roxbury Crossing, is a short distance from Dudley street, and is one of the most desirable streets for the employees of the Carpet Factory, the Rubber Factory, and hundreds of other business concerns, surrounding the thousands of people. No inspection will be required at the time and place of sale.
All deposits of Two Hundred (200) Dollars on each property will be required at the time of sale.
TERMS CASH.
WEDNESDAY, an interest 41 Tremont st., Boston, [illegible] will be SOLD POSITIVELY AT PUBLIC AUCTION on MASONIC ST., DORCHESTER, MONDAY, MAY 18, AT 2 P. M., 12 ROOMS, ALL IMPROVED HOUSE AND LOT 7,000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. House is situated in the best part of Dorchester; within short distance of electric cars, steam railroad station. Terms: $500 cash; balance $40 per month; near cars, schools, churches. Terms, $200 at sale, other particulars, apply auctioneer.

Real Estate—Atlantic.

ATLANTIC AND WOLLASTON—Section 2, corner moving to California, will sell one half of estate at sacrifice; 2 story house, 7 rooms, bath, 2 toilets, hot water heat, 2 open fireplaces, 2 porches, 2 verandas, 2 sun parlors, 2 pantries, 2 closets, 2 linen closets, 2 cellars, 2 laundry tubs, 2 gas ranges, 2 electric lights, 2 gas lights, 2 hot water heaters, 2 gas heaters, 2 gas plates, 2 gas grates, 2 electric grates, 2 electric heaters, 2 electric plates, 2 electric ranges, 2 electric lights, 2 electric lights, 2 electric lights

Apartments—South End.

Large List of Apartments.

WE CAN give you particulars of numerous desirable apartments in all parts of the city, every room to be of first class order, at prices ranging from $9 to $75 per month. Call at our office, 3 Tremont st., Room 214, Washington st.

TO LET—6 rooms, all conveniences, across the street from Public Garden; rent $30 per month. Apply at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

5 LARGE, light rooms; a 2 bath private flat; rent $30 month. Inquire 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO RENT—Apartments and rooms; very low prices; $30 to $60 per month. JANITOR, 270 Columbus av.

3 ROOMS and bath, conveniences; water heater, janitor; $18 per month. 153 Tremont st.

TO LET—Apartments of 4 rooms and bath, steam heat, reasonable to right party. Apply at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

4 AND 5 ROOMS, with bath; $16 $18 month and $20. APPLY AGENT on premises, 22 Ivy ave.

4 AND 5 ROOMS, with bath; $16 $18 month. APPLY AGENT on premises, 22 Ivy ave.

SUITES 4 rooms and bath; steam heat; Hanson Place water and gas; rent reasonable. Apply at drug store, 410 Tremont st.

Apartments—Winthrop.

TO LET—In Winthrop, a 7-room tenement on one level; all modern conveniences; hot water heat; 60d cars. Apply at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO LET—Winthrop, 6 rooms, all modern conveniences; rent $30 per month. Apply at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

Apartments—Miscellaneous.

Medford Hillside

ELMONT 8 rooms and bath apartment on ground floor; all modern conveniences; steam heat; hot water; 60d cars. Apply at Suite 1, 2nd floor, 30 Arlington st., Medford.

STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT, ETC.

UP-TO-DATE suites, new every way, 4 rooms and bath; $18 and $20. E. LACOSS, 1700 Dorchester av.

3-ROOM SUITE

52 IVY ST., 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; steam heat; hot water; $20. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

ELETON 10 Tremont st. offers...

10—20 WASHINGTON—Suites of 3 rooms, Peter Pantry st. and Suite 4 chamber... 3, each on 3 and 6 rooms, bath, hot water; all conveniences.

To Let—New Hanover st., 5 rooms, completely furnished, steam heated; use of telephone; for particulars call at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

31 ALFRED ST. 3 F. 3 rooms, bath, hot water F. O. 6 sunny outside rooms and bath; all improvements.

NORBURY—5 rooms, bath, $16 mo. ADDY WM. LOWRY, 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

E. DEHMAN—6 rms., all imp., large piazza, on cars; rent $25. 1 Appleton st.

Furnished Apartments

FURNISHED suite, 3 rooms, use of bath, electric light, gas range, $20 month. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

FOR RENT—New 4-room apartment, with bath, electric light, gas range, set tubs; rent $16. Apply at 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without kitchenette; rates reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

NORWAY ST. 31—Large bay window room in suite of 3 rooms; bath; $20. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

FURNISHED suite, 3 rooms, use of bath, gas range; $20 month. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

HUNTINGTON AV. 47—Large, sunny room, with private bath; rent $30. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

FURNISHED suite, 3 rooms, use of bath, gas range; $20 month. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

Furnished Rooms To Let—Misc.

VISITORS TO BOSTON

TAKE rooms at Hotel Westgate, just over bill from state House corner of Beacon st and Bulfinch pl., in heart of city; rates $1 up; by day single rooms, 75c; double rooms, $1 and $1.50 per day.

HOTEL ECHO

GOOD HOME; 75 rooms heated steam, incandescent light, hot and cold water in rooms; $2 up per week. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

2 AND 3 ROOM FURNISHED SUITES for housekeeping; also single rooms; rates reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms and board; terms, $30 to $40 per month. JANITOR, 270 Columbus av.

2 ROOMS and bath conveniences; water heater, janitor; $18 per month. 153 Tremont st.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

Furnished Rooms—Allston.

CAMBRIDGE ST., 245 2—Housekeeping rooms and single rooms; improvements; a fine wall paper.

Furnished Rooms—Beacon Hill.

ALLSTON ST., 9—Newly furnished, large sunny rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

CHARLES ST., 30—Near Public Garden; large, sunny front room; suitable for 2 gentlemen.

VERNON ST., 12 2 large sunny rooms, with small room for housekeeping; toilet and bath; $16 month.

WALNUT ST., 9—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable.

WINTHROP ST., 9—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

BOYLSTON ST.—Large room, one flight above to let on; rent Mason's new restaurant, 140 Boylston st.

NEWBURY, 180—Large, sunny front room, suitable for 2 gentlemen; also single room; rent reasonable.

NEWBURY ST., 180—Large, sunny front room, suitable for 2 gentlemen; also single room; rent reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—Cambridge.

NICELY furnished room, bath floor; good location; rent $3.50 week. MRS. GILLIS, 12 St. Mark's, North Cambridge.

COLUMBIA ST., 107—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; steam heat; hot water; all improvements; reasonable rent.

INMAN ST., 14—Large, sunny front room and bath for light housekeeping.

MAGAZINE ST., 44—Large, sunny rooms, furnished; bath, piano and laundry service.

PLEASANT ST., 5—Large, sunny rooms, with board; handy to cars and subway cars, rates reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—Dorchester.

ALEXANDER ST., near Ashmont, 83, furnished room; suitable for 2; $2.50. Fanning water.

ABBOTT ST., 30—Pure rooms for light and housekeeping; rent reasonable.

ADAMS ST., 38—Bright, sunny, desirable front room, furnished for light housekeeping; use of kitchen; reasonable.

BOSTON ST., 228 Suite 1, rooms for business men or women; housekeeping privileges; rent reasonable; also single rooms; convenient Fresh Pond Park, Summer cottage.

COLUMBIA ST., 1—Large room, morning sun, very pleasant and convenient, $2, private family.

DORCHESTER, 2 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping; rent reasonable; private family. 11 Lida st., suite 1, Codman Square.

DORCHESTER, Harvard, 6 rooms, 5 rooms, bath, hot water heat, set tubs, $30. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

DUDLEY ST., 748 Lucerne Corner, rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences and improvements; set tubs; heat and electric service; reasonable; references required.

DUDLEY ST., 834—Large, cool room, for gentlemen; private, all improvements; reasonable rent; telephone Ros 2005-1.

FOLSOM ST., 30—Large front room for one or 2 ladies, with privilege; private home; $2.50 per week.

MAGNOLIA ST., 1st floor, private house, 3 minutes from electric elevated; reasonable.

MINOT, 3 ROOM Nicely furnished, Protestant family, detached house, surroundings, breakfast if desired. Dor. 4001-M.

QUINCY ST., 42—Side, sunny rooms, also alcove room, unfurnished; all modern conveniences, fine surroundings, telephone.

GLENDALE ST., 80—Furnished rooms.

Furnished Rooms—Mattapan.

EDGEWATER DRIVE, 95—Desirable furnished rooms; nearly family 5 minutes from Mattapan sq. L. 2.

Furnished Rooms—Revere.

BEACH ST., 558—Revere Beach; newly furnished; very large and connecting rooms, best location; every kind trade.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

2 ROOMS and bath, bath steam, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping; rent reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

3 ROOM FLAT, gas and toilet, $2 per week; 2 rooms 39 Norfolk av., Roxbury; CARS MAIN st.

ALPINE ST., 2—2 rooms newly made, with bath; reduced water rates. Apply on premises.

AKRON ST., 32—Furnished room in private family; bath; $3.50 week.

BULLETT ST., 60—Nice sunny room for 2; private family; $3.50 up; light housekeeping if desired.

BUSH HILL AV., 119—Large square room, suitable for 2; also single; light housekeeping if desired.

BLUE HILL AV., 425—Large, sunny room in private family; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

COLUMBIA RD., 202—Nicely furnished rooms, with use water; for light housekeeping, if desired.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

CEDAR ST., 138—2 large rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; newly repaired; telephone.

DOLL ME AV., 699—Newly furnished rooms; good house for tourist, $1.50 up; tel. 2252-2 Roxbury.

COPELAND ST., 16—Suite 3 rooms, sunny, newly furnished; for light housekeeping; rent $17.50; telephone.

COPELAND ST., 11—Of Quincad st.; 2 rooms with kitchenette, furnished, light housekeeping; rent reasonable.

DALE ST., 30—Rear, board and room, 15 meals.

DALE ST., 35—Sun, front parlor and dining room; board.

DUDLEY ST., 585—Front housekeeping room; private family; gas, set tubs; water furnished; small room, $1.50.

DUDLEY ST., 586—Parlor for dining, professional purposes, all conveniences, telephone, store room with basement.

DUDLEY ST., 650—Parlor for dining, professional purposes, all conveniences, telephone; other rooms with board.

DUDLEY ST., 38—Large, sunny rooms, for two, well furnished, good table board, reasonable terms.

FOUNTAIN ST., 5—Off Regent st., 3 and 5 room suites, furnished for housekeeping, bath, gas, range.

GREENVILLE, 29, Egerton 2 large housekeeping suits, bath conveniences, gas range, set tubs; rent reasonable; also single rooms; telephone.

LINWOOD ST., 21—Large room, two closets, for housekeeping; private house; limited location; board, rent, telephone.

MORELAND ST., 48—Finely furnished room; good, board location, meals if desired, telephone, trolley at door.

MORELAND ST., 84—Front alcove room, bath floor, private family; gentlemen; board; rent; telephone.

MORELAND ST., 40—Sunny room, nicely furnished, for housekeeping, detached house, all conveniences.

MORELAND ST., 101—Light housekeeping rooms, complete for housekeeping, $4.50 up; telephone, $4.50 up.

NORFOLK ST., 39—Sunny outside room, for one or two; private family; all conveniences.

ST. JAMES AV., 30—Suite 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, gas range; $20 month; also single room; all conveniences.

ST. JULIANA AV., 72 — 2 large unfurnished rooms, $8 month.

SCHOOL ST., 8—Off Washington, 2 large rooms, furnished, detached house, $2 up, ideal summer home.

WARREN ST., 331 suite 6 attractive, sunny rooms, all conveniences; rent $30; hot water; $1.00 week.

WARREN ST., 1004A Large front sunny room, $2 per week, water in.

WASHINGTON ST., 1—Hotel Dunbar, with rooms; large square room, newly furnished suite, for housekeeping; transients.

WASHINGTON ST., 2475—Front rooms, newly furnished, brass bed; private family; all conveniences; protestants preferred.

WASHINGTON ST., 2440—Suite 3; two front rooms, kitchenette, bath; $18 month; also single room; all conveniences.

WASHINGTON ST., 2675—Extra large room, furnished, all improvements; light housekeeping, if desired; reasonable.

WEST COTTAGE ST., 18—Sunny suite, with kitchenette, bath, set tubs; gas range, water, room with kitchenette.

WEST COTTAGE ST., 32—Off Dudley st entire large front parlor, well furnished, light housekeeping; rent $12.

WOODBINE ST., 37—Low-priced, sunny rooms, furnished, for housekeeping; private family; gentleman preferred.

WYTHEMERE ST., 16—Suite 3—Rooms, newly furnished, light housekeeping, all conveniences; rent reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—South End.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING rms., $4.50, $5.00, $6.00. Tremont.

TREMONT ROOMS, suitable for light housekeeping, continuous hot water, other rooms, $2 to $3; also single rooms, $1.50 and $2 week; furnished, 168 Washington st.

LAST room left, TAYLOR, 507 Columbus av.; Tremont car.

50 TREMONT ST., well furnished front and back parlor, suitable for light housekeeping.

APPLETON ST., 19—Well furnished room, 2 or 3 connecting, kitchen privilege; rent $12.

APPLETON ST., 107—Newly furnished square room, $2 and upward; business accommodated.

APPLETON ST., 44 Fine large rooms for light housekeeping; rent reasonable.

CAZLONDE ST., 30—Newly furnished room for light housekeeping; all conveniences; rent $3.50, $3 per; convenient.

LARKSPUR ST., 5—Well furnished front alcove room with kitchenette, also square, sunny room.

CLARENDON PK., 20—Pleasant front rooms, for housekeeping; also single rooms; business people accommodated.

CLARENDON ST., 378A—Corner Mass. av., newly furnished, large, sunny rooms, private bath, set tubs; light housekeeping if desired; business accommodated.

COLUMBUS AV., 210—Near Mass. Ave., front floor with connecting square room, suitable for light housekeeping; also single rooms; business accommodated.

COLUMBUS AV., 413—Front parlor with piano, also square and side rooms; tourists accommodated.

COLUMBUS AV., 531—Large, pleasant front room, also square and side rooms; housekeeping if desired.

COLUMBUS AV., 568—Parlor for business purposes, also square and side rooms; housekeeping if desired.

COLUMBUS AV., 835A—Pleasant 2 to 5 rooms, connecting bath, gas range; $2 to $3.50.

COLUMBUS AV., 901 Large, pleasant room for housekeeping, front floor; $2.50.

COLUMBUS AV., 905—Front parlor, with piano, also square and side rooms; tourists accommodated.

COLUMBUS AV., 931 Very desirable front room, housekeeping privileges; home comforts, $2.50.

COLUMBUS AV., 937—Front room, with square and side rooms, hot and cold water, set tubs; reasonable.

COLUMBUS AV., 423—Newly furnished, square and side rooms, hot and cold water, set tubs; reasonable.

COLUMBUS AV., 547-8 back rooms, cubs for housekeeping; rent reasonable.

COLUMBUS AV., 424—Side rooms with hot and cold water; $2 up.

CONCORD SQ., 1A—Furnished square room for housekeeping; sunny, large; rent reasonable; $2.50.

CONCORD SQ., 1—Nicely furnished rooms, for housekeeping; also single rooms; rent reasonable.

CONCORD SQ., 1—Neat kitchenette suite for housekeeping now, up to date; hot, cold water; reasonable.

DWIGHT ST., 56—Large, cool room, for parlor, rooming or housekeeping; reasonable.

EAST BROOKLINE ST., 81—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; rent reasonable.

EAST SPRINGFIELD ST., 27—Newly furnished kitchenette and bath parlor; reasonable.

HANOVER ST., 1—Large, sunny front room, hot and cold water, set tubs; reasonable.

JEFFERSON ST., 11—Corner Pavette st., nicely furnished, hot and cold water; reasonable prices.

MARLBORO ST., 1—Large, sunny room, with kitchen, coal range, set tubs; also small furnished room; rent reasonable; also other rooms, every known convenience. Summer prices, $2.50.

MASS. AV., 502—Large square room, facing Mass. Ave., with kitchenette, bath, hot and cold water, set tubs; also room, $2.50; telephone.

MASS. AV., 503—Large square room, with kitchenette, bath, hot and cold water, set tubs; also room, $2.50; telephone.

MASS. AV., 575—Near Northampton L, well furnished front square and side rooms, light housekeeping.

MASS. AV., 624—Parlors connected or single, $2.50 to $3.50; also room, $2.

MONTGOMERY ST., 75 — Furnished square room, with kitchenette, also front side room, 2d floor; telephone.

MONTGOMERY ST., 32—Square room, rear floor; also side room.

PEMBROKE ST., 56—Large square room for light housekeeping; unfurnished; rent $4.50.

PEMBROKE ST., 65—Suite 4; front parlor, $4.50; also one bedroom, all conveniences.

ROLLINS ST., 9 — Large, airy, furnished rooms, square and side, $1 and up per week; also single; hot and cold water; reasonable.

RUTLAND SQ., 25—Square and side rooms; large closets, steam heat, running water; telephone.

RUTLAND SQ., 30—Newly furnished square room, with kitchenette, also front parlor; reasonable.

RUTLAND ST., 3—Suite 3; bachelor girl will let out her neat room and bath; private family; reference.

RUTLAND ST., 5—Furnished, square room, large closets, light housekeeping, water, side room.

RUTLAND ST., 6—Large sunny st. room, hot and cold water, set tubs; reasonable.

RUTLAND ST., 76—Front sunny room, housekeeping, kitchenette; also quaint kitchen.

Furnished Rooms—South End.

SEAWMUT AV., 411—Pantry pack; good, well-furnished front room, $3, and small room, $1.50; telephone; reasonable house.

SHAWMUT AV., 1564—Parlor, front and L, 3 rooms, all improvements; respectable house.

SHAWMUT AV., 1565—Large, housekeeping room, hot water; quiet people only.

SHAWMUT AV., 1566—Large and small rooms with range, 1 light; $1.50 up; telephone Hay 2000-2.

TREMONT ST., 535—Square, side rooms, all conveniences, gas range, ice chest, hardwood floors; telephone.

TREMONT ST., 536—Front parlor, with piano, also 2 side rooms, hot and cold water; reasonable.

TREMONT ST., 606, 612 and 620—Elegant rooms, $1.50 up; also suites, $2.50 up.

UNION ST., 51 Front corner with piano for rent; also single room; reasonable; private; telephone.

WARREN AV., 139—Large, cool room, with kitchenette; also large BJ room; telephone Hay 2000-2.

WASH. ST., 796, Suite 24; well furnished room; suitable for 2 gentlemen; $3 week.

WASHINGTON ST., 536—Suite 25, well furnished 3 rooms; also single room, light house keeping.

WALTHAM ST., 64—2 sq rooms, connecting, on 1st floor, $4; also single room, $2 per week.

WEST CONCORD ST., 24—Large, sunny room, for housekeeping; also single room; private family.

WEST NEWTON ST., 2a—Well furnished front sq., side rooms, also dining room; all conveniences.

WEST NEWTON ST., 218—Large, pleasant room, for business; running water, $2 week; front side room; 1st floor.

WEST NEWTON ST., 70—To let, front room and kitchenette, furnished.

WEST RUTLAND SQ., 79—Large, pleasant front room, for housekeeping; also single room; heating allowed; side room.

WEST SPRINGFIELD ST., 21—Square room, with kitchenette; also side room; tourists a specialty; rates reasonable.

WEST SPRINGFIELD ST., 200—Well prepared, painted square, side front room, 1 or 2 connecting; hot water; reasonable.

WEST SPRINGFIELD ST., 207—Front and back parlor, with kitchenette; $3.50 per week; heating all improvements.

WASHINGTON ST., 1—Hotel Dunbar, with rooms; large square room, newly furnished suite, for housekeeping; transients.

WASHINGTON ST., 2440—Suite 8; two front rooms, kitchenette, bath; $18 month; also single room; all conveniences.

WASHINGTON ST., 2675—Extra large room, furnished, all improvements; light housekeeping, if desired; reasonable.

WEST COTTAGE ST., 18—Sunny suite, with kitchenette, bath, set tubs; gas range, water, room with kitchenette.

WEST COTTAGE ST., 32—Off Dudley st entire large front parlor, well furnished, light housekeeping; rent $12.

WOODBINE ST., 37—Low-priced, sunny rooms, furnished, for housekeeping; private family; gentleman preferred.

WYTHEMERE ST., 16—Suite 3—Rooms, newly furnished, light housekeeping, all conveniences; rent reasonable.

WASHINGTON ST., 2440—Suite 8; two front rooms, kitchenette, bath; $18 month; also single room; all conveniences.

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WOODBINE ST., 37—Low-priced, sunny rooms, furnished, for housekeeping; private family; gentleman preferred.

WYTHEMERE ST., 16—Suite 3—Rooms, newly furnished, light housekeeping, all conveniences; rent reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

TO LET—1 or 2 furnished or unfurnished rooms, with kitchen privilege; rent reasonable. 40 Hawthorne st., West Somerville, tel. Somerville 1744-W.

FLATS—4 rooms, $2 per week and up; 5 rooms, $2.50 per week and up. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

FOR RENT—332 Mass. av., opposite park, 2 nicely furnished rooms.

FUR. ROOMS, $1.50 up. Tel. 1521-W. 19 Bow st., Somerville.

PERKINS ST., 110—Furnished room, with use of kitchen; also bathroom; all conveniences; rent $16 W month.

PEARL ST., 100, Somerville, 1 & 2 sq. and side rooms; $1.50 and $2 week.

PERKINS ST., 97—Newly fur rooms, all conveniences.

WEST SOMERVILLE—65 Lowell av., 4 and 5 nicely furnished rooms, for housekeeping; also single; convenient to cars, three lines to subway; rent reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—So. Boston.

M ST., 122—Nice front room on bathroom floor with exclusive use of kitchen for man and wife, or gentlemen; rent reasonable.

Furnished Rooms—Winthrop.

FURNISHED ROOMS in best location; close to ocean; all conveniences. 72 Pearl st., Winthrop. Telephone Win 0104-W.

ON Boulevard, room suitable one or two gentlemen; 5 cent fare to boat; rent $3.50 week. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

WINTHROP BEACH—Rooms for business people; rent reasonable. Telephone Win 0104-W.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

BUSINESS MAN desires room with all conveniences and near Beacon. Tel Lin or Brookline.

Board and Rooms.

GENTLEMAN wants nice, furnished room, with board, in private family; must be convenient to cars and business; prefer south; Roxbury or Jamaica Plain preferred. Address, stating terms, Box 1, Boston American.

DORCHESTER CENTRE—Pleasant room in private family; board if desired; 5 minutes from cars of terminals, parker, piano, 5 bath, by steam heat; reasonable. 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

FIRST-CLASS Summer board in N. H. at Moosilauke Lake House, Breezemont, Warren, N. H.; 1,200 ft. above sea level; 1,500 ft. mountains; 2½ L. For full particulars address A. J. Hall, 1,200 Washington st., Boston.

REVERE MATERNITY RETREAT—Ladies awaiting confinement; best attention; reasonable; moderate. Address 246 Beach st., Revere; tel. 57.

PHYSICIAN having fine country home, 30 miles from city, would like to receive 1 or 2 ladies; board of food and care $10 per week. Address Box 1, Boston American.

DORCHESTER 58 Bowdoin st; good home for elderly and invalid ladies; kind care; terms reasonable.

YOUNG LADY—Alone in city, wishes room centrally located, with congenial people. Address Box 1, Boston American.

PRIVATE home for lady before and after confinement; reasonable. Address Box 1, 206 Wyoming st., Melrose, Mass.

LADY wishes one or two elderly men to board. Address Box 1, Boston American.

BEACHMONT 178 Pearl st. For S. E. 2 for rent, $30.00 with board.

WANTED—Children to board, will take care of same. Address Box 112 Waterloo P. O., Mass.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE
Street Clock

A Seth Thomas post or street clock, perfect condition; only used two years on Washington st., Boston; has two forty-inch ground glass dials; wired for electricity; cost about $600; will sell for less than one half. B 143, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Electric motor, 1 horse power, direct current, 110 volts; cheap. Address B 161, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Electric motor, 1 horse power, good condition; will sell cheap. Address B 161, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Safe and store fixtures at low price. ALEXANDER, 89 Hanover st.

Used Cars and Accessories.

Bay State Motor Car Co.

USED CAR DEPT.

100 to Select From

15 Berkeley St., Boston

TEL. TREMONT 21789 — CORNER OF TREMONT STREET

Take any Tremont Street car, and get off at Berkeley Street. 20 other lines pass the door. Ask any car conductor or police officer; they will direct you.

1908 7-PASS. PACKARD $565
JUST OVERHAULED and painted, fine top, new tires, powerful motor, runs quiet and easy as it is a perfect piece mechanically and has full equipment, including top, lights, windshield, slip cover, tools, horn, speedometer, etc., all guaranteed; trial allowed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st., Boston.

$650 1913 Oakland 5-Pass. $830
SMALL 5-pass touring absolutely like new, has all new paint and tires and just overhauled in full equipment, self-starter, electric lights, demountable rims, speedometer, etc.; guaranteed anywhere. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

$625 1912 COUNTRY CLUB RAMBLER $455
FINEST touring car made; has just been overhauled and painted, nickel trimmed, magneto equipment, electric lights, etc.; guaranteed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

1912 OVERLAND
LIGHT 7-PASSENGER
$465 BUYS IT.

THIS CAR is in best possible condition; has been used by a business man who has just purchased a larger car; has 30-horse power motor, 112-inch wheelbase; is a fully equipped touring car; has just had all new tires put on; is painted dark blue and is for sale at a bargain; it must be disposed of at once. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

$345—1911 Overland Roadster—$185
FINE little car, has been used by owner's son; runs fine; has just had all new tires put on; fully guaranteed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO.

$483—1910 Pope Hartford—$485
7-pass. touring car, has been used by owner's son; has just had all new tires put on; fully guaranteed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

$435—1912 KRIT, 4-PASS.—$465
JUST overhauled and in good shape and has new paint and tires; a snappy little car; guaranteed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

$665—1 PASS. SPEEDWELL—$465
OVERHAULED and painted, fully equipped, has new tires; fully guaranteed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

George-Grow Automobile Co.
321-323 Columbus Ave., Boston
Near Corner Dartmouth St.
TEL. 372-1073 TREMONT
Largest House of its Kind in the World

A late Spring makes it possible for you to purchase your last model touring car or runabout from us at a price that will pay you. We will pay others for older models of the same make. We have a stock of up-to-the-minute cars, and now you have the advantage of the new conditions. Your car must be sold to make room for our new stock. Only a few must be sacrificed, any car sold for "Half Down and Balance Monthly" and you deal direct with us. Many of these cars are brand new, owned by us by concerns that must have ready cash for our purchase. This is your opportunity. A call will convince you that our stock of over 175 cars we have is what you want.

1913 Studebaker '25' Touring $575
TWO TO SELECT FROM
BOTH in fine condition, have been used by president of company; will be sold at a sacrifice; shown on both; call for first choice.

MODEL 10 BUICK $200
DETACHABLE REAR SEAT and in fine mechanical condition; is fully equipped and ready for the road; don't miss this one. GEORGE GROW

1911 Demi-Tonneau Cadillac $475
PERFECT condition, just had splendid overhaul job now and is above perfect; has plenty of power; don't miss this one. GEORGE GROW

1912 Hudson '33' Roadster $575
THIS is a dandy little roadster; owner has just had it painted and put in fine mechanical condition; guaranteed. GEORGE GROW

1913 Hudson, 4-Cyl., 5-Pass., $975
EQUIPPED with self-starter, electric lights; this is finest model this year. GEORGE GROW

1913 VELIE TOURING $900
GRAY & DAVIS starter and lighting system and fully equipped; looks and is like new; has been used by owner's son; will be sold at a bargain. Guaranteed and demonstrated. GEORGE GROW

1913 Studebaker Runabout $575
TWO TO SELECT FROM
EVERY ONE is new and fully equipped, all electric lights, self-starter, etc.; owner of these has just purchased a larger car; must be sold at once; don't miss these. GEORGE GROW

1914 BUICK RUNABOUT $825
DELCO self-starter and lighting system, and positively like new throughout; has every extra that is possible to get; don't miss this one. GEORGE GROW

1908 Packard "30" Touring $525
BEEN THOROUGHLY overhauled and now equipped with self-starter and electric lights; has just been used by private party and is in fine condition; a snappy car for the money. GEORGE GROW

1912 E-M-F TOURING $450
IN FINE mechanical condition throughout and has every extra; excellent shape and looks; family touring car. GEORGE GROW

1912 Buick Runabout $400
DEMONSTRATED. GEORGE GROW

PIERCE-ARROW 6-48 TOURING, $900
JUST as good as new, call GEORGE GROW

Four of these party cars for sale. We are MARBLE, 89 Main Street, Brockton, Mass.

PORTABLE GARAGES
For Motorcycles
Cycleears
Touring Cars, Trucks
110 Tremont Street

BELMONT-STEWART Hay. 5779
FORD SPECIAL SALESMEN, GARAGE, 893.

PACKARD.

SEVEN (7) passenger touring car in good condition, fully equipped with top demountable windshield, etc.; demonstration gladly given. G. JENKINS CO., Bridgewater, Mass.

FOR SALE—Affidavit of Jack Rabbit in First Class mechanical condition; 5 passenger touring car; extra tubes, tire chains, jack and pump; will demonstrate with any reasonable offer or trade for real estate. H. C. NELLY, barrel dealer, 18 Bennett st., off Blue Hill av., Dorchester. Tel. 1126 R Dorchester.

A. A. A. Alden touring car, 1913 model, guaranteed 20,000 miles; 7 passenger; cost $2,500; will sell for $1,200. Call 1 Beacon st., Room 214.

DETROIT MOTOR CAR SUPPLY CO., 1240 Jefferson av., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—Studebaker 6-cylinder touring car, in good condition; will sell cheap for cash. Address B 161, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Studebaker 6-cylinder touring car, in good condition; will sell cheap for cash. Address B 161, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Studebaker 6-cylinder touring car, in good condition; will sell cheap for cash. Address B 161, Boston American.

STORY, privately used and in perfect condition; will be sold at a great sacrifice. ALEXANDER, 89 Hanover st.

Used Cars and Accessories.

GOOD VALUES IN USED CARS

1912 HUDSON TOURING
5 PASS., overhauled and repainted; new auto covers, $750. MOTOR COMPANY, 10 Mass. av.

1912 WINTON SIX
TOURING CAR, mechanically perfect, paint and tires in good shape; bargain, $1000. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

1911 COLE TOURING
5-passenger, 54 hp, just runs in fine condition; bargain, $450. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

1912 COLE TOURING
5 PASS., 48 H.P., thoroughly overhauled, new tires, paint, etc.; $650. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

1912 BUICK TOURING
5 PASS., Model 31 five cushion; has just been overhauled and repainted; $650. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

1912 CORBIN TOURING
5 PASS., all extras, paint, tires and motor in fine shape; $750. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

1912 LEXINGTON
5 PASS., overhauled, repainted; perfect condition; all extras; be sure to see this car; $750. COLE MOTOR COMPANY, 94 Mass. av.

Used-Car Bargains

1913 Oakland, Model 35, excellent condition, 5 passengers, 35 horsepower, 4 cylinders, 40 miles an hour, 5 passengers, 7 wire wheels, 32x4 tires, electric lights, self-starter, demountable rims, speedometer, etc., guaranteed anywhere. Price, $700.00

1913 Oakland, Model 42, nearly new. $1000.00

1913 Oakland, Model 42, Roadster $800.00

7-Passenger 6-Cyl. Under "Mitchell" $700.00

5-Passenger Model 54 $450.00

6-Cyl. "Buick" $250.00

A CHANCE LIKE THIS YOU SELDOM MISS.

OAKLAND MOTOR CO.
100 Massachusetts Ave., Boston
PHONE 5000 BACK BAY

FORD touring car, big bargain. KELLEHER'S, 89 Stanhope st.

FORD roadster, Ford touring car, Ford delivery car. KELLEHER AUTO CO., 39 Dalton st. cor.

$188—PREMIER 4-cylinder, fine shaft touring car; has been used by owner's son; in fine condition, I have no room for the nine 5-pass. cars I have on hand, so must sell this one at once; can be run as it now is; cost $1,600 when new. See it at the BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st.

$145—DELIVERY truck, solid tires on rear, covered body, fine for laundry or store business; has been used by owner. KELLEHER'S, 89 Stanhope st.

FORD roadster or light delivery; a fine chief of it, owner purchased a touring car; will be sold at a sacrifice; worth $600. KELLEHER'S, 89 Stanhope st.

KELLEHER 1914 delivery bodies for Fords, fine line, 89 Stanhope st.

4-CYL. MOTOR $45.

IN fine condition, will make fine boat motor. BARRETT, 146 Berkeley st.

BUICK PARTS

MODEL 10 Buick parts for Ford cars, price list free. J. J. BARRETT, 146 Berkeley st.

2-CYL. REO PARTS

ALL parts for Reo second hand; prices low. J. J. BARRETT, 146 Berkeley st.

Bargains in Used Automobiles.
S. & C. Auto Exchange
311 Chalmers, 7 pass., like new.
1910 Thomas 6-pass., price $1,000.
1910 Stoddard-Dayton, 7-pass., price $1,000.
Model 10 Buick, 2-pass., price $350.
1911 Ford touring car, in good condition and will sell cheap for cash.
1911 Metzel roadster, like new.
1911 Overland, 4-pass., price $425.
Inc., car of Cort Theatre.

½-TON PULLMAN TRUCK, AI CONDITION

New body and new tires; cheap for cash at once, will demonstrate. Call 672 Atlantic av., Boston, or 2000 Back Bay.

3-TON TRUCK

FOR SALE; top light for our use, 3-ton truck in good condition; price $1,000. ATLANTIC REFINING CO., 25 Shirley st.

FOR SALE—Chemical automobile engine, 40 horsepower, complete reliable information; send for circular. ATLANTIC REFINING CO., 25 Shirley st., Boston

Male Help Wanted.

MEN WANTED AT ONCE

TO RENOVATE FAMILIAR WITH THE PIANO BUSINESS POSSIBLE TO LEARN TODAY. We give you all the training necessary to operate any automobile make. Repairs are always in demand and last, insuring good salaries. We assist our graduates to positions. We are the oldest, largest and best equipped Auto School in N. E., as to size of premises alone. Call or send 2c stamp for catalogue. Open evenings.

NEW ENGLAND AUTO SCHOOL, 1 Appleton Pl., Cor. Tremont St., Boston, Mass. Phone Tre. 1586-J.

PAINTERS

25 First-class men at once, none others need apply. FORE RIVER SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION, Quincy, Mass.

PIANO WORKERS.

RUBBERS, polishers, action finishers and regulators. Steady work. Apply to HENRY F. MILLER & SONS PIANO CO., 395 Harrison ave.

WAITRESS wanted at experienced cook; no Sunday work; references required. Apply 1 Boston trade preferred; good references necessary.

SEE MR. ROOD,

782 Washington st.

LAUNDRY HELP

LICENSED ENGINEER and washman. Apply to the ENTERPRISE CUSHION LAUNDRY, 96-98 Tremont st., Everett.

Experienced Land Salesmen

CITIZENS' ICE CO., Inc., successors to Citizens' Land Co., 1810 Purchase st., New Bedford, Mass. Chamberlain Land Co., Boston.

BOSTON AUTO SCHOOL

LATEST cars actually in use with license cards; 5 cars added to our equipment; 1914 model. LONEST & WHITE Prop., 222 Columbus av.

AUTO SCHOOL—Owners wanted to ride in machine and learn to run it; we have the largest and most complete school in the world; call and obtain the profit. WHITCOMB'S, 1 Appleton st., Boston. Tel. 1586-J. Garage.

AID to your family income building leisure; no experience, constant work, machines furnished; state references. Address Agent, Box 1, Boston.

A BUSINESS education for your boy or girl; by all odds there is a good paying business, or profession, for every boy and girl who will fit himself or herself for it. Write for free booklet and splendid prizes, write now to H. H. W. CHEMICAL CO., 1 Church Hill, New Haven, Conn.

AN intelligent person may earn $100 monthly and expenses; we furnish horse and buggy; position permanent. PRESS BYNDICATE, 507, Lee, Mass.

AGENTS make big money on our special offer. LADIE WORLD, 500 Washington st., Boston.

A YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, to travel in New England; $15 weekly and expenses. Call 9 to 12 Tuesday, 1 to 3 Wednesday, 9 to 12 Thursday, 1 to 3 Friday, 9 to 12 Saturday, 1 to 3 Monday,

Business Opportunities.

B. O. WETMORE
Theatre Broker, 2 Park Sq.

THEATRES for sale and to let, equipment all kinds, plans and estimates. WETMORE.

WILL buy or sell your theatre and your entire furnishings for cash, anywhere. WETMORE.

[illegible] WETMORE.

FIVE & 3-ace theatres near Boston; capacity 1,200 to 2,000; rent $1,200 to $2,000; will buy for proper party or lease to right one. WETMORE.

COMPLETE 5-cent 1-show, $100, machine, $100; the maker is for trade, cards & RETMORE.

SPECIAL prices, machine, screen at rental, [illegible] WETMORE.

MOVING picture screen, Zenith Theater house, Mystic, 8 Mystic, screen size 8x10. WETMORE.

600 OF CHAIRS at [illegible] WETMORE.

FOR SALE
Large Shoe Factory
210 BROADWAY, EVERETT.
Apply at 5 Elmwood st., Everett.
MARY A. SAVAGE; tel. 1077-W Everett.

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THAT PROTECT AND PAY.
BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE.
Send sketch or model for search. Highest references. Best results. Promptness Assured.
Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer
624 F STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C.

Most Profitable Business in Existence.
[illegible]

ICE CREAM CONE SHOP
[illegible]

HOTEL DINING ROOM FOR SALE
[illegible]

IF YOU HAVE
[illegible]

MARKET FOR SALE
[illegible]

$650 BUYS LODGING HOUSE, [illegible] lodgers, 15 rooms; rent $40; cheap; [illegible]

SMALL CANDY FACTORY
[illegible]

Special Notice.

CANCER
Tumor and all malignant growths cured permanently by my method of absorption
No pain. No blood. No knife. All cases are treated with roots and herbs. Consultation Free. Hours from 10 to 3 daily Testimonials will be furnished on application.
DR. AUGUSTA SOLOMON
151 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
The Only Dr Solomon in Boston

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HAVE YOUR FILMS Developed 5c Per Roll
ANY SIZE, [illegible]

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ARE INVITED TO MAKE FREE USE OF OUR PATENT LIBRARY
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ALLEN & DAGGETT Inc.
OLD SOUTH BLDG-BOSTON

Store and Office Fixtures.

[illegible]

MOST MEN who make money on limited capital are numbered among those always on the lookout for opportunity. In this day and age the WANT AD pages contain opportunity's calling list. In Boston it's American where the largest list is found.

Business Opportunities.

P. E. RICHARDSON,
53ND TREMONT ST.
Estab. 20 Years.

[illegible]

DEATHS

CARR—In Charlestown, May 15, Adeline I. [illegible] wife of John J. Carr [illegible] Funeral from her late residence, 10 Bartlett st, Monday, May 18, at 8:15 a.m. High mass of requiem at St. Francis de Sales Church at 9 o'clock.

DA CUNTO—At Marathon Hospital, May 14, Antonio Dias Da Cunto [illegible] Funeral from the residence of Charles H. [illegible]

DE LONG—In Roxbury, May 14, Joseph E., husband of Sophia A. De Long, aged 72 yrs. Funeral services at his late residence, 30 Perry st, Roxbury, Sunday, May 17, at 2:30 p.m.

DOWELL—In Winthrop, May 14, Sophia K., [illegible] widow of John H. Dowell, aged 78 yrs. Funeral Sunday, May 17, at 2:30 p.m.

FOSTER—In Melrose, May 15, Tryphena L., widow of John F. Foster of 200 Cambridge st, Boston. Funeral from St. Augustine Chapel Sunday, at 2:30 p.m.

FRENCH—In Somerville, May 15, Charles A., aged 61 yrs.

GILLASON—[illegible]

LOUGHLIN—[illegible]

HIGGINS—In Roxbury, May 14, Mary A., widow of Timothy Higgins. Funeral services at her late home, 11 Hecla st, Roxbury, Sunday, May 17, at 2:30 p.m. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

HOWLEY—[illegible]

LEAHY—In Chelsea, May 15, Patrick H., husband of Ellen Leahy, aged 70 yrs. Funeral from his late residence, 190 Broadway, Chelsea, on Monday, May 18, at 8:30 a.m. [illegible]

MURPHY—[illegible]

McGRAIL—[illegible]

OWENS—In Watertown, May 14, Florence [illegible] daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Owens. Funeral from her late residence, 31 Russell ave, Watertown, Monday, May 18, at 8:30 a.m. Services at St. Patrick's Church at 9 a.m. Interment private.

PETERSON—In Bellingham, May 15, Peter Peterson, 59 yrs 1 mo 25 ds, son of Peter and Mary Peterson, formerly of East Boston. Funeral Sunday at 2 p.m. from late home. [illegible]

WALTERS—In Dorchester, May 15, James P., husband of Barbara A. Walters. Funeral from his late residence, 1 Dell Island st, Monday, May 18, at 8:45 a.m. Requiem high mass at St. Gregory's Church at 9 a.m. Relatives and friends [illegible]

WHITE—In Weymouth, May 15, Sarah [illegible] widow of Joseph White, aged 84 yrs. Funeral Sunday at 2 p.m. from the Chapel at Forest Hills Cemetery.

WOODBURY—In Roxbury, May 15, Rescue, wife of Robert W. Woodbury, aged 68 yrs. Funeral from her late residence, 37 Pierce st, Sunday, May 17, at 2:30 p.m.

Lost and Found.

LOST.
SMALL BLACK Scotch terrier puppy with [illegible]

LOST—In Tremont, May 12, on Auburndale car to Bo ston or subway, or between Wellington and Sullivan sq, [illegible]

LOST—On train, Sunday, $105 and [illegible] Finder keeping, May 15, please return to Mrs. Chandler, reward. Fo [illegible]

LOST—Gold bezel glasses, in case marked [illegible] Finder please return to 8 Bowdoin st, between Commercial and Merchants row. Return reward.

LOST—Between Boston Light and Hatchett's, on Saturday, May 9, [illegible] Finder please return to 8 Bowdoin st, Boston. Reward.

LOST—Locket, in Stearns' waiting room, Friday, May 15; return to Lost and Found Dept. B. & A. [illegible]

LOST—Between Dorchester and Roxbury [illegible] on electric, morning, May 15, [illegible] Finder please return to 1 Lee st, Roxbury. Reward.

LOST—Lady's gold brooch, red stone, two pearls. Finder please return to [illegible]

LOST—In car or Scollay sq., Thursday, [illegible] Finder please return to Charles River sq., Lec. 14.

Business Personals.

TRY it 10 days; HILL'S PILE POMADE; if [illegible] 50c and $1 at druggists or by mail. [illegible]

EAT MEDFORD rum raisin ice cream with [illegible] Phone, name and address, [illegible] THE MONITOR.

INGERSOLL IN THE FUTURE: Read [illegible] Ingersoll's Lecture, "Which Way Shall We Go?" [illegible] Los Angeles, Cal.

WOULD THE MAKER OF WITCH-HAZEL [illegible] please send address to [illegible]

Money to Loan.

MAN [illegible] salary, security, [illegible] $ 21 to $ 500; 6 [illegible] confidential; [illegible] 2 per cent. 311 G and [illegible]

TO THOSE SPENDING MONEY.—We are prepared to loan [illegible] salary, and at the lowest rates. HUB LOAN CO., 45 Tremont st.

Printing

[illegible]

Adoption.

[illegible] baby [illegible] Address Z 28, Boston American.

FOR ADOPTION, a pretty, healthy blue-eyed baby girl [illegible]

WILL ADOPT baby [illegible]

FEMALE child for adoption a few days old. Apply by letter P 503 Boston American.

Sewing Machines.

[illegible]

GOING, DOING [illegible] $20 Singer for $5. Apply 32 Bromfield st, room 1.

Talking Machines.

Talking Machines and Records, ALL MAKES [illegible]
ROBERT S. [illegible] FX, 2 behind st., 1 flight [illegible]

WE REPAIR all kinds of talking machines and records, [illegible] JOHNSON, [illegible]

Information Wanted.

INFORMATION wanted about the street car [illegible] Thursday last, 8:25 p.m. [illegible] Please send word to [illegible] the conductor of conductor No. 8[illegible] also [illegible] Address [illegible] 1 Pleasant st, Malden, Mass.

[illegible] NESLEY, 24 [illegible] Box 2054 Boston.

Tours, Travel, Hotel and Summer Resorts Ads in Second News Sec., P 7T

LINK AUBURN, ME., SHOOTING WITH FAMOUS BIBBER CASE

Recent Attempt to Assassinate Aretas A. Rowell Strangely Similar to Mysterious Murder of John W. Bibber, in 1912

Description of Assailant in Each Case Almost Identical—Both Shot from Behind—Collar Button Saves Rowell's Life

AUBURN, Me., May 16.—That there is a connection between the shooting of Aretas A. Rowell, a prominent Auburn man, who is now at the Central Maine General Hospital, Lewiston, in a serious condition, and the murder of John W. Bibber of Lewiston two years ago, is the belief of those who have studied the striking similarity of features of the two cases.

The descriptions of the assassin of Bibber and of the assailant of Rowell are almost identical Bibber was slain near his home on Oak st, Wednesday night, April 24, 1912, about 9 40 o'clock. He was shot from behind in the head and also older

Rowell was shot on Wednesday night, May 6, at about 9 20 o'clock, near his home, No. 116 Goff street. He also was shot from behind in the neck and shoulder.

One of the shots entered Rowell's right shoulder near the base of the neck; another grazed his neck and the third struck his collar button and glanced into the flesh, causing an ugly wound, but not a fatal one, it is believed. Surgeons say the collar button saved Rowell's life.

Rowell is a well-built man of fifty, and for several years had been head clerk in the clothing establishment of Fred W. Roble, Court street, Auburn. His general physique was similar to that of Bibber, who also was fifty years old and had for many years been head clerk in the custom tailoring shop of Fred H. White, Main street, Lewiston.

BOTH PROMINENT.

Both were prominent in their respective communities. Bibber was [illegible] and active in club circles. Rowell is married a second time and has one daughter by his first wife and a stepson. He was in the habit of spending his evenings at home and gave little attention to society. While for a time the officers have found no motive for the shooting of Rowell. During the investigation of the Bibber case it was openly asserted by detectives that there was a woman in the case. It was also asserted that the motive for his killing was jealousy.

The night he was shot Mr. Rowell was examined at the store until a few minutes after 9 o'clock, and started to walk the short half a mile away. When he was within a few steps of his home he was suddenly stopped from behind a tree and deliberately fired five shots at him. The second shot mortally wounded him. He was then hurried to a hospital, where he now lies in a serious condition and is not allowed to see any one except the attending surgeon and the members of his immediate family. He is not known to have made any statement to them as to the possibility of assault that could not identify the person who shot him.

NO CLEW DISCOVERED.

Under the direction of Chief F. B. Taylor of the Auburn police department an investigation promptly was begun. Various clews have been run down, until now the officers are at a loss as to what to do next in the probe. The Auburn committee on police, Mayor A. W. Fowles and Alderman McGibbon and Chase, have authorized the payment of $500 reward for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person who attacked Mr Rowell.

Chief Taylor declares he has been unable to find the slightest motive for the crime. Miss Jones, a daughter of the victim, said she believed the shooting was deliberately planned. [illegible] upon which to base such a statement, she has failed to mention it to the officers. The officers are inclined to believe that Mr Rowell was mistaken for another person, as they have no idea as to the identity of the "other person." The "mistaken identity" theory was early advanced in the investigation of the Bibber murder, but was later abandoned.

The man who did the shooting was seen by at least two persons, Mrs. E. H. Field, Jr., and her son, who were returning from the theatre. They describe him as being about five feet eight inches tall, clean shaven, dressed in a dark suit and a light-colored overcoat and cap or soft hat.

Miss Blanche Plummer and Irving Brown walked up Goff street a few minutes before the shooting and were followed by a man answering nearly this description. The young couple passed along this man stepped suddenly out from the [illegible] eyed them closely as they passed them. Then he turned and followed them for some distance. The young lady became frightened and suggested that they cross over to the opposite side of the street

MAN FOLLOWED PAIR.

The strange man followed them across the street when they walked close behind them for some distance. Miss Plummer was completely unnerved when she reached her home and suggested to Mr Brown that he return home by another street.

As in the case of John Bibber, it is believed that Mr. Rowell had been watched for several nights, that the man who shot him had been prowling about the house in that section of the city, either to familiarize himself with the intersecting streets and back alleys to enable him to make a quick getaway or else learn the habits of Mr. Rowell. Miss Mabel Hill, who lives near the Rowell house, believes she heard a man in the yard of her home late the night before the shooting.

That Bibber was watched and possibly warned several nights prior to the fatal shooting was revealed by the investigation. A strange man, whose description tallies exactly with that of Rowell's assailant, was seen prowling about the section of the city where Mr. Bibber lived at least two nights before the murder. He was seen by at least two persons, but was not identified.

In neither the Bibber or Rowell case was robbery the motive. Bibber's slayer leisurely walked away from the scene of the shooting, according to Fred Eaton, in whose house Bibber lived and who was attracted to the window by the shots in time to see a man bending over Bibber's body and then slowly straighten up and walk away. Rowell's assailant ran from the scene of the shooting in Auburn and is believed to have boarded an electric car on Troy street.

Conductor Walter Lowe recalls that such a man was running down Troy street at about 9:40 that night and jumped aboard the car while it was moving. The man acted strangely and called for a transfer to one of the main line cars out of the city At this time Conductor Lowe did not know of the shooting.

There are so many similar features between the two cases that many are inclined to believe that a solution of the Rowell shooting mystery will send important light on the Bibber murder.

STRIVE TO SOLVE PUZZLE.

Mr. Rowell was well known in both Lewiston and Auburn and highly respected. He had served as a member of the Board of Aldermen of Auburn and held other offices of trust in his city. He was not known to have an enemy in the world. Neither was Bibber, for that matter. The people of Lewiston and Auburn are deeply concerned over the second shooting and a determined effort is to be made to clear up the mystery

There is some talk of resuming the investigation of the Bibber case, which has been closed for several months.

It is said that only recently new and important facts relating to the killing of the Lewiston club man have come to light, and if developed might lead to the connecting link with evidence already in the possession of the officials. No inquest has ever been held in the Bibber case and the mass of evidence, much of which was of a very sensational character, gathered by detectives, has never been presented to a coroner's jury or to open judicial consideration of any kind.

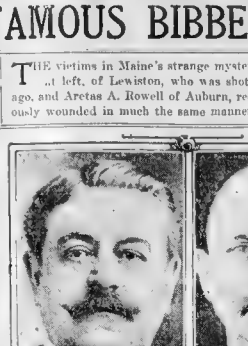
Walsh to Speak at Worcester Tech

WORCESTER, May 16—President Henry Hollis of Worcester Polytechnic Institute received an acceptance from Governor Walsh today of an invitation to be one of the commencement speakers on June 11

There was considerable disappointment at Holy Cross here since that the Governor was unable to be present at the baseball game, although by being absent His Excellency escaped seeing his Alma Mater beaten the 2Tl bulldog to the tune of 1 to 0.

Children Dance in Dorchester Party

A most successful May party was given to the children of Dorchester by the Dorchester Guild in Whitton Hall, Centre street, Dorchester, yesterday afternoon. The hall was crowded with little ones who enjoyed themselves. In general dancing, and a Punch and Judy Show. Refreshments were also served during the performance.



THE victims in Maine's strange mystery: John W. Bibber, [illegible] left, of Lewiston, who was shot to death two years ago, and Aretas A. Rowell of Auburn, recently shot and seriously wounded in much the same manner.

N. E. INVENTORS RECEIVE PATENTS

The following patents were issued during the past week to New England inventors according to a statement from Adin B. Dacket, patent attorneys, in the Old South building:

Laurits W. Anderson, Waterbury, Ct., service cover

Walter M. Barber, Springfield, Mass., pump caser.

William A. Bardill, Ipswich, Mass., photo frame

Robert P. Barnstead, Boston, Mass., cleaning pans.

Walter H. Billings, Arlington, Mass., door prop.

John E. Browne, Alston, Mass., valve mechanism

Everett B. Cooke, Danvers, Mass., composition.

Lincoln Crowell, Boston, Mass., locating instrument

Charles H. Deering, Portland, Me., husking machine

Howard S. Forbes, Cambridge, Mass., game apparatus.

Frederick M. Furber, Revere, Mass., lecture machine

Arthur H. Gage, Melrose, Mass., sign

Burt O Grace, Warren, Mass., pump

Francis E. Gallagher, Newton, Mass., piano player

Edwin A. Kraetzer, Somerville, Mass., buckle

Ellis W. Lombard, Nashua, N. H., box-folding machine

Simon Lake, Milford, Ct., combustion engine

James S. Lang, Boston, Mass., aeroplane.

Hector Ledoux, Worcester, Mass., woven fabric

August V. Lincoln, Springfield, Mass., wrapping machine.

Alexander D. Mackenzie, Worcester, Mass., refrigerator drain

Whitley Marston, Brookline, Mass., plate.

Howard H. Murphy, Boston, Mass., combustion engine.

Charles H. Norton, Worcester, Mass., paper feeding machine

Fred F. Norton, Lynn, Mass., governor springs.

Frank E. Palmer, Middletown, Ct., couch hammock.

George A. Parmenter, Cambridge, Mass., car fender.

Edward L. Pemberton, New Haven, Ct., vacuum [illegible]

Lester G. Pond, Seekonk, Mass., conveyor

Frank D. Powell, Lowell, Mass., cash carrier.

John Rudolph, Boston, Mass., extension bed

Edwin W. Scott, Boston, Mass., welted web.

John Turke, Boston, Mass., car lock.

George H. Webb, Providence, R. I., advertising sign

Damon A. White, Attleboro, Mass., internal shank

Warren B. White, North Abington, Mass., shoe lacing.

John Wilson, Newburyport, Mass., automobile [illegible]

Frank O. Woodland, Worcester, Mass., banding machine.

Loads of Rubbish in Clean-Up Week

In a statement telling the good results of Boston's "clean-up and paint-up" campaign, the committee on sanitation of these articles is having been put out on the sidewalks as rubbish by citizens "Trunks and valises, hand bags, bonnets, Morris chairs, parlor suites, kitchen chairs, parlor beds and iron bedsteads, bushels of mattresses, bicycles, wash boilers, hot water boilers, straw mats, stove pipe, gas stoves, wire fencing, broken screens, crockery, old bedding, iron and wooden barrel hoops, silk hats, straw hats, derby hats, hundreds of Christmas trees, sleds, baby carriages in great variety, tea chests, bath tubs, umbrellas, iron roofing, rags, carpets, etc

The output was astonishing in amount, as well as variety, many families having six, eight and ten barrels of rubbish, with bulky material for other purposes.

During the past five years the experiments carried on at the Storrs station have shown most conclusively that bacillary white diarrhea is an infectious disease which is caused by a definite micro-organism, Bacterium pullorum While the disease is spread from chick to chick, through infected droppings, the real source of the trouble is the mother hen.

A large percentage of female chicks which survive an attack of the disease appear to become permanent bacillary carriers; that is, they continue to harbor the germ of the disease for an indefinite period or perhaps permanently.

The ovary is the seat of this persistent infection; hence, eggs produced by such ovaries carry the disease bacterium in them, and when used for hatching purposes, convey the infection to the developing chicks which, therefore, acquire the disease prior to their escape from the shell. Such chicks become the centers of infection for other chicks with which they are brought.

A rational plan for the eradication of bacillary white diarrhea, to be successful, must be aimed at the complete elimination of the permanent carriers, that is to say, the infected hens, from the mature stock. In other words, none but sound uninfected stock should be employed for breeding purposes.

Since the Storrs station began to advocate this important means of prevention many requests have been received for information as to where eggs for hatching and baby chicks might be purchased which were free from any history of white diarrhea infection. The station has examined thousands of eggs by the bacteriological methods and has found a large number and direct observation tests. Furthermore, bacteriological examinations have been made of numerous dead chicks and of the ovaries of many hens which have died from various causes.

The result of fact was revealed that of the many flocks that were examined there were only two that did not show evidence of white diarrhea. This revelation explains the station's present inability to suggest or recommend sound breeding stock to those desiring such information.

One writer (Kaupp) says that of all the chicks hatched in this country 10 per cent. die from white diarrhea. The disease is probably more prevalent in New England than in the country at large. In the station's own experience it has been most disastrous during the past five years to obtain for its investigational work hatching eggs from stock apparently untainted with bacillary white diarrhea. The situation in Connecticut is not thought to be any worse than in the great part of the New England and Middle Atlantic States.

Therefore, it is so difficult to secure good eggs from outside sources it seems necessary to resort to additional measures for the eradication of white diarrhea. The blood test developed by Dr. Alice Woods Jones of Cornell furnishes the much-sought means.

The success of the test is such as to leave no doubt in the minds of those who have employed it. It has been found to be harmless to the hundreds of fowls at the Storrs station, and has been found to be most practical and reliable in the results it will show. Infected hens may be distinguished with ease from the uninfected. Where the test is undertaken and thus be completely eliminated from the breeding stock.

The Storrs station is now in a position to carry on a system of blood testing flocks of breeding hens that are to be kept over as breeders in 1915 may be thoroughly tested, and by means of the results with a ready response from poultrymen. In order to conduct such a campaign it will be necessary to retain a fee of about five cents for each bird examined. It will require the assistance of trained men and will involve other expenses which should be borne, in the first part, by owners whose stock is tested.

The Station will give a certificate to the owners where a thorough examination has been made and will offer such additional aid and instruction as may appear to be necessary in the elimination of infected hens, and the future safeguarding of the stock against infection. No publicity will be given to conditions as found, to the very interests of the negotiation method of determining ovarian infection involves the killing of such a small amount of blood from the wing vein, and in such a manner as not to injure the bird in any way otherwise affect the egg yield.

The object of this undertaking is the entire eradication of bacillary white diarrhea which is the cause of very heavy losses to poultrymen, and which indirectly affects the welfare of all persons. For the accomplishment of this aim the full cooperation of poultrymen is not only desirable, but necessary

What to feed to get the best egg results has been demonstrated at Cornell, the experiments covering a sufficient length of time to make the information worth while.

The tests made over a period of three years, when two hens which went over the 600 egg mark and two others well over the 500 mark. Cornell Supreme laid 665 eggs in three years, and a surprising feature of the record is that in the third year this hen laid 225 eggs. The ration for laying hens is given below, the following mash and grain mixture to be fed morning and afternoon in a straw litter.

By weight, Winter—		By weight, Summer—	
60 lbs. Bran.		60 lbs. Bran.	
60 " Corn.		60 " Corn.	
60 " Oats.		30 " Oats.	
30 " Buckwheat.		30 " Middlings.	
30 " Middlings.		30 " Beef scrap.	
By measure, Winter—		By measure, Summer—	
50 qts. Wheat.		50 qts. Wheat.	
30 " Corn.		30 " Corn.	
30 " Oats.		30 " Oats.	
30 " Buckwheat.		30 " Middlings.	
30 " Middlings.		30 " Beef scrap.	

The following mash is fed in a dry hopper kept open during the afternoon feeding:

By weight. Winter		By measure, Winter	
100 lbs. Bran.		100 qts. Bran.	
100 " Middlings.		100 " Middlings.	
100 " Alfalfa meal.		50 " Alfalfa meal.	
100 " Oil meal.		50 " Oil meal.	
100 " Beef scrap.		50 " Beef scrap.	
100 " Corn meal.		50 " Corn meal.	

The fowls should eat about one-half as much mash by weight as whole grain. Regulate the proportion of grain and ground feed by giving a light feeding of grain in the morning and about all they will consume in the afternoon feeding in time to find grain before dark. In case of pullets or fowls in heavy laying, restrict both night and morning feeding to induce hearty eating of dry mash, especially in the case of hens. This ration should be supplemented with beets, cabbage, sprouted oats, green clover or other succulent food, unless run-ranging over grass covered range.

Grit, cracked oyster shell and charcoal should be accessible at all times. Green food should not be fed in a frozen condition. All feed and litter used should be strictly sweet, clean and free from mustiness, mold or decay. Serious losses frequently occur from disease, due to the fowls taking into their bodies, through their intestinal tract or lungs, the spores or fungi causing molds.

Advice from Prof. Graham

Professor J. C. Graham, through the Extension Service of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, gives the following timely advice:

"For baby chicks, bread soaked in milk and squeezed makes a very good mash. Some get good results by feeding bread crumbs as a dry feed. Others start them out on bread or cracker crumbs and johnny cake. The infertile eggs are sometimes fed pay by mixing them with oatmeal and bran. This should not be done unless we are sure that we have a good healthy stock. Usually they are boiled hard, chopped up shell and all, and mixed with ground grains. It is not so much what we feed, but how we feed it I like to [illegible] we are to [illegible] feed a wet mash for the first week. After the first two weeks I do not have plenty of bread crumbs we feed a wet mash in the morning.

"In other [illegible] to [illegible] is the same as the first two weeks, except a little wheat can be added now and what are mixed with the milk feed. When they are six weeks old, the wet mash is changed to a dry mash and the chick feed is gradually [illegible] from white diarrhea. The disease is probably more prevalent in New England than in the country at large. In the station's own experience it has been most disastrous during the past five years to obtain for its investigational work hatching eggs from stock apparently untainted with bacillary white diarrhea. The situation in Connecticut is not thought to be any worse than in the great part of the New England and Middle Atlantic States.

"The mash I prefer, it is so difficult to secure good eggs from outside sources it seems necessary to resort to additional measures for the eradication of white diarrhea. The blood test developed by Dr. Alice Woods Jones of Cornell furnishes the much-sought means.

"The success of the test is such as to leave no doubt in the minds of those who have employed it. It has been found to be harmless to the hundreds of fowls at the Storrs station, and has been found to be most practical and reliable in the results it will show. Infected hens may be distinguished with ease from the uninfected. Where the test is undertaken and thus be completely eliminated from the breeding stock.

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30 " Middlings.		30 " Beef scrap.	
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30 " Corn.		30 " Corn.	
30 " Oats.		30 " Oats.	
30 " Buckwheat.		30 " Middlings.	
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Sour Milk for Chicks and Hens

What are the benefits to be derived by the feeding of sour milk?—J. B. Q.

Sour skimmed milk is one of the best feeds for both young and old chicks. At the Storrs Agricultural College Farm they have found that it contains certain valuable elements that tend to promote the growth of chicks, increase their vitality, encourage growth, in short they have a decided tendency toward white diarrhoea or other diseases.

In laying birds it maintains vitality and health, increases the egg production without fattening the birds or otherwise putting them out of condition. When fed to pigs at the Storrs Agricultural Farm feel returned a very material increase in the egg production and in health.

In feeding this observe the following rules:

When once started to feed it do not change to sweet milk or take away from them, as by means of this sort of stock or falling off in production will be noted. If you are not situated to feed regularly and continually (except for a first feed in case of chicks) do not start at all. Keep them on sweet milk all of the time renewing it in the pans each day at noon

Allow the milk to sour until it is quite thick, but not rancid.

Quantity required is about as follows:

Daily, for 100 chicks, 1 quart
Daily, for 100 hens, 3 quarts

Poultry and Supplies

YOUNG CHICKS

die of bowel trouble more than all other causes. It is [illegible] which will lead to every 1000 chicks we raise, 1000 chicks

year less than 400 reach marketable size. Germozoon stops the bowel trouble. Indeed, Germozoon keeps the bowels regular. It prevents indigestion, constipation and worry from eating musty or spoiled food, etc. It should be given in drinking water twice a week from the day they are hatched [illegible] the loss. Every chick that dies after [illegible] Germozoon costs the user. Book which saves will pay the cost of a bottle of Germozoon.

Sold by dealers, or by mail, at dealer's or prepaid.

GEO. H. LEE CO. Omaha, Nebr.

For sale at Boston by Potter, Flake Hanson & Whitney, Inc., and A. Whitney & Son, Providence by Providence Seed Co. Many other cities and towns.

LIVE POULTRY WANTED

F. B. EASTMAN & CO.
DEALERS IN
Live Poultry — Department A
20 QUINCY MARKET, BOSTON.
Reference Faneuil Hall National Bank, Boston; American Express Co., Boston

ROSSMERE WHITE ROCK
BABY CHICKS ready for delivery May 22 $15 per 100; 50 for $8; 25 for $4.50. Eggs for hatching, $6 per 100 after June 1. Stock guaranteed, the best White Rock chicks in N. E. Send for circular. Rossmere Poultry Farm, Poultry Farm, 856 Auburn st., Whitman, Mass. Tel. 206-M.

Chicks, Reds and Rocks,
$14 to $17 per 100; $2.50 and $3 per 50 and $1.25 per 25 day old. $20 hundred orders booked and shipped when wanted. Special price on large orders. Send for circular. Also eggs in season. Prices reasonable. F. S. HATCH, Medfield, Mass.

CHICKS, THOUSANDS
R. P. Rocks, R. I. Reds and W. Leghorns From [illegible] Utility Stock. Booklet. Mass Hatchery, Inc., Box 1158 Lynn, Mass.

90 VARieties 90-Page Poultry and Pigeon Book for 1914, illustrated, describing and telling how to make money with poultry and pigeons. Parts here[illegible] for a limited book, 10c. [illegible] Box 1, PEARL, Ohio.

COASTAL WHITE ORPINGTONS
KELLERSTRASS, Mass. Hard shell [illegible] $1 for 15 eggs. Little Red Poultry Farm.

ORPINGTONS buff black and white baby chicks, eggs $1 to $3 for 15 baby chicks 20 to 50c each; show stock to utility; 1 very large. CARL KNOW, 64 Lowell av., Providence.

CROCKFORD'S real White Bronze ducks, Pekins, Garden, Indianolas and Boston Mixed ducks and [illegible]

COMIC SECTION
OF THE
BOSTON
AMERICAN
May 17, 1914
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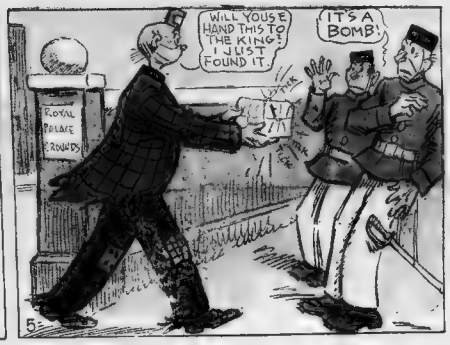
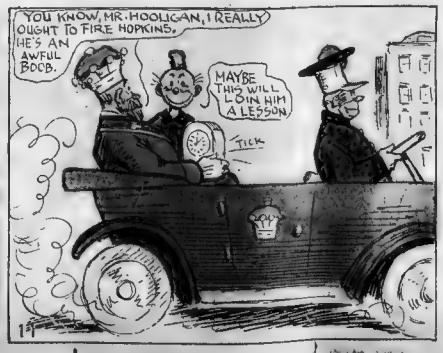
Happy Hooligan Is in "Soft!"

THAT PARCEL WILL SOITNLY FALL OFF
GOING TO THE BUTLERS' BALL, BILL!
SURE, I'M MASTER OF CEREMONIES
ROYAL DELIVERY AUTO TRUCK
2





MR. HOOLIGAN DO YOU PREFER SWEET OR DRY CHAMPAGNE?
THIS IS THE FOIST TOITLE SOLP I'VE HAD IN SOME TIME.
WHERE DID THE 'ell I GET THAT JOHNNY?
SEARCH ME!
F. Opper
12

THEIR ONLY CHILD!

He Doesn't Howl Like Other Children.
(He Does It in a Way of His Own.)

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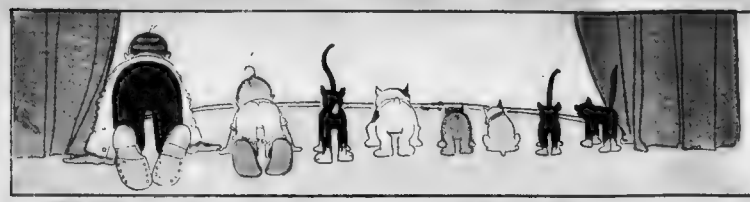

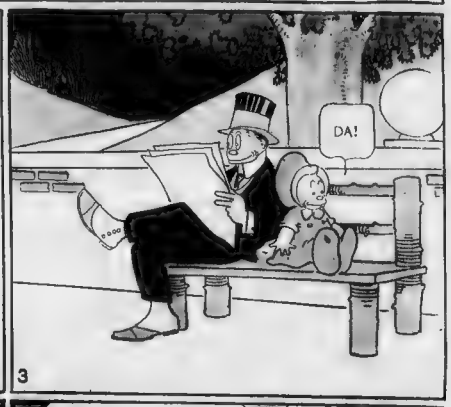

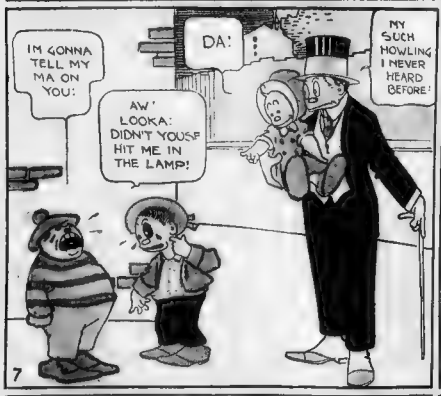

LOVEY-HE WAS JUST FINE-NOT WHIMPER OUT OF HIM-BUT YOU SHOULD HAVE SEEN ALL THE OTHER KIDDIES BELLOWING!
HE'S A DARLING TO GO OUT WITH HE'S NEVER ANY TROUBLE!
9

WHEN YOURE TIRED-DEAR-LET ME KNOW AND I'LL WALK WITH HIM AWHILE!
WOW!!
NO-DEARIE-YOU TRY TO GO TO SLEEP-I'LL GET HIM QUIET IN A LITTLE WHILE!
12

JIMMY

Ah, Well, It's All in the Day's Work! But the Big Kid Didn't Deserve What He Got!

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1. "JIMMY. MM-N YOU KNOW!" "YES JIMMY YOU MAY TAKE BABY OUT. YOU DON'T NEED TO HURRY BACK. WE'RE EXPECTING COMPANY."

2. "HULLO CHILDREN! ISN'T THIS A BEAUTIFUL DAY!" "CHILDREN?"

3. "ARE THESE YOUR LITTLE SISTERS?"

4. "HAW! HAW!" "WHAT IS YOUR NAME, LITTLE GIRL?" "AW. CUT IT OUT!" "HE AIN'T NO GIRL!"

5. "COME ON JIM I KNOW A PLACE!"

6. "HERE HE COME" "WAIT TILL YOU SEE THE WHITES OF HIS EYES!"

7.

AND IN THE MEAN TIME

8. "GEE! D'KID'S GONE!"

9. "BABY!"

10. "BABY!"

11. "LOOKEE LIKEE THLOMPSON KID! ME BETTER TAKEE HOME!" FAT LEE LAUNDRY. BLUB

12.

13. FAT LEE LAUN... "LO MISSEE THLOMPSON BLING LIL KID HOME!" "FATHER, WHERE ARE YOU GOING?" "I'M GOING TO FIND YOUR SON!" "HAW! HAW!" "HO. HO!" "TEE-HEE"

14. "GEE, MISTER THOMPSON, WE LOST THE KID!"

15. "YOU'VE HAD THIS COMING TO YOU FOR A LONG, LONG TIME!"

16. "BLOO BLOO B-B." "NO - YOU NEEDN'T EXPLAIN. YOU FIX THE LITTLEST ONE AND I'LL TACKLE THE OTHER ONE. HE'S MY SON!"

17. "WE WAS BOYS OURSELVES ONCE!" "YOUR ARM MUST BE TIRING!" SWINNERTON

DONT LAUGH MARY JANE
ITS NO LAUGHING MATTER
IT WAS ONE OF THE MOST
TRYING EXPERIENCES OF
MY SWEET YOUNG LIFE
EXCUSE THESE TEARS
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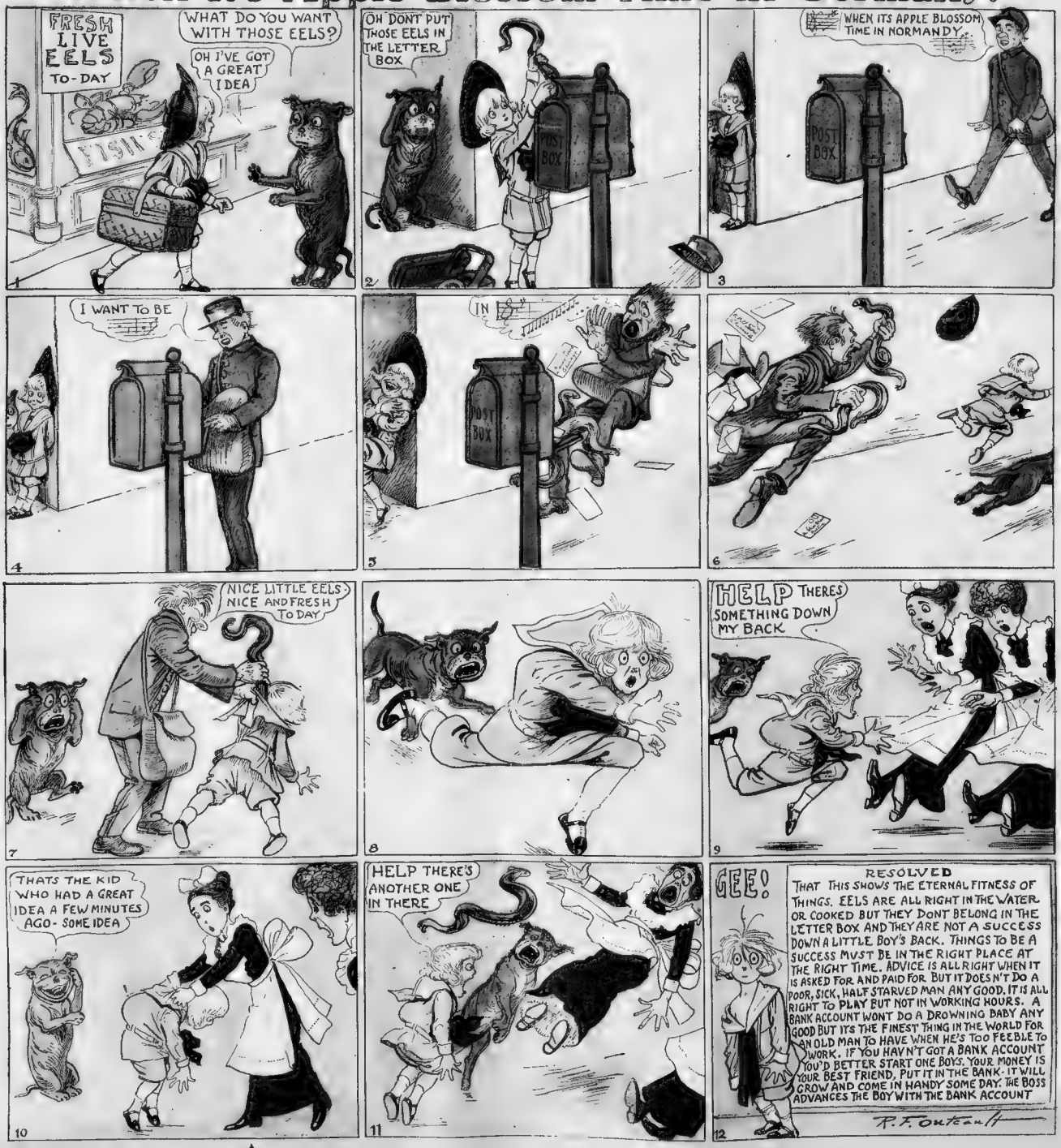
These are a few good resolutions I have laid up for a rainy day or for some particularly strenuous occasion. They are not to be built on the table. They are to be just worth practice. I would lend you one if you got stuck for something to say.
STRONG TALK TO FIT ANY OCCASION

When It's Apple Blossom Time in Germany!


FRESH LIVE EELS TO-DAY
WHAT DO YOU WANT WITH THOSE EELS?
OH I'VE GOT A GREAT IDEA
OH DONT PUT THOSE EELS IN THE LETTER BOX
POST BOX
WHEN ITS APPLE BLOSSOM TIME IN NORMANDY
POST BOX
I WANT TO BE
IN
POST BOX
NICE LITTLE EELS NICE AND FRESH TO DAY
HELP THERES SOMETHING DOWN MY BACK
THATS THE KID WHO HAD A GREAT IDEA A FEW MINUTES AGO- SOME IDEA
HELP THERE'S ANOTHER ONE IN THERE
GEE!
RESOLVED
THAT THIS SHOWS THE ETERNAL FITNESS OF THINGS. EELS ARE ALL RIGHT IN THE WATER OR COOKED BUT THEY DONT BELONG IN THE LETTER BOX AND THEY ARE NOT A SUCCESS DOWN A LITTLE BOY'S BACK. THINGS TO BE A SUCCESS MUST BE IN THE RIGHT PLACE AT THE RIGHT TIME. ADVICE IS ALL RIGHT WHEN IT IS ASKED FOR AND PAID FOR. BUT IT DOES N'T DO A POOR, SICK, HALF STARVED MAN ANY GOOD. IT IS ALL RIGHT TO PLAY BUT NOT IN WORKING HOURS. A BANK ACCOUNT WONT DO A DROWNING BABY ANY GOOD BUT ITS THE FINEST THING IN THE WORLD FOR AN OLD MAN TO HAVE WHEN HE'S TOO FEEBLE TO WORK. IF YOU HAVN'T GOT A BANK ACCOUNT YOU'D BETTER START ONE BOYS. YOUR MONEY IS YOUR BEST FRIEND, PUT IT IN THE BANK. IT WILL GROW AND COME IN HANDY SOME DAY. THE BOSS ADVANCES THE BOY WITH THE BANK ACCOUNT
R. F. Outcault
1
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American Magazine Section of the Boston Sunday American, Sunday, May 17, 1914—
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Bones of Homer's One Eyed Cyclops Found!

Polyphemus, the Cyclops of Homer's "Odyssey," Hurling a Rock at the Escaping Ulysses and His Companions.
Painting by A. Boecklin.

Science Discovers in Fossil Remains of Hideous, Gigantic, Man-Like Monsters in Sicily the Basis of the Famous Story and of the World-Wide Primitive Legends of Man-Eating Giants and Ogres

THE story of the Cyclops, the hideous, one-eyed monster who attacked Ulysses and his companions, is one of the most thrilling passages in Homer's "Odyssey."

Similar references to giants and ogres are common in the ancient literature of many countries. In earlier days the belief that such monsters really existed was universal, and it is probable that we should find a very widespread belief in their existence even to-day.

Now science has come forward with the most surprising evidence that Homer's story was founded on fact. Professor Abel, of the University of Vienna, a distinguished palaeontologist, has found in Sicily the very home of the Homeric Cyclops, remains of monsters of human form that compare with surprising closeness to Polyphemus and the other monsters of the great Greek epic.

The remains found in Sicily consist, it is stated, of two huge skulls of a form almost human and of prehistoric character, but strangely distinguished by having a large socket like an eyehole in the centre of the forehead.

Whether the socket really represents an eyehole is as yet uncertain. It may be that it marks the place of a single horn in the centre of the forehead, such as many extinct monsters are known from their fossil remains to have possessed. Professor Abel is inclined to believe that the hole marks the place of a trunk like that of the elephant or the ancient mammoth.

The skeletons found are so imperfect that it is as yet impossible to calculate the exact dimensions of the extinct monsters, but it is certain that they were of immense size, perhaps over thirty feet in height.

The professor recalls that at many times in the past there have been legends concerning the existence of such monsters in Sicily. Empedocles, the early Greek philosopher, who lived in Sicily and possessed a scientific mind of a remarkably modern type, asserted their existence, and so did other ancient writers.

Boccaccio in the Middle Ages introduced Sicilian monsters into one of the tales of his "Decameron." There are also curious references to the subject in "Don Quixote." The Don tells Sancho Panza as proof of the existence of giants that "bones have been found in Sicily of such a prodigious great size that thence is infallibly to be argued men of above 100 feet in height."

There is, then, clearly a great deal of evidence concerning the existence of man-like monsters in Sicily, and it is reasonable to argue that Homer, in placing Polyphemus, the chief Cyclops, and the race of Cyclopes there, was guided by some reality. Did Homer build his story upon the bones of monsters that had been found, but were extinct in his time, or did he describe living monsters that had been described to him by travelers? That is a question that may give rise to much discussion among scholars.

Homer lived in the prehistoric period, as long ago, perhaps as the age of Moses, who also states in the Book of Genesis that "there were giants in those days." It is probable that many animals now extinct were roaming the earth in Homer's time. Indeed, we know that the hairy mammoth was living in Siberia considerably later than his day.

How the Monster Whose Bones Have Been Found in Sicily Actually Looked.
Sketch by One of Professor Abel's Companions.

Homer's story of the Cyclops is full of details that suggest that he was describing facts. He tells us how Ulysses on his way back from Troy to Ithaca landed at a certain spot in Sicily because he was very much in need of provisions. He and his men carried with them a jar of wine for a present to the natives. They came to a great cave, which they entered and found stored with cheese, milk, lambs, kids and other supplies.

Presently Polyphemus, the giant monster of the cave, returned. He had one huge eye in the centre of his forehead and was covered all over with hair. He closed the cave with a great rock that twenty oxen could not move.

When the Greeks politely asked him for supplies he seized two of them, dashed their brains out and devoured them. The next morning he treated two more of them in the same way. Then he went out of the cave and closed it with a rock, as before.

While the Cyclops was away Ulysses planned to get revenge for his slain companions and escape from the monster. He and his followers sharpened the end of a young tree which the Cyclops used as a staff. When the giant returned in the evening he devoured two more Greeks for supper.

Ulysses offered him the jar of wine. Polyphemus swallowed it at a gulp with much pleasure and promised Ulysses that he would eat him last as a great mark of favor. He asked Ulysses his name, to which the crafty Greek replied, "My name is Noman."

After supper, when the giant had gone to sheep, Ulysses and four companions made the end of the stake red hot. Then they drove it deep into the eye of the monster. He bellowed for help to the neighboring Cyclopes. They asked who was hurting him, and he replied "Noman." Then his friends said they could not help him.

In the morning Polyphemus rolled the rock from his cave door, but stood there to catch the Greeks if they tried to escape. The crafty Ulysses had instructed his companions to tie the Cyclops' sheep three abreast. Each man was then to conceal himself under the middle sheep, and in that way to get out of the cave. The blind Cyclops felt the backs and sides of the sheep, but omitted to examine underneath them. In this ingenious manner Ulysses and his companions safely escaped

Ulysses, the Hero Who Put Out the Cyclops' Only Eye.

Other classical authors besides Homer refer to the existence of the Cyclops in Sicily. Ovid says that Polyphemus was the son of Neptune and the nymph Thoosa.

The significant thing about these stories and legends is that they agree in making Sicily the home of a race of monstrous giants.

In the ancient legends and literature of every race there are references to dragons and giants. To some extent the references are undoubtedly based on realities. The legends of dragons are believed to have some connection with the prehistoric reptiles called dinosaurs, whose remains, found by geologists, correspond very closely to the creatures described by primitive stories.

The dragon figures in the earliest traditions of the human race, and crops up again in full force in European mediaeval or even late romance in ancient Egyptian mythology Horus, the son of Isis, slays the evil dragon. In Greece the infant Hercules, while yet in his cradle, strangles deadly snakes; and Perseus, after engaging in fierce struggle with the sea-monster, slays it and rescues Andromeda from a cruel death. In England the heroic legend of St George and the Dragon has become a national epic. It is easy to see a common purpose running through these legends. They are considered by many to be solar myths, and have a moral purpose. The dragons or snakes are emblems of darkness and evil, the heroes emblems of light, and so of good. The triumph of good over evil is the theme they were intended to illustrate.

They are, for the most part, unnatural beasts, breathing out fire, and often endowed with wings, while at the same time possessing limbs ending in cruel claws, fitted for clutching their unfortunate victims. Wings, poisonous fangs, claws, scaly armor and a long pointed tail usually characterize the dragon. Some, however, are devoid of wings, the Imperial Japanese dragons show no sign of such appendages. In spite of all the manifest absurdities of the dragons of various nations and times, geology reveals to us that there once lived upon this earth reptiles so great and uncouth that we can think of no other but the time-honored word "dragon" to convey briefly the slightest idea of their monstrous forms and characters.

Did any of the extinct monsters bear a resemblance to man sufficient to account for the Homeric legend of the Cyclops? That monstrous extinct reptile, the megalosaurus, it seems, might have produced this impression on an ignorant and terrified traveller.

The megalosaurus was accustomed to stand up on its hind legs and swallow animals whole. It could have devoured men as did the Cyclops described by Homer.

The lower jaw of a megalosaurus is twelve inches long, with a row of nine teeth, or sockets for teeth. The structure of the teeth leaves no doubt as to the carnivorous habits of the creature. With a length of perhaps thirty feet, capable of free and rapid movement on land, with strong hind limbs, short head, with long pointed teeth and formidable claws to its feet, the megalosaurus must have been without a rival among the carnivorous reptiles of old. It probably walked for the most part on its hind legs. The form of the teeth exhibits a remarkable combination of contrivances. When the animal was young the tip of the tooth presented a double-cutting edge of serrated enamel, but as it advanced in growth its direction was turned backward in the form of a pruning knife, and the enamelled sawing edge was continued downward to the base of the inner and cutting side, but became thicker on the outer side, obtaining additional strength when it was no longer needed as a cutting instrument.

The largest bones of these formidable flesh-eating monsters were hollow, and many of the vertebrae, as well as some of those of the feet, contained cavities or were otherwise lightened in order to give the creature a greater power of rapid movement.

It is not very difficult to imagine a megalosaurus lying in wait for his prey with his hind limbs bent under his body so as to bring the heels to the ground, and then with one terrific bound from those long legs springing on to the prey and holding the mammal tight in its clawed forelimbs as a cat might hold a mouse. Then the sabre-like teeth would be brought into action by the powerful jaws and soon the flesh and bones of the victim would be gone

Excavation in Sicily, Showing the Spot Where Professor Abel, of the University of Vienna, Has Unearthed the Remains of a Possible Cyclops.

NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

How Volcanic Fogs and Sunspots Make Cold Weather

A New Explanation of the Unseasonably Low Temperature Such as We Have Had This Spring

SCIENTIFIC experiments have now proved that the dust thrown up by volcanoes plays an important part in cutting off the sun's light from the earth.

Since the terrible eruption of the Tsai, the great volcano on the island of Luzon in the Philippines, four new volcanic eruptions have occurred in the Pacific Ocean. They are those of the volcano Fama, in Japan, on May 8, 1912; of Mount Katmai, in Alaska, on June 6, 1912, of Ambrym, in the New Hebrides, and of Sakurajima, in Japan. The eruption of Katmai, one of the greatest ever recorded, has been made the subject of careful enquiry through observations by Professor C. G. Abbott at Mount Wilson, in California, and by Professor E. Fowle at Bassour, in Algeria. The dust from the volcano was scattered entirely round the world.

These scientists have found that the strength of the sun's total radiation during this period showed a depression equal to about 20 per cent of the normal. In other words, about one-fifth of the rays from the sun that entered the outer limits of the earth's atmosphere never reached the earth.

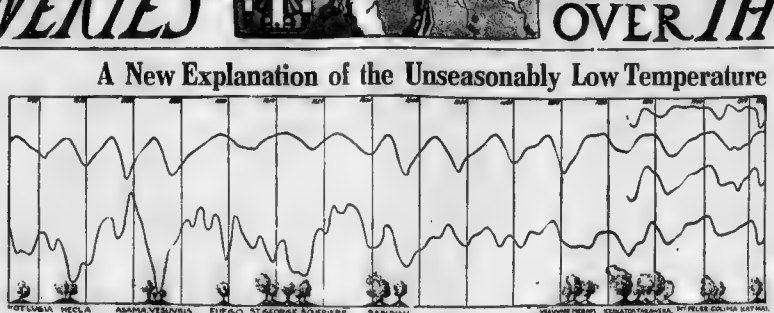

Diagram Showing the Most Important Active Volcanoes and Their Effect Upon the Heat We Get from the Sun. At Top Are Year Dates. Highest Irregular Line Shows Total Amount of Rays Received from the Sun. Next Line Below Shows the Increase and Decrease of Sunspots, Formerly Thought to Have a Decisive Effect on Earth's Temperature. Third Line Is a Combination of These Two. Fourth Line Is the Actual Variation of Temperatures Recorded on Earth. At the Bottom Are the Great Volcanic Eruptions. The Falling of Temperature Shown After Each Eruption Indicates That They Have Shut Off the Sun's Heat in Combination with the Sunspots.

In addition, observations with the new and ingenious instrument called the "spectrobolometer" showed that the loss was particularly great in the infra-red region of the spectrum. The spectrobolometer shows the proportion of heat carried by each color of the spectrum in a ray of sunlight.

The use of the spectrobolometer is stated to have proved, among other interesting things, that the particles thrown into the air by the volcanic eruptions were larger than the corpuscles which produce the ordinary appearance of blueness in the sky. The blueness is due to the interception of rays from the violet end of the spectrum.

The diminution of the transparency of the atmosphere was not confined to any particular locality, and was not much greater in the vicinity of the volcanoes than in places thousands of miles away. During the eruptions the sky presented a foggy appearance at every part of the globe. The appearance was similar to that known as a "mackerel sky," although there were no vapor clouds.

Similar suggestions concerning the loss of solar heat due to volcanic eruptions had been made before, but never was such positive evidence of the fact offered as after the Katmai eruption. Professor M. E. Marchand, working at the Pic du Midi Observatory, in France, noticed a diminution of solar radiation lasting from December, 1902, to February, 1906, following the eruption of Mount Pelee volcano, in Martinique.

The quantity of heat received from the sun is also greatly affected by the spots which are periodically seen on the surface of our luminary. In proportion as the number of sunspots increases the amount of heat received diminishes. In order to make a calculation of the total amount of heat received, it is necessary to make a combined curve of sunspots and volcanic eruptions.

Temperature on the surface of the earth is subject to so many varying influences that general conditions are often completely hidden by secondary local causes. Temperature can therefore be only accurately determined from an observatory at a considerable altitude.

Many scientific observers have shown that temperature on the earth shows a periodicity corresponding to the sunspots and that it reaches a maximum once in eleven years at the period of minimum sunspots. It is found, however, that the decrease of temperature is greater than would result simply from the reduction of solar radiation caused by sunspots. Therefore, it was argued that the sunspots are accompanied by some secondary phenomena which affect the terrestrial temperature.

Professors Abbott and Fowle endeavored to find out whether by making a curve showing the influence of sunspots and volcanic fogs combined they could not obtain a closer correspondence between solar phenomena and terrestrial temperature.

They worked out one curve, the uppermost in the accompanying diagram, which is the regular curve of solar radiation for the period 1880-1910. The next curve is that of sunspots according to Professor Wolter. The third curve is a combination of the two preceding. The lowest one represents the actual course of temperature on the surface in the United States.

Although the curves of sunspots and surface temperature show a general resemblance, they also show many points of divergence. For instance, the maximum of sunspots was greater in 1893 than in 1883 or 1906. The temperature curve, however, shows a general increase for the period of 1893. Similarly the temperature began to decrease in 1890, although the sun was at an epoch of minimum spots and began to rise again in 1892, when the spots had not yet attained their maximum. The other parts of the curves display similar discrepancies.

If, on the other hand, we compare the combined curve of sunspots and volcanic fogs with the average of maximum temperature for the United States, the correspondence becomes more striking.

ALL INSECTS Are MAN'S ENEMIES

SCIENCE has discovered that in the insect world there exists an instinct to spread disease. It is this instinct which makes every insect an enemy of the human race and constitutes one of the greatest dangers that threaten mankind.

Mosquitoes have the instinct to spread vicious malaria, yellow fever, blue tongue, and dengue fever. Infantile paralysis is spread by the instinct of some insect not yet identified with certainty. The horsefly was long suspected, but has now been declared not guilty.

The occasional and widely separated occurrence of infantile paralysis is proof that an insect of some sort scatters it; and so is the fact that it is a rural malady and occurs chiefly in the Summer, when insect life is at its highest. Some scientists believe that it is spread by a tick.

Verruga fever, the new disease of South America and elsewhere, characterized by a ferocious attack of warts and fever, is said by Dr. C. H. T. Townsend to be due to the tick insects, which have an instinct to inject this virus into the human body. In South Africa this disease-spreading instinct of ticks, fleas, mosquitoes and flies has almost annihilated the native hacks of that region.

Is the whole human race doomed by this insect instinct? It is not one insect, says Professor Moore, and one disease which we have to deal with, but a legion of different kinds of insects and as many different kinds of diseases.

The blue tick has an instinct to produce Texas cattle fever and another ailment called "splenic etosis." The bonnet tick has an instinct to induce heart water disease in goats and sheep. The dog tick spreads fatal jaundice among dogs and man. The brown tick instinctively gives African East Coast fever to men and cattle. The Cape Town tick causes another malignant fever. The red tick causes three different diseases.

The tsetse fly causes fatal sleeping sickness to man and beast. Fleas carry plague, the bedbug is accused of leprosy; the sandfly is blamed for pellagra. The housefly kills babies and children and is an instinctive enemy of man through being the abode of the typhoid germ.

Dr. Frederick Knob says that it is only recently that zoologists—doctors have neglected this whole matter—have recognised this insect instinct to kill off their human enemies by diseases which do not hurt the insects themselves.

Disease microbes and insects have a co-operative, socialistic working agreement by which they are able to help each other along at the expense of higher forms of animal life.

Since the discovery that blood-sucking insects welcome into their bodies these vicious bacteria of sickness and death, it has developed upon men to start an eternal war of extermination against all insects, whether they simply crawl and eat or whether they suck blood. All of the insects which become associated with higher forms of animal life welcome disease germs into their tissues in order that they may gratify their instinct to spread disease among men. It is a question now whether man or insects shall survive.

What the fate of the human race would be did we possess the disease-spreading instinct which insects have so strongly developed is too horrible to contemplate. Persons who refuse to be vaccinated to prevent typhoid, smallpox and other diseases have almost the equivalent of this instinct of the insect world, but, fortunately, they are only a small minority of the human race.

How We EAT 8,000 TONS of CAFFEINE a Year

RECENT investigation has shown that (with the exception of the English) Americans are the greatest consumers of caffeine in the world. Most of it we take in the form of tea and coffee.

Caffeine is an alkaloid of coffee. It is the stimulating agent in the beverage made from that berry. But it is also the stimulating ingredient of tea.

The per capita consumption of coffee in the United States is six and a quarter pounds annually. In England it is only about one pound. But the English are much greater tea drinkers than ourselves, consuming over five and a quarter pounds of the herb per annum, whereas we use less than two and a quarter pounds.

Strange though it may seem, tea leaves contain much more caffeine than does coffee. Coffee beans rarely have more than one and a quarter per cent of caffeine (usually less), whereas ordinary tea, as one buys it at the corner grocery, contains three and a third per cent of caffeine.

The younger the tea leaves the higher the percentage of caffeine in them. In the youngest leaves it runs up to nearly five per cent. Inasmuch as the small, new leaves make the best tea, it follows that the higher price you pay for the herb the more caffeine you get per pound.

Our per capita consumption of the drug caffeine, taken in the form of coffee, is 573 grains per annum. Taken in the form of tea, it is 462 grains. This makes a total of 1,040 grains of caffeine per annum for every man, woman and child in coffee and tea alone. There are 7,000 grains in a pound avoirdupois. Thus every American consumes one-seventh of a pound. Estimating the nation's population at slightly more than 100,000,000, this makes a total annual consumption of nearly 15,000,000 pounds of caffeine, or almost 8,000 tons.

England's annual consumption of caffeine is 1,180 grains. Holland comes third, with 1,002 grains. France is next, with 637 grains; then Germany, 508 grains; Switzerland, 505 grains, and Russia, 246 grains.

This reckoning, however, includes only coffee and tea. Most people will be surprised to learn that we consume a good deal of caffeine in the form of chocolate and cocoa. The chocolate bean is not nearly so rich in caffeine as the coffee bean, but it contains a considerable percentage of the drug. We eat and drink in this country immense quantities of chocolate and cocoa—the latter being simply chocolate that has been deprived of most of its fat.

The presence of caffeine helps explain why chocolate is so useful as a stimulant. It is, of course, one of the most highly concentrated of foods, and all foods are stimulating. But the caffeine it contains doubtless helps a lot. Persons who are trying to get rid of the liquor habit find that chocolate spells the craving for alcohol to some extent; and the chocolate habit, which is harmless enough, may itself be not easy to leave off.

The kola nut of Africa is rich in caffeine. So, likewise, are two South American plants, the "yerba mate," which furnishes a widely-used kind of tea, and the "guarana" of tropical Brazil. The latter is a climbing vine, and its caffeine is contained not only in the leaves and young shoots, which are dried for use, but also in the seeds, which are roasted, roasted, rubbed to a paste with water, and dried.

These, it is believed, are the only plants in the world that contain caffeine. All of them have been known and utilized for many generations—which affords an interesting illustration of man's cleverness in discovering things useful to him.

CARBON to Take the Place of ICE

THE iceman may soon be a thing of the past and the type of refrigerators and cold storage plants now in use may all be discarded. This is what Isidor Hisiaive, a Belgian chemist, predicts as the result of experiments he has been conducting with a view to finding a substitute for ice in the preservation of food by cold. Carbon is the substitute Professor Hisiaive has at last hit upon and he believes it offers a great many advantages over ice.

Under the new method, the food to be preserved is exposed to the fumes of specially prepared tablets of carbon. This vapor coats the surface of the food with an invisible film, thus virtually preserving it from the oxidation of the air and arresting putrefaction. The food treated remains for months in exactly the same condition, and it is said that it may be safely kept in any temperature, hot or cold.

In applying the vapor it is necessary that the food shall first be placed in an air-tight chamber. Then the vapor is passed over it, and in a few moments the embalming has taken place.

The vapor is obtained from the melting at 170 degrees Fahrenheit of a white tablet about the circumference of a twenty-five cent piece, but about four times as thick. Ten different ingredients, that combine to produce a vapor of the purest carbon, go to make up these tablets.

Before the preserved food can be eaten the carbon must be expelled, and this is accomplished by heating in the oven or boiling.

Why We Should Drink Goats' Milk

EXPERTS of the United States Department of Agriculture are urging us to raise more goats and to drink more of their milk. That there is money in goat raising can be seen from the fact that every year we import goat skins to the value of thirty million dollars' worth of goat skins. And there is ample scientific authority for the statement that goat's milk is not only the most economical but the most healthful milk we can drink.

Milk is furnished much more cheaply by the goat because the yield, when the size of the goat and the amount of feed and care are considered is proportionately much greater than the cow's.

Goat's milk is also far richer, more nutritious and more easily digested than cows' milk.

Aside from its greater degree of richness there is no appreciable difference in its appearance or taste.

Most important of all is the fact that the goat is the only dairy animal that is practically immune to tuberculosis. Its milk can be drunk freely without risk of taking into the system at the same time the germs of this dread disease.

According to Dr. W. Sheldon Bull, of Buffalo, there is hardly a part of the United States where goats would not thrive.

While it is true that the ideal locality for goats is one that is high and rocky and overgrown with weeds, briers, brush and small trees, as they are by nature and preference browsing animals, in this respect being an exception to all other domestic stock, it is a fact that such a location is not essential. The milch goat will thrive and produce a plentiful supply of rich milk when tethered on grass land, in addition to stall-feeding, if comfortably housed at night and during bad weather, or even when kept constantly in a barn and supplied with all its rations there.

This adaptability to confinement, together with its productiveness, makes the milch goat particularly valuable to the residents of cities and suburban places who desire to secure a regular supply of pure, new milk, without being dependent upon the milkman, whose "milkman's milk" is not always of the best quality and which, under the most favorable circumstances, is received and consumed with more or less suspicion as to its freshness, its cleanliness and its healthfulness.

Where KING SOLOMON Got the GOLD for His TEMPLE

THE coast of southeastern Africa is not usually regarded to-day as a region of any especial interest. It mainly belongs to the vast undeveloped territory of Portuguese East Africa. The interior is wild and thinly inhabited, has apart from their political position and their rather trifling commercial importance, are the towns—Sofala, Mozambique, and their fellows—especially interesting places.

Nevertheless, there is much that is of great, perhaps supreme, interest in this more or less derelict territory. It is certain that it was been in the past of great commercial importance [illegible] means a unparalleled prosperity in history. The decayed town of Sofala in Russia was once the emporium for northeast Europe; the awful desert of Makran in Baluchistan has been a great trade highway. There is ample evidence that the region behind Sofala, part of which is now known as Mashonaland, was anciently of vast importance owing to its gold mines. It contains a remarkable series of ruins, mostly, as is plain from the evidence afforded by them, those of gold-mining centres. Some of these deserted settlements is tolerably well known under the name of "Zimbabwe," but it is only one of many.

Concerning the people who built these settlements and exploited the mineral resources of this still auriferous region there has been much controversy. So much seems certain that they were not an artistic race. This at once rules out the Egyptians. The almost entire lack of artistic objects and their very poor character might seem to point to Phoenicians, but since the Cretan discoveries the Phoenicians are being relegated to a lower place in history than they have hitherto occupied, and purely Phoenician enterprise in southeast Africa is highly improbable.

The indications rather point to Arabia. The commercial importance of Arabia before the Mohammedan era is certain. The Sabaeans of Yemen might very well have explored the eastern coast of Africa. The distance from Aden to Delagoa Bay is some 2,500 miles less than that from Tyre to the Scilly Isles, and there is really no solid reason against the probability of the accomplishment of such a voyage by Arab seamen; it was certainly a matter of lengthy coasting. The goldfields would furnish an irresistible argument for remunerative settlement.

It is indeed possible that the country is the land of Ophir wherefrom Solomon obtained his gold. We know that the treasure ship sailed from Esion-gebir on the Red Sea; we know also that Solomon had relations with the Sabaeans. The voyage was a long one, the ships are said to have come once in three years. This obviously points to a distant country, not to one comparatively near at hand, such as Somaliland. In 1896 a German scholar directly put forward the theory that Ophir was the inland of Sofala; he pointed out that the most important settlement was called Fura. Such comparisons are hazardous, but the facts remain that about 900 B. C. two Syrian kings built a fleet to exploit the gold treasures of a distant land.

The geographers of the Roman Empire were perfectly aware of the commercial importance of southeast Africa. Ptolemy names several towns. One he places, of course vaguely, at 16 deg. 25 min. south and calls it Prasium. The situation corresponds approximately with that of Kilimane at the mouth of the Zambesi. Other trading stations were known. Gold, however, is not mentioned. There is reason to believe that the settlements were then deserted. All show unmistakable traces of having been destroyed by fire, and presumably some eruption of savagery from the interior overthrew them. They were rediscovered about A.D. 1000 by the people of Mozadoxo, and again became immensely important, but if they did indeed furnish Solomon with his treasure their older glory will probably always outshine that of later days.

Artists Learn from "MOVIES"

PROFESSOR HENRI BERGSON, the French philosopher, is the latest scholar to declare his respect for the moving pictures and his belief that they are destined to be of inestimable service to mankind. One of the most useful things they have accomplished this year, he believes, is to put artists on the right path and teach them to produce more life-like pictures.

"Moving pictures interest me," says Prof. Bergson, "just as do all inventions. The philosopher must keep in touch with the progress of life outside his own studies. Anything that I have been able to add to the sum of philosophical knowledge has been based on experience. In order to write my book 'Matter and Memory' I studied for five years hundreds of cases of loss of memory by examining and questioning those afflicted with aphasia. I gave them up to a study of biology before taking up the work of writing 'Creative Evolution.' Nothing can be treated by the philosopher as indifferent.

"I have been to the moving picture theatres several times. I saw the very beginning of the art. That was several years ago. It is evident that this art, which is a complement to photography, must suggest new ideas to the philosopher. It is possible that we shall find it a real aid to synthesis of memory, perhaps even of thought. If a circumference is composed of a series of points, memory, like the moving picture film, is a continued flow of images.

"Immobility is the state of death; movement is life. Certain students may conclude [illegible] concluded—that life is movement. Is it not a fact that the essence of light, of sound, of vibration? Is not the eye itself a mechanism of camera?

"The moving picture [illegible] put the painters on the right path [illegible] aware of the economic demand [illegible] in painting by the invention of animated photography. Artists were able to see that the attitude of a race horse is depicted by them was not correct. Then came the correction and the result what happened. Artists produced exclusively figures in which there was no movement, figures entirely [illegible] no life. Mathematical exactness gained, no doubt, but the impression of truth was lost.

"The moving picture came along to show the artists that photography had imposed them to fall into error. Continuity of movement must be represented or the moving figure is not depicted. The artist, instead of [illegible] photographic [illegible] must take a series of impressions, remould them in his imagination and thus arrive at the reproduction of life.

"The moving pictures will be above all an inheritance of incalculable value for our successors. What a joy it would be for us if we were able to see, not perhaps Cleopatra, but Napoleon on a film. Already we can have the pleasure of seeing an enormous crowd in movement, a wild revolutionary scene, while placidly taking our ease in an armchair.

"The moving picture, in conclusion, while educating the people in general, will be a valuable ally of the artist, the historian and even the philosopher."

How FLEAS Pass from YOUTH to OLD AGE in THREE WEEKS

IMPORTANT investigations upon fleas of late have been directed toward the discovery of [illegible] flea may live. This is more important [illegible] to discover about fleas than it is about flies or mosquitoes. Fleas, too, are bearers of many vicious parasites which disseminate all sorts of diseases.

The rat-flea of India, the Philippines, America and other places is the happy hunting grounds of the bacillus which is the source of bubonic plague. The fleas of the gopher, the chipmunk, the squirrel, the beaver and the prairie dog also seem to harbor plague bacilli.

The British rat flea is the one which has been most carefully studied as to its length of life. It seems to pass through its infancy, schooldays, youth, middle age and senile decay within three weeks. If the days be dark, dreary, damp and hot it lives its allotted span of life in ten days or less.

Professors Gautier and Raybaud have just announced their experiments upon the flea that bites the rat in the British Isles. These experiments have succeeded in keeping the militant English flea alive ninety days, on some human blood serum.

This is an important discovery in view of the recent government notice that plague bacilli have been found in Havana and other parts of the Western Hemisphere.

Moreover, these workers unearthed another startling fact. Fleas placed in ice chambers and refrigerators on no food whatever hopped around quite merrily for forty-one days, much to the surprise of the whole scientific world.

Dr. William Mouli, an animal psychologist or "behaviorist" announces that the American rat-flea can jump away from the pest—the host, unwilling though it be—and live on air, water, vegetation, or nothing at all for at least one week. Then, like a bareback rider in the circus, it hops upon the back of some unsuspecting, innocent rat.

This period of survival is longer in cold temperature and in the light than in warm ones and in the dark. Excessive dryness as well as excessive moisture seems to send fleas to a premature grave.

Most worrisome, however, of all these new facts about fleas, so far as sanitary science and the protection of health are concerned, is the discovery by Dr. Mouli that unborn embryo and fleas' eggs will live as long as a year in sawdust, dirt, grain, clothes, brushings and the like.

YOU MIGHT TRY--

To Improve Ham.

WHEN you buy ham, and it is hard and salty, try soaking it sliced in milk overnight.

On Your House Plants.

SOOT water is a good fertilizer for house plants during the Winter and will make them blossom.

When a Jar Won't Open.

IF a glass jar refuses to open, set it top down in an inch or two of hot water.

This Good Health Hint.

DON'T forget that microbes are apt to lurk about the mouth of the milk bottle. It should be carefully wiped off before the milk is poured out.

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Is Somebody Burning Up the Long Island Millionaires' Country Residences?

Investigation Begun to Find Out If the Recent Fires in the Homes of Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mr. Collier, J. P. Morgan's Partner and Many Others Were Incendiary--and Why?

FIVE POSSIBILITIES.

An Insane Firebug.
An I. W. W. Anarchist.
An Ambitious Architect.
A Greedy Residence-Building Contractor.
A Revengeful Servant.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Whose New $5,000,000 Long Island Palace Was Burned Down Before She Could Occupy It.

WHAT is the secret of the long series of disastrous fires that has destroyed so many of the houses of the New York millionaire colony on Long Island?

Since the first of the year there have been nine fires, resulting in the complete destruction of that number of houses in the Long Island colony. The amount of property destroyed was over $3,000,000. The number of fires before this year in the same district had been remarkably large for a number of years.

The fires have been so numerous, they have occurred in such close proximity to one another and they have made victims so evidently of the same set of persons that the suspicion inevitably arises that crime or at least some form of wrong doing is at the root of the trouble.

The owners of the houses are practically agreed that somebody is trying to burn their places down. The representative of Paul D. Cravath, one of the most conspicuous of the sufferers, has made this admission. He and his neighbors are now engaged in a search for the culprit or culprits. There are now on Long Island more persons of great wealth than can be found in any equal stretch of country in the world. The houses are more costly than any other equal area could show.

The possessors of all these palaces are thoroughly alarmed by the thought that somebody is plotting to burn their dwellings down in the dead of night, endangering their art trasures and even the lives of the occupants

As to the motive for the incendiary plot there is still much uncertainty. Opinion varies between attributing the acts to some hater of the millionaire owners and to some wicked contractor or material man who wishes to make an opportunity to supply new material.

A view that finds considerable favor is that the fires are the work of anarchists or agitators of the I. W. W. type, animated by hatred of the millionaire class. The victims of the fires cannot speak definitely of their suspicions on this point. The possibility that a discharged servant is responsible has also been suggested.

It is pointed out that many of the houses burned belonged to persons who are especially objects of attack by advocates of violence. Several of the Long Island residents who lost their homes had been associated with the late J. Pierpont Morgan, whose name was a red rag to social discontent.

One of the first Long Islanders to suffer was Robert Bacon, former Ambassador to France and partner of Mr. Morgan. The Bacon mansion at Wheatley Hills, Westbury, L. I., was burned to the ground two years ago. The cause of the fire was never ascertained

A year later the beautiful Summer home of Henry P. Davison, another of Morgan's partners, was burned to the ground. This place was located at Peacock Point, near Glen Cove, on the Sound. It adjoined the estate of William D. Guthrie of the law firm of Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson, who have frequently represented the Morgan interests, and it was not far from the country place of J. P. Morgan, Jr.

So far the Guthrie place and that of J. P. Morgan, Jr., have not been molested, but only a few weeks ago, on April 14, the $500,000 home of Paul D. Cravath, another member of the great law firm just referred to, was completely destroyed. This beautiful establishment was located at Locust Valley, a few miles to the south of the Davison place. No one knows how the fire started, although, as is usual in such cases, it was attributed to defective insulation.

PHOTO © BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD N.Y.

Mrs. Vanderbilt's Beautiful Home as It Was When Completed and as It Appeared, Destroyed by Inexplicable Flames, the Morning She Was Going to Move in It.

Miss Vera Cravath, Daughter of Paul D. Cravath.

The very same day the country estate of Raymond E. Baylis, at Halesite, Huntington, a few miles from the Cravath place, was nearly destroyed by another mysterious fire, and the following day the mansion of Stephen E. Burgoyne, at Elm Point, Great Neck, and the colonial cottage of Mrs. Peter F. Collier, at Southampton, L. I., were reduced to ashes through fires occasioned no one knows how

Add to these disasters the four fires of April 9 to 10, which were discovered successively on the place of E. R. Chapman, at Great Neck, L. I., the fire of April 3, which completely gutted the $500,000 mansion of Mrs. Jessica Taylor, daughter of the late James R. Keene, at Cedarhurst, the fire of February 18, which destroyed Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s establishment between Jericho and Westbury, and the fire of January 26, which started in the Port Washington ship yards and destroyed $200,000 worth of pleasure yachts owned by millionaire residents.

In the case of the Chapman fires, there is no doubt at all that the fires were of incendiary origin. Four distinct efforts in two days to burn down the place were made in two days, but the identity of the firebug has not yet been ascertained. Mr. Chapman is president of the Hudson Trust Company.

The theory that an anarchistic conspirator is responsible for the fires is based upon the fact that in every case the victims were millionaires. There have been no fires at all in the affected area among the homes of people of average means.

The possibility that the fires are the work of a "pyromaniac" is held by some persons, but no tangible evidence has yet been secured to support this view. The typical pyromaniac is one who is instigated principally by a desire to see the fire apparatus and firemen at work, but in these out of the way country places, which boast of no elaborate fire departments, this motive could hardly have been present.

While the turning out of a big array of fire fighting apparatus is not a characteristic feature of these country fires, however, they do occasion a form of excitement of their own, and it is quite possible that some degenerate mind might derive a peculiar pleasure in starting fires of this character just for the sake of watching the frantic efforts of the neighbors put them out.

A more ingenious theory is that of an insurance man who believes the Long Island fires are the work of some unscrupulous builder or material man, who not having shared in the previous contracts hopes to profit by the rebuilding of the houses which he destroys.

In the same way some ambitious architect who had not shared in the giving out of plans might figure that if the houses had to be rebuilt he might this time be more lucky.—No evidence at all has been secured thus far to support this theory, but the investigators are keeping it in mind

That the fires may be due to wilfully careless building on the part of owners is the suggestion of a well-known technical publication.

"Owners of pretentious country houses that burn are not deliberate incendiaries," says Safety Engineering, "but are they not passive incendiaries in accepting conditions that favor fires? Certainly they could have afforded homes built to endure; they had money to encourage the languishing craft of perpetuating beautiful architectural creations with lasting materials, and incidentally, to set a few good examples to a country that needs them badly."

Mistakes, it is pointed out, are often made in building a house which must eventually lead to a fire sooner or later. For instance, a plank of the flooring may project into a flue. The protruding plank in the flue would become as dry as tinder as a result of the heat to which it was subjected, and eventually a flying spark from the fire would ignite the plank and the destruction of the house would almost surely follow. No clue at all would be left to tell the tale.

Sometimes, of course, the carelessness of a carpenter might result in a similar situation, and one of the fires in question. This possibility is being considered. It was the case of the Davison fire

The Davison place at Peacock Point is a three-story brick and white stone structure, one of the handsomest on Long Island. It had been closed all the Winter until the day before the fire, when Mrs. Davison, her two sons, Trubee and Harry, and three school chums of the sons, motored from New York to spend the day.

It was cool in the house and the boys decided to build a wood fire. Logs were lighted in a huge fireplace. When the place was sufficiently warmed, they put out the fire and forgot all about it. Some hours later one of the caretakers saw smoke coming from the roof, and long before the firemen from Glen Cove arrived on the scene, the mansion was doomed.

Here was a case where a heat-dried plank protruding into the flue might very readily have been the cause of the fire, but, of course, it was impossible to ascertain its actual origin

The sixty-room mansion of Mrs. W. K Vanderbilt, Jr., which was destroyed on February 18, was a new house. A defective flue was given as the cause of the fire which destroyed it, but whether or not a protruding floor-plank figured in the case will never be known. Mrs Vanderbilt did not have the chance to live even a day in her new home

The disastrous fire in the Port Washington shipyards, which destroyed several valuable yachts, believed to have started in an outhouse. Whether an incendiary was responsible for it or not has never been definitely ascertained.

State Fire Marshal Ahearn is now conducting a vigorous investigation into the causes of these fires. While there is little hope that the ruins of the splendid mansions will furnish sufficient evidence to warrant arrests, witnesses are being examined with the idea of locating the culprit.

The owners of the other establishments in the vicinity are planning to form a vigilance committee to protect their property against the torch of the firebug, whoever he may be, and until he is apprehended no Long Island millionaire will consider his country residence safe.

Photo Copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

A Photograph of Mr. Paul D. Cravath's Locust Valley, Long Island, Mansion When the Mysterious Fire That Destroyed It, Was Nearly Out. Mr. Cravath Was One of the Legal Advisers of the Late J. Pierpont Morgan.

Why First Born Children Are Most Subject to Disease

THERE is an old, widely held belief that oldest children are liable to inherit the weaknesses of their parents. Unlike many old beliefs, this one has been supported by modern science. Professor Soren Hansen, director of the Danish Anthropological Survey, one of the leading eugenists of Europe, in an article in the Eugenics Review, says:

"That the earliest born children are of inferior quality to the succeeding at birth is an indisputable and long-known fact of experience."

The oldest children weigh less than the others, are more frequently born dead and of those that come into the world alive a much larger proportion die in the first year. They are more subject to tuberculosis, short sight and feeble-mindedness than later born children.

Professor Hansen examined the 3,522 tuberculosis patients of the Oresund Hospital, in Copenhagen, and found that 988 were first-born, 713 second-born, and 668 third-born. After taking many possible sources of error into consideration, he came to the conclusion that there were 64 per cent more first-born than there would have been, if these enjoyed average health.

He believes that the weakness of the first-born is due to the fact that the channels of circulation in the mother are not yet sufficiently developed to afford all the nourishment needed to the child. There are also several secondary causes.

The first-born and the earlier children are more subject than the later to imbecility, epilepsy and similar defects, and Professor Hansen intends to investigate these points fully, as he has done with regard to tuberculosis.

The inferior quality of the first-born children is a matter of great importance to the present world-wide propaganda of eugenics. The tendency to limit families is constantly spreading among the more civilized nations. As families became smaller the proportion of first-born to the whole number of children must become larger.

Professor Hansen believes from the experience of France, that there is no hope of stopping the limiting of families. For a number of years France has offered prizes and other inducements to parents to produce large families, but without important results. Professor Hansen believes that our only resource is to take special care of the children, because the proportion of weakly first-born must become constantly greater.

It is scarcely necessary to say that all eugenists do not share Professor Hansen's feeling that it is hopeless to create a sentiment in favor of large families. Most of them advocate families of considerable size in the interests of the race, and they believe that when the science of eugenics is better understood, their advice will be heeded

The idea of having very large families or just as many children as possible is discouraged by eugenists, because the object of eugenics is quality rather than quantity. But eugenists are equally opposed to the idea of limiting families to one or two, or none at all.

Many eugenics advise parents to aim at three, although when all conditions are favorable it is desirable to have more. The idea commonly held in France and other countries that two children to a family are sufficient to maintain the population at its present figure is entirely wrong. If fertile parents have only two children to a family nothing is done to replace those adults who do not marry or are necessarily unproductive. It is not certain that three children to a family would maintain the population at its present standard, but it is believed that with better care of health this number might suffice.

By studying five thousand families in the prosperous north of England, industrial districts, Professor Fraser, of the Eugenics Education Society, has reached some interesting conclusions bearing on first-born and later children. He finds that when the parents marry at the ideal period the third child has the best chance of being strong and able. He decides that the ideal period for marriage is twenty-five for a woman and between thirty and thirty-five for a man

He thinks that a woman who marries at twenty-five will have three children by the time she is thirty. The third child born at this period has the best chances in life, because the mother has reached the fullness of her development and for several other reasons.

He finds that if parents are comparatively advanced in life, the children inherit something of their age and have less chance to live long. This tendency is more noticeable when the mother is middle-aged than when the father is. For instance, the children of mothers around the fortieth year do not have good chances of long life, although they may be well and strong. They inherit the maternal age.

Very young parents also bequeath some of their immaturity to their children and these are not likely to be of fine physical development, although they may be healthy and long-lived. A mother under twenty-three is regarded as immature in the Anglo Saxon races.

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A Real Modern Cinderella

Just Like the Old Fairy Tale, This Story of the Forsaken, Nameless Little Waif, Who Over Night Became the Petted Darling and Daughter of One of America's Richest Women, with Every Luxury That Money Could Buy

THEN—

"Hold tightly to the fluttering, agonized heart of the ragged little mother, who fled, leaving it a nameless, forsaken waif."

The Ancient Magnificences of Philae, on Old Nile, Upon Which the Eyes of the Little Modern Cinderella Now Boarded and Its Environs Here Boarded in the Leeds Instead of Upon the Crowded and Unbeautiful East Side of New York.

THIS story, beloved by childish hearts and dear to older ones, of the waifs who sprang out of rags into royal raiment, and rose from a seat among the ashes to one on a throne, has at last found a parallel in real life. In some respects the story of Cinderella is surpassed in contrast and interest by that of Joy Louise Leeds.

The fairy godmother waved her wand and within a year a nameless little foundling in the slums rose from almost complete obscurity to New York Society and Children's Hospital 3:30 p. m., January 31, 1913.

Here is little Joy's story prior to the advent of the fairy godmother and covered with difficulty from behind the records.

Found in a basket on February 20, 1912, the bell-man discovered in the little find there lay occupied by Mrs. Irene Balsopoulos on Thirty-third avenue, near Third avenue. Mrs. Balsopoulos had thrown her shawl over her head and had gone to ground with a neighbor. Her fifteen-year-old niece, Kalliopi Garsia, thinking the Infant Debbie was a mistake made by a caller to the apartment, went on with her sewing, and when the bell clicked.

The girl opened the door. Before it stood a short slender woman of dark complexion with shawl covered her shoulders. She wore a black straw hat. This hat drawn low over her eyes threw a shadow upon all but the rounded chin and the pale but well cut lips. She was dressed plainly, in a black skirt with a dark knee jacket.

In her arms was a small pink bundle which she thrust into the astonished girl's arms. She spoke in the girl's native tongue.

"Please hold my baby," she said in Greek. "I will be back in a few minutes."

Then she turned on the run and a second later the street door slammed.

Miss Garsia's arm ay lay neglected. The child slept quietly on her knees. The young girl watched the clock and glanced stonily out the window. The woman did not return. Mrs. Balsopoulos, returning at the close of the neighbors, asked the girl some questions, woke the baby and examined the clothes.

"It was dressed very plainly, but it was very clean," said Mrs. Balsopoulos. "There was no mark on the snow-white dress and underclothes, nor on its white knit. ed cap, nor pink knitted coat, it searched the pink blanket in which it was wrapped, but there was no mark to be found.

"Only on its little wrist—I think it was the right one—there was a slight red mark as wide as a lead pencil and perhaps two inches long. It is not have been a birthmark, but I suspected was a slight burn that may be there to identify the child in after years. Sometimes parents suspect who abandon their babies do this."

Mrs. Balsopoulos who scrimped to and a half years ago from Greece, and who, in that time, spoke little English, was at a loss what to do with the child, which she rocked and fed at one of her country-fashioned breasts.

"But I have no idea who she was nor where she must have come here because she saw the Greek name on the grocery," she says. "The child seemed in perfect health, and was well cared for. She was so healthy and sweet and smiling that I would have kept her myself if I could. I fell in love with the brown eyes and golden hair and pink skin. When she had been there two hours and the woman did not come back, I had to take her to the police station."

Here then is little Joyzeen's story up to the day.

In the Greek women's arms she was borne between the green lights that flare before the entrance to the Thirty-third street station. There the big policemen gathered in a group about the pink-wrapped bundle, and pitched her cold dross fell upon her head as through her half hair upon her pink cheeks.

The ceremony of baptism was to

Sleeping On the Sidewalks of the East Side on a Hot Sunday's Night—and Its Contrast to Baby Joy's True Mother, but Another Waif See That Baby Joy Escaped.

found at No. 219 East Thirty-third street, and brought in by Mrs Irene Balsopoulos, Greek, who lives on the second floor of the rear and wrapped in pink blanket, pink knit cap and coat, and a pink and golden bar and pink skin. When she had been there two hours and the woman did not come back, I had to take her to the police station."

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The ceremony of baptism was to

Mrs. Warner Mifflin Leeds, the Rich and Childless New York Woman, Who Has Adopted Nameless Baby Joy.

NOW—

"In the arms of an imported nurse, with obsequious servants by the score bowing to her like a little princess, the petted darling of one of America's richest women—the waif is a real, modern Cinderella indeed."

at Bellevue. The differing sects claim every other baby that comes to the hospital. It happened the waif's turn was to be a Protestant.

The chaplain himself bestowed the name, a neat one that leaves his invention. "There are so many waifs constantly coming in," he said, "I cannot be choose two names alike with the same letter, and the good man has also branched that name's luck in alliteration. When his devotions take his turns the leaves of the City Directory until a name stations his eye. So it came about that the child with the fair hair and dark eyes and radiant smile was named Katherine Kennedy.

So she lay alternately smiling and sleeping until the fairy godmother waved her wand on Thursday and Katherine awoke to see a new fared woman training above her cot. A woman who was to be her mother and sweetheart. Miss Charlotte Clothier, Department of the Charities Aid Association. Miss Guy a resigned for a further stage of the little one's pilgrimage. Whereupon after but two days of believe the child was again lifted into carried and this time carried through the by doors that swing wide for humanoe babies at the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, No. 101 West Thirty-first street.

A nursing mother was found for her Kathe rine Kennedy, despite her discovering start in life, waxed fat and happier than ever in the Child's Hospital as in Bellevue, and at the police station, and in Mrs. Balsopoulos's little home, the baby conquered all who saw.

The fairy godmother might have been satisfied. She knew that Katherine was still remain in the hospital and nursery until she was five years old. But the fairy godmother's work was brief and plain for her.

Miss Clothier soon became interested to her Miss Spence is the head of one of the most fashionable girls' schools in New York, but the welfare and instruction of the forlornly placed pupils do not engross all her interest. She is assaults of the existence of girls less happily placed in life. She told her wealthy patrons and prosperous friends of the work of the Charity Organization Society of the State Charities Aid Association. The childless among her friends listened. They told other childless countries that Miss Spence knew where infants could be found. Among the latter were the husband of Mrs. Warner Mifflin Leeds, to keep an unofficial sleeping board of information for those who would adopt.

He knew that Mrs. Warner Mifflin Leeds's arms and heart asked for a baby. She told Mrs. Leeds of the happy-faced little conqueror of Thirty-third street and Third avenue, and of her pilgrimage. Whereupon after but two days of

"What a lovely child! I must have her!" said Mrs. Leeds at sight of her. Mr. Leeds a nod assent, but it was noted he returned all of little Miss Kennedy's more or less toothless smiles.

"The child has the gift of happiness. She shall be named Joy" said Mrs. Leeds.

The baby was taken back to the nursery at the corner of Sixty-first street and Amsterdam avenue, but remained there only long enough for the fairy godmother to arrange the necessary steps of adoption. Miss Spence having been appointed "guardian of the person and of said child," according to the tedious requirements of the court, formal application was made in which Miss Spence gave her "consent to the joint adoption of said baby by your petitioners." Those petitioners were Warner Mifflin Leeds and Louise Harshorne Leeds and before the Surrogate of Nassau County they adopted the little waif of Bellevue. Never had that the said child shall henceforth have the name of Joy Louise Leeds and be treated in all respects as the child of your petitioners."

The papers of adoption were the date December 6, 1912. For a few happy weeks their new daughter lived with them on their estate at Pasadena, L. I., where they had for neighbors Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the author, and former Congressman Martin W. Littleton, of New York. Then they moved to their town house, where the baby stood up and began to walk.

Before the baby was two years old Mrs. Leeds decided that the little waif's future happiness may make the acquaintance of the Leeds villa near Florence.

So the fairy godmother not only brought happiness and fortune to the new waif of Society, but to a multi-mill ionaires the only thing which her life lacked. Gratitude for this moved Mrs. Leeds to give the child her significant name, Joy.

Twelve years ago Warner Mifflin Leeds, vice-president of the American Plate Company and brother of its president, wedded at a fashionable wedding in All Souls' Church. Mrs. Louise Harshorne Moore. For forty honeymoon days they traveled as a million-dollar bridal bird. The bride christened it because of its noble beauty "The Duchess."

Their permanent home is at Pasadena, on Long Island, and they spend a part of each Winter in the Harbor and visit Winters in Europe and Florence.

The baby whose early life closed upon the bitter beginning of abandonment dines now from a silver-plated service. The fairy godmother never wrought, even in device, a greater

Curing Bald Heads by Planting Hair

A DISTINGUISHED surgeon of Budapest, Dr. A. Szekely, has successfully cured many bald heads by planting hair in them.

The process requires about 50,000 separate applications. The hairs do grow—but that is an advantage as they do not need cutting.

Dr. Szekely proceeds as follows: With a cold wire about 1-50th of an inch in diameter he makes a tiny hole, hardly visible to the naked eye, and in this he inserts a hair. The hair is taken from a woman's head, about eight to twelve inches long, so that half hangs down on each side. Then he introduces the other end of the hair into the hole, using the point of the needle, hollow within, that was used for hypodermic injections—and draws out the end of the wire from the other side. The scalp with the hair-loop and suture emerged from the needle. Then he cuts off the wire about one-twelfth inch from the loop and draws the end to make a tiny knot.

This done, he introduces the needle, properly sterilized, into the side of the head, and then withdraws it gently, leaving a tunnel in the skin the knot holding by the loop the hair, bent double. After the needle has been withdrawn there may be seen pressing from the hole two hairs, being the two ends of one hair seen as one central point by the loop, and scattered, so to speak, like the stalk by the ears of corn.

The punctures are made at a distance of about one-twenty-fifth of an inch apart, or till the hairs are less than an inch apart. As there are two hairs to each puncture, this makes 1,200 to the square inch. Fifty thousand hairs on an hour is a good deal to plant, and no little time is taken.

After the planting, the loop and the knot, which remain under the skin, cause inflammation, which soon ceases and forms a scar, without other effect than to fix the hair better in its place. The punctures made by the needle suddenly heals. The hairs remain permanently implanted. They are, of course, dead hairs and do not grow, but no one would notice this who did not look attentively and notice that two hairs instead of one came from each point in the skin. The hairs may be washed and brushed without inconvenience. They should be oiled continually, to preserve their delicacy and softness.

The operation is not painful; after two weeks not a trace of it is felt. Dr. Szekely has met with success in cases of suppuration. After a few weeks the head of the person treated ceases to be shaped or shod smartly without having the least sensation of it. Dr. Szekely Nieves has found that within the knob there forms a kind of capsule of elastic tissue. Professor Nieves asserts that he knows a person who was treated seven years ago by Dr. Szekely's method, and who still possesses a good head of hair in the best state of preservation.

What Do You Really Know About Your Babies?

By Dr. Mary Sutton Macy, M.D.

Assistant Neurologist of Demitt Dispensary, Special Lecturer on Child Hygiene, New York University and Bellevue Medical College, New York City

(In a lecture prepared at the request and answered under the auspices of the Public Health Education Committee of the Academy of the County of New York, at the New York Academy of Medicine.)

MY object is to present to you as concisely and as clearly as possible the meaning of the various manifestations of temperament in childhood and to suggest how best to prevent them from becoming serious, unusual or neurotic in adult life.

There has been in all an emotional storm from hung in the central nervous system. A very slight emotional disturbance will, in most susceptible individuals, induce the nervous instability leading to fear, or to anger, or to some other activity, tears are emotional waves commonly said to be "in the blood." Fear is the result of a wave of activity in the brain cells which is so much greater than the usual wave of nervous energy as to cause panic in the individual, or to cause him to run away from the cause of his fear instead of meeting it squarely. Anger is the result of a wave of activity which is greater than the usual nervous energy, but not so great as to cause panic. Tears are the result of a wave of activity which is greater than the usual nervous energy, but not so great as to cause panic. Tears are the result of a wave of activity which is greater than the usual nervous energy, but not so great as to cause panic.

(1) The sanguine temperament is most frequently found in short people, usually not stout. All tats in life through childhood and adulthood in a happy direction. Their head and bones are small; features, well defined, and complexion sporty; hair, medium thick, neck, short, complexion, fair and bright; hair, reddish and plentiful in early life; eyes, blue. Mentally they lack persistence; memory is good, imaginative, powerful; thoughts, often clever. It is not a suitable temperament for older men than childhood, as it lacks the steadiness necessary to life. Diseases are said generally to be of short duration.

(2) The nervous temperament (frequently carried the name of nervousness) is another type by other we read is most frequent in stylish people, as we say. These heads are small and square, the forehead being proportionately large, features rather fine; hair and skin, fine; nose and chin, pointed; lips, thin; skin, dark and dull; complexion sallow; eyes, dull; memory, poor; thoughts, restless and active; speech, rapid. Mentally they are quick, but changeable; physically they are ready to recover, but. These individuals imagine themselves to be nervous, and they are. They are the victims of their own fancies.

(3) The choleric temperament is most common in children of both sexes, short or tall. Their heads are large and square; features, large and coarse; hair, dark and coarse; complexion, swarthy; wide skin, rough and baby-like; eyes, dark, but not bright; memory, poor; thoughts, not strong, voice, rough. Mentally they are impulsive and overbearing; those of a choleric temperament being proportionately large, features rather dark and coarse; nose and chin, pointed; lips, thin; skin, dark and dull; complexion sallow; eyes, dull; memory, poor; thoughts, restless and active; speech, rapid. Mentally they are quick, but changeable; physically they are ready to recover, but. These individuals imagine themselves to be nervous, and they are. They are the victims of their own fancies.

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EARS, TEMPERAMENT, ANTRUMS?

A Distinguished Woman Physician's Original and Helpful Analysis of Three Things That Lead to Dangerous "Nerves"

SCIENTIFIC men have been experimenting with varnished fires to throw light on the effects that slowing the pores of the skin may have on human beings.

The results are said to prove that exposure of the skin to the air is necessary to life itself, while freedom from perspiration is essential to health.

One fear that was varnished all over immediately showed a rise of sickness and death as soon as the temperature was raised to 98 degrees Fahrenheit. The only escape its death was that the frog must use its pores to radiate the extra heat, which it cannot do when coated with varnish.

Varnished guinea pigs lived a short at a lower temperature survived longer, but died within six days at the most. It was also shown that the varnished frogs were very susceptible to disease germs.

From these experiments it is concluded that a man should bathe frequently, and that it is unhealthy to keep the body covered with clothes that do not breathe. The skin is an important and essential organ of respiration, and the lungs are not the only breathing organs. Every cell in the various organs of the body need nourishment with pure air, and if they are not they become starved and diseased.

Much body energy is wasted in the case of adult women by the use of tight clothing, which hampers the movements of the chest and abdomen, and thus hinders the proper breathing of the lungs. Tight garters and boots also hinder the circulation of the blood, and so prevent the proper nourishment of the tissues.

Persons who avoid monotony and get plenty of exercise in the open air, and who breathe deeply, are not likely to suffer from colds, influenza, or other infectious diseases. Those who lead sedentary lives, and who breathe only the vitiated air of crowded rooms, are the victims of these diseases.

Another point source of tears in middle and

A Varnished Frog Proves Bathing's Importance

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"But most of alwerybody wants to know why the great Caruso will write those loving missives— onto have his words pursue him hereafter with a sorrowing lady perched on each, eachdemanding large financial damages for the heart they shattered."

"How Caruso Won Me"— By His Last Scorned Love.

The Interesting Love Methods of the World's Greatest Tenor at Last Revealed

ENRICO CARUSO, the world's greatest tenor, is in trouble again, and as usual, his trouble is of the heart. He of the golden tones and vagrant heart is of comparatively brief life, but many troubles, and all of them are made by women

Elise Ganelli, Ada Giaghetti, who crossed the sea to make mere sordid demands; Mlle. Valesquez, Mlle. Savedra, Gilda Granchetti and Emma Trentini all hold the same opinion of the shameful character of the tenor's emotions and the lack of variety of his statements which bear upon the vagaries of cupid

But most of all everybody wants to know why the great Caruso will write those loving missives—only to have his words pursue him hereafter with a sorrowful lady perched on each and each demanding large financial damages for the heart they shattered."

All of these women have turned Nemesis to the tenor's Romeo. Mrs. Mildred Meffert, a beautiful widow, in the latest and most relentless. Before he departed for Europe she sued him for $100,000 to aid her to forget his broken promises. On this page Mrs. Meffert tells the story of her troubles, and for the first time she reveals the love methods of the greatest living tenor

By Mrs. Mildred Meffert

Is there no humanity in the world? Is no man constant to the end of life? Can no woman trust and be happy and secure as to the future? Enrico Caruso has left me a broken-hearted woman, one of the tarnished toys with which the pathway of his life is strewn

He was a tender lover and for a time, I believe, true. He overran with the exquisite subtleties of love. When he slipped a ring upon my finger it was with a look that was a flame, words that were a caress

For a long time no day passed without the sound of his voice, a telegram, a letter, a gift, from him, without in some form his assurance, over and over again, "Cara mia you know I adore you."

And yet, over that thrillingly beautiful picture hangs a veil of recent events, coldness, silence on his part, and an effort at vindication on mine. It is like a bitter north wind after a day of glorious tropic sunlight

Enrico Caruso came into my life eight years ago. It was at a matinee at the Garden Theatre. Cava lieri was with him. Other friends had a box. With a woman companion I sat well down in the orchestra. I happened to be in his line of vision. He looked and looked at me. I looked at him until I was embarrassed. Cavalieri saw that I was interested in someone outside the box and asked, "At whom do you look so steadily."

"I am looking at one of the loveliest women I ever saw," he answered.

We met afterward in the lobby of the theatre. A friend presented him. With a few commonplaces we separated, but he asked me if I would go at the opera the next evening. After the opera we met again. I wrote and asked him to autograph a photograph of his. He replied, asking if he might call. I asked him to tea. From that time we saw each other often and admiration made rapid progress toward love.

"Cara mia," he said when our acquaintance was but a few weeks old, "when something shall happen between La Senora and me, it shall be my great happiness to marry you. But now I cannot, for the children's sake. She is their mother. She observes from me some semblance of respect

And so I trusted and hoped and loved. He met my friends and I his. Frankly he showed his love for me to all. At an after-theatre supper at the Plaza, on my birthday, I noticed that he held his hand behind his back.

"Have you hurt your hand?" I asked anxiously.

"No, cara mia," he said. "I hold a box of bon bons for your born day." At first, for a very long time, indeed, he always remembered everything that concerned my life

"Bon bons," I said when he handed me the box. "What a little box of them!" He laughed as a schoolboy does. Opening it, I found it contained a beautiful gold purse. I flung my arms about him and kissed him. He shouted with joy

One morning as I was walking on the avenue, I met him and he said. "I am going to the doctor. I am not sick, but I go to the doctor." When I got home I wrote him a note telling him how happy that an expected meeting made me, and I called him "Baby." That pleased him and always after that he called himself my "Baby." Me he called "My Little Princess," though I am not little. My name he cut to "Mil," pronouncing it "Mee," and "Milani." Once after a matinee of Boheme he said to me, "My adored one, I sang to you all the time. Did you not hear me. Instead of 'Mimi' I sang again and again 'Mili.' Did you not hear?"

For five years no day passed when he was in this country without my seeing him or hearing from him. If he were very busy rehearsing I would hear his ring, and the rich voice I loved saying, "I have called you up to tell you I love you and am thinking of you."

By long distance came the same sweet message. "I think of you. You are always with me in thought," he said a hundred times.

I was very happy and unhappy. For there was the woman who was known as his wife, Ada Gianghetti, who came to New York and made a scene at the hotel. "La Senora," he called her. Unless La Senora openly sundered their bonds he could not, for she was the mother of his children.

Then followed years of devotion and self-sacrifice on my part. My maid used to say: "How strange, madame, and you so young!"

When the news came that "La Senora" had eloped with a chauffeur I wept tears of joy. I sank upon my knees and thanked God for freeing my beloved from the bonds honor had forged upon him. Happy as a girl in her betrothal days, I made my plans for my bridal. I fully expected that when he returned that Summer from Europe we would be married

But when he returned he evaded. He made excuses.

Torn with terror at his strange attitude, I began to plead. I reminded him of his promises. I questioned him. I wept. He shrugged his shoulders. He refused to talk. He gave no sufficient reason. I nearly went mad.

One evening he came to dine with me. My maid spilled a salt cellar. Her brown face turned gray from fright. She said: "Oh, madame, there will be an awful fight." There was. I reproached him. I besought him to keep his promises. I went nearly mad with grief and fear. The next day he met someone who is a friend of both. He said: "I was afraid to leave Mil last evening. I did not know what she would do to herself."

I was afraid of all women. Even his harmlessly waggish spirit disturbed me. Sitting one day at a restaurant table, he drew caricatures of some of the persons present. He held them up to a group of laughing girls at the next table and said: "That is you."

"Don't do that!" I said fiercely. "At any rate, not while you are with me."

"Beloved, I meant no harm," he answered. "If you saw some of the letters that come to me from strange women, you would bring down a bomb and blow up the hotel. Do you not know that I care nothing for that? It touches me less than the wind. You are the only woman in the world who interests me."

For a moment these assurances made me happy. Then the fiends of doubt tore again at me. I renewed my pleadings. At the Knickerbocker Hotel one afternoon he turned white as a ghost. Having besought him in vain to keep his promise to me, I snatched from a drawer his revolver and ran into the hall of his suite, saying, "I cannot bear it. Farewell!" He sprang after me, struggled with me and tore the weapon from me. Only by greater strength was a tragedy averted.

In one of our quarrels he asked me when and how he had promised to marry me. "Enrico, your letters!" I exclaimed in amazement. "All your letters."

He shrugged his shoulders. "Those letters," he sneered. "Ah, yes, I expected to hear from those letters."

We began to confide in our friends (usually they were friends we had in common. Said one of them:

"Enrico is troubled about his letters to you. He feels uneasy lest you make a wrong use of them." And I answered: "To-show my love and trust I will give them back to him."

I packed them in a box and carried them to his hotel. All save a few postcards and telegrams. "What have you there?" he said, jesting "a present?"

"Yes, dear," I answered. "A present that proves my love for you"

He opened the box. He lifted the letters from it and spread them upon the table. He read them all, with changing expression. When he had finished he folded his arms upon the table, leaned his head upon them and wept.

"We were so happy," he sobbed "so happy."

From that time I saw him less and less often. His manner underwent a change. At the beginning of this season I went to the opera, and heard him sing. I went back to see him in his dressing room. I drove him to his hotel in my cab.

He kissed me good bye and I have never seen or heard from him since

Though I waited for months for some sign from him, none ever came. There remained for me nothing save his gifts and my memories. He had grown tired or there was another in his life. I do not know which. But when that time came he withheld from me even his friendship. He was very cruel.

What could I do? Sit here alone, in silence, a crushed, heart-broken woman? Because of the lonely life I had led for years for him, my friends had dropped away from me. I was as much alone in New York as a lightning stricken tree on a western plain. I determined not upon revenge, but upon vindication. I wish him only the best of everything that life offers. I hope he may be successful and happy. But I owe myself one thing, to restore my status in the world, to show myself, forsaken, but the proven betrothed of Enrico Caruso. For that reason I have punished him in the only way I could, by an appeal to the law.

For what men lack in chivalry sometimes the courts supply.

Mrs. Mildred Meffert, Who Tells How Tenor Caruso Wins Trusting Women's Hearts.

Two Love Postals Mrs. Meffert Says Were Written Her by Caruso When He Still Loved Her.

Enrico Caruso, Whose Love Letters Give Him So Much After Annoyance.

A New Way of Impressing "Votes for Women" on England's Home Secretary

London, May 4

THE most conspicuous object of the English Suffragettes' hatred is the Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, Secretary of State for Home Affairs in the British Cabinet. He it was who drew up the "Cat and Mouse Act."

The other day Mr. McKenna was dining at a very fashionable house in Mayfair. His companion was a titled woman, who is equally distinguished for her beauty, her entertaining conversation and her charming personality. She noticed that Mr. McKenna was eating practically nothing and commented on the fact with sympathetic interest.

The Cabinet Minister admitted that the cares of his office, the acts and plans of the Suffragettes and the lure of social gayety had had a bad effect upon his system. All these things in fact had contributed to upset his digestion and make him more or less of a nervous wreck. He had lost all his appetite

"Oh, Mr. McKenna," exclaimed the Countess, looking into his eyes with deep feeling, "I know something that will make a new man of you."

Of course Mr. McKenna wanted to know what the wonderful cure was. He learned that it was a belt which he had to wear next to the skin. It would drive away indigestion, restore the appetite and make a man feel like a two-year-old.

"I will send you one as soon as I get home. You must be careful to wear it at night," said the Countess.

The belt came to the Home Secretary's residence and he put it on at night and went to bed full of hope. In the morning he awoke feeling that the belt had really done something for him. Whistling merrily he began to prepare for his bath, when, what was his astonishment to see clearly printed upon his skin in the vicinity of his waist, the terrible words.

"Votes for Women!"

Investigation showed that the words were written out in the fabric of the inner side of the belt in a kind of indelible purple ink. The heat of the body brought the ink out and caused the words to be strongly impressed on the skin of the wearer.

The Countess who had so cruelly and insidiously induced Mr. McKenna to wear the belt was a strong Suffragette.

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New Things Not Found in Any Books

How to Prevent YOUR HOME BURNING UP

Easily Taken Precautions That Will Protect Your Life and Property from the Fire Peril

THE property loss by fire in the United States last year reached a total estimated at $220,000,000.

This enormous total was greater by far than that of any other country for the same period, and so was the number of human lives sacrificed here to the flames.

Believing that a large part of this loss was due to pure carelessness and could easily have been prevented, the National Fire Protection Association is conducting a campaign of education in sensible methods of precaution against fires. The following valuable suggestions are from a recent bulletin of the association designed particularly to help lessen the number of fires in dwelling houses:

The attic, cellar and all outbuildings should be cleaned at least once every year, and all useless material and rubbish removed therefrom and burned. Metal waste baskets only should be used.

In storing clothing, first remove all matches or other material from the pockets. Do not hang clothes where they will be near hot chimneys, and do not go into closets with lighted matches or candles

Care should be exercised in burning leaves, dead grass or rubbish, to keep these fires a safe distance from buildings, and never light them on windy days. Do not bank houses in the Winter with straw, excelsior or other readily inflammable material.

Use only safety matches and make it impossible for children to get them. Always place burned matches in metal receptacles. To smoke in garages, in bed, or around barns containing hay is deliberately to invite disaster.

Stovepipe gas brackets are dangerous and never should be allowed near curtains or dressers. If open gas flames are within two feet of the ceiling, see that the ceiling is protected with sheet metal or asbestos board. Tips for gas lights are inexpensive, and a light used with a broken tip or without a tip often causes fire. Don't use pendant gas mantles unless protected underneath with wire gauze. Hot carbon deposits form bad drop from mantles of gas arc lamps. A globe closed at the bottom is safer

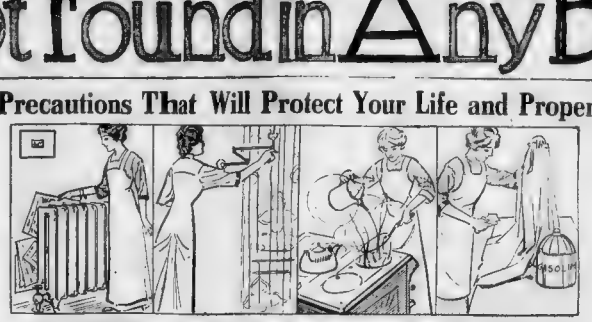
Examine the gas meter, see that it is securely set and well connected, and is not located near open lights or furnaces. An outside gas shut-off valve to service connection is desirable. Never look for gas leaks with match, candle or lamp.

Where a dwelling is lighted by a gasoline vapor or acetylene gas system the rules governing the safe use of these illuminants should be carefully studied and rigidly observed.

Illuminating oils should be kept in closed metal cans in a safe place, and lamps should never be filled except in daylight. Kerosene lamps should be kept clean and properly trimmed. If allowed to burn all night, select one that contains much more than enough oil. A dirty lamp containing only a little oil is unsafe Lamps with broad bases are preferable. Care must be taken not to place them near inflammable material, under shelves, nor to set or leave lamps or lanterns in stables or other places where animals may upset them.

Never allow little children to carry lamps, and never set a lamp on a tablecover—children may pull it over. Do not use paper or decorative shades of inflammable material on lamps or electric light bulbs.

Electricity is a hidden hazard, and extends throughout the wire system in a building. Be sure it is safely installed, and have the system carefully inspected and passed upon by a recognized electrical inspector Do not destroy the insulation on electric light, fan or heater wires by hanging them on hooks or nails. Immediately repair or replace any defective switches, fuses, sockets, etc. A fuse is the "safety valve" of an electric system, and should never be replaced by one of larger size or of any other material.



"Keep inflammable materials away from your steam pipes."

"Swinging gas brackets are dangerous."

"Don't try to hurry the kitchen fire along with kerosene."

"Do all gasoline cleaning in the open air"

Before attaching electric irons, vacuum cleaners, cooking utensils or any other electrical device to your lighting circuits or sockets, consult an electrician as to the ability of your wiring to withstand this additional load. Electric wiring systems are designed to carry only a certain current, and if overloaded may cause fires Numerous fires have been caused by leaving electric irons with the current on Disconnect them immediately when through using

Coal and kindling should preferably be kept within a brick or stone enclosure and not stored against frame partitions nor directly against walls of boiler or furnace rooms

Never put kindling into the oven

Deposit all ashes in metal receptacles or upon non combustible floors, removing same from building at least once a week Barrels or boxes should not be used for storing or carrying ashes unless they are constructed entirely of metal

Before starting fires in the Autumn, thoroughly clean out furnace and flues thereto, also fire-places. Carefully examine them and immediately repair or replace any defective part Don't burn out chimneys and flues by making an especially hot fire with paper, etc. Main chimneys should be cleaned from roof to cellar, and all stovepipes or ranges entering them provided with metal collar and rigidly fixed in place Replace any tile, crock or flimsy flues and chimneys with substantial brick chimneys. Long lengths of metal stovepipe are dangerous

At least an 18-inch clearance is necessary between top and sides of furnace, breeching and flues from ceiling, partitions and other combustible material. Repair at once any broken plaster in ceiling or partition walls.

Do not have steam pipes in contact with woodwork or near inflammable materials, and do not permit rubbish to accumulate behind steam coils or radiators

Gas stoves or other heaters should have a ventilating flue to carry off the burned gas fumes, which are poisonous. Do not use rubber or similar tubing, but connect all gas stoves rigidly and securely with gas pipe. Examine valves and see that they are tight and in not leak.

Never permit a stove of any kind to be set up without stone, brick, concrete or metal protection underneath, or near a partition without a metal shield and air space. Never run stovepipes through partitions, or paste paper over flue holes

All types of open fireplaces or stoves, especially where there are children, should be provided with substantial spark screens. Don't throw waste paper on an open fire

Every period of extreme cold results in numerous fires due to forcing the heating apparatus Keep this in mind next Winter. Watch your heater

Keep hoods and pipes of kitchen range free from grease and lint by cleaning with hot water and lye. Do not hang clothes or bags near stoves, or on stovepipes or steam pipes

Do not allow your family to jeopardize their lives by pouring kerosene onto the kitchen fire to hurry it along Extreme care should be used with alcohol or kerosene stoves. They should always be filled in the daylight and away from any open flame

Do not use patent cleaning fluids, polish or chemicals unless you know something about them. Many of these contain explosives and oils of a dangerous character

Do all gasoline cleaning in the open air, and caution the members of the family to refrain from using gasoline or like volatiles in the house Such material should not be kept in the house nor in glass bottles

Beware of rags or cloths used in oiling floors or cleaning or polishing furniture. They may ignite spontaneously. Be sure and burn them after using. Leaving them about for only a few hours may mean a fire

One or more approved chemical fire extinguishers should be placed in every home. They must be protected against freezing

At Last the Law Decides JUST WHAT A KISS IS

EVER since man began to have intercourse with his fellow men the kiss has been used as a salutation of friendship, respect or love.

Next to speech itself, there are few acts more instinctive to men and women of all nations than kissing To kiss is one of the first things the new-born human being learns to do; and a kiss is often his last conscious act on this earth

All that poets and philosophers have written about the kiss since literature began would fill many ponderous volumes. Even science has not neglected the subject. Of late years physicians have devoted a great many words to a discussion of the danger of spreading disease by means of kisses.

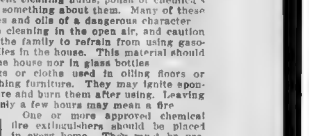
But while pens have been singing the praises of the kiss, while doctors have been denouncing it and artists have been taking it for the themes of their masterpieces, the law has been strangely silent on the subject. Legal literature usually ignores it entirely or mentions it only in the most incidental way

Now, however, this deficiency has been supplied by the Imperial Court at Leipzig, which has taken great pains to describe the exact legal status of a kiss.

According to the learned German Judges, "a kiss is an operation performed upon another requiring, under all circumstances, the recipient's sanction. Such an operation may only be carried out without express permission when the one who kisses can reasonably be sure of the other's silent consent For instance, in the case of relatives, parents, children, lovers and such like

"If, on the contrary, the recipient of a kiss resists, and that not merely for the sake of preserving appearances, but in all seriousness, then it must be held that the person so kissed regards the kiss as an illegal infringement of privilege and as an assault upon honor. Hence, whosoever under such circumstances inflicts a kiss upon another lays himself guilty of assault

"To fulfil this condition, it is sufficient that the kiss be impressed against the other's will. It is unnecessary that the recipient should feel the kiss as an insult."



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BARGAIN DAY---Your Selection of ANY TWO of These Stylish Models for TEN CENTS.

No. 9953.

Lady's One-Piece Garment.

Short jackets are especially attractive this season, and will develop well in any of the prevailing suit materials

The model is cut in kimono fashion, and is entirely loose fitting.

The coat-tail portion of the back may be weighted at the lower edge in the corners by covered lead weights.

The pattern is appropriate for serge, voile, chiffon or moire taffeta, ratine and sponge for gingham, linene or linen

The pattern is cut in five sizes—34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 2¾ yards of 44-inch material for a 36-inch size.

No. 9957.

Lady's Apron.

Percale, gingham, seersucker, drill, cambric, lawn, chambray or kindergarten cloth may be used for this style

The fronts are fitted with darts.

The model affords ample protection for the dress, and is cool and comfortable.

The pattern is cut in three sizes—small, medium and large. It requires 4½ yards of 36-inch material for a medium size

No. 9949.

Girl's Dress with or without Shield.

This comfortable model has a practical (front) closing

The yoke portions are joined to the full waist portions, and are cut with the sleeve in one

A shawl collar forms a neat neck finish.

The skirt is straight and gathered

The sleeve is good in either wrist or elbow length, and may be finished with or without the cuff.

The pattern is cut in four sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. It is suitable for challie, crepe, percale, seersucker, gingham, chambray, lawn, linen, linene or ratine. It requires 4 yards of 40-inch material for a 10-year size.

No. 9943.

Boy's Play Suit with Knickerbockers.

This presents a cool and comfortable garment for warm days.

The sleeve is cut in one with the yoke portions.

The closing is at the centre, under the tuck.

This design is good for linen, linene, chambray, galatea, percale, crepe or seersucker.

The pattern is cut in four sizes 2, 3, 4 and 5 years. It requires 2⅝ yards of 44-inch material for a 3-year size.

No. 9667.

Lady's House Dress

Suitable for gingham, galatea, chambray, lawn or percale

The fronts are cut low and a shawl collar finishes the neck.

The skirt has a hem tuck at the centre back

The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 5 yards of 44-inch material for a 36-inch size

No. 9690

Girl's Blouse Dress with Lining.

White linen embroidered in self color was used for this design

The plaited skirt is joined to an underwaist that may be of lining, and overlaid at its upper part with material to simulate a chemisette

The lining may also be cut low at this part for deep neck opening.

The right front of the blouse overlaps the left, and the fulness is gathered to a belt.

The girdle over sash trimming forms a pretty finish. The pattern is cut in four sizes—4, 6, 8 and 10 years. It requires 2⅞ yards of 36-inch material for a 6-year size

No. 9955.

Lady's Costume with or without Chemisette.

Brocaded crepe in blue tones with trimming of tan faille is here shown The vest and Japanese collar are good style features of this model

The skirt is laid in panel forming plaits in back and front, forming a slit extension over the belt below the vest.

This design is good for moire or chiffon taffeta, striped voile or figured crepe, for ratine, sponge or linen

The pattern is cut in six sizes—34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. It requires 4¾ yards of 44 inch material for a 36-inch size. The skirt measures about 1¾ yards at the lower edge

To obtain ANY TWO of these design patterns fill in the accompanying coupon and mail with 10 cents in silver or stamps to

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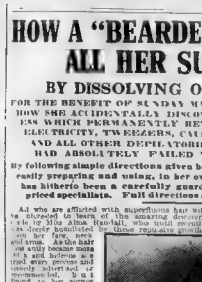
By following simple directions given below, every woman now has the means of easily preparing and using, in her own home, this wonderful process, which has hitherto been a carefully guarded secret, known only to a few high-priced specialists. Full directions are now made public for the first time



After having for ten years the affliction of objectionable and repulsive hairy mask with beard and mustache like a man Miss Randall has completely removed it all in a single night by means of the marvelous new absorption process explained in this article

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"The True and False Chic" By SEM.

This Is the "False Chic," According to Sem.

SEM, the most amusing and the most malicious caricaturist of the day in Paris, put forth a new album of clever drawings, published and copyrighted by the "Succes" Company of Paris.

Sem has devoted his pencil in this new work entirely to caricaturing the prevalent fashions in women's dress. He entitles his book, "The True and False Chic," but the examples of the false chic overshadow the true.

In the letterpress accompanying the pictures, Sem says that the prevailing fashions are the ugliest and the most ridiculous the world has ever seen. Women, imagining themselves to be fashionable, make themselves look like strange insects, like clowns, and even like lunatics.

"Paris," he exclaims, "is going through a terrible crisis of bad taste. Fashion is abandoning herself without restraint to the wildest phantasies of a disordered imagination. Some of the great couturiers, it is true, have held themselves aloof from the contagion, but, except for these few select ones, most of the houses pour forth all sorts of eccentricities which are too quickly adopted and circulated. They organize exhibitions of their models in the form of regular music-hall performances, and thereby lead misguided women to wear things that are entirely unsuitable for them.

"I imagine that a blase Parisian resolved to exile himself ten years ago, and went to live among the savages of Central Africa. He comes back to Paris eager to see once more the fair Parisiennes, whose discreet charm and grace he remembers.

"What is his disillusion! In the theatres, the fashionable restaurants, he finds himself among a multitude of bizarre creatures whose inexplicable appearance transfixes him with stupor.

"They appear to him like strange insects immeasurably swollen, beetles, grasshoppers with heavy abdomens and skinny legs and long antennae upon their heads. These queer creatures dance and hop like a swarm of insects in a ray of sunlight.

"While many women have an entomological appearance, others suggest that they have been dressed for a masquerade. The fashion of excessive panniers and volants has given them ridiculous silhouettes that can only be regarded by an artist as a caricature of what women should look like."

"The couturiers organize exhibitions of their models in the form of music hall performances, and thereby lead misguided women to wear things unsuitable to them."

The other pictures show an exaggerated Parisian type and Sem's idea of the insect that one fashion suggests to him.

Another Sem Example of the "False Chic" and a "Fashion Insect."

"The True Chic," by Sem.

Extremes By Lady Duff Gordon.

The "Clinging Ivy" Costume of Rose Colline, Showing the Ideal Slender Outline.

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with the centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York City.

By Lady Duff-Gordon

HATS are very high, or very low, silhouettes are very bouffant, or of a flagpole slimness, gowns are very low cut in front, very high in the back—and so it goes. Extremes meet on every corner and at every tea table. The mademoiselle with the slimmest of the slim outline will be walking on the Bois or sipping tea at the Ritz-Carlton with a matron whose outline is as bouffant as that of a frigate under full sail.

There was never a time when so much latitude was allowed the women of fashion. In other days all women had to look alike. They all had to wear panniers or else be voted hopelessly dowdy, or they had to wear straight up and down effects—in fact, each goose had to wear what all the other geese wore.

But this awful state of affairs is, happily, over for the nonce. As I have told you ever so many times, never could one be more individual, never could one so satisfactorily choose that style which pleases herself alone, as at present.

I am proving my contentions by sending you two photographs, which are not only proofs, but very forceful proofs, of the "New Freedom." In the charming waterfall costume the draperies are very pronounced, and the effect in the back is very much that of the bustle gowns which some Parisians have tentatively adopted. In this costume the breadth given the upper part of the figure is thoroughly in harmony with the draperies.

But let me tell you that there are some couturiers here in Paris who are combining the bouffant skirt with the tiniest of bodices.

The pretty girl who wears this very charming but extreme-of-its-kind gown will be just as much "in style" as the girl who wears the clinging ivy costume which is developed in rose colline, that most delectable of the new fabrics.

To my mind there is a hint of Dian in this photograph; the clinging swirliness of the drapery and the buoyant pose of the slender figure produce this impression.

Boston American

Society and Club News

SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1914.

Social News and About Town

One of the greatest events to which dance-mad society is looking forward with unusual interest and which promises to be even more of a success socially than the contest at the Opera House recently, is the competition by well-known amateurs of Boston at the congress of the world's greatest dancers at the Boston Theatre during the week of May 18.

Among the well-known amateurs who will dance are Pauline Chamberlain and William Chamberlain, Miss Louise Dixon and A. A. Schulman, Louis Murray, Miss Dorothy Beecro, Paul Shedd, Miss Brenda Cleveland, Samuel Gibson, Miss Madeline Reed, Walter Demelman, Miss Mary Stewart, Miss Harriet Brown, Miss Evelyn Dornbach, Clayton Robinson, Miss Adelaid Ottis, Edwin Bruce, Miss Marion Gibbey, Michael Kennedy, Miss Carolyn Maywood, Faunce Whitcomb and Alice Mannix.

Mrs. Orville L. Story, president of the Women's Auxiliary of the Canadian Club of Boston, presided at the annual May luncheon held at the Somerset Wednesday.

The tables were beautifully decorated with yellow jonquils, American Beauty roses and other blooms.

Directly after the luncheon Mrs. Story introduced Miss Alice T. Grady, who spoke on the aims and prospective work of the Women's City Club of Boston.

The members and guests also enjoyed a programme of readings by Mrs. Conrad M. Gerlach, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Frank Redman, and a group of songs by Mrs. Robert Taylor Dana, accompanied by Mrs. R. C. Williams, also readings by Miss Mary A. Cody, Emerson '14.

Mrs. Wrenn Mclean had charge of the arrangements for the luncheon and entertainment.

The war of the roses is raging quite as furiously in the younger set as in the older, and those who wear the yellow rose are beginning, it is said, to have rather unkindly feelings toward some of the girls who have chosen the red.

Fanny Osgood is one of the most ardent members among the young girls of the suffrage party. Among the other Vincent Club girls who approve of her stand and are ready to stand with her are Miss Julia Sherwell, Miss Dorothy Cotja and several others, while among the strong antis are the Misses Elsie and Olivia Ames, Miss Grace Lockwood, Marie Arassis, Hope Bancroft, Marion Fraser and Barbara Bennett. These girls are members of a league known as the Junior Antis.

The girls, I notice, are taking particular pains these days each to wear the rose of her special league; and I understand that when the season opens in the Fall there will be several entertainments given by each league.

While talking with a friend of Ruth Paine's the other day I learned of many of the arrangements for the wedding. Miss Paine, whose engagement was recently announced to John H. Blodgett, is another of the girls of smart society to give the laugh to the superstitions regarding the so-called "unlucky" May time, and has decided that her wedding shall take place on the 21st.

It is to be celebrated at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Paine, at No. 649 Commonwealth avenue, which will be converted into a wonderful bower of spring blooms. It is the wish of the bride that everything be as simple as possible, for she is a girl with the best of taste, as is attested by her style of dress as well as by her manner of entertaining on all occasions. I hear that the wedding gown is to be a perfect wonder of white satin and lace, and that her trousseau is decidedly elaborate. Miss Esther Humphrey Paine is to be her sister's maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be Miss Mary A. Clapp of Swampscott, Miss Ruth R. Blodgett of Brookline, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Christine Everts of Roxbury and Miss Edith L. Williams of New York.

Mr. Blodgett, who makes his home with his mother, Mrs. J. H. Blodgett, of Brookline, has selected James Adams of Brookline for his best man, and his ushers will be W. E. Hanwood of Wellesley, F. W. Paine, brother of the bride-elect; Leonard Schloss of Philadelphia, Ralph McClellan of Boston, A. P. Everts of Roxbury and Harry Hooker of Wellesley.

Mr. Blodgett and his bride are to make their home at Beach Bluff, Swampscott, where a beautiful home is in process of construction for them.

TWO CHARMING MAIDS AND A YOUNG MATRON OF GREATER BOSTON'S FASHIONABLE SET

PHOTO BY JAMIESON.

MRS. A. L. SCHEFFREN.

A 1914 debutante, Miss Mildred Bond daughter of Mrs. Charles H. Bond of No. 125 Commonwealth avenue, last week acted as one of the ticket sellers at Bierricks, preceding the D. A. R. snow given in Copley Hall, Friday evening and Saturday afternoon.

Miss Bond proved one of the most active of the several girls each of whom gave a day's work. She was exceedingly successful in the total of her sales. Miss Bond will be seen much at the late Spring functions and gatherings.

"At homes" are rapidly winning her a hostess's highest praise is Mrs. A. L. Scheffren of No. 15 Westminster road, Roxbury. Mrs. Scheffren has shown much originality in recent entertainments and her invitations are always received with delight.

Miss Alma Legrew is a member of the younger set whose beauty has been the subject of much comment. Miss Legrew whose home is on Longwood Avenue, Brookline, is an out-door athletic girl with the richness of color and the charm that inevitably accompanies a life in which athletic exercise plays a considerable part.

MISS MILDRED BOND

PHOTO BY GARO

MISS ALMA LEGREW.

PHOTO BY JAMIESON

Whims and Fables of the Fashionables

It almost seems a shame that many of the richest women of the fashionable set are not obliged to work at some of the trades in which they are so proficient. Take Miss Dorothy Jordan for instance. She not only has a wonderful gift of imparting the knowledge of dancing to the children at the North Bennet Street Industrial School, which is her pet charity, but is a clever milliner. She made every "stitch" of the stunning head dress she wore at the recent Vincent Club theatricals.

Another equally gifted young woman is Miss Harriett Robeson of Brookline, the attractive daughter of Mrs. Andrew Robeson of Walnut street, and niece of Mrs. Charles S. Sargent of "Holm Lea" in Brookline. Her knowledge of art is greater than that of many a decorator who commands the highest price. Miss Robeson, who has been studying at the Beaux Arts in Paris for two years, went in for interior decorating while there, and her work was highly praised by the French critics.

Still another clever society girl is Mrs. Walter Tufts, Jr. She was formerly Miss Faith Simpkins. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. "Nat" Simpkins, and a niece of Mrs. Bayard Thayer. Up to the time of her marriage a few months ago, Mrs. Tufts was a student at the Art School connected with the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. Since making her home in Norwood, where she and Mr. Tufts have a most artistic place, she has been devoting her time to beautifying her home.

Miss Dorothy Bolles of Commonwealth avenue, who coaches the dancers for the Vincent Club theatricals, is a skilful teacher of terpsichorean art.

Mrs. Antonio Reggi, who was formerly Miss Claire Means, is famous for her cooking. She has as many social demands, if not more than many of the older matrons, but finds time to do not only her cooking, but her "own work" to use her own words.

The series of the Dansante at the Country Club is proving a delightful success. They are held every Thursday afternoon from 4 till 7.

Last Thursday the tea tables were spread on the piazzas, and this gave much more room to the dancers. The last two in the series, on May 21 and 28, will, no doubt, be even more successful than the first two.

I happened to see Mrs. William Endicott just before she sailed the other day for Europe, and so young and fresh does she look at the age of eighty that I couldn't help marveling to a friend near by who evidently had been after Mrs. Endicott's secret of youth.

"It's her varied interests," she claimed, "and her disposition to take everything philosophically. Take everything philosophically." Mrs. Endicott was all in black and surrounded by relatives and friends, all anxious for her comfort. Mrs. Endicott is the mother-in-law of Joseph Chamberlain, the British statesman, and was one of the saloon passengers on the Franconia, which sailed Wednesday. Mrs. Endicott is so used to sailing that it bothers her not in the least, and she crosses several times a year in order to visit her daughter. Mrs. Endicott made her last trip in September, also on the Franconia. When in Boston she resides with her son, William C. Endicott, at No. 168 Marlboro street, whose wife before her marriage was Louise Thoron. Her friends also add that exercise is one of the prime factors of Mrs. Endicott's youth recipes, for she is most active and never misses a day in the fresh air.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Monroe are to give one of their famous clambakes on May 21, at their beautiful place on upper Washington street, Brighton. This is to be a subscription affair, limited to seventy-five guests, for the benefit of one of the booths at the big country fair which the Brightelmstone Club is to hold June 4, 5 and 6 on the old Allston golf grounds. Mr. Monroe has won the appreciation and envy of his friends on several former occasion because of the excellence of these "bakes" which take place in this garden.

Engagements

KENDRICK-BELCHER.

Mrs. Charles Adolphus Kendrick of Beacon street, Brookline, announces the engagement of her daughter, Alice Rosalie, to Harry Morse Belcher of Walnut street, Newtonville. The wedding will take place during the late Summer

BURRAGE-FOSTER

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Burrage of Needham have announced the engagement of their daughter, Margaret Hooked, to W. Archer Foster, son of Mrs. Charles Foster and the late General Foster. Miss Burrage was formerly a student at Wellesley and is well and popularly known. The wedding will probably take place next Fall

BODWELL-INGALLS

Mrs. G. A. Bodwell of [illegible] avenue, Lynn, announces the engagement of her daughter Ethel Louise, to John Palmer Ingalls of Swampscott

RAMSDELL-DONOVAN

Mr. and Mrs. William Shumway of Worcester have announced the engagement of their niece, Albertine Estella Ramsdell, to Daniel Edward Donovan, Jr., of [illegible]

ROBBINS-RAND

At a luncheon given late in the week Miss Lucy Robbins, Smith, '12, announced her engagement to William M. Rand of Auburndale, Harvard, '09. Miss Robbins is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Robbins of West Newton

SMITH-WHEALEN.

An engagement has been made of the engagement of Miss Alice Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Smith of Brockton, to Dr Edmund V. Whealen of Bridgewater. Dr. Smith is one of the vice-presidents of the Twentieth Century Catholic Club

SIMMONS-LAMB

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Simmons of Brookline have announced the engagement of their daughter, Edna Frances, to John M. Lamb of Malden.

WAKEFIELD-KIMBALL.

Mrs. Margaret Wakefield of Bird street, Dorchester, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Helen Louise, to Allen Holmes Kimball of Urbana, Ill., Tech, '12

JOHNSON—NASH.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius J. Johnson of Dorchester have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Abagail E. Johnson, to Russell Kimball Nash, Harvard '11, of Newton.

ROBERTS—TYLER.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Roberts of Commonwealth avenue have announced the engagement of their daughter, Beatrice, to Carlos W. Tyler of Abington.

LEONARD—QUADE.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Leonard of Readville have announced the engagement of their daughter, Elsie, to William M. Quade of Walnut street, East Dedham, a well known lawyer and special commissioner of Norfolk County

ELDREDGE—CHASE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Eldredge of East Dennis have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elenor Sears Eldredge, to Clarence G. Chase of Dennisport

DERRY—OLIVER.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Evelyn Thayer Derry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Derry of Trowbridge street, Cambridge, to Dr. A. E. Oliver of Hankow, China.

DRAPER—GALE

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Draper of Winchester and Boston have announced the engagement of their daughter, Harriette Eliza, to Charles J. Gale, Harvard '10.

In the World of Society

Mrs. Guy Currier of Beacon street and her pretty debutante daughter, Adelle, left town Monday morning for New York, taking the trip in their motor. They will spend a week or ten days there and will be back for a short time in town prior to going to the Summer estate.

I saw Mrs Currier the other day on the street in a suit of dark blue cloth trimmed with bands of lighter shade of blue and black, and a small smart black hat. Mrs. Currier on Tuesday evening retired from the presidency of the Professional Women's Club, which position she has filled most gracefully the past year.

Mrs. Currier, Mrs. Frederick Brown of Commonwealth avenue and Mrs. Lonsberry of the Newbridge were among the women at the meeting last Tuesday at the Florence Crittenton Home making arrangements for the fair to be held for its benefit in December, and it is hoped the affair will be the largest and most successful ever given. Work already has been started.

The exclusive little colony of Dedham society women who are late recruits to the Progressive party have organized a club, with Mrs. William J. Goodwin and Miss Ruth Nickerson among its officers. On the dramatic committee are Mrs. Francis W. Welch, Miss Elizabeth F. Gray, Mrs. Philip L. Hale and Mr. Arthur E. Thayer. I am surprised to know that Miss Nickerson has taken up anything in the sort as she is so decidedly feminine.

Mrs. Louis A. Frothingham, another of our active Progressives and is kept so busy with her home duties and her various outside interests that even her mother, Mrs Charles when she wants her, Mrs. Shaw has been wearing some very stunning black creations this Spring.

The last meeting of the popular Cinderella Dancing Class was held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Miss Marian Blackall, Norfolk street, Cambridge, where the members and guests enjoyed the amusing play "Il Barrinello di Seville." Among those who took part were Mrs. Charles H Hamblen, Miss Mabel Curry, Miss Ruth McIntyre, Silvio W. Vitale, Pasquale Galasso, Ettore Changaris, H. L. Singe and C. W. Jenks. Professor Charles H. Grandgent and Mr. W. Butler Twombly had charge of the stage management and direction.

The [illegible] resulted as follows: [illegible], professor [illegible]; [illegible]-de-camp, Mrs. John Coman Gray, Mrs. [illegible] Arthur Rollins, musical committee, the Misses Elizabeth W. Perkins, Mary [illegible], Ruth L. Beck, Andrew Fiske, secretary, Rev. George Lattimer, assistant secretary, Miss Mary Revel Trull; treasurer T. Alice Brown; assistant treasurer, Miss Lucy M. Welch.

I happened to run onto a group of society girls the other day just as they were seating themselves comfortably for a little noon tea and chat. The prettiest and most enthusiastic was Hildrie Rice, whose engagement was announced a fortnight ago to Frederick Ayer, Jr. I gleam from what I hear that the engagement is to be but a short one, the wedding very likely taking place in June. The other day Miss Rice was looking more charming than ever in a suit of dark blue with a Page cape of dark blue and a chic little hat of the same color, trimmed with a bird of paradise buds and made in the watteau style. She is a prominent member of the Myopia Hunt Club set, her slenderness and pretty coloring giving evidence of her love of riding and all outdoor sport. In this respect she resembles her mother, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Proctor, who is also one of the foremost of the women. Mr. Ayer is also a well known huntsman, and it is said that the romance began on the hunting field, when he was forced to accompany Miss Rice as a "tipping" huntswoman. Miss Rice, who is a prominent member of the Vincent Club and also of the Chilton, is a niece of Mrs. George Mandell, whose husband is M. F. M. of the Myopia, so she comes by her cleverness as a horsewoman naturally.

Dr. and Mrs. Donald V. Baker of Beacon street, Brookline, are receiving felicitations from their many friends on the birth of a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Noyes are back from their Southern honeymoon trip, and will be glad to see their friends in their new home, The Coolidge. Mrs. Noyes was Miss Edith Trainer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Trainer.

Miss Agnes Macomber, who has been very ill, is reported improving. Miss Macomber's dancing classes at the Copley-Plaza during the Winter have been wonderfully successful, and her friends will be glad to hear of her rapid recovery.

Mr. and Mrs George Bourne, of New York, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter. Mrs Bourne was before the marriage, Miss Helen Whitney of Boston.

Mr and Mrs Duncan Wright have returned from their honeymoon trip through Bermuda, and are at home to their friends at No. 346 Crafts street Newtonville.

Miss Elinor Quincy went over to Philadelphia to be bridesmaid at the wedding there on Monday of Miss Ethel Sergeant Clark and Hoxie Harrison Smith. The ceremony took place in St. Mark's.

An important wedding scheduled for May 27 is that of Miss Helen Lincoln Appleton, daughter of Mr and Mrs. Ruel Ross Appleton of Brookline, to W. F. and Charles A. Read, [illegible] son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Read of Read's Island, Manchester. Mr. Read is a Harvard man, class of '11. He is a brother of Mrs. Francis Lowell Burnett (Helen Read) of No. 82 Beacon street, and another sister is Miss Charlotte Read, who gave up society a Winter or so ago and went to live in a settlement house, settlement work, in which, by the way, she is succeeding wonderfully well.

Another out-of-town wedding will be that on June 3 of Miss Florence Marshall of New York and G. Ellis Dennison of Providence, which is to take place at the Hotel Gotham in New York at 4 o'clock.

Miss Marshall is a graduate of Groton School, near Philadelphia. Her sister, Mrs. Royale H. Fowler, will be matron of honor, and the bridesmaids will be Miss Jean Haddock of New York; Miss Dorothy Scott of Germantown, Pa.; Mrs. Martha Walton of St. Davids, Pa., and Miss Elizabeth Dewsnap of Brooklyn.

Edward D. Dennison, Harvard '94, will be his brother's best man and the ushers will be John H. Dennison, another brother, Harvard '04; Chauncey Marshall, Jr., Harvard '03; Myron K. Pyne, man of New York and Newell Vanderhoef of Brooklyn.

Among the weddings of the coming week will be that on Wednesday of Miss Gladys Lawrence, daughter of Mr and Mrs. Henry C. Lawrence of No. 168 West Eighty-eighth street, New York city, and William G. Hubbard, formerly of Cambridge and the son of Sanford B. Hubbard of West [illegible]. The ceremony will take place at the home of the bride's parents but owing to illness in the family will be a small and very quiet affair. Mr. Hubbard graduated from Harvard in 1905 and from Harvard Law School in 1911. He was assistant professor in English at Harvard before going to New York city three years ago. He is secretary to Justice John Proctor Clarke, late Governor of Ohio, and is on the governing committee of the stock exchange.

The ceremony was followed by a small reception at the home of the bride's parents, after which they will reside upon their return from the honeymoon.

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Mr and Mrs Frank Penno Faltrin have issued cards in the marriage reception of their daughter, Dolores Nash Frank Rogers Thomas on Saturday evening May 23, at 8:30 o'clock, 58 Valentine street, West Newton. The marriage will be private, and Mr and Mrs Thomas will make their home in Richmond, Virginia.

Miss Lucy Robbins is entertaining Miss Deborah Nash Baldwin at a tea in her home on Chestnut street, in West Newton. Before leaving for her Southern home Miss Baldwin will be the guest of honor at many social functions.

Weddings By the Chaperone

At the Summer home of Mrs. William L. McKee in Bristol R. I., will occur the wedding on June 1 of her daughter, Miss Marjorie Van Wickle, and George A. Lyon, Jr. The McKees closed their town house on Commonwealth avenue yesterday and will immediately open their country estate, where preparations for the all-important event will begin. It will not be a big affair, Mr Lyon graduated from Yale in 1906 and from the Harvard Law School four years later

Miss Virginia Poor of Boston is among the most popular of our young girls this Spring to be in demand as a bridesmaid She went over to Philadelphia during the week to attend Ruth Dalton Leeds at her wedding to Everett Henry Brown, jr., on Thursday

Miss Elizabeth Digby Leeds, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Mrs. Charles Henry Scott, jr., Mrs. Warren Sherley, Miss Emma Ashton Dorr, Miss M. V. Whitney, Miss Poor and Miss Edwin Speer of New York

Charles Henry Scott, jr., was best man, and the ushers were Charles Allison Scully, H. B Register, Edmund B. Rogers, William A. Wiedersheim, jr., William H. Trump, Warren Sherley, Frederick W. Brewster, Frederick Lyman Ballard, Charles Sharpless Jones and Henry Rope Leeds.

An out-of-town wedding yesterday which was of much interest was that of Miss Anna P. Rogers and J. Gerould Webb, which was solemnized at St. James' Church, New York, at 12:30 o'clock. Several Bostonians went over for the occasion, which was a decidedly brilliant one. After the ceremony the guests were conveyed to the country home of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, parents of the bride, where luncheon was served and a reception took place

The bride had for her matron of honor Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley, her sister, and the bridesmaids were Miss Margaret Trevor, Miss Katherine D. Coit, Miss Sara Lelaud and Miss Ruth Webb. Miss Elizabeth H. Rogers, a niece of the bride, was flower girl.

The bridegroom's attendants were H. Walter Webb, his brother, who was best man, and the ushers were Herman L. Rogers, Gordon H. Balch, Carleton Burr, E. H. de la Bruyere Kortright, A. Park, Samuel M. Felton, jr., Charles B. Davis, John F. Parker, Henry E. Garner, Vanderbilt Webb, George von L. Meyer, jr., Henry McKeen, Chester G. Burden, Walter Tufts, jr., Frederick Parker, jr., and Thomas H. Bruinburgh. All of them Harvard men and most of them Bostonians.

Mr. Webb gave his bachelor dinner at the Copley-Plaza on May 2.

Mrs. Russell Codman and Miss Gertrude Brooks of Boston were among those going over to New York for the wedding on Tuesday of Miss Mary H. Dehon, daughter of the late John C. and Mrs. Theodore Dehon, to Dr. William M Polk.

The ceremony took place in the chantry of Grace Church and was acclaimed by all as the most interesting of the season.

Dr. Polk is one of the best known of the medical men. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few relatives and friends, and was performed by Rev. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity parish, assisted by the rector of Grace Church, Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery. The bride was given away by her cousin, William P. Dehon, as she had no brother. There were no bridal attendants and no ushers.

The ceremony was followed by a small reception at the home of the bride's parents, after which they will reside upon their return from the honeymoon.

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SHE'LL WED IN JUNE

MISS ROSALIE JENKINS TO BE BRIDE OF BROKER

Miss Rosalie Martha Jenkins to be the bride of Owen Grant.

The wedding of Miss Rosalie Martha Jenkins of Winthrop to Owen Grant, a young Boston broker, is expected to take place early in June. The bride-to-be is a prominent young suffragist, worker for charity and a leader in amateur theatricals. She is popular in the younger Winthrop social set and is the daughter of Mrs. Rosalie E. Jenkins of No. 175 Pleasant street, Winthrop.

Miss Jenkins is a member of St. Cecilia's Guild and of the Civics Society. Her fiance is the son of Daniel Grant of Somerville.

The many Boston men classmates of Cortlandt Dixon Moss, Harvard 1909, are interested in the announcement that his wedding to Miss Katherine Hazard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hazard of Cedarhurst, L. I., is to take place on Saturday, June 6, in St. John's Episcopal Church at Far Rockaway, L. I. It will be followed by a large reception and breakfast at Meadow Hall, the Hazard residence at Cedarhurst.

Miss Hazard, who is well known in Boston, has chosen her sister, Mrs. Charles Reginald Leonard, for her matron of honor. Her bridesmaids will be the Misses Florence Burton, Caroline Leslie Fuller, Genevieve Leland Sanford and Ruth Helen Moller. The flower girls will be Camilla Woodward Livingston and Silvie Livingston.

Mr. Moss will have his brother, Robert W. Moss, for his best man. The ushers will be Prescott Foster Hulsekoper, Arthur Russell Jones, Francis A. Harding, John K. Hollins, Hugo G. deFlitch, Johnston Livingston, jr., William Fellowes Morgan, jr., J. Henry Harper, jr., Rene La Montagne, Harold W. Brooks, Winfield Dickerson, jr., of Boston, Gordon Wear, William A. Hazard, jr., and Tilden F. Hazard. Master James Robert Taller, jr., a nephew of the bridegroom, will be the ribbon boy.

Mrs. William S. Hunnewell of 23 Milton street, West Somerville, has sent out invitations to the wedding of her daughter, Alice, and Laurence Todd Hemmenway on Wednesday evening, May 27. The ceremony will take place at the First Universalist Church, North Cambridge and will be followed by a large reception. Miss Hunnewell is a graduate of Radcliffe in the class of 1911 and Tech '10. They will live in New York, where Mr. Hemenway is engaged in business.

At Simmons College on May 21 the class in household economics, called by the students the "bride's course," gave a farewell luncheon in compliment to Mrs. Walter C. Cady of Brookline. Mrs. Cady was the only matron of the class.

The World of Society

I happened to meet Miss Imogene Conland of the College Club the other day and she gave me a list of accommodations for May dance to take place at the Copley-Plaza on Friday evening. Jefferson Richards is among the prime movers in the smart affair. The patronesses include such well known people as Mrs. William H. Forbes, Mrs. Carl Watson, Mrs. Frederick A. Leavitt. Miss Conland is a sister-in-law to Professor J. Scott of this city, who was formerly identified with the University of Syracuse.

I was surprised to encounter Mrs. George E. Inches in the market district at an early hour the other day. She looked as well "groomed" as she would in the midst of a fashionable reception. Her gown was of royal purple cloth, the short coat trimmed in soutache braid of the same coloring. The collar was of the cloth and covered with a stylish white silk net, embroidered exclusively in white linen. The deep cuffs were of the same idea in the linen. Her hat was a high crowned one of purple straw trimmed with purple ribbon bows. She wore white suede gloves.

The combination of blue and purple, which at one time was considered ridiculous, is quite fashionable this Spring. This sudden change was brought to my notice the other afternoon when I met Mrs. John Little, jr., formerly Miss Schlesinger, a daughter of Mrs Bartholdi Schlesinger, and a sister of Mrs. Arthur L. Perrin. Mrs. Little, who is a brunette, was a stunning creation of dark blue cloth. The skirt of walking length had a deep ruffle of black satin which at the back reached nearly to her knees. The ruffle was edged with purple satin chenille. The coat had deep cuffs of black satin, while the collar was a dark shade of purple cloth edged with blue satin. Her hat was black dressed straw of the fashionable low crowned sailor shape. It was trimmed with purple flowers, velvet and ribbon. The most stylish feature of the gown was the deep bow of black and white tulle in box pleated effect which ended in a huge bow and ends of black satin ribbon fully five inches wide.

Miss Mary Curtis of Marlboro street, who is staying in town later than usual this Spring, looked very stunning the other noon when I happened to see her boarding a street car. Her Spring gown was a black taffeta, fashioned to her "Burne Jones" type of coloring. It was made of plain gray cloth with a short tailored coat. The deep square collar and cuffs were trimmed with Persian embroidery. Her hat was a dark blue sailor. The very low crown was trimmed with a full band of black and white ribbon. The skirt of the gown was without trimming other than the stitched band at the bottom.

I saw Mrs. Forest Bigelow of Marlboro street the other afternoon at an informal tea at the Copley-Plaza. She looked almost as young as her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Bigelow, who was in the party. She wore a stunning creation of black and white muslin silk. A broad white satin loosefitting Russian style and reached nearly to her knees It was confined with a wide white leather belt. The sleeves were especially pretty, the deep cuffs being edged with a narrow ruche of white silk net. The neck of the gown was finished with a collar of the same material. She wore a black straw hat of the low-crowned sailor shape, trimmed with black and white satin. The skirt was of walking length and very full.

Mrs. William Endicott of Salem had a stunning nearly right to flowers when she sailed on the Franconia the other day for London to visit her daughter. She was attired in a creation of black silk trimmed with white lace. She wore a bunch of violets.

I happened to run on to Mrs. Frances S. Watson the other day while she was on a shopping expedition, and her shopping list seemed to be in matching some silk. She said that she was the observed of all observers, as two of her pet dogs along, both of them tiny pugtures, were tucked under each arm Mrs. Watson is quite usual, becomingly and attractively gowned, wearing a suit of dark blue, a black hat trimmed with blue and a Japanese throw over her shoulders. It was only a few days later that Mrs. Watson sailed for Europe. She is to spend some time with friends in Paris, and late in May will be joined by Dr. Watson, who will remain abroad but a short time, returning to return Mrs. Watson will go to Berlin, and will not return to Boston until September.

Mrs. Watson did much before her departure to help entertain the visiting physicians in Boston. One evening when I saw her she was engaged in a most enticing gown of flowered chiffon over white, trimmed with rhinestone brilliants. A large pink rose adorned the corsage.

I met Mrs. James Lowell Putnam on the street in the other day looking extremely trig in a suit of black, with a smart little black hat perched on the side of her head. Mrs. Putnam has just returned from a visit to New York, and this accounts, no doubt, for the fact that she looked so much smarter than the average Bostonian

Mrs. Putnam is to be in town for a few weeks before going to Bar Harbor, where she has several hospitalities for the interim. She is one of the very expert hostesses among the matron set, and will be in her element at Bar Harbor, where she does so much entertaining and is always conspicuous among the guests at the Casino.

Mr. and Mrs William C. Chick are spending their honeymoon at the White Sulphur Springs. Mrs. Chick was Miss Ruth Agnes French of Brookline.

The anti-suffrage luncheon at the Milton Club Wednesday attracted many well-known society women, and since the tickets read "for anti-suffragists only," it is to be supposed that all of them were firmly opposed to "votes for women." They filled the bright club rooms and heaped the flower-trimmed tables with delicious things to eat. The edibles were supplied by the guests and would have won many masculine votes had they been applied in that direction.

After the luncheon Mrs. John Balch, chairman of the committee on arrangements, introduced Mrs. William Lowell Putnam. Mrs. Balch wore a gown of hunter's green silk with a small hat of gray and green. Mrs. Putnam was gowned in wistaria crepe, with a small black hat. Mrs. F. W. Cutter, another member of the committee, also got on the platform. She wore a golden brown dress and a tiny black hat.

Mrs. Putnam is a clever speaker and has a sense of humor. After her address the guests strolled about the clubhouse and held informal discussions. Mrs. Otto Zerahn wore a suit of blue serge with a flowered straw hat Mrs. J. Lawrence, Jr.'s suit was also of blue serge with fine linen collar and cuffs, and a small tailored hat. Mrs. C. S. Pierce wore a suit with a garden hat Mrs. Lawrence Bullard was gowned in dull green. Mrs. Chickering wore a gown of black charmeuse and a violet toque. Mrs. T. J. Lane wore a suit of blue serge with a tan hat. Mrs. L. A. Rogers wore dark blue serge and a small hat Miss Katherine Homans wore a blue cloth suit and a small purple hat. Mrs. R. C. Williams wore a suit of black charmeuse and a hat of new yellow. Mrs. De Normandie's suit was also of black and she had a small black affair with yellow wings Mrs. Robert Saltonstall wore a suit of dark blue serge and taffeta, with a hat of black straw and moire. Mrs. Elleton D Whitney wore a dark blue suit and hat to match.

Others who attended were: Mrs. Geoffrey, Mrs. George Wigglesworth, Mrs. Felix Hackett, Mrs. Charles Amory, Mrs. C. Minot Weld, Mrs. Samuel Johnson, Mrs. H. Gardiner, Mrs. Percy Hodge, Mrs. Stephen Ames, Mrs. A. B. Batchelder, Mrs. J. F. Rollins, Mrs. E. C. Bradlee, Mrs. J. S. Bryant, Mrs. Chapelle, Mrs. C. Clark, Mrs. W. Church, Mrs. L. Crossman, Miss Cunningham, Mrs. Caleb Cunningham, Miss L. F Currier, Mrs. F. W. Cutter, Mrs. G. Cushing, Mrs. Robert Dudley, Miss W. B. Driver, Miss Gertrude Barrington, Mrs. W. S. Field, Mrs. F. M. Barrington, Mrs. B. Gardiner, Mrs. Gilbert, Mrs. C. A. Hasse, Mrs. W. H. Hall, Mrs. L. F. Herrick, Mrs. B. F. Harding, Miss Hutchison, Mrs. H. Howes, Miss B. Hutchinson, Miss Hinckley, Miss W. F. Hallowell, Mrs. J. H. Hooper, Mrs. H. S. Huntington, Mrs. C. R. Hurd, Mrs. E. Janes, Mrs. L. Johnson, Miss Jacques, Mrs. W. A. Jackson, Mrs. R. Johnson, Mrs. T. F. King, Mrs. H. A. Ladd, Mrs. H. A. Lamb, Mrs. F. D. Leslie, Mrs. E. P. Luther, Mrs. Lord, Mrs. A. Meredith, Mrs. R. W. Morse, Miss Maxwell, Mrs. C. W. Parry, Mrs. G. E. Page, Mrs. S. L. Parsons, Mrs. F. W. Pierce, Mrs. M. V. Purse, Mrs. Felix Packeman, Mrs. P. Reynolds, Miss Robbins, Mrs. J. Russell, Mrs. E. Richardson, Mrs. H. G. Sawyer, Mrs. J. S. Sherman, Mrs. F. D. Southard, Mrs H. B. Sprague, Mrs. R. L. Scarlet, Miss Stower, Mrs. W. H. Stone, Mrs. H. E. Sheldon, Mrs. F. Walker, Mrs. W. Warner, Mrs. R. C. Watson, Mrs. Ralph E. L. Wadsworth, Mrs. S. Wentworth, Mrs. G. A. Williams, Miss Wilde, Mrs. C. Whittier, Mrs. C. M. Weld, Mrs. P. B. Weld Watson, Mrs. W. Wetherbee, Mrs. A. Bullard.

The committee for the luncheon were Mrs. C. Otto Zerahn, Mrs. Henry DeNormandie, Mrs. Percy Hodges, Mrs. Samuel Johnson and Mrs. Benjamen Marston.

The Professional Women's Club held its annual meeting in Huntington Chambers Tuesday evening. The retiring president, Mrs. Grace Currier, presided. She was gowned in mustard yellow, with a flowered hat. The meeting was well attended by the leading professional women of the city, among those being Miss Caro Colburn in a suit of blue serge and small black hat with pink roses. Miss Emma Brady in smoke brown and a hat trimmed with paradises. Mrs. W. H. Clarke, gowned in light blue broadcloth with a small blue hat; Mrs. Furfey, in gray cloth and a tulle hat; Miss Evelyn Bird, whose suit was bigger brown and black hat trimmed in buff; Miss Katherine Hicker, in a suit of dark blue serge and hat of the same color; Mrs. B. Faelton, in a black suit and hat.

Action was taken upon Mme. Nordica and Mme. Nordica was an honorary member of the club, and it was decided that a letter of sympathy be sent her in her bereavement. A rising motion of sympathy was also made by the club chosen as delegates to the State Federation at Worcester Miss Clara Marsh, Miss M. Hunt, Miss Currier and Dr. Ida D. Clapp

As expected, Dr Miss Cahill was elected president. Later in the evening there was an excellent entertainment of musical readings, as well as recitations by members who marched in the suffrage parade

Tuesday was an interesting day at Le Petit Trainon, when the second and one-day contest for novices were held afternoon and evening. Miss Hannix won every event. Her partner in the afternoon was Faunce Whitcomb and in the evening Cornelius Wood, son of President William Wood of the American Woolen Company.

The judges for the 5 o'clock contest were Miss Pauline Chamberlain, William E. Chamberlain, Jr., Miss Granicher and A. A. Schulman, all winners of previous contests at Le Petit Trainon. Miss Granicher, William H. Chamberlain, Jr., A. A. Schulman, H. G. Barbee and F. E. Danker judged the 10 o'clock event.

Among the well-known people at the Trainon on Wednesday afternoon were Mrs. John T. Linsee, who is one of the most indefatigable tangoers of her set. Mrs. Harris Livermore, who is a close second, was also present. Mrs. Livermore still retains her slender, girlish figure, and is among the most popular young matrons of her set.

Mrs. Linsee is so slender that I heard some friends telling her that if she continues to tango so strenuously she'll "fade away," but she evidently has no intention of giving up this gay diversion.

The tea which Mrs. L. A. Crossett and Mrs. H. Proctor gave at the Burnap Home Thursday for friends of that institution, was favored by a pleasant afternoon. The big house, with its wide lawns, is a most attractive place, and appeared at its best with guests strolling in wistaria crepe, with a small black hat. Mrs. F. W. Cutter, another member of the committee, also got on the platform. She wore a golden brown dress and a tiny black hat

Mrs. Putnam is a clever speaker and has a sense of humor. After her address the guests strolled about the clubhouse and held informal discussions. Mrs. Otto Zerahn wore a suit of blue serge with a flowered straw hat Mrs. J. Lawrence, Jr.'s suit was also of blue serge with fine linen collar and cuffs, and a small tailored hat. Mrs. C. S. Pierce wore a suit with a garden hat Mrs. Lawrence Bullard was gowned in dull green. Mrs. Chickering wore a gown of black charmeuse and a violet toque. Mrs. T. J. Lane wore a suit of blue serge with a tan hat. Mrs. L. A. Rogers wore dark blue serge and a small hat Miss Katherine Homans wore a blue cloth suit and a small purple hat. Mrs. R. C. Williams wore a suit of black charmeuse and a hat of new yellow. Mrs. De Normandie's suit was also of black and she had a small black affair with yellow wings Mrs. Robert Saltonstall wore a suit of dark blue serge and taffeta, with a hat of black straw and moire. Mrs. Elleton D Whitney wore a dark blue suit and hat to match.

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Among

News of Society

DORCHESTER

Tuesday evening the Urbane Pleasure Club, the oldest social organization in the district, will hold its annual May party in Intercolonial Hall, Dudley street. The committee on arrangements are: John T. McCarthy, chairman, assisted by James Hogan, James Finnigan, Clarence Sullivan, George Crehan, Fred Mooney, Frank Thomas, Bernard Casey, Daniel McCarthy, Florence McCarthy, Gus Moberg and Frank Brooks. At a meeting of the organization at its headquarters in Walnut Hall, in the Neponset section, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: John T. McCarthy, president; Matthew Cummings, vice-president; Frank Thomas, recording secretary; John A. Brooks, financial secretary; T. F. Brooks, treasurer; William Fitzgerald, sergeant-at-arms; Florence McCarthy, chairman of board of directors; and the following were to assist him: William Driscoll, Daniel Cummings and John Sullivan.

Tuesday evening the Kenberma Associated, composed of young men connected with the various councils of the Columbus Club of Dorchester, will hold a dancing party at Columbus Club Hall, Pearl and Pleasant streets. The proceeds of the affair will go toward the fitting up of the Summer cottage occupied by the members at Nantasket Beach the coming season. The committee in charge of the arrangements are: William Hennessey, Joseph Kirby, John Reagan, Bartholomew Kiley, Albert Edwards, Timothy Shannon, Thomas J. McKinney, Joseph McLaughlin, Charles Reardon, William Hayes, Edward McLaughlin and Charles Ulmer.

Mrs. Charles Smith of Columbia road, accompanied by her daughter Edna, are spending a few weeks' vacation visiting friends in Montreal, Canada, having left this district early in the past week.

Tomorrow evening the Daly Industrial Aid Club will hold the second of its series of whist parties in Walnut Hall, in the Neponset section. The committee in charge of the affair are: John T. McCarthy, chairman, assisted by Miss Theresa Mahoney, Miss Mae Hughes, Miss Olive Robinson, Miss Mae Lynch, Miss Rose Spellman, Frederick Crowley, Frank Brooks, Joseph Mack, Frank Dersey and Bernard R. Casey. The proceeds of the affair will go toward the aid and maintenance of the Daly Industrial Home on Train street. Gifts interested in the success of the whist parties are:

Miss Margaret Becher, Miss Ethel Crowley, Miss Margaret Walker, Miss Grace Murphy, Miss Marion Hughes, Miss Catherine Donahue, Miss Gertrude Lacey, Miss Mary Cullen, Miss Eva Mack, Miss John Cullen, Miss Minnie Sullivan, Miss Mary Dacey, Miss Minnie Powers, Miss Mary E. Dacey, Miss Mary McArdle, Miss Lillian Dunn, Miss Catherine Cook, Miss Ella M. Kelly, Miss Gladys Walker, Miss Florence Tarbell, Miss Marion Hennessey, Miss Katherine Fallon, Miss Anna Walsh, Miss Mary Sullivan, Miss Mary Lacey, Miss Alice M. Kane, Miss Agnes Kane, Miss Elizabeth Dacey, Miss Grace Daly, Miss Martha Foley, Miss Nancy Murphy, Miss Agnes Collins, Miss Mary Carroll, Miss Helen Murphy, William Doyle.

The final whist party of a successful series held by the Harvard Improvement Association, took place at its headquarters, Grasmere Hall, Glenway street, on Monday evening. President William S. Drew was in charge of the affair, assisted by the following committee: C. French, chairman; J. J. Connolly, William E. McGarigle, William A. Drew, William B. Hanna, I. A. Jones, Dr. M. F. Hart, Charles O. Jacobs, M. J. S. Lovell and Hector P. Lynch. Among the members that helped make the affair a success were

James Fitzgerald, Joseph Batchelder, Ex. W. W. Dickerson, Frank W. Dana, William Gill, Frank W. Thomas, Edward Hall, Frank M. Morse, William H. Wood, F. A. Morse, James C. Clark, Jeffrey Morrill, Frank L. Morrill, Thomas Morrill, Dr. Charles Jones, Frank Dacey, Walter Dacey, Arthur Dacey, Walter Dacey, Arthur Dacey, Walter Dacey, Arthur

NEWS of SOCIETY

EASTBOSTON

Miss Maude [illegible] daughter of Mrs. George Parker of Chelsea street, was united [illegible] to George Whitney of [illegible]. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. R. Williams [illegible] assisted. Guests present were Miss Helen Parker, Miss Whitten of [illegible], Mrs. J. Whitney of Lawrence, Miss Madeline Quinn, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hall, Miss B. Quinn, Mrs. Helen Hale, Mrs. S. Whitney, Mrs. Thumath, Mrs. Thomas Neil and Master Thomas and George Neil. After an extended tour through the West Mr. and Mrs. Whitney will reside in Somerville.

The men of St. Joseph's church of East Boston, of which the Rev. Fr. Charles A. Ulrich is pastor, will hold a field day at Wood Island Park, East Boston, July 11. Albert Berrion is chairman of the committee of arrangements.

A linen shower was given last week to Miss Agnes T. Bradley, who is to wed James R. Wall on Wednesday evening, June 3. Miss May J. Riley was hostess. The guests were Misses Sadie Robinson, Mary and Anna Anderson, Mary Harrigan, Mary Landrigan, Madeline McCauley, Catherine Kerr, Mrs. Bradley, Mrs. Gertrude D. Ryan, Mrs. Whall, May, Elizabeth and Eleanor Bradley, Miss Marion O'Neil, Miss May Ahern, Miss Mary Barry, Miss Florence Barry and Miss Catherine Belton.

Ex-Commodore Charles Elliot and Captain Charles Riley of the Orient Heights Yacht Club are working hard building a large houseboat which will be used as an auxiliary clubhouse for the summer. The season will formally open May 30 with an informal outing and a series of motor boat races.

Miss Anna F. Crook was head of the committee which conducted a whist party and dance in the Most Holy Redeemer School Hall last Wednesday evening. The proceeds of the affair will be devoted to the annual fair for the Home for Destitute Catholic Children in Mechanics building on May 30. Besides Miss Crook, those who worked for the success of the party were Miss Josie Bevan, Miss Nellie Foley, Miss Kathleen Murphy, Miss Marie [illegible], Miss C. McKillop, Miss J. Bevan, Miss J. McCann and the Misses Mary Vernon, Alice Curry, Anna [illegible] and [illegible] Curry.

Mrs. W. J. Smith of Princeton street [illegible] guest of friends at Bar Harbor, Me., last week.

Henry J. Sweeney was elected president of the Young People's Christian Union of the Advent Universalist Church at the annual meeting of the organization last week. The other officers named were: George Krise, vice-president; Miss Sarah L. Hanson, secretary, and Miss Esther Smith, treasurer.

Friends of Miss Mary O'Brien of West Eagle street will be glad to know that she has returned home much improved in health after a four-months' stay at Piermont-on-Hudson.

Manuel I. Cordesa, the new president of the Portuguese fraternity, is the youngest man ever honored by the society for this office.

Among the Bostonians at the Boston Teachers' Club recital in Faneuil Hall last week were the Misses Alice Burke, Evelyn Haughton and Mary Bryan.

After a week spent with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Kerley of Summer street, Miss Ethel Whitehead has returned to her home in Hamilton. Her son, John, accompanied her.

Grand Knight Joseph Dawson had charge of the final party of a series of whists conducted by Fitton Council, Knights of Columbus, in St. Mary's Hall, last week. The affair was a splendid social and financial success.

Mrs. Charles J. Jones and her son, Donald, are home after a short visit.

Edmund L. King, formerly of London street, is now a resident of the Highlands, Winthrop.

Captain and Mrs. Winslow Newell are now at their summer home in Bar Harbor, Me.

The parents of Miss Lydia Edna Scanlan of Roxbury have announced her engagement to Louis J. Belardowde of East Boston.

William E. Keen of Brook street, who has been spending the past several months at East Templeton, has fully recovered his health and will soon return to his home.

A whist party for the piano fund of the Boys' Civic League will be given in Meridian Hall on Friday evening, May 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Lane will return home next week after a pleasure tour which included visits to cities in the southern part of the country.

DEDHAM

The annual gentlemen's night of the Institute Women's Club was observed with the presentation of "A Midnight Fantasy," a short sketch, and a one-act play entitled "Local and Long Distance," given by the club members in Greenleaf Hall, Monday evening. The characters of the sketch were played by Miss Maude Cannell, as the portrait of a Colonial Belle, and Miss Louise Liddle as the portrait of an up-to-date belle. The scene was a reception held at a Beacon street mansion at midnight.

Arrangements are being made for the annual entertainment and dance of the Mill Village Old Home Association, to be held Friday evening, in Memorial Hall, Dedham. A special concert, consisting of vaudeville features, singing by Miss Helen Farrington and orchestral concert by Reynolds orchestra, with C. H. Wiggin, leader, is planned.

The Odd Fellows Hall, Wednesday evening, a meeting of the anti-auffrage will be held.

The Dedham Business Men's Association will meet Thursday evening in Greenleaf Hall, and will have for its speaker Frank Pessenden Crane of Quincy, whose topic will be "Inland Water Ways."

CHELSEA

Frederick L. Patterson and Miss Gladys L. Haraden, daughter of Mrs. Grace L. Haraden, were united in marriage at the Universalist parsonage by Rev. R. Perry Bush, D. D. The best man was Frank C. Bell, and Miss Helen D. Haraden, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. The groom is connected with the claim department of the Bay State Street Railway Company. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson left on the Portland boat in the evening, and many friends were there to see them off. They will pass a couple of weeks at Brunswick, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Herbert of Washington avenue have as their guest Mrs. Mary A. Hodges and grandson, Paul Shroder, of East Newcastle, Me.

Rev. E. D. Towle of Peabody, formerly pastor of the Unitarian Church, has gone with his wife and daughter to New Hampshire for the summer.

The entertainment committee of the Winnisimmet Union of the First Congregational Church will give an "at home" at the parsonage Tuesday afternoon, May 26.

Rev. Father Joseph A. Barden, a Chelsea boy, assisted at the celebration of the solemn high requiem mass at the body of Corporal Daniel A. Haggerty, which was held last week at Cambridge.

The meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association of the Shurtleff School, which was to have been held last week at the home of Mrs. Jennie G. Bell for the election of officers, has been postponed on account of the inability of Mr. Pitcher, principal of the school, to be present.

The Chelsea Veteran Firemen's Associations were the guests of the Winnisimmet Veteran Firemen's Association at the latter's headquarters on Cherry street. Addresses were made by Representative John E. Beck, the president of the Chelsea Veteran Firemen, Alderman Samuel Markell, president John J. Donahue of the Winnisimmet Veterans, Captain James Cook of the Revere Veterans, President Charles K. Clapp of the Everett Veterans and Captain James Walker of the Somerville Veterans. The meeting was in the nature of a "get-together-movement."

Captain Frank E. Pierce of the Chelsea Veteran Firemen's Association has been elected a delegate to the New England League convention to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Captain Thomas A. S. Hawkes.

Preparations are being made for the annual May party and prize dance to be given by the Ladies Auxiliary to the Veteran Firemen's Hall. Tuesday evening, May 19, will be held Monday evening, May 18, at the Veteran Firemen's Hall.

The Tuesday evening, May 19, the Seachel Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, will hold its annual May party at its hall.

Miss Nellie Whitehead has been the guest during the past week of her brother, Frederick D. Whitehead of Tudor street.

Frank B. McGuiran, who is with F. H. Suthern now playing at the Shubert, is at his home, No. 132 Washington avenue, during his Boston engagement. He has as his guest Mr. William F. Adams, a cousin of Maude Adams, who is also a member of the Sothern Company.

ONE MORE SWEET BRIDE

BOSTON GIRL WILL MAKE HER HOME IN FALL RIVER

PHOTO BY CURO

Mrs. Gretchen Harwood Rogers proved one of the most attractive of the month's brides at the ceremony performed May 9 at Grace Church, Newton.

Mrs. Rogers, whose husband is William Prescott Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Rogers of Brimmer street, was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Harwood of Waverley avenue, Newton.

The couple are now away on their honeymoon trip and will live at Fall River when they return.

In the WORLD of Society

CAMBRIDGE

At the regular meeting of the Board of Trade on May 27, Professor Cherrington of the Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration, Secretary John McKibben of the Boston Chamber of Commerce and Mayor Timothy W. Good of Cambridge will be the speakers.

The new Cambridge Grocers' and Provision Dealers' Association will hold a banquet at Miss Murray's cafe, Cambridgeport, on Monday evening, May 18.

The annual fair in aid of the Cambridge Home for Aged People will be held Wednesday afternoon, May 20.

An entertainment and strawberry festival will be held at the Third Universalist Church, North Cambridge, Thursday evening, May 28.

A food sale for the benefit of the East End Christian Union will be held at the home of Mrs. Edwin F. Hogue, No. 236 Broadway, on Saturday afternoon, May 23.

Red Cross Commandery, Knights of Malta, will hold a ladies' night on Wednesday evening, May 20.

The Iota Beta Club will present its second annual drama and dance in Brattle Hall Tuesday evening, May 19. The drama, "Anita's Trial," will be given, under the personal direction of Mrs. Elliot Enneking Long.

Charles Beck Corps, No. 2, W. R. C., will hold a reception and banquet in honor of its thirty-fifth anniversary in Riverbank Court, Cambridgeport, Wednesday evening, May 20.

The first annual May party and dance of the Lally Column Social and Benefit Association will be held in Temple of Honor Hall, Cambridgeport, on Friday evening, May 29.

The annual dinner of the Central Club will be held at the club rooms on Monday evening, May 18.

Cambridge, F. W. E., will hold an entertainment in Eagle Hall, Brattle square, Saturday evening, May 30.

Harvard Lodge, A. O. U. W., will hold a whist party in Temple of Honor Hall, Cambridgeport, on Wednesday evening, May 27.

The Girls' Friendly Society of St. James' Episcopal Church, North Cambridge, will give the play, "The Ladies of Cranford," in the vestry of the church on Tuesday evening, May 26.

A recital of the pupils of Mrs. Elizabeth Averill O'Brien will be held in Aquinas Hall, Cambridgeport, Monday evening, May 25.

The John L. McDonald Club will hold a dance party in Brattle Hall, Cambridgeport, on Monday evening, May 18.

The annual May party and dance of Massachusetts Tribe, No. 44, I. O. R. M., will be held Wednesday evening, May 20, in Temple of Honor Hall, Cambridgeport.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Whitten of No. 39 Otter street, Cambridge, announce the engagement of their daughter, Anna to Carl B. Newell of No. 10 Centre street Cambridge.

EVERETT

The twenty-sixth annual May festival of the First Universalist Sunday School was held in Whittier Hall Everett, yesterday afternoon and evening, the hall being crowded to capacity at both performances. The entertainment was furnished by 100 members of the Sunday School, including twenty High School girls and boys in "A Breeze from the Prairie."

The affair was under the direction of Mrs. Lottie C. Baldwin. The soloists were Mildred Crandon, Elizabeth Hunt, Jack Marshall, Robert Jeers, Rosevinge, Jr., and Ruth Elizabeth Baldwin.

The final tableaux, the crowning of the "May Queen," was a beautiful spectacle. It ended with the singing of "The Heaven Born Banner" by Miss Ruth E. Baldwin, daughter of the director. Miss Ruth Cross was crowned queen while seated on a flowery throne of the Iris. Her attendants, the Misses Claire Emerton, Nathalie Cross, Helen Sawyer and Mildred Brown.

A feature of the entertainment was an exhibition of modern dancing, including the maxixe, by Miss Ruth Evers Hickey, a member of the Nunday School, and Harold Evers of Melrose.

The program included:

"A Burlesque Circus"—Matron, Mrs. Theodore von Rosenvinge. Giraffe, Irving Stanley; bear, Herbert Pike; monkey, Elliot Howard; elephant, Winfred McArthur and Elmer Bakeman; manager, Theodore von Rosenvinge, Jr.; keeper, Melvin von Rosenvinge.

"Drill"—Matron, Mrs. E. B. Sawyer, Marjorie Gokey, Mildred Cook, Doris Davis, Helen Jeers, Ruth Chandler, Alta Morton, Katherine Davis, Nellie Gardner, Marion Clark, Ruth Babcock, Frances Moore, Bertha Card, Beatrice Sweeney, Jeanette McGaffey, Myrtle McDonald and Lillian Sawyer.

"In Cherry Blossom Time"—Matron, Mrs. Melville A. Arnold. Dorothy Arnold, Grace Flynn, Mildred Zerbe, Viola Pitcher, Ruth McDonald, Beatrice Cormack, Katherine Robinson, Ruth Woodward, Ruth Ayer, Florence Babcock, Nellie Reed, Alva Bowman, Ruth Babcock, Ethel Musgrave, Emma Gokey and Kater Oberlander. Solo dance—Mildred Crandon.

"The Butterflies and the Bees"—Matron, Mrs. A. F. Marsh. Jack Elisabeth Hunt, Jack Marshall, Walter Martin; butterflies, Gladys Bean, Claire Emerton, Mildred Brown, Elian Andrews, Thelma Bates, Helen Sawyer, Lorraine Mayhew.

"Nymphs of the Sea"—Matron, Mrs. Henry Fox. Olive Redgate, Doris Brown, Florence Babcock, Hazel Babcock, Elisabeth Babb, Grace Cutting, Ruth Cox, Nita Haynes, Lillian Hall.

Maypole dance—Matron, Mrs. Forster Smith. Helen Cornell, Ariel Angell, Edith Cooke, Ariel Nickerson, Bertha Russell, Helen Bowman, Harriet Maraton, Eleanor Mackinnon, Jennie Doyle, Dorothy Cook, Elisabeth Russell and Ruth Hicks.

Spanish dance—Matrons, Mrs. Belville Arnold and Mrs. Theodore von Rosenvinge. Dorothy Arnold and Theodore von Rosenvinge, jr.

"A Breeze from the Prairie"—Matron, Mrs. Charles B. Ladd. Silvia Cuivey, Alice Little, Edward Harriman, Wallace Roberts, Madelen Declo, Helen Lumsden, Frank Prissells, Sydney Hall, Naomi Hicks, Dorothy Roberts, Edmund Howard, Paul Freeman, Ruth Baldwin, Mildred Hyland, Morris Gardner, Paul Brosnan.

Shamrock dance—Matron, Mrs. Annie Evers Hickey. Ruth Cross, Dorothy Cook, Ruth Hicks, Lena Mc[illegible], Ethel Cross, Hawaiian dance, Marion Clark, Madeline Clark, [illegible] of the May Queen"—Queen, Ruth Cross; crown bearer, [illegible]; flower girls, Claire [illegible] and Helen Sawyer. Mildred Brown, color bearer. Paul [illegible], solo, Ruth E. Baldwin.

WINTHROP

[illegible] W. Loll is chairman of the committee of arrangements of the day party to be held Friday evening, May 22, in St. John's Hall, Lincoln street Winthrop Centre, under the auspices of the Church of St. John the Evangelist. The proceeds of this affair will go towards the new church fund for this parish.

Grand Knight James C. Higgins of the Winthrop Council, Knights of Columbus, has been chosen one of the alternate delegates to the convention in Buffalo.

At the annual meeting of the Winthrop Women's Club, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Mary P. Caldwell; vice presidents, Mrs. Ida M. White and Miss Anna Newton and Miss Susan Sylvester; recording secretary, Mrs. Bessa A. MacFadden; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Nellie F. Griffin; treasurer, Mrs. Julia D. Wyman; auditor, Mrs. Alice B. Nash. The directors elected were Mrs. Wilena B. Reed, Mrs. Henrietta E. Hubbard and Mrs. Florence I. Hewett.

The stork visited the home of Mr and Mrs. Thomas J. Mulcahy of Waldemar avenue, last week, and left a bouncing baby boy. Mother and son are both doing nicely at the Winthrop Hospital.

The members of St. John's Women's Guild have sent out numerous invitations for their annual luncheon, which will take place on Tuesday afternoon at the parish house.

The Gamma Phi Club, with C. Howe as president; H. Foley as vice-president; R. Jones, secretary, and L. Fielding as treasurer, together with the following committees, W. Hallett, J. Webster, C. Waldo, P. Somerby, O'Brien, E. Curren, C. Curren, F. King, D. Klagge and A. Howe gave a pretty dance last week at the Winthrop Yacht Club.

Mrs. S. B. Cohen of Cutler street, is visiting relatives in New York city.

The Winthrop Equal Suffrage League held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Sarah B. Haigh, No. 151 Shore drive, last Monday afternoon. After the meeting the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. A. A. Donnell; vice-presidents, Mrs. Lucelia Hughes, Mrs. Sarah B. Haigh and Miss Rosaline Martha Jenkins; recording secretary, Miss Loretta Hanlon, and treasurer, Miss Mary F. Bowles. After the election Miss Ann Page, chief marshal in the recent suffrage parade, gave a very interesting talk.

MEDFORD

Middlesex Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, will observe its fifteenth anniversary the latter part of the month in Odd Fellows Hall, West Medford Mrs George Hook, the worthy matron, will have charge.

A series of Monday night dances will be held at the Medford Hunt Club on Myrtle Lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McDonald of Gary, Ind., have issued cards announcing the birth of a son. Mrs. McDonald was formerly Miss Blanch Barrows of Cushing street

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Mitchell of Grove street are enjoying a trip through the South.

May 27 will be observed as children's day by Middlesex Chapter, O. E. S., of West Medford.

The Sunday school of the First Methodist Church will observe June 7 as children's day.

The play, "The Climbing Vine," was given by the Medford Teachers' Club in the hall of the Curtis Junior High School recently, is to be repeated for the benefit of local charity in the near future.

Graduation exercises of the Medford High School will be held Wednesday evening, June 24, in the new High School hall, which will be opened for the first time on that occasion.

WINCHESTER

Winchester Council, K. of C., is preparing for a dramatic and musical entertainment to be given in the Town Hall, Thursday evening, when "The Patriotic Attorney" will be presented with a cast of well known local artists, including Joseph F. Mawn, Dr. James H. O'Connor, Mrs. Frank Howard Cosgrove, Edward Donovan, John Leonard, Arthur Cox, Jr., and William Noonan. William Glendon, Misses Margaret Leahy, Agnes Murphy, Loretta Hurrigan, Phyllis Foley, Helen McIsaacs and Mary Keegan. Charles Carroll Harrold has acted as coach and will have the direction of the play, which is full of incident and interest throughout.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Guild of the Church of the Epiphany was held in the parish house Wednesday afternoon.

The Philathea Class of the Second Congregational Church gave a dutch supper and entertainment in the church vestry Friday evening.

Tomorrow evening Mrs. Charles Zueblin will give an address before the Mothers' Association in the high school assembly hall.

Mrs. Marion Booth Kelley is to be the principal speaker at the Winchester Equal Suffrage League tea, to be given at the home of Mrs. Oren C. Hollis, Wednesday afternoon.

At the annual meeting and election of the Winchester Women's Relief Association, Wednesday evening there was a discussion of the new property site question. Wednesday, June 10, O. P. E. is preparing for a country store, which will be open to the public even in Lyceum Hall, Monday evening, May 25.

The annual June breakfast, one of the popular events of the season, under the auspices of the Visiting Nurse Association, is to be held in the Town Hall, Saturday morning, June 6.

The engagement of Miss Henrietta Eliza Draper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Draper, and Charles J. Gale, Harvard, '10, has been announced. Miss Draper is a member of the Art League of New York and a well known miniature painter. Mr. Gale is a member of the Acacia Fraternity, Harvard Club of Boston, Colonial Club of Cambridge, and the Cavalry Club.

JOYOUS DAYS FOR ELKS

REVERE'S LODGE TO STAGE 'GIRL FROM BROADWAY'

Miss Lena H. Woolard, who leads the sextette.

Miss Dorothy A. Malone.

Miss Lois Loeffler.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights will be banner nights for the Revere Elks, who will present a musical skit, entitled, "The Girl from Broadway," at the Crescent Garden Theatre, under the direction of Brother Matt Sullivan of the Somerville Lodge of Elks. The proceeds of the show will go to the building and charity funds of the lodge.

The show is one of the brightest and breeziest ever presented at the beach, and is full of charming and beautiful girls; sisters and daughters of the members—the best on Elks, by the way. Contrary to the usual custom, this show will have three interlocutors, G. Fred Nolan, John F. Doherty, and C. Sumner Bowie, Exalted Ruler Bowie gentlemen will be in charge one night each in the order named.

During the show, twenty-six different dancing numbers will be presented by scores of beautiful young ladies, assisted by members of the lodge, and the Elks' Ladies, two chorus, four and five years respectively.

The cast of characters includes Miss Katherine Crawford, late of the "Follies Company," leading lady; Miss Mildred Chandler, maid; Mr. Fred Millwood, duke; Mr. Tom Cook, baron; Dr. William Canavan, tuberube sheriff; J. J. (Mafii) Flaherty, the sheriff's "wife," and Billy O'Neil and Herb Watson, bell hops.

Among the soloists are: Miss Mildred Harrison, Miss Helen Fraser, Miss Martha Jenkins, the Misses Gertrude and Mildred Chisholm, Miss Irene and Lois Loeffler, Miss Evelyn McLarty, Miss Esther Sharkey, Miss Marian Mulloy, Miss Martha Handlin, Miss Katherine Crawford, and the Messrs James H. McLean, Matthew Pendergast, Dr. Canavan, Dr. Cheney, Arthur Fenderson, and Miss Lena Woolard.

STONEHAM

The annual May party under the auspices of St. Patrick's Church Building Fund is to be given in Armory Hall, Wednesday evening, May 27. The feature of the program will be the three-act operetta, "Cinderella in Flowerland," and the stage settings will be in keeping with the spirit of the play. Over 150 children of the Sunday School will appear in the operetta, and the pretty and catchy music will be pleasing to old and young alike. There are to be specialties in fancy dancing by Miss Norma Benet of Winchester, who is in charge of the operetta, and Miss Kathleen Sheehan. Following the operetta there will be dancing.

Court Stoneham, No. 193, D. of L., and its fifth anniversary concert and ball in Armory Hall Wednesday evening. The concert program included vocal solos by Catharine Corcoran, James H. Gill, Harry Herbold, clever the boy tenor; Ruth Dailey Lahan, and Robert A. Waul; readings by Miss Sullivan and James Lowe McMahon, concert solo by Albert Hooper, ballet dancing by Ruth Fielding.

T. Alex Cairns, Ph. D., delivered his famous lecture, "Uncle Sam on the Water Wagon," at the mass meeting in the old Armory, Friday evening, under the auspices of the Massachusetts Anti-Saloon League.

Dr. George W. Nasmyth is to deliver a lecture on "America, Mexico and the World's War System," under the auspices of the Christian Forum, in Armory Hall, this evening.

Miss Jessie Bruce of Dawson, New Mexico, is the guest of Mrs. James Lister.

Mrs. Milton F. Higgins of Worcester, State president of the Young Ladies' Library Association, E and Bolton streets, South Boston. Rev. Father Troy and his assistants are working with the parishioners to make it a success. The proceeds are to defray the expenses of improving the upper part of the church. Friday evening a whist and dancing party was given under the direction of Margaret Foley and Catherine Walsh. The proceeds of which will be donated to the Sunday school table at the bazaar.

Out of TOWN SOCIETY

MELROSE

The physicians and druggists have arranged a baseball game to be played Wednesday afternoon on the Messenger Meadows Field. The proceeds from the game will be devoted to local charity.

The annual children's party of Wyoming Lodge, N. E. O. P., will be held Wednesday evening in Odd Fellows Hall.

Graduation exercises of the Melrose High School will be held Wednesday evening, June 24, in Memorial Hall.

Melrose Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, are to take a prominent part in the grand rally to be held at Faneuil Hall next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Anita Clark Warren, department president of the Daughters of Veterans of Massachusetts, will be tendered a reception in Memorial Hall next Thursday evening by Mary J. Spaulding Tent, Daughters of Veterans, of which Mrs. Warren is a member, the founder and first president. A large corps of ushers have been named and a reception committee appointed. Guests will include many important State officials. The reception will be following by dancing.

The annual meeting of the Amphion Club will be held next Thursday evening at the residence of the president, Philip Franklin P. Blumway, Bellevue avenue. Officers are to be elected and a musical program will be given.

At the Bellevue Golf Club next Saturday afternoon a tournament will be played at 18 holes medal play. The opening matches of the tennis tournament will be held and the finals of the club will enjoy bridge and a luncheon at the clubhouse during the afternoon.

A meeting of the recently organized Melrose Equal Suffrage League will be held Friday afternoon in charge of Mrs. F. H. Hoyt

The annual meeting of the Sons and Daughters of Maine Club will be held in Union Hall May 26.

A moving picture entertainment will be given May 26 for the benefit of the Melrose Hospital

U. S. Grant Post, G. A. R., and affiliated societies have accepted invitations to attend services Memorial Sunday, May 31, at the Green Street Baptist Church. Rev. S. A. Dyke will have charge of the exercises

Arrangements have been completed by the Melrose Highlands Woman's Club for a garden fete to be given Thursday afternoon, June 11, on the grounds of Mrs. David H. Hingres, better known under her stage name of Anna Eva Fay, on Franklin street. The affair will be one of the season's most elaborate affairs.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL WHIST PARTY FOR POOR.

St. Augustine's Conference of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul is to give a whist party in St. Augustine's Hall, South Boston, Monday evening, May 25. The whist committee is John H. Toland, James Murphy, Coleman Kelly, William J. Fleming, Mrs. John F. McDonnell, Mrs. William J. Murphy and Mrs. E. Carey. The committee on souvenirs is D. W. Creedon, Daniel J. Lyne, John L. Menahan, Mrs. C. James Connelly, Mrs. Mary Daley and Miss Annie Hines.

The parishioners of St. Vincent's Church are to hold a bazaar next month in the rooms of the Young Ladies' Library Association, E and Bolton streets, South Boston. Rev. Father Troy and his assistants are working with the parishioners to make it a success. The proceeds are to defray the expenses of improving the upper part of the church. Friday evening a whist and dancing party was given under the direction of Margaret Foley and Catherine Walsh. The proceeds of which will be donated to the Sunday school table at the bazaar.

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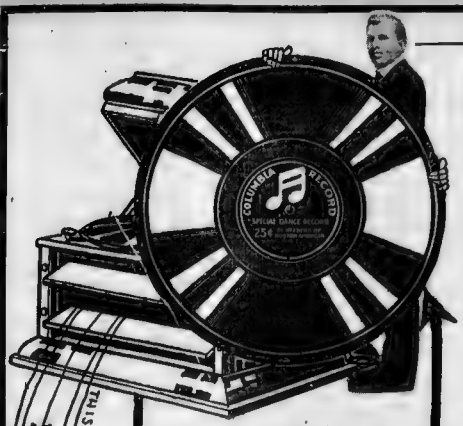

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Lowell—P. E. Nelson.
Marlborough—Fay Hollins.
Marlborough—O. W. Lord Co., 82 Washington st.
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New Bedford—Albert M. Spiller, 229 Bowdoin st.
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Needham—Perley R. Thomas.
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Plymouth—A. F. Burke & Co.
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Peterboro—Goodnow & Derby.
Wolfeboro—A. G. Davis, Wolfeboro Pharmacy.
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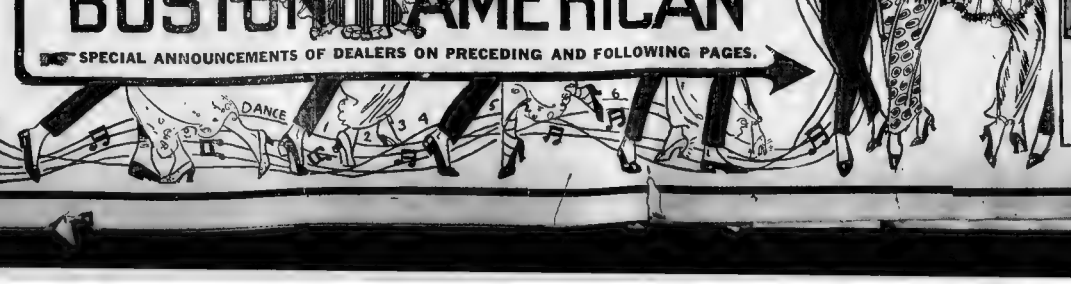

Recital at Copley-Plaza

The small ballroom of the Copley-Plaza was the scene of a very appreciative audience Wednesday evening at the attractive recital given by the pupils of Miss Mary H. Sheedy.

Miss Sheedy received the guests in the foyer. She looked very charming in a gown of shell pink crepe meteor, en traine, with bodice of soft white lace edged with rhinestone trimming. She was assisted in receiving by her cousin, Mrs. Daniel V. McIsaac, who looked stunning in an evening gown of baby Irish, en traine, with straplaps of rolin egg blue crepe meteor.

Miss Sheedy was assisted in the program by Mrs. Daniel V. McIsaac, contralto, William Howard, violinist, and Miss Goldstein, cellist, contributed.

The pupils all acquitted themselves well, from the smallest little ones up. Master William McIsaac was especially fine.

A reception followed, assisted by [illegible] ers, including Miss Mary Doherty, Miss Gertrude [illegible] Margaret Canty, Miss Mollie Sullivan, Miss Catherine [illegible] Miss Mary McAuley, Miss Agnes Meehan, Miss Sadie Wheeler and Miss Rita Burke.

A number of the social elect were present in the audience.

The program:

Scherzo Waltz from "The Flying Dutchman" ..... Miss Ruth McGrath
Waltz ..... Miss Margaret Daniel Reed, Jr.
Scherzo ..... Master Daniel Sheedy
Waltz ..... Miss Marion Melvern
The Merry Peasant ..... Master William McIsaac
Waltz ..... Miss Blanche Keller
Waltz ..... Mr. Howard
Hero and Leander ..... Miss Mary Ahearn
Gavotte from "Mignon" ..... Miss Dorothy Makepeace
The Rhine Maiden ..... Miss Mary [illegible]
Minuet Mozart No. 2 ..... Miss Marion Melvern
Berceuse from "Jocelyn" ..... Miss Helen Keller
Polonaise ..... Miss Louise Tobin
Scherzo ..... Miss Marion Melvern
Waltz ..... Master Daniel Sheedy
Waltz ..... Miss Ruth McGrath
Waltz ..... Master William McIsaac
Waltz ..... Miss Blanche Keller
Waltz ..... Miss Margaret Daniel Reed, Jr.
Waltz ..... Miss Dorothy Makepeace
Waltz ..... Miss Mary Ahearn
Waltz ..... Miss Louise Tobin
Waltz ..... Miss Helen Keller
Waltz

Pilgrimage of Granadas

The annual Spring pilgrimage of Granada Caravan No. 3, Order of The Alhambra, is set for Tuesday night, at Lawrence Encampment Hall, No. 724 Washington street. The ceremonies will begin at 7:30 and will not be concluded until after midnight. There will be a large class of candidates, for it is probable there will not be another Alhambra degree until after the warm weather.

Grand Commander Walter A. White will have general charge of the ceremonies and he will be assisted by a degree corps of about forty, choir, orchestra and Moorish patrol. The large corps is necessary because of the spectacular and elaborate character of the ceremonies, illustrating the triumph of the Christians in Spain over the Moors, intrenched in the armed palace of The Alhambra, and the early struggles and victories of Christopher Columbus.

The hall will be decorated with the symbols and colors of the order of The Alhambra, and at the close of the work the caravan and new members and guests will sit down to a banquet to be followed by a vaudeville show. The banquet will be in charge of Steward J. H. Kavanagh and the show under the direction of Master of the Oasis Michael W. Costello.

The principal characters in the degree corps will be as follows:

Grand commander, Walter A. White, Knight commander, Dr. Henry H. McLeod; Henry H. Mc[illegible]; [illegible] J. Mc[illegible]; [illegible] J. Harty, Past of Cavalry; [illegible] Joseph Z. Sullivan, Past [illegible]; [illegible] Thomas F. Sullivan, Past [illegible]; [illegible] Thomas F. Sullivan, Past [illegible]; [illegible] Thomas F

Brilliant Ball to Aid Hospital

One of the largest parties of the season, held to aid St. Elizabeth's Hospital, was that of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association and the archdiocese of Boston, which took place Monday evening in Paul Revere and Talbot halls, Mechanics Building.

The affair was a great success. Among the well gowned were noticed:

Mrs. Alice C. Mahoney, yellow charmeuse, cut in tabs, with drape of Irish point lace; Miss Mae Dwyer, white draped crepe meteor and orange; Miss Minnie Wall, beige net evening [illegible]; Miss [illegible], white [illegible]; Miss [illegible], blue [illegible]; Miss [illegible], trimmed in [illegible]; Miss [illegible], white [illegible] lace; Mrs. Joseph [illegible], white shadow lace over [illegible]; Miss Antonia Maloney, pearl beaded net [illegible] with [illegible]; Miss [illegible], white [illegible]; Miss [illegible], white [illegible]; Miss [illegible], white

Seen in Boston Shops

By Betty the Shopper

From Easter Sunday until the month of roses draws to a close, marriage and giving in marriage leads all other ceremonies in popularity True, weddings go merrily on through all the months of the year, but this is the season especially devoted to them.

Once the day has been set, then the question of clothes is the all-absorbing topic. If it is to be a large wedding with a bevy of attendants, there will be many gay little meetings, where over the teacups the bridesmaids' frocks are planned.

Never before has Dame Fashion been more prodigal of her dainty styles appropriate for just such occasions. Panniers, puffs and ruffles seemed designed especially for the pompadour silks and cobwebby laces that will go into the construction of these frocks.

* * *

At many of the recent fashionable weddings the bride's attendants chose gowns of silk and lace or tulle combined The shepherdess style is very popular, and many charming frocks were developed in this style. One in particular looked extremely striking on a willowy blonde as she swayed down the aisle in the bridal procession. A soft pompadour taffeta was used in the bouffant tunic drapery over the hips The corsage was a clever combination of the silk and embroidered tulle. A wide fitted girdle of the silk gave a pointed bodice effect in the front, crossed toward the back and came down over the right shoulder in bretelle fashion. The skirt proper was formed by three deep flounces of the embroidered tulle. Dainty bunches of rosse caught here and there on the lace and silk gave a festive air. With this costume was worn a charming plaque hat. The crown was entirely of forget-me-nots, while a frill of the lace drooped a little over the face A bridle of blue ribbon encircled the chin, and the young woman carried an adorable shepherd's crook.

To the bride, naturally the scene that takes precedence over all others is the bridal robe. There was a time when costume made that ivory satin be the only material used in its construction. This year, however, she may have the choice of many materials Taffeta will probably be chosen by many, though for a Summer wedding soft mulls, embroidered or plain are very effective.

* * *

Where formerly the neck must be high and the sleeves long, and a train never dispensed with, this year she may reveal in a beautifully cut decolletté her skirt, if she so wishes, may be trainless and the sleeves short. Simplicity and elegance are the characteristics most desired in the wedding gown and for this reason the style chosen is usually simple, depending upon the touches of rare lace for decoration

* * *

Next in importance to the bridal gown comes the veil. What the gown itself lacks in fullness is more than made up for in the veil. This season it may be very voluminous Tulle bordered with a fleet of orange blossoms, tulle edged with lace; or, if the bride is among the fortunate few, rare laces are mainly used in its construction. In the laces needle point is the most coveted and the lace mylady most often chooses.

* * *

There are many accepted ways for the arrangement of the veil. The cap effects are very popular, probably because they are so universally becoming. If the fair bride possesses a wealth of hair and does not wish to conceal her crowning glory, the tulle or lace may be caught into a stiff ruche toward the back of the head and from there fall gracefully over the shoulders. The omnipresent orange blossom has lost none of its charm, and few veils but have a touch of it somewhere Many of the cap effects have wings of lace wired to a lace-covered bandeau, edged with a trailing garland of orange blossoms if the veil is free of a beautiful pattern, it is often arranged in a way to show most effectively the design of the lace. Especially is this true of the lovely bridal veils handed down from generation to generation.

* * *

Planning the trousseau for the early Summer bride is a much simpler matter than for the little lady who chooses October or November for her nuptials. Then her costumes must be planned with the thought of elaborate Winter affairs.

* * *

At this season of the year the fashions are settled, the shops are overflowing with beautiful summery materials, and only the needs of the next three months must be considered. Since most of the Summer evenings will be spent in the whirls of the tango, frocks appropriate for the dance, will be absolute necessities. Nothing will make prettier dance frocks than the sheer materials the shops are showing now. Organdy, which is enjoying a great popularity for early Summer wear, will be good, while voile, handkerchief linen and chiffon cloth make charming gowns. These can all be cleansed at home, as they can be put into the tub, so they are by no means an extravagance. For more formal occasions taffeta and lace or taffeta and tulle in combination will be very smart The lovely pompadour taffetas that are, shown this Spring are delightfully girlish, and the blending of color in all of them is extremely good.

* * *

For morning wear the bride will need several skirts of practical materials. Gabardine is an admirable material, rich looking for a cotton cloth and splendid for wear with a sport coat in colors. Pique, linen or any of the new rough surfaced materials are fashionable this Spring will make splendid separate skirts.

* * *

For wear with the skirts, a quantity of blouses will not go amiss, if she is the type that can carry off the mannish styles, then several of the smart waists with the stiff winged collars, stiff cuffs and fetching black ties must be hers. These are also the smartest things of the season and on a girl who wears tailored things well, they will be stunning.

* * *

The going away suit is, of course, of supreme importance, since many of her waking hours the first few weeks may be spent in it. This year she may vary the style and instead of a coat to the suit have one of the fetching long capes. These are worn almost entirely in Paris, and New York is rapidly accepting them. They may be long, short or medium. Some have the little vest that can be detached, others fasten and are held in place by means of the waistcoat bands, that cross in front and fasten in the back They may be thrown over one shoulder in true brigand fashion, which of course adds to the smart effect.

* * *

One very stunning suit appropriate for the bride on her trip was of deep blue gaberdine—and this blue, by the way, is most fashionable—with a Roman stripe girdle and Japanese collar which flared away from the shoulders. A long box-plaited tunic hung almost to the edge of the extremely tight underskirt of the Roman stripe. A chic little hat of lacquered straw with a perfect mob of lacquered birdies fluttering from the crown completed a most effective costume.

* * *

And this brings us to the most interesting of all subjects—hats. The bride cannot possibly have too many styles of head covering, for this is the season of varieties. She must have a Georgette sailor in the lacquered straw for wear with her little suit, a flowered affair or turban for the afternoon stroll in her more severe Summer clothes, and for the lingerie creation a leghorn or lace crin, piled high with blossoms and dainty ribbon arrangements on the bandeaux.

* * *

The bridal lingerie and negligees will be made largely of crepe de chine. This is by far the most satisfactory material to choose, and, since it launders beautifully, has a value all its own. Trousseau, envelope and combinations are flimsy, airy trifles of net or tulle and lace for the trousseau. She will need a lot of this dainty stuff for the more frivolous dressing, for her morning clothes real tailored undergarments, made of fine muslin and trimmed with hemstitching are the newest Parisian dictation. These come in the softest of flesh tints and pinks. Strange that the colors are so subdued, for Paul Poiret is said to be responsible for the fashion, and we do not think of him as a lover of quiet colors.

* * *

Bridge gowns and reception gowns will be necessary for the newly married woman. The number of these she will need depends upon the amount of entertaining she will do.

A dinner gown, which can be used for receptions, is made of taffeta and silk net combined. The skirt of taffeta has a long tunic of the net falling almost to the hem of the skirt, while two saucy flounces of the net flare out from the waistline. The bodice is of lace and tulle, with a square decolletage. A girdle of Dresdan ribbon in yellows and browns is a dainty finish

How June Bride Dresses

Her Bridal Attire, the Going-Away Outfit, an Evening Gown, and as She'll Appear When Out of an Afternoon.

Will It Be a Tricionne?

Millinery is really taking itself seriously. From a few stray models of mid-Summer fluffiness exhibited to wear in some far-away Southern resort we are come to an avalanche of models here, all forward for our viewing suitable for wear right now, and including all sorts and types of straws and lace hats which will be worn when the bluebirds come and from there on.

* * *

Surely this season the woman with a hard face to fit will rejoice with the one who can "wear anything," for hats, like shoes and dresses, must be carefully fitted to the face and be selected with great discretion in order to insure a fashion harmony in one with the costumes in vogue

* * *

Styles and types are all relatively confined to rather small shapes.

Turbans are greatly to the fore, and are being displayed made of a myriad of materials and in great diversity of shape.

* * *

Not the least important are the tricornes. Lewis, the prince of millinery designers, has shaped a tricorne, which we illustrate and which is so diverting in shape and so fascinating in style we wonder if we are not permitted to say of it, "When is a tricorne not a tricorne!" for while its corners are three, and its swirl the unmistakable tricorne set Lewis has given it a most unusual twist and to such an effect we are frankly perplexed, but not disagreeably, so

Its trimming consists of a single cockade, and very properly so, in fact, such a hat as this could be becomingly worn sans any trimming at all.

* * *

Black and white ribbon arranged in a spiral-like wheel is used for the cockade, which is not placed on the brim, but nestles retiringly against the crown.

* * *

In this hat, as in many another of this season's newest models, an especial style distinction is provided in the swirl of the crown or of the brim

Many of this season's newest models are not even dependant upon trimming accessories, the swirl and shape of the brim being so distinctive as to make the question of further adornment almost superfluous

Stray Notes of Fashion

The new crepons are in the market, woven especially to meet the style requirements of the new coat suits.

So similar are these crepons to the old-fashioned homespuns that, were it not for their fairylike lightness of weight compared to the heaviness of the homespun, one would be easily deceived, as the weaves are identical

To take a homespun weave, of the not-squared designs produce it an exceedingly light weight and then crinkle it in crepon effects, is exactly what the French designers have required of manufacturers.

In consequence, we shall be able to [illegible] time season, in cotton goods alone, novelty weaves, more durable [illegible] before, in greater variety, and wide sequence of colors.

* * *

[illegible] wore the white veil has returned in favor—indeed, it never goes quite out of fashion, for it has a subtle and attractive quality. The new varieties are nearly all made of lambour lace in delicate patterns, some with needle run flowers and spirals worked all over them, others only a narrow border along the lower edge. White net, with a plain silk run hem, and other makes of fine white lace are also seen, and these white veils with black hats with excellent results.

* * *

One of the features of the present season is the preference for beige and other Quaker tints in costumes for the street, contrasting agreeably with the futurist eccentricities. For several years black was the favorite wear, then came dark blue, dark green with the relief of bright crimson or tomato. Now we are to have neutral tints, but in the softest and many smart women are wearing most supple of materials, such as voiles crepes and later on sephyre and grenadines.

There is no doubt that pale gray is very becoming to many women, and, besides, it can always be relieved with color. A very charming gray woolen material is made up over white batiste with the merest possible panier effect on both sides. The blouse accompanying it is in mimon of the same shade of gray, and the coat matches the skirt with long revers in white pique. This is one of the coats which is not intended to meet across the chest; consequently the dainty front of the blouse is visible. Pique collars and revers will be much seen on serge and cloth coat and skirt suits.

* * *

Skirts are tighter and trains are small and narrow.

There is a new skirt, however, which is quite likely to find favor. This is the jupe-culotte, which, made in rich and soft charmeuse, forms a very graceful underskirt to an overdress of gold filmet, having each mesh studded with small pearls or its four corners Borders are also touched with the heavier material, which serves to relate the transparency of the upper part, and with this skirt the corsage is of the gold filmet studded and embroidered with pearls. Brilliants form almost a fringe on a skirt of net, for the whole of the top of it, which confines the form of the wearer just a trifle, is one immense butterfly, while the corsage is also similarly decorated.

FOR MILADY'S WARDROBE

Cotton duvetyn promises to be very popular as a Summer fabric. Though the Summer weave is said to be more durable than that worn this Winter, it is almost identical in appearance and would seem a little hot for July or August weather. The smartest combination is a white duvetyn skirt and colored coat of the same material

* * *

Sulphur also blue is a popular combination. Girdles of sulphur moire go beautifully with a navy blue suit

* * *

The hip sash, growing lower and lower every day, is a new Persian influence that promises to dominate the girdle effects for Summer and Fall wear.

* * *

A gradual lengthening of the waist line has been evident for some time This should delight the girl of slender figure, whose long waist has always been her pride and which has been sadly concealed by the fashions of the past few years.

* * *

Those seers who foresee the styles a season or two before their arrival in our midst predict that the straight plaited skirt will be the accepted style for Fall wear.

* * *

One of the most fashionable shades for the afternoon frock is a stone gray, called pierre gray. It is very light, almost suggesting an oyster white. This shade is very smart in the suede glove. These gloves when short are drawn up over the edge of the coat sleeve

Laced boots with uppers of pierre gray suede are much worn this Spring on the boulevards of Paris.

* * *

It appears that the tight seamed waist is an accepted style. Since the skirt [illegible] lines the [illegible] ing its pop[illegible]

* * *

For Summer [illegible] should have several white [illegible] of corduroy, ribbed [illegible] of the new rough [illegible]

* * *

With the high coll[illegible] posed ear, Madame [illegible] new fad The ear must be rouged.

* * *

The smartest parasols for wear have a short handle usually of some dark-toned dark green, dark blue or amethyst The afternoon parasol, to carry with the frilly frocks, are of tulle, chiffon or soft taffeta. Delicate colors are best, yellow, robin's egg blue flesh pink, or a delicate rose

* * *

Crystal flowers are the latest fantasies in the millinery world

* * *

Quaint little bows of black moire ribbon are pinned at the back of the neck of tuff[illegible] gowns when the flaring collar and [illegible] waistcoat are of black tulle or [illegible]

* * *

The gown materials [illegible] suede material will be rather [illegible] this Summer Every fabric seems so adaptable to combinations. Fine crepes with heavier sponge, plain and figured crepes used together, and [illegible] with the popular taffeta

* * *

Some of the shops [illegible] colored handkerchiefs in [illegible] A white for [illegible] chief shows a dainty [illegible] blue, Tuesday a [illegible] any color you may [illegible] the various days of the w[illegible]

Farewell to Frilly Lingerie

The newest fad is to wear plain undercloths This does not mean necessarily cheap lingerie—in fact, what is eliminated in the matter of trimmings is balanced by the superior quality of the muslin or linen. The fancy just now is for hemstitched edges, the hems themselves being of a delicate pink, blue or lavender The great infusion of color in Spring outer garments has its reflection in the nightgowns and some of the combinations which are made entirely of linens in pastel colors. The colored [illegible] undergarment of [illegible] Fr[illegible] mainly [illegible]

The new neck [illegible] into account, although [illegible] many women [illegible] and for these [illegible] only the [illegible] sisting of [illegible] and [illegible] materials are [illegible] machines or some [illegible] but there are other [illegible] in the exquisite shades [illegible] years with the boudoir [illegible] the fashionable woman

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4TH ROSPIGLIOSI PRINCE WINS AN AMERICAN BRIDE

Engagement of Miss Laura Stallo, Heiress, to Carlo Recalls Three Other Romances.

Special Cable to the Boston American.

ROME, May 16.—The flutter caused in society circles here by the announcement that Miss Laura Stallo, daughter of the late Mrs. [illegible] cincinnati all magnate, is engaged to marry Prince Carlo Rospigliosi, has not yet subsided.

This announcement has also caused a sensation in [illegible] that nobody but a few intimates of the Rospigliosi family knew of the attachment between the American heiress and the fifth son of Prince Rospigliosi.

The announcement has also caused a sensation in [illegible] Grand Hotel where Miss Stallo is staying, and ease for the lovers has [illegible] when rumors of "illness" [illegible] circulated at the Duchess Torlonia as he suspected her many blessings of the commander of the [illegible]

GIRL HAD MANY SUITORS.

Carlo enlisted [illegible] and many [illegible] cash- [illegible] all American girl with equal [illegible]

[illegible] believes that [illegible] could accuse her of showing partiality in favor of Prince [illegible]. The betrothal was announced unexpectedly that local folks are keenly curious to [illegible] how it was brought about. [illegible] there is no doubt, however, that the Duchess of Torlonia is responsible for following Rome with another [illegible] American girl with equal [illegible] wealth and accomplishments [illegible] place in local so-

The marriage of Miss Stallo [illegible] Rospigliosi, the [illegible] of which is one of the [illegible] houses, will hold the record [illegible] international alliances with American women.

FOURTH AMERICAN MATCH.

Miss Stallo will be the fourth American to marry a Rospigliosi. First was Miss Mary Bend, the [illegible] wife of Colonel Parkhurst [illegible], who married the late Prince Joseph Rospigliosi. Miss [illegible] Bronson of New York next married Prince Giulio Rospigliosi, and Miss Hazeltine, also of New York, married Prince Lancelot.

Of the three marriages only one [illegible] proved successful—that of Miss Bronson to Prince Giulio. Prince Joseph Rospigliosi married Miss Bend was purely a love affair, but the [illegible] Bend's family [illegible] recognized as a Rospigliosi [illegible] was never admitted to [illegible] social society on account [illegible] scores, which precluded a [illegible] peace with the Prince.

[illegible] the Princess death last Summer, the Princess has not been to Rome, very much preferring Paris [illegible]

COUPLE DRIFTED APART.

Mildred Hazeltine met with even [illegible] worse fate. For several years Prince Ludovico seemed devoted to her. One day, however, something happened, the real nature of which was never divulged. Some say it was [illegible] too much [illegible] others that the Princess got tired of paying her husband's debts.

The couple drifted slowly apart until one day they separated, the Princess returning to New York and the Prince resuming his law practice here.

Society, however, winks when [illegible] Mildred Rospigliosi and her husband. It is said that they will love each other and that many a house trying place could tell of secret meetings between the couple.

Some even go so far as to say that a reconciliation is not improbable, owing to the fact that the Prince leads a model life and seems to have taken a real interest in his [illegible]

PRINCE CARLO IS THRIFTY.

Prince Carlo is one of the most [illegible] of Prince [illegible] and has been known as a professional society man, but has rather shunned the life of leisure, which so many young nobles lead.

[illegible] turn of mind [illegible] costly fortune [illegible] to keep them [illegible] in [illegible] remained [illegible] there [illegible]

He [illegible] Stallo was not [illegible] dential. It is known that the Duchess Torlonia worked a good deal to bring the beautiful American girl that she and the Prince were made for one another.

Now it is being asked how many more American girls will marry into the Rospigliosi family.

As there are [illegible] opportunities [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Worker and Drones

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THE bees have their drones and the human race has its drones.

And among the bees and among human beings, wise Nature arranges to get rid of the drones and leave the world and its wealth to the workers.

The bees do the work of destruction systematically, cruelly and thoroughly at one time.

Among human beings, the work is done just as thoroughly, but more slowly. The working bees kill their drones when there is no longer any need of the power they represent.

The working human beings look on, while the human drones slowly kill themselves with idleness, dissipation and dullness.

♠ ♠ ♠

We human beings would understand ourselves better if we knew more about the insects that live in organized Civilization at our feet or in the air above us.

In proportion to their power, the bees and the ants are infinitely more highly civilized than we are. They are as far above us as the careful, painstaking worker and saver is above the worthless tramp and idler.

For thousands upon thousands of years, before men had dreamed of civilization or settled in great communities, the bees and ants were working out their problems of co-operation, organization, defense and attack.

Aristotle wrote about the bees and their civilization, their laws and their habits, more than two thousand years ago.

With scientific exactness, and from his day to our day, in which such men as Darwin and Buchner have studied the planning, law-giving insect kingdom, there has been in all probability no change whatever in their lives.

Long before men had cities or villages the bees and the ants had their great "nations." Thousands of years ago they knew all that they know now, and they probably know now ALL that they ever can know. So at least it seems to us bigger creatures who study them.

They are our superiors in proportion to their strength, but we are still developing, and therein lies our hope.

♠ ♠ ♠

In a hive of bees there is but one mother. She is queen, and the mother of all the bees that come after her. And there is but one father—he is a drone, and he does not live long.

The queen flies up into the air on her honeymoon trip. She is bigger, more powerful than her sisters, the workers who wait upon her and give up their lives for her.

As she flies upward, one or more of the drones, the male bees, fly with her. The strongest, probably, and the best fitted to be the father of the coming generation, outflies the others.

He is scarcely to be envied in his victory. For when he comes back to the earth he is dead.

From that time on the queen lays her eggs and they hatch. That flight with the drone is the beginning and the end of her romance. After that she devotes herself to eating, laying eggs and receiving the adoring care of her sisters, the working bees. She sees no more of any male while she lives.

Her working sisters lay no eggs—are never mothers. Their only pleasure is work.

The brothers, the other drones, have an easy life for a little while. They do no work. They are big and powerful and proud of themselves. But presently—you shall read the details here as Maeterlinck gives them—they are destroyed.

Then the hive is made up of the queen and the workers, her sisters, and the young bees fed and cared for by the workers.

♠ ♠ ♠

The bees are like human beings in this.

They get the habit of work, and sometimes they continue working for a little while even after work becomes unnecessary—as you see a rich old man still working, though he need not work.

But bees, like others, are spoiled by prosperity. And before long all of them lose the habit of working.

Buchner, the German scientist, observed that near sugar factories in the Barbadoes the bees give up the troublesome work of visiting flowers. They soon learn that they can get all the sugar they want all the year around—which is what the sons of rich men learn very easily.

In warm countries, where flowers bloom all the year, the bees give up the storing up of honey for the Winter—they forget about the cold and rainy day, and only gather enough honey and pollen for each day. To make such bees work, it is necessary systematically to take from them what they have gathered. Like the workers in many tropical countries who disappear when they have enough money to last them for a day, the tropical bee loses the habit of labor.

There are almost five thousand varieties of wild bees. And among them patient study would undoubtedly discover peculiarities as numerous as those among the different kinds of human beings.

You may even find among the bees primitive, ignorant, uncivilized individuals, corresponding with the bushmen of the desert, or even with the cave man of a hundred thousand years ago. One little wild bee, called the Prosopis, you may see flying about in the bushes. If you knew bees and could study her, she would seem to you as different from the prosperous bee of the hive as a half naked bushwoman seems different from the comfortable lady in her furs.

But that little wild bee, half starved, ignorant, is the ancestor of all the civilized bees. And, what is more important, as the scientists point out, it is probably to her that we owe nearly all of our flowers and fruit. A hundred thousand varieties of plants would disappear from the earth if the bees did not visit them, carrying the pollen.

This, however, is an editorial about the destruction of drones. You know how that destruction works out among human beings.

Dissipation, self-indulgence, small families, and then comes the gradual dying out of those that do not work. In Voltaire's day the oldest noble family was a Venetian family. The city of Venice was started in the marshes and the bees by thieves escaping from the law—that shows how quickly the nobility, or the titled drones, die out when the habit of work leaves.

We give you here an intensely interesting extract from Maeterlinck's Life of the Bee, in which he describes how the workers in the hives kill off the male drones when the next generation is assured and they are no longer necessary.

"Before the queen is started on her honeymoon trip toward the sky, the working bees take care of their brothers, the drones, most affectionately. It is highly important that one of them should be the father of the future workers and of the next queen. But the moment one of them has been selected by the queen or has proved his fitness by his superior ability to fly, the drones are a nuisance, eating and doing no work, and their doom is sealed."

Read Maeterlinck's description here and observe the close resemblance between drones in the hive and drones in our human civilization.

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"If skies remain clear, the air warm, and pollen and nectar abound in the flowers, the workers, through a kind of forgetful indulgence, or overscrupulous prudence, perhaps, will for a short time longer endure the importunate, disastrous presence of the males. These comport themselves in the hive as did Penelope's suitors in the house of Ulysses. Indelicate and wasteful, sleek and corpulent, fully content with their idle existence as honorary lovers, they feast and carouse, throng the alleys, obstruct the passages and hinder the work; jostling and jostled, fatuously pompous, swelled with foolish, good-natured contempt; harboring never a suspicion of the deep and calculating scorn wherewith the workers regard them, of the constantly growing hatred to which they give rise, or of the destiny that awaits them. For their pleasant slumbers they select the snuggest corners of the hive; then, rising carelessly, they flock to the open cells where the honey smells sweetest, and soil with their excrements the combs they frequent. The patient workers, their eyes steadily fixed on the future, will silently set things right. From noon till three, when the purple country trembles in blissful lassitude beneath the invincible gaze of a July or August sun, the drones will appear on the threshold. They have a helmet made of enormous black pearls, two lofty, quivering plumes, a doublet of iridescent, yellowish velvet, an heroic tuft, and a fourfold mantle, translucent and rigid. They create a prodigious stir, brush the sentry aside, overturn the cleaners and collide with the foragers as these return laden with their humble spoil. They have the busy air, the extravagant, contemptuous gait of indispensable gods who should be simultaneously venturing toward some destiny unknown to the vulgar. One by one, they sail off into space, irresistible, glorious, and tranquilly make for the nearest flowers, where they sleep till the afternoon freshness awakes them. Then with the same majestic pomp, and still overflowing with magnificent schemes, they return to the hive, go straight to the cells, plunge their head to the neck in the vats of honey, and fill themselves tight as a drum to repair their exhausted strength; whereupon, with heavy steps, they go forth to meet the good, dreamless and careless slumber that shall fold them in its embrace till the time for the next repast.

"But the patience of the bees is not equal to that of men. One morning the long-expected word of command goes through the hive, and the peaceful workers turn into judges and executioners. Whence this word issues, we know not; it would seem to emanate suddenly from the cold, deliberate indignation of the workers; and no sooner has it been uttered than every heart throbs with it, inspired with the genius of the unanimous republic. One part of the people renounce their foraging duties to devote themselves to the work of justice. The great idle drones, asleep in unconscious groups on the melliferous walls, are rudely torn from their slumbers by an army of wrathful virgins. They wake, in pious wonder! They cannot believe their eyes; and their astonishment struggles through their sloth as a moonbeam through murky water. They stare amazedly around them, convinced that they must be victims of some mistake; and, the mother-idea of the hive being first to assert itself in their dull brain, they take a step toward the vats of honey to seek comfort there. But ended for them are the days of May honey, the wine-floater of lime trees and fragrant ambrosia of thyme and sage, of marjoram and white clover. Where the path once lay open to the kindly, abundant reservoirs, that so invitingly offered their waxen and sugary mouths, there stands now a burning-bush all alive with poisonous, bristling stings. The atmosphere of the city is changed; in lieu of the friendly perfume of honey, the acrid odor of poison prevails; thousands of tiny drops glisten at the end of the stings, and diffuse rancour and hatred. Before the bewildered parasites are able to realize that the happy laws of the city have crumbled, dragging down in most inconceivable fashion their own plentiful destiny, each one is assailed by three or four envoys of justice, and these vigorously proceed to cut off his wings, saw through the petiole that connects the abdomen with the thorax, amputate the feverish antennae, and seek an opening between the rings of his cuirass through which to pass their sword. No defence is attempted by the enormous, but unarmed, creatures; they try to escape or oppose their mere bulk to the blows that rain down upon them. Forced on to their back, with their relentless enemies clinging doggedly to them, they will use their powerful claws to shift them from side to side, or, turning on themselves, they will drag the whole group round and round in wild circles, which exhaustion soon brings to an end. And, in a very brief space, their appearance becomes so deplorable that pity, never far from justice in the depths of our heart, quickly returns, and would seek forgiveness, though vainly, of the stern workers who recognize only Nature's harsh and profound laws. The wings of the wretched creatures are torn, their antennae bitten, the segments of their legs wrenched off, and their magnificent eyes, mirrors once of the exuberant flowers, flashing back the blue light and the innocent pride of Summer, now, softened by suffering, reflect only the anguish and distress of their end. Some succumb to their wounds, and are at once borne away to distant cemeteries by two or three of their executioners. Others, whose injuries are less, succeed in sheltering themselves in some corner, where they lie, all huddled together, surrounded by an inexorable guard, until they perish of want. Many will reach the door and escape into space, dragging their adversaries with them; but, toward evening, impelled by hunger and cold, they return in crowds to the entrance of the hive to beg for shelter. But there they encounter another pitiless guard. The next morning, before setting forth on the'r journey, the workers will clear the threshold, strewn with the corpses of the useless giants; and all recollection of the idle race disappears till the following Spring.

"In many colonies of the apiary this massacre will often take place on the same day. The richest, best-governed hive will give the signal; to be followed some days after by the little and less prosperous republics. Only the poorest, weakest colonies—those whose mother is very old and almost sterile—will preserve their males till the approach of Winter, so as not to abandon the hope of procuring the impregnation of the virgin queen they await, and who may yet be born. Inevitable misery following and all the tribe—mother, parasites, workers—collect in a hungry and closely intertwined group, who perish in silence before the first snows arrive, in the obscurity of the hive."

The bees kill their drones. Our human drones kill themselves.

Among the bees that gather honey and the men that gather money Nature works wisely in the same way.

Those that work thrive and the drones die out. Some of them die too slowly---but they all go.

The Nobel Prize Awards Not in the Spirit of His Will

The Witnesses to the Philanthropist's Testament Say He Meant to Give Them to Struggling Talent, Whereas They Have Been Awarded to Opulent Success.

By Dr. LEONARD HWASS,
The Chemical Engineer, a Witness to Alfred Nobel's Will.

AS one of the two witnesses to the will of Dr. Alfred Nobel, I feel it my duty to declare that the spirit of his intentions is not being carried out in the awarding of the Nobel prizes.

It was his intention to help struggling talent with these large money prizes, and not to award them to well established success and persons of wealth, as has been done.

It was in 1894 that I became acquainted with Dr. Alfred Nobel in Paris. He was then sixty years old, but so hale and hearty that his death did not seem an event to reckon with in the near future. Nevertheless, he had a rough draft ready even then of his will, involving almost forty million marks.

A friend of mine, Robert Strehlenert, also a Swede, and myself had just succeeded in producing a thread from cellulose for incandescent mantles, and our success in this direction suggested the thought that an artificial silk might be produced from wood fibre. We spoke of this to Alfred Nobel, who saw the importance of such an invention for the development of the Swedish lumber trade, and as a result he offered to place at our disposal a large sum of money for our experiments. We declined his offer, as Strehlenert found that he had sufficient means of his own for our requirements.

From that hour Nobel seemed to feel for us a remarkable friendship and confidence. He told us that he was looking for two men, preferably Swedes, to witness an extremely important document—men who would be in their prime when he had gone to his last rest, and who would be able to testify, if necessary with inconvenience to themselves, that he had not been suffering from an aberration of the intellect while drawing up that document. We, of course, were willing to act as witnesses of his will.

Two years later he died unexpectedly, leaving only about 1,000 crowns of the thirty-six million Swedish crowns—the equivalent of ten million dollars—to his relatives. The rest, as all the world knows now, was devoted to cultural purposes.

In a few decades, no contemporary of Nobel will be alive. But centuries hence, as long as the earth endures and nations develop and die away, the benefits accruing to all mankind, thanks to that noble conceived will of his, will shine brightly and clearly, like our own Northern Light.

The thought that my humble name is associated with this great work which, thanks to the wisdom of Alfred Nobel, will continue from year to year to benefit generations still unborn, seems to stimulate my conscience into protesting against a continuance of the ill-advised selection of men as recipients of the Nobel prizes.

Personally, I have the utmost respect for the conscientious and unselfish manner in which the executors have sought to acquit themselves of their difficult and delicate task. They have had only the dead letter of Nobel's will, not the living spirit of his forty mind to guide them. and I feel, therefore, that it is my sacred duty to speak out as plainly and as vigorously as I know how, for when the last living witness to that extraordinary document has gone to join the great majority, no rectification of this deep-seated error in judgment will be possible

A few words concerning Nobel's personality may help clarify the situation. He, who possessed a trunkful of orders, never wore one, and because he drew away his enormous fortune he has been called a Socialist. Nobel foresaw this. But he was not even a Social-Democrat. His temperament was a strictly social-economic one. This one hyphenated word is the key to his character. He was a simplicity-loving, high-thinking gentleman, whose hopes centred not in uplifting the masses, but in elevating and strengthening dynamic personalities.

Surely no more remarkable will of his must make this clear; for in making testamentary provisions for benefiting exceptional characters, he signalized his belief that they are the real benefactors of the human race.

He knew from bitter experience how hard the struggle for existence is only too frequently for fine-y organized natures, and his desire was, in his own, often-cited words, "to make life easier for them that dream great dreams."

Such ideal natures he desired to supply with a financial motor for furthering their life-work, it was not his intention to found a capitalistic institute for decorating men who had already attained their zenith in fame and efficiency.

The Nobel prize—this is my first thesis—was devised not as an honorary order but as a prize carrying with it substantial financial aid for workers whose big work remains to be done in the future, work, it must be understood, which advantages humanity at large.

If this first principle had been adhered to, more men would have received it who really have need of it and it would not have gone to those, whose work in the past has been highly commendable and worthy, but who, by dint of that very work, no longer have need of financial assistance.

The mania which at present prevails for honoring men of world-wide renown must be abandoned, and for it must be substituted Nobel's eminently practical conception of making economically independent "the rich men."

This cry and quest for "the greatest" is idiotic.

Thus Edison, without peradventure of a doubt, is the greatest inventor of the age. Nobel would have considered it a huge joke if it had been proposed to "honor" Edison with a Nobel prize. Edison, whose fortune is probably much greater even than Nobel's. For Edison, you perceive, requires neither spur nor financial assistance. He has reached so high a pinnacle of fame and worldly goods that to receive the Nobel prize would mean practically nothing to him. It would be a case of carrying coals to Newcastle. But conceivably, there is more than one young inventor to whom the Nobel prize would be a godsend, affording him the means to devote himself entirely to his chosen work.

Thus, also, adhering to this idea that "the greatest" must receive the prize, Goethe, wealthy and honored, and not Schiller, poor, struggling for recognition and actually in dire need half of the time, would have received the Nobel prize a hundred years ago. If the Stockholm Academy had had the awarding of it. And yet Nobel's great, generous, magnanimous heart would have gone out to unrequited Schiller with a passionate desire to help him. Not the renown enjoyed by a celebrity, but the beauty manifested in the works of an idealist, and giving an earnest of greater work still to be produced should be the fundamental thing to be considered. This is my second thesis.

Nobel left a comparatively small sum to his own relatives, because they were already richly endowed with worldly goods; it follows, as a corollary, that it certainly was not his intention to further endow and enrich strangers who already "had enough money."

I am fortunate in being able to illustrate this point with something Nobel himself said. "The man who has over a hundred and fifty thousand crowns [$40,000]," he said, "is a rich man. Any of in the furthering of some great work, can make his own way. If this sum does not suffice him, larger means would not merely be wasted, but, because tending to emasculate, would be a positive evil."

This dictum of Nobel's should be printed and reprinted, and scattered broadcast throughout the civilized world. For in view of this statement, who will have the hardihood to deny that he thought it an absurdity to shower another hundred and fifty thousand crowns upon a man [illegible] well-to-do, or rich?

[illegible] so vigorously against the perverted use to which his money is being put. "Those who receive the prizes," said Nobel, "are my spiritual heirs"—this, because he had no children of his own. But I am convinced that even if he had had children, although making them part beneficiaries, he would have directed the bulk of his huge fortune to be used as it was his intention to now have it used.

And yet repeatedly this perversion of funds has taken place. If Emile Zola and Count Tolstoi had received the Nobel prize, as it was once proposed they should, they would have presented flagrant cases in evidence. Sienkiewicz, living in state in his ancestral castle, is a case in evidence; so, also, is the latest recipient—the Indian patrician, Tagore.

It has foolishly been suggested that the wealthy man who receives a Nobel prize may retain the "honor," and use the funds for some worthy end. This again is a perversion of Nobel's spirit. It was his distinct purpose to give a personal pleasure with his money. It was his avowed, definitely expressed purpose to contribute to the happiness of men of genius, by removing from their lives the sordid cares which lack of money entails. The inventor was to have his little home and his laboratory; the poet his bungalow in the woods. The amount involved and carried by the prize—one hundred and fifty thousand crowns—if put out at interest, will yield an annual income of six thousand marks ($1,500)—ample means for a man of simple habits who asks nothing but leisure and peace to do his work.

This brings me to my third thesis: Nobel's joy in his will was the consciousness that his inanimate riches would be converted into a living fountain, from which great works through an interminable future would draw their sustenance and support.

And again I quote his very words, "I desire to dedicate my fortune to the service of humanity."

But the service of humanity means nothing else and can mean nothing else than advantageous work still to be performed; no one realized this more keenly than did Alfred Nobel, who himself died in harness.

This is the reason why Nobel, in his will, exhorted his executors to consider that man who, in the past year, has placed the most brilliant achievement on record. He wanted to foster every new twig and branch on humanity's great tree of culture, not to wrap old, full-grown branches in goldfoil.

His money was to continue working for the benefit of humanity, and not to pass, within a few short years, into the hands of the relatives of great men, themselves of no particular consequence, as was the case with Mommsen and with Carducci

Have we heard of any great poem that would not have been produced if it had not been for the Nobel prize? It is, of course, easier to determine the promising workers in the fields of physics, chemistry and medicine than to discover upward-striving literary talent, and yet this, too, might be compassed, if the press of every country would take a vote among its readers as to the new bright stars on the literary horizon.

My co-witness, Dr. R. W. Strehlenert, of Gothenburg, makes the following statement to accompany mine.

"When the rich relatives of Alfred Nobel contested his will, it fell to me, as witness for the defense, to listen to a saying of Alfred Nobel's which created a profound impression in court:

"'I account those men my relatives with whom I live in spiritual communion. That is my reason for desiring to help not men of action, but those idealists who find difficulty in substantiating their dreams.'

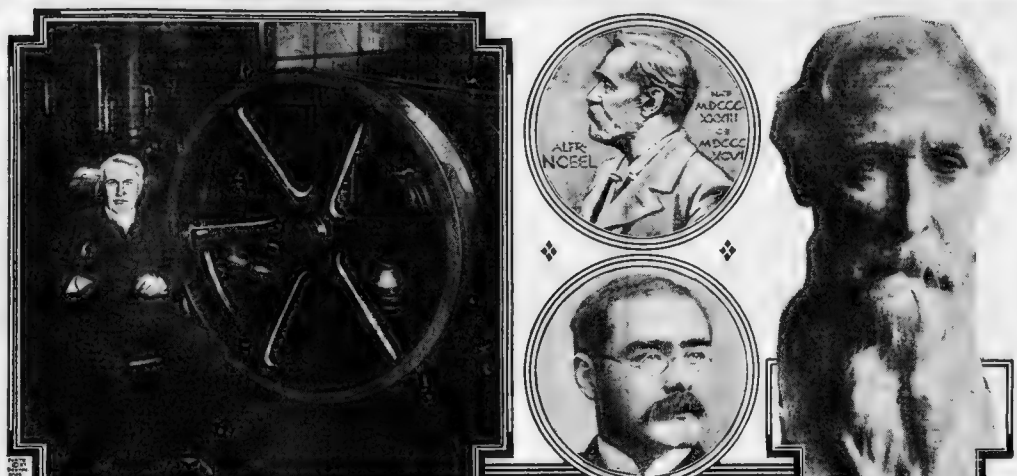
"Certainly, as Dr. Leonard Hwass has stated above, the Nobel prize was not to be an old accomodal, or an order of honor. Nobel designed the prize as a social-economic engine for removing sordid care from the path of deserving and still intellectually active and creative men. I can emphatically vouch for it that precisely this was his intention.

"It seems that my word is necessary to corroborate Dr. Hwass's statement, for, to my exceeding amazement, the Swedish press printed only brief extracts from his remarkable and excellent presentation of the case.

"Assuredly also it was not Nobel's intention that the money with which he wished to dower adherents of the spirit should be deflected for the building of a sumptuous palace. He, whose left hand never knew what the right was doing, hated all idle show and pageantry. Such a palace would be a lasting monument to the execrable habit of crowning celebrities, while the struggling dreamers, the patient sufferers for some misunderstood great cause or new idea are overlooked, forgotten and crushed.

"Nobel's object, I attest was to help further the continuous progress of ideal work, serving humanity in a simple, unostentatious and practical way. A wonder palace, such as has been proposed, would have been abhorrent to him in the last degree.

"To use Nobel's money for this purpose would be to put it to a more extravagantly unsuitable use than heretofore, and the unbelievable absurdity of such a project impels me to range my evidence with that of Dr. Hwass."



Thomas A. Edison, the Great and Rich American Inventor, in His Workshop. The Award of a Nobel Prize of $40,000 to Him for Scientific Achievement Was a Misappropriation of the Donor's Intent, According to the Will's Witnesses.

The Nobel Medal Bearing the Likeness of the Philanthropist; Below It, Rudyard Kipling, the Famous English Writer; at the Right, Rabinadrath Tagore, the Bengalese Poet, Both Instances of Misapplied Awards, According to Dr. Leonard Hwass.

The Bad Manners of American Society Girls——By the Late Frederick Townsend Martin

[This was one of a series of articles written for this newspaper by Mr. Martin, the leader of New York society, immediately before his recent death, which has caused such widespread sorrow in society and among persons of all classes who knew him. —Editor.]

UNLESS there is a sudden change for the better I feel sure that the time will soon be here when our young girls will no [illegible] allow their fathers' beards and slapping their mother's faces in public.

When I am asked what is the most disturbing feature in society I must reply unqualifiedly, "The almost total decay of good manners among our fashionable young girls and also among our very young women." The charge that we older people are merely "old fogies" is lacking in strength to reach us in this connection. For what I am here discussing is almost universally admitted and lamented.

One hears among these giddy young creatures slang which is totally incomprehensible. One wonders from what source it is derived. Perhaps one is having tea at the home of a friend. There are no sounds but the soft conversational voices of the assembled guests and the far off rumble of the city's life. Suddenly the bell rings furiously. Two girls of sixteen or eighteen years upon being admitted, slam the door behind them and the conversation which follows resounds through the whole house

"Gimme the chocolates."

"Cut it out."

"Hully gee, kid, you're sticking close to things lately."

"I'll soak you one if you try to take 'em."

One of the most sacred things to a cultivated person of our race is our Milton's English. It seems to me that it should be the peculiar duty of the people who inherit cultural opportunities to preserve and keep pure this most precious treasure. When one hears it degraded by the poor lost people of the slums, one reflects that it is, after all, not their fault. To find it so misused by people of culture, opportunities is most disappointing.

Let me understand, of course, as not claiming that all young society girls so far forget themselves as to go on in the way I have described. That would be far from the truth. But these conditions are in fact so widespread as to demand most serious consideration on the part of all the parents and friends of these girls. Let us admit at once that the parents are most of all to blame. And yet not entirely so, because the girls can hardly be kept from the companionship of those of their own age. Even the best trained and most refined young girl, when she finds that it is thought smart to be a hoyden and old-fashioned, and silly to have good manners, soon finds herself going along with the crowd.

I have sometimes thought that the shrieking voices of these girls resulted from the fact that they were not given a proper amount of physical exercise. Life in a modern city tends to certainly repress them. The natural and natural gayety of their young lives must break forth in some way. So it comes forth in the form of shouting and loud laughter

Of all the varieties of social intercourse that of restrained and dignified conversation is one of the most essential. Even very small children may be taught to speak quietly and yet naturally. But our young girls too often develop the habit of mere chattering. That is, they will race on and on in their talk regardless of what the other person is saying or thinking. Three girls of sixteen will all talk at the same time at a rate which would make an understanding of any one of them impossible. Their schools do not seem to teach them that each word has a specific value which must be weighed and considered before the word is uttered. The habit of chattering prevents the development of an orderly mind.

And yet parents should be held accountable It is perhaps the most essential duty of their life to watch over the education of their children. It has long since been a recognized fact that American fathers, their time being completely taken up by their daily vocations, do not develop the habit of assisting in the education of their children. Very often they are hardly acquainted with their boys and girls

Of course no one doubts for a moment the entire competency of our American mothers. If they would set themselves to the task of correcting this error it would be quickly accomplished. But mothers seem to have forgotten that their young daughters need constant supervision in both their education and their amusements. I cannot see that it is possible to safely disregard the old system of careful chaperonage. Mature women will ultimately use their new found freedom in the best possible way. But the idea that children can be left to themselves, that they do not need much help in character building, is a dangerous and ruinous fallacy I regret to say that very often at the parties and dances of our young people the chaperons take their duties as a joke. They may be found, for instance, at a game of cards on one floor of a house, while the children are dancing or playing games on another floor.

Another most dangerous feature in connection with this matter is the deplorable practice of taking young girls to restaurants at early hours in the morning. These tender creatures should be home and in bed before midnight

When their parents see them later paying the price in the shape of a worn-out nervous system and a complete loss of beauty, they will often find it too late to make amends. I wonder what the family physician says concerning this practice

Much has been said and written for and against the many new dances which are now so much in vogue. I have already expressed myself as favoring some and being very much opposed to others. The worst of these dances are an unutterable evil even when indulged in by people of mature years. But when taken part in by our girls and young unmarried women these dances are simply wicked. Whatever parents can be thinking of when they permit such performances is totally beyond my understanding. They would be the first to maintain that their girls must be kept pure and sweet.

Strange, indeed, is the fact that the very time when parents and teachers are beginning to educate the young in matters of sex, these abnormal and degrading practises should be developed among the young. But they simply cannot continue. The people who lead public sentiment in these matters are simply too sound of both mind and heart to let it go on

These girls in a very few years will find themselves in the possession of great wealth. They will be supervising homes and taking no small part in important public affairs. Very often they will

To Save Our Valuable Migratory Birds from Lobbying "Game Hogs"

Dr. W. T. Hornaday Urges the Necessity of a Nation-Wide Protest Against the Selfish and Wicked Attemps to Kill the Law That Protects the Nation's Chief Weapon Against Insect Pests That Do $420,000,000 Damage Every Year.

By Dr. WILLIAM T. HORNADAY,
Director New York Zoological Park.

IF the people of the United States will tamely submit to have the law that was made last year, at their overwhelming demand, now dragged through the mud and trampled upon because it protects birds altogether too well to suit the game hogs then I entirely mistake their moods and tenses.

Of course the enemies of the law will declare it "unconstitutional." We always knew that they would. And what of it? Since when has it become the policy of this great Government to sit still and permit every law of Congress to be spurned and ignored "until it has been tested in the U. S. Supreme Court, and declared constitutional?"

What new form of anarchy are we to have next? And what are we to think of Senators who discredit their own laws?

The law now at stake is the best bird law ever passed. The President of the United States issued a proclamation urging its thorough enforcement. It is the great bugbear of the pot hunters, for that class, while regarding State legislation lightly, are wholesomely afraid of Uncle Sam. So this measure, which is the farmers' and fruit growers' best possible protection against an average annual loss of more than $420,000,000 by the depredations of insect pests, has to be put out of commission. The birds, which belong to no one State, but to all the States, and which are the chief enemy of crop-devouring insects, must be left at the mercy of the game hogs—even the robins and the woodpeckers.

And note the pretext upon which the enemies of the law would nullify it pending a Supreme Court decision concerning the law's "constitutionality": It is claimed that if Congress were to grant the annual appropriation of $100,000 needed to enforce the law, or even the $50,000 oppropriation for which the House of Representatives stood as a unit, the Government would have on its "perpetual payroll" an army of special game wardens. Should the law be found unconstitutional these employes, with nothing more to do, would still have to be paid. This is equivalent to saying that the Government can make no time contracts for services.

This is no time to mince words. Just as fast as we can get hold of them we purpose giving to the public the names of the men who propose to assassinate the people's best bird law with the dagger of non-support.

The game-killing enemies are thickest in Missouri, southern Illinois, eastern Kansas and Arkansas; and they are determined and dangerous. Those of the Kansas City region are represented in the United States Senate by Senator James A. Reed, who fully indorses their views. He holds, as they do, that the law is "unconstitutional," and that therefore they are under no obligation to obey it if they choose to run the risk of defying it. This statement is based on direct personal knowledge obtained on February 26, 1914, and not on hearsay.

Senator Joe T. Robinson, of Arkansas, who appears most anxious to discredit the law, endeavored to have the whole $50,000 appropriated by the House of Representatives for the enforcement of the law stricken out, and once he actually accomplished that end. Afterward, at the earnest solicitation of Senator McLean, the paltry sum of $10,000 was restored, which is the same as nothing at all.

We know, positively, how 95 per cent of the people of the United States feel about the Federal migratory bird law, and about the need of an international treaty to back it up in Canada. They want them both! They know the immense value of insectivorous birds to the market-hunted and the dinner-pail.

Knowing well where they stand, we now pull aside the curtain and point to the enemies of their best bird law, who are now going about with their knives out, proclaiming offhand that "the law is unconstitutional," and refusing to give it a square deal!

And so, then, a few Senators refuse to appropriate even $50,000 to enforce the law that they helped to enact, and deliberately do they elect to bring that law into public contempt by non-enforcement. I refer to the Senate Committee on Agriculture. And this is the prospect when many States are now cooperating in the enforcement of the Federal law, and several have actually revised their laws to make them conform to the national statute.

Already we know that the national Government is being severely criticised because in some localities the law is not being adequately enforced. This discontent, if it continues, will grow into a storm of disapproval.

Before us at this writing are editorial protests printed in newspapers representing all sections of the country. Every mail adds to such expressions of public sentiment, while the number of letters received from farmers and fruit growers shows how vitally interested these industries are in having our Federal bird law enforced.

I am taking the liberty of quoting one such letter—from Mr. G. A. Hollinger, a representative fruit grower in the State of New Jersey. Mr. Hollinger writes:

"I am a farmer, raising fruit and flowers for sale in their seasons. I also have several fish ponds and raise gold fish and carp, and have tried to raise trout, but have been prevented by fish thieves.

"I have written today to Hon. Mr. James E. Martine, United States Senator from our State, asking him to do his best to get an appropriation passed to enforce the law to protect the insect-eating birds. I have been for years almost daily annoyed by trespassers, pot hunters, mostly foreigners, who come to shoot the birds on my farm and rob my fish ponds. In one instance they fired a shotgun at me. I saved my life only by getting behind a large tree.

"We farmers very much need the help of the insect-eating birds, in order to raise any crop of fruit at all, especially peaches and apples. Plums suffer greatly from the peach and pear borer insects. If the birds were killed off we could increase our fruit ten fold and thus bring down the prices. I am perfectly willing to let the robins eat a few of my cherries, as they are great insect-eaters.

"I thank you for the great services that you have rendered to the noble cause of bird protection and to the farmers. I trust that we will all be successful in getting rid of the bandits who murder the farmers' best friends—the birds."

Not only the "best friends" of farmers, but of the entire population, which is wrestling with the problem of the constantly increased cost of living. The public should awake to the fact that there is a direct connection between the high cost of living and the depredations of the bird pot-hunters.

The 5,000,000men and boys who are slaughtering our birds are levying tribute on every American pocketbook. An immense number of birds of great economic value are being slaughtered annually. Many of our best bird species are on the toboggan slide toward extermination.

The destruction of these birds means:

A great increase in the armies of destructive insects.

A great decrease in our agricultural products, and a great loss to consumers and to farmers.

These insect pests are preying upon everything in the vegetable kingdom that man is producing and upon many domestic animals as well. As their bird enemies decrease the insect hordes increase. When 2,570,000 acres of wheat are destroyed in Indiana and Ohio in one year by the Hessian fly, as happened in 1900, does anyone believe that such an occurrence does not raise the price of wheat? Of the loss to the wheat growers we are absolutely sure.

In 1904 the United States Department of Agriculture made a study of the annual loss to the people of this country by the ravages of destructive insects. The following table summarizes the result of that inquiry, the figures showing the loss in a single year:

Product.	Per cent of loss.	Amount of loss.
Cereals	10	$200,000,000
Hay	10	53,000,000
Cotton	10	60,000,000
Tobacco	10	5,300,000
Truck crops	10	53,000,000
Sugars	10	5,000,000
Fruits	10	27,000,000
Farm forests	10	11,000,000
Miscellaneous crops	10	5,300,000
Total loss		$420,100,000

The codling moth and curculio apple pests cost us about $8,250,000 a year for spraying operations and $12,000,000 a year in shrinkage of value in the apple crop.

The cinch bug wheat pest some years costs us $20,000,000.

The cotton boll weevil costs the cotton planters yearly $20,000,000.

The tree insect pests cost the nation $100,000,000 annually

The grasshoppers, cut worms, army worms, wire worms, leaf hoppers and other insects cost the nation annually more millions than can be estimated accurately.

Now, have we not paid this price about long enough?

The value of the birds destroyed for "game" and for "food" is not equal to one one-thousandth of the value they would save to the national wealth if permitted to live.

Regarding the slaughter of our birds, the increase of insect pests and the losses they inflict upon us, the great mass of the American people is sound asleep. The situation is illogical, absurd and intolerable. As reasoning beings it is our duty to take hold of this subject like MEN, stop the abuse, stop the disgrace and avoid some of the loss.

The American people do not realize that scores of species of the birds that sportsmen and pot hunters are regularly allowed to shoot for sport are of immense value to agriculture. How many men are there out of every thousand who know that at least thirty species of shore birds feed upon noxious insects, and are immensely valuable to our agricultural industries? But mark this well: If the Federal migratory bird law is enforced—as we say it MUST BE—*it will give absolute and permanent protection to fifty-four out of our sixty species of shore birds!*

Now just look at the following record of what has been going on, to our loss, but which WILL BE STOPPED if the migratory bird law is enforced by a proper annual appropriation:

How many Americans out of every thousand know the immense value of our song-birds, swallows, woodpeckers, blackbirds, quail, doves and nighthawks in destroying countless millions of noxious insects?

How many people in the North know that the negroes and poor whites of the South annually slaughter millions of valuable insect-eating birds for food? Around Avery Island, La., during the robin season (in January, when the berries are ripe), Mr. E. A. McIlhenny says that during ten days or two weeks at least 10,000 robins are each day slaughtered for the pot. "Every negro man and boy who can raise a gun is after them!" And now that cotton is up to twenty cents a pound the gun problem is solved!

There are six States in which the robin is regularly and legally being killed as game. They are Louisiana, Mississippi, Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee and Florida.

There are five States that expressly permit the killing of blackbirds as "game": Louisiana, South Carolina, Tennessee, District of Columbia, Pennsylvania.

Cranes are killed and eaten in Colorado, Nevada, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oklahoma.

In twenty-six States doves are regularly killed as game, much to the loss of the farmers.

The shore birds are being fast exterminated by sportsmen and pot hunters, who kill them for food. The Eskimo curlew is totally extinct, and other species are fast going over the same road. Nothing in this world will save this group of birds except enforcement of Federal protection of migratory birds. The way the whole group of shore birds is being exterminated is nothing less than a crime, and yet at least thirty members of this group are of a great value to all of us, because of the great numbers of crop-destroying insects that they annually consume.

The champion pest destroyer is the loggerhead shrike. Fifty-nine per cent of its food is insects and twenty-eight per cent is crop-destroying rodents.

The nighthawk feeds exclusively upon insects, and nearly everybody knows that this is the case with the woodpecker. Yet these and more than a score of other insect-destroying birds are sacrificed by pot hunters in the North and South. No bird is small and insignificant enough to escape their ruthless guns.

At the headquarters of the New York Zoological Society are jars containing the dead bodies of forty-three valuable insectivorous birds that were taken from two Italian pot hunters in the suburbs of New York in October, 1905.

The law now on the statute books, which will be worthless in the absence of an appropriation sufficient to enable its enforcement, is admirably calculated to stop this wasteful slaughter. It protects for a period of five years the rapidly diminishing species of insect-devouring shore birds by establishing during that period a "closed season" the year round. Within that period, with this law properly enforced, these valuable birds would increase enormously, and every year their services to the farmers would repay a hundred fold the cost of their preservation.

The maid body of the enemies of this law consists of spring shooters, who are determined to shoot and slaughter game birds in the spring, when they migrate northward for the mating and nesting season.

This is the season, obviously, when the birds should not be molested in any way. The natural increase of the different species needs comparatively small interference to result in eventual extermination.

Some of the State laws are disgracefully lax, and the slaughter of game birds in spring goes on to the uttermost limit which they will permit.

We now have a satisfactory Federal law. Our fight is to secure the appropriation necessary to enforce it. The following are some of the more important principles set forth by the United States Biological Survey ,on which the law's regulations have been based:

To limit the list of migratory game birds to the species properly so-called and to eliminate all species that can be considered legitimate game or that are too rare to be longe hunted for sport or profit. This list has been made to conform as closely as possible with the statutory definitions of game.

To prevent spring shooting.

To protect migratory birds between sunset and sunrise.

To provide protected flight lines along at least three of the great navigable rivers.

To make the seasons approximately equal in length in different parts of the country.

To limit the hunting seasons to a maximum of three or three and one-half months.

To regulate these seasons according to latitude and times of migration, and to adjust them so that there may be reasonable opportunity of securing thirty days' shooting of any species at a given place.

To provide separate seasons for water fowl, rail, shore birds and woodcock. The woodcock seasons are made to conform as nearly as possible with the seasons for upland game under State laws, so that there will be no opportunity in close seasons to hunt quail or grouse under the guise of shooting woodcock.

To curtail hunting at the end instead of the beginning of the open season, in the interest of both the birds and the sportsmen.

To utilize all the protection now afforded by the close seasons under State laws and extend these seasons where necessary.

The probable effect of these regulations may be briefly stated as follows:

Uniformity in protection of migratory game and insectivorous birds in their several States

Protection of birds in Spring while en route to their nesting grounds and while mating.

Uniformity in protection of migratory birds at night.

Establishment of protected migration routes along three great rivers in the central United States.

Complete protection for five years for the smaller shore birds and other species which have become greatly reduced in numbers.

Reduction of the open season on migratory game birds, but in most cases not more than 25 to 50 per cent.

Now, is there anything in these provisions that appears "unconstitutional?" If this law is "unconstitutional," then so are the laws against stream-pollution, against the spread of epidemics, against illegal shipment of birds, and against the white slave traffic.

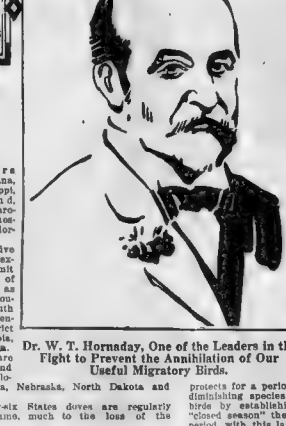
Are the selfish interests of game hogs and 5,000,000 pot hunters of all sorts of birds mainly insectivorous, to weigh against the constantly increasing cost of living to the whole population, that is to a great extent responsible for the $420,000,000 annual crop loss through the depredations of insect pests?

The defense of the most valuable birds of our continent is now up to the press and the American people at large. The officers on the firing line have done all that they can do for the promotion and the enforcement of our unrivalled and world's best bird laws. Today (May 3) the Senate is obdurate ,and the outlook is very bad. The Spring-shooting game hogs of Kansas City and round about, for a radius eastward of 25 miles, are active and dangerous. Their champions in the Senate hat ethe law and will destroy it if they can. All the 1,800 game hogs of Western Missouri care about is the privilege of slaughtering ducks and geese during January, February and March. And they call themselves "sportsmen!"

If the law does not get at least $50,000 for its enforcement in 1914-15, it will be dragged through the mire and discredited, and the pot hunters will go on slaughtering birds. The law IS CONSTITUTIONAL; but it would take at least a year to get a decision on it in the U. S. Supreme Court. That law is not a Congressional joke or a legislative football. Congress made it because the people demanded it en masse; and only fourteen men in Congress had the hardihood to defy their constituents and vote against it!

Now, fellow Americans, who shall rule—the game hogs, or the millions who want to keep down the price of cereals, fruit and lumber by protecting the insect-eating birds? Give your Senator your answer.

Beside the "Game Hogs," the Greatest Enemies of the Nation's Migratory Birds Are the Negroes of the South and Italian Laborers, Both of Whom Shoot Hundreds of Thousands of Robins, Woodpeckers and Similar Birds All the Year. The Upper Photograph, Taken Near Atlanta, Ga., Shows Two "Pot Hunters" of This Character, with Robins.



Dr. W. T. Hornaday, One of the Leaders in the Fight to Prevent the Annihilation of Our Useful Migratory Birds.

Two Kansas City Spring Killers of Wild Birds. These Scores of Duck Were Killed in March, 1913, During the Nesting Season. The People Who Believe in This Kind of "Sport" Are Trying to Kill the Federal Law, Which Would Prevent Such Wanton and Cruel Slaughter.

The Importance of Keeping Up Appearances

By HUBERT BLAND,
the Famous English Essayist.

THE longer I live, and the more sharply I look about me, the higher do I value appearances, and the more fully and clearly do I realize the hollowness and the folly of the attempts of platitudinarian moralists to depreciate and to decry them.

It is true enough, of course, that, as Gilbert says, "Things are not always what they seem; that a certain amount of skimmed milk does, in fact, masquerade as cream." But, even so, if the skimmed milk were conscious, like unto you and me, and, feeling profoundly discontented with its unworthiness, did its best to put on the airs and aspect of cream, the effort would be greatly to its credit, I think.

It is not enough to be content to appear to be what you are, unless you have the luck to be something superlatively fine—which is most unlikely. One might almost call it sheer vanity, peacockery. Self-complacence has never been accounted a virtue.

I have the deepest and widest sympathy with those in all conditions of life who try to keep up appearances, even when the try is a failure. They are a pathetic, but, at the same time, an ennobling spectacle. The pain-worn invalid, for example, who declines to give in to his ailment, who keeps his chin up and strives to strut with the swagger of health, is indeed and in truth doing his best to make the world a better place for other people.

Yes, and he is doing something more than that. He is probably doing no little more than medical science could do for him toward the cure, or, at any rate, the mitigation, of his own complaints. The New Psychology teaches us that the best way to be well is absolutely and determinedly to seek to appear well. If you feel dourly on rising in the morning, for instance, on no account must you admit to yourself that you are dumpish; still less must you look dourly. On the contrary, you must slap your chest with vigor, asservate to the listening walls of your bedroom in stentorian tones: "I am well—I am splendidly well"; go down to your bath whistling the "Cock o' the North" or some other invigorating air, and the chances are that ere your ablutions are complete every trace of your despondency will have gone.

On the merits of such a course of treatment for depression, I am told, all the highest medical authorities are agreed. Could there be better testimony to the value of keeping up appearances?

Personally, I believe the principle to be of well-nigh universal application. In a sentence to try to appear to be something that you are not is the best of all ways to become that something, whatever it may be. The coward who affects courage will, in all probability, shed something of his cowardice. The fool who tries to appear clever will end by being at least much less of a fool than when he began.

Do we not all know the plain woman who, by valiantly setting herself to imitate the airs and graces of a beauty, ends by attaining, if not beauty itself, at any rate most of the worldly advantages that beauty confers on its veritable possessor? Consider the wives of the richest men you know. Are they, at the same time, the prettiest women? Not a bit of it! But there are women who knew how to appear pretty at the psychological moment, as it were; who knew how "to make the best of themselves," as they themselves would put it.

The attempt at appearances is, at least, an indication of the possession of an ideal. The little cad who seeks to look like a gentleman, and to act like a gentleman, thereby ceases to be a little cad. Moreover, he proves that in the soul of him he holds gentlemanliness to be a higher and a more desirable state than caddishness. His endeavor may be vain, and in our thoughtlessness we may laugh at it; but I can't help feeling that a few tears should mingle with our laughter "Such mortal things should touch the mind," as Virgil has it.

Let me point my moral with a true story.

I once knew a woman author—and an uncommonly clever woman author she was, and is, for her abilities have received recognition now, and her name appears over her work in most of the high-class magazines here and in America. But for years, for some unexplained reason, she experienced the greatest difficulty in getting her manuscripts accepted.

As she herself told me, every morning's post brought back sheaves of them, returned sometimes with thanks, sometimes with none

At last a brilliantly new idea occurred to her. She took her courage in both hands, and spent a fearsome part of her slender capital in the purchase of a resplendent hat, a jacket that suggested almost wicked affluence, with a gown and gloves to match hat and jacket. Then she hired a brougham, the smartest that a West-End job-master could turn out, and she went and called on editors.

From that day her luck, as she called it, turned. But, of course, it was not luck; it was sheer management. Not only were her manuscripts accepted with enthusiasm, but prices rose steadily, and to-day she can visit the Bond street costumer's and the Oxford street job-master's without a qualm.

She invested in appearances, you see, and the investment turned out to be gilt-edged. Of course, there was something behind the appearance—one must admit that—but that something behind would have spelled poverty unto this hour had it not been for the appearances themselves!

Clothes, I take it, are appearances. Anyhow, they are that part of us which most saliently appears. They are, when you come to think of it, about all of us that does appear; and they are part of us, or should be. The men and women whose clothes are not part of them are men and women badly dressed.

Well, now, does anyone in his senses doubt the transcendent importance of clothes? Does any philosophic and thoughtful mind question for a moment their effect upon conduct and, therefore, finally, upon character? If you who read this article question it, put the matter to experiment. Go for a fortnight without brushing your coat, and never read another line I write if at that fortnight's end you do not make the dismal discovery that your soul is dusty and wants brushing, too. Do you fondly imagine that soldiers would fight as they do first if the War Offices of the world were to dress them like dustmen or like convicts?

As it is, I have my suspicions that the indignificent khaki had something to do with our reverses in South Africa, that we should have done better to have stuck to scarlet and gold lace. Did you ever see a Hussar's hanging jacket of old time—that decorative, elegant, hampering garment—if it can be called a garment—with its sleeves hanging loose? It served no purpose but one, and that one "bluff." But the man who invented and fashioned that jacket was a genius, and knew men to the core of their beings. He knew that, clap that jacket on the shoulders of the veriest poltroon, and he would, with a laugh on his lips, ride into the jaws of death.

In other words, keep up appearances, by all means, but see to it that the appearance you keep up are worthy to appear.

$25,000 IN MONEY PRIZES FOR YOU WITH THIS STORY

THE PERILS OF PAULINE

Presented by the Hearst Sunday Newspapers in Collaboration with the Famous Pathe Players in a Photo-Play Serial Novel

SYNOPSIS OF PREVIOUS INSTALMENTS.

Sanford Marvin, a wealthy manufacturer of automobiles, has worn himself out by overwork. His son, Harry, and his adopted daughter, Pauline, love each other, but she wants two years of thrilling experiences seeing life before marrying. Her reason is that she is ambitious to be a writer. Old Mr. Marvin asks to see what she has written. While Pauline and Harry are in search of a magazine containing her story, Mr. Marvin opens the case of a mummy which has just arrived from Egypt. Raymond Owen, theatrical secretary, helps lift off the front of the case, but leaves the old man to remove the mummy's wrappings alone. Mr. Marvin, during a faintness, sees the half-exposed mummy come to life, step out of her case, take a bracelet from her wrist and try to force it into his nerveless grasp, while her lips whisper a strange message from the remote past.

Restored to consciousness by Harry and Pauline, the old man believes it to be a dream until later he finds the identical bracelet on the mummy's skeleton wrist. He promises Pauline one year to see life and places her in the guardianship of Owen. A final heart attack gives him just time to write on the doctor's prescription blank a very brief will. Then he dies. A lawyer tells Owen that he would have permanent charge of Pauline's estate if something should happen to her before marriage. Hicks, a racetrack man, whispers a suggestion to Owen, but the secretary refuses to have anything to do with him, for the time at least. Hicks and Owen introduce a reformed pirate, who tells Pauline of hidden treasures, and they take passage to the island of Nassau to recover the treasure.

A clock-work bomb is exploded on the yacht chartered to seek for the treasure, and Pauline and Harry (who had gone along as a half-breed cook) narrowly escape death.

At the reception in honor of Signor Baskinelli, the distinguished musician, it is proposed that all the guests visit New York's "Chinatown."

Written by Charles Goddard.

The Distinguished Playwright

CONTINUED FROM LAST SUNDAY.

CHAPTER X.

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A FLUTTER of polite alarm attended Signor Baskinelli's invitation.

From the sheltered glitter of a Fifth avenue drawing room to Chinatown was a plunge a little too deep for many of those present.

But Baskinelli was insistent, and Pauline was his ardent and efficient recruiting officer. Quite a little troop train of limousines carried the invaders from the campof the fashionable to the uncelestial haunts of the Celestials.

Baskinelli rode in the car with Pauline and Owen. He had cast off the dignity of the master musician and assumed an air of whimsical recklessness that suited him better.

Harry and Lucille were in the following car.

"Oh, please stop fidgeting," exclaimed Lucille. "I'm as nervous as you are."

"I know," said Harry, "but I hate to have her alone with that little black snake for five minutes."

"Owen is with them."

"Owen is worse."

The machines drew up in Chatham Square, and the little scintillant procession that moved across to Doyers street—dainty slippers on blackened cobblestones, light laughter tinkling under the thunder of the "L," human brightness brushing past the human shadows from the midnight dens—made contrasts picturesque as a pageant in a catacomb.

Pauline, on the arm of the chattering Baskinelli, led the way.

"Isn't this splendid?" she exclaimed. "I am sure you won't disappoint me, Signor Baskinelli. I hope you aren't going to show us a happy Chinese family at supper. Only the most dreadful sights amuse me."

"Ah, but we must not take risks," replied Baskinelli. "There are some beings in the world, Miss Marvin, so exquisitely precious that a man would commit sin if he placed them in peril."

Pauline stopped in the middle of the street.

"But only the worst and wickedest places," she admonished Baskinelli.

He leaned suddenly very near to her. "Do you really mean that, Miss Marvin?" he asked.

"Indeed I do," she answered.

"Very well. But first we shall go to the new restaurant. It is yet too early for the worst and wickedest to be abroad—or, rather, to seek their lairs.

They climbed a brightly lighted staircase into one of the ordinary Chinese restaurants of the better sort which are conducted almost entirely for Americans, and where Boston baked beans are as likely as not to nudge almond cakes on the bill of fare and champagne flow as commonly as tea.

They gathered around one of the larger of the cheaply inlaid tables, and Baskinelli took command of the feast.

Harry sat in grim silence, watching Pauline like a protecting dragon. Lucille was sick at heart and repentant of coming. The others chatted merrily among themselves. But by common consent Pauline seemed to have been surrendered to the attentions of the evening guest, who had become a mid night host.

He leaned toward her with an ardor that he did not even attempt to disguise from the others. "You are the most wonderful woman in"——

"Please make, it the universe," pleaded Pauline. "There are so many most wonderful women in the world."

"No, let us say chaos," he whispered. "The universe is governed by laws. Even the stars ride their rings to the lash of eternal order. The chaos of a man's heart can be ruled only by the charming uncertainty of woman."

The intensity of his words brought to Pauline again the same little twinge of alarm that she had felt just before she fled from him in the conservatory. Unconsciously she looked around for Harry. It was the last thing in the world she had meant to do. She was angry at herself in an instant, for his fixed, guarding gaze was upon her. She met his eyes and turned quickly to Baskinelli.

"Chaos? I've always loved that word," she flashed. "There must be so many lovely adventures where there are no laws."

"I said the chaos in a man's heart could be RULED—by a woman," said Baskinelli.

The impudence of this sudden love making moved her unexpectedly to defiance.

"Please LET it be ruled, Signor Baskinelli," she said, turning away from him.

"I offer a thousand apologies. I am a fool. You will forgive me?"

"This once."

He had sense enough to see that he had gone too far. He turned to the others as the soft-footed Orientals began to spread the mixed and mysterious viands on the table. He noted Harry's glowering eyes. He glanced at Owen. By the slightest movement imaginable, by the least uplift of his black brows, Owen answered. For the first time Baskinelli knew that the lovely quarry he pursued had a protector—and no mean, no weak protector.

But the arrival of the repast quickly covered the general embarrassment with a film of conversation. Not that the embarrassment was very serious. Everybody knew — everybody could see—Pauline and Harry had had a quarrel and that Pauline was flirting outrageously with Baskinelli simply for revenge—that is, everybody except Harry could see it.

"Pardon me, but is that what you call a graft investigation that you are making, Miss Hamlin?" inquired Baskinelli of Lucille.

"No, but the fool is so funny. There are so many queer things present, but unidentified," laughed Lucille.

"Like a reception to a foreign artist," interrupted Harry with a vindictive glare.

"Or shall we say like the conversation of an unhappy guest," said Baskinelli, smilingly turning to note the entrance of a little party of newcomers at the further end of the restaurant.

It was rather an unusual party. A dashing, well-dressed, fiery-eyed foreigner, the tips of whose waxed mustachios turned up like black stalagmites from the corners of his cavernous mouth, was accompanied by two nondescript figures, who seemed to be embarrassed more by the fact that they had been recently cleansed and shaved than by their rough red shirts and mismated coats and trousers.

The man of the tilted mustachios gave brief, imperative orders to the waiters, whose languid steps seemed to be quickened by his words as by an electric battery. The other two sat silent, like docile dogs in leash.

Only for an instant Baskinelli's eyes rested upon the group.

"And having tasted the food of the gods, how would you like to visit the gods themselves?" he asked.

Pauline agreed enthusiastically. You mean a Joss house—a Chinese church, don't you?"

"Yes."

The joss house that most visitors see in Chinatown is the little one up under the roof at the meeting of Doyers and Pell streets—the one of the twisted horseshoe made by these tiny thoroughfares of black fame, where, in spite of all the modern magic of "reform," men still die silently in the hush of secluded corridors and women vanish into the darkness that is worse than death.

The little joss house is interesting in the same way that an Indian village at a State fair is interesting. Behind its gaudy staginess and commercial appeal it still holds something of reality from which the imagination can draw a picture of an ancient worship that has held a race of millions in thrall for thousands of years.

But it was not to the little joss house that Signor Baskinelli took his guests. In the little joss house the bells are pounded without respite, the visitors come and go at all hours of the day and night—save the few set hours when the joss sacrifices profit to true prayer. Under the painted eyes of the squat idol punk sticks are vended, and Fourteenth street shop girls giggle under the grave gaze of the silent priests.

Baskinelli took his guests to the joss house of the Golden Screens.

Save for his greater size and more splendid accoutrement, it was little different from the other. But it was walled, in its back alley seclusion, deep behind the outer fronts of Mott street, by a secrecy almost sincerely sacred.

The motor cars remained far behind across the square as Baskinelli led the party through the dismal streets and stopped before a dark doorway.

A dim light flared behind the door and a Chinaman in American dress admitted them.

"I am beginning to be REALLY bored," said Pauline.

"Wait; give the wicked a chance" said Baskinelli.

They climbed three flights of dingy, narrow stairs. The stairs were lighted with flaring gas jets.

"Wonderful," jeered Pauline. "Not even a secret passage or a subterranean den!"

The others followed her laughing lead up the stairs.

A Chinaman came out of the door on the second landing, stopped, started in innocent curiosity at the dazzling visitors and went down the stairs. Everything was as still and commonplace as if they had been in the hallway of a Harlem flat building.

The silence was not broken nor the seeming safety disturbed in the slightest by the soft opening of the first landing door, after they had passed—that is, after all but Owen had passed. No one but Owen saw the piercing black eyes and the tilted mustachios of the face that appeared for an instant at the door. And Owen did not remark the

This Is from the Motion Picture Film of "Pauline" by the Famous Pathe Players.

During the Supper at the Chinatown Restaurant Signor Baskinelli Suggests to Pauline That They Visit the Chinese Joss House.

matter to the others.

There was a corridor, not so well lighted, at the top of the third flight of stairs. In the dim turns the women drew their skirts about them, a bit wary of the black, short walls.

The passage narrowed. They could move now only in single file, and even then their shoulders brushed the walls.

Only a far, dull glow from a red lamp over a door at the end of a passage lighted their way.

Baskinelli tapped lightly on the door.

It was opened by a venerable Chinaman in the flowing robes of a priest. He looked at them doubtfully. Baskinelli spoke three words that his companions did not hear. The priest vanished. Quickly the door was reopened and they stepped into the dim, smoky, stifling presence of the joss.

The choking scent of the punk always at the folded feet of the idol was almost suffocating. The place had other odors, less noxious and less sweet. Chinamen were lounging in the room as if it had been a place of rest. Three priests were on their knees before the joss, swaying forward till their foreheads almost touched the floor, their outstretched arms moving in mystic symmetry with their rocking bodies.

A great brass bell hung low beside the idol. But no priest touched the bell.

The joss itself was almost the least impressive thing in the room. It stood, or squatted, six feet high, on a black pedestal at the side of the room. The simple hideousness of the painted features served no impressive purpose, but as contrast to the exquisite decorations of the room.

Screens of carved wood, so delicately wrought that it seemed a touch would break the graven flores, were flecked with inlay of pearl and covering of gold.

One of the peculiar features of the room was a suit of ancient Chinese armor—a relic that had been rusted and pit-marked by time, but now stood brightly polished beside the statue of the god. A huge two-edged sword of the Samurai was held upright in the steel glove.

By the dim light behind the idol the shadow of the sword was cast across the blank face of Baskinelli as he moved forward. He stepped back quickly. The shadow fell between him and Pauline.

Again the ancient priest answered a summons as the door. Again he parleyed for a moment—then opened it, but those who entered were the three swarthy foreigners who had been in the restaurant.

Baskinelli turned for just an instant to glance at the tall man with the tilted mustache. He resumed immediately his conversation with Pauline.

"Why do all the Chinamen run away like that?" she asked.

"It is the end of the service; you see the priests are going, too."

But there was a furtive haste about the departure of the Orientals. And there was a quavering in the manner of the oldest priest—the only one who remained—that seemed born of a hidden fear.

The old priest lifted one of the lamps from a wall bracket and set it on the floor beside the idol. He knelt near it and began to pray.

The three Italians waited only a moment, then followed the Chinese out of the room.

"It is so late—we ought to be going," pleaded Lucille.

Complete silence had fallen on the room, and her words, a little tremulous, had instant effect on the other women.

"What about it, Baskinelli?—better be going" asked one of the men.

"Yes—yes, d beg only a moment. I wish to show Miss Pauline the"——

"You mean Miss Marvin, do you not?" blazed Harry, striding to Baskinelli's side and glaring down at him.

"I was interrupted. I had not finished my words. They are, at best, awkward. I beg"——

"You beg nothing," said Harry through clenched teeth. Then slowly, grimly:

"I want to tell you, you little leper, that if anything happens here to-night—it is going to happen to you."

He was so near to the musician that the others did not hear.

Baskinelli backed away. Pauline, with the swift, inexplicable, yet unerring instinct of woman, moved as if to seek the shelter of Harry's towering frame.

He did not see her. He had whirled at the sound of the opening of a door—a peculiar door set diagonally across a corner of the room behind the Joss.

Through the yellow silk curtains that hid the entrance came two Chinamen as fantastically hideous as the embroidered dragons on the tapestry.

"Put those men out; they cannot come in here; they are full of opium," commanded Baskinelli!

"Stop; let them come in; we are going," said the mild voice of Owen.

The understanding look of Baskinelli met his. Baskinelli frowned and Owen smiled. They were playing perfectly their roles.

The two Chinamen shuffled into the room. The old priest arose in jabbering protest. They argued with him acridly. A few feet away one could see that their cheap linen robes covered the ordinary street garb of the Chinaman; that the ugly lines on their faces were painted, as on the face of the Joss.

Baskinelli was laughing. The others watched the argument in silence. Every one but the host of the adventuring party, and Owen, and Pauline, seemed a little nervous.

Suddenly the lamp on the floor went out. There was another at the farther side of the room, but its dim light made the scene more weird than darkness could have made it.

"Well, I thought we were going," snapped Harry's strident voice.

"We are," replied Baskinelli. "Miss—er—I am afraid to speak—Miss Marvin, shall we go?"

Pauline took his arm.

"Ah, but I have forgotten the most precious sight of the evening," suddenly exclaimed the musician. Only a moment—look here."

Interested, Pauline did not notice that Owen softly shut the door upon the receding footsteps of the others. Baskinelli guided her back to the little door behind the screen—the door from which the Chinamen had entered.

Baskinelli drew aside the curtain.

"There—that is one form of adventure."

Pauline looked through the curtain. A suffocating narcotic odor came to her. What she saw was stifling not only to the senses—but to the soul. She turned away.

"Polly!"

Harry's voice rang through the little choked room like a thunder blast.

"We are coming—we are quite safe," called Baskinelli, with the sneer tinge in his tone.

"Very well, then; hurry."

Harry's manner aroused Pauline's temper again. She purposely lingered.

The two Chinamen were arguing violently now with the priest.

Harry had closed the door and followed the others down the outer passage.

"Miss Marvin—Pauline!" called Baskinelli with sudden passion. "Have you a heart of stone? Can you not see me helpless in your presence? Do you know what love is?"

He stepped towards her and tried to take her in his arms. Woman though she was, she was stronger and far braver than he. She thrust him aside and fled through the door.

Baskinelli followed, protesting, pleading.

Strangely, as she fled through the narrow corridor, the low, flaring gas jets were extinguished one by one.

She groped in darkness

Baskinelli's pleading voice became almost a consolation, a protection

Her elbow struck something in the passageway. The something shrank at the touch. She heard a quick drawn breath that was not Baskinelli's. She knew that she was trapped. She tried to run. The tiny passage choked her flight. She plunged helplessly between invisible but gripping walls. She reeled and screamed.

"Harry! Harry! Come to me!" she cried.

There was the sound of a struggle behind her. She heard Baskinelli crying for help—but, oh, so quietly! She reached the stairs. The stairs were blocked by a closed door. The door was barred. But there was a light left burning by the door.

Her weak hands beat upon the wooden panels, helplessly, hopelessly. How should she know that there were two doors, locked and sealed beyond?

Her wild screams rang through the long passage, through the dark, above the shuffle and beat and cursing of the staged fight.

In the dim of the light she could see the figures of the three Italians grappling with Baskinelli's voice called to her reassuringly. It might well. Baskinelli was in no danger.

She placed her softly clothed shoulder to the door and strove to break it. She screamed again

"Harry! Harry!"

Dull crashes answered. There was the crack and cleaving of splintered wood.

"Hold on! I'm here!" she heard.

She fell beside the door. Strong arms seized her. For an instant she felt that she was saved. But she looked up into the lowering face of a man with tilted mustachios. From the wide, thick lips came threats and curses.

From the outer passageway came the crashing of the doors.

She let herself be lifted, then, with sudden exertion of her trained strength, she broke the grasp of the man.

The door fell open.

Harry, bloody and tattered, stood there—alone.

"Polly?"

"Oh—yes—where are the others? They'll kill you—run!" she cried.

He ran.

He ran forward into the black corridor. A knife thrust, sheathed in silence, ripped his shoulder—gave him his cue. He had one man down and trampled. But another was upon him and yet a third.

A sharp pain dulled the pulsing of his throat. He felt a tickle down his bared and swinging arm.

He fought blindly in the dark.

"Polly!" he panted.

There was no answer.

* * * * * * *

In the Joss House of the Golden Screens the two Chinamen, dazed with opium, set of purpose, were still arguing with the trembling priest.

The door fell open and a white woman—with bleeding hands—fell at their feet.

"Ha, she has come back!" cried one of the Chinese in his own tongue.

There was the sound of steps in the outer passage.

"Quick—inside!" breathed the Chinaman, pointing to the den.

They lifted Pauline. The old priest stopped them.

"Not there—not there!" he cried. "Any one would look in there."

They dragged her back. The priest hurried to the outer door and locked it.

There was the blunt, battering thrust of a body against the door.

"Open, or I'll break it in," yelled the voice of Harry.

The priest opened the door.

In deferential silence he saluted the battle-grimed newcomer. Battered, panting, bleeding, Harry lunged at the man, gripped him.

"Quick—where is she? You'll die like a spiked rat. Where?" he roared.

The two other Chinamen were kneeling before the Joss.

There was a moment's silence, then a strange sound—like a cry heard afar off.

Harry strode to the little pedestal where the suit of armor stood.

"Where is she?—or I'll rip this place to cockles!" he thundered.

"We do not know what you mean," said the priest.

The two Chinamen began to jabber.

Other figures reeled from the room behind the curtains. But over all their clamor sounded again the faint cry—distant, but near.

In a flash Harry caught from the mailed glove the haft of the sword of the Samurai. As he rushed across the room the Chinese withered away from him. There was a crash as the great sword fell upon one of the windows. Through the broken pane Harry shouted for help. His voice was like a clarion in the silent streets.

He turned in time. Three Chinamen, with drawn knives, were upon him. He swung the unwieldy sword above his head. Its sweep saved him. He dashed at the Joss. Again he lifted the sword. A grasp and then a wail of fear sounded through the room.

He struck. The head of the statue thudded to the floor.

The Chinese rushed upon him. They were desperate now in the face of the violation of their god. But he was behind their god prying open the secret door to the hollow within the statue.

"It's all right, Polly," he said as he drew her gently forth.

He stood above her with his back to the wall swinging the sacred sword of the Samurai against the onslaught of fanatic men. They fell before him, but more came on.

His hands could hardly hold the mighty weapon. For more than half an hour he had been in fight. He was weakening. He braced himself and swung for the last time.

There came a hammering at the door. It crashed in. Police clubs were wielded right and left. The Chinese fled into their secret lairs.

* * * * * * *

"And I guess THAT will be all," panted Harry in the taxi that took them home. "I don't think you'll ask for any more adventures after this one."

"Why didn't you pick up the Joss's head?" replied Pauline. "It would have looked so nice and dreadful in the library!"

But the glory of her golden hair nestled upon his torn shoulder and he knew that he would go through all the perils in the world for happiness like this.

To Be Continued Next Sunday.

TO-DAY'S PRIZE OFFER

As you read this instalment of "The Perils of Pauline," printed above on this page to-day, you noticed that Signor Baskinelli spilled saids a little curtain and made Pauline peer inside—WHAT WAS BEHIND THE CURTAIN?

The details of that incident have not yet been written. That will be YOUR task. Read the instalment, study the situations, and write the explanation that you think best fits the situations.

One thousand dollars in money prizes will be given for the best explanation of what Pauline saw behind the curtain. Answers must reach this office not later than next Wednesday noon. Announcement of winners will be made two weeks from to-day.

Awards will be made according to the merits of the replies received, and those showing the greatest excellence in ingenuity, imagination, inventiveness and literary skill will be ranked in the order of merit.

This contest is open to every one without restriction and those who in our opinion send in the best answers will be awarded the prizes. No manuscripts will be returned.

Write your explanation in not over 200 words, write your name and address plainly, and send it

Next week another $1,000.

READ It Here Now--THEN See It All in Motion Pictures

ELBERT HUBBARD
WRITES OF
SEVEN NEEDED REFORMS

By ELBERT HUBBARD

USUALLY the man who first suggests a needed reform goes down to defeat, and the men who fought him to a finish take up his idea and carry it through to successful victory.

Before the people of the world today, and especially before the people of the United States, there are seven great tasks offered for our undertaking.

These have all gone through the stage of ridicule and indifference.

We have accepted them, at least in a mental way, and it now remains for us to push these betterments through to a successful conclusion.

We have the truth in our heads, but we have not yet quite got the mental technique. In other words, we haven't the habit.

These seven great reforms are:

First—Votes for Women.
Second—International Disarmament.
Third—Good Roads.
Fourth—Tree Planting.
Fifth—Children's Gardens.
Sixth—Oral Righteousness.
Seventh—Agriculture in All Public Schools.

* * *

Any person in America who has not enlisted on the side of three or more of these great reforms, and is not talking and working for them, should have his mentality rated in guinea-pig power.

There is a double value in working to bring about a great social betterment. Not only do we help bring it about, but in the process we evolve ourselves.

Some one asked Wendell Phillips what his recipe was for deathless fame. His answer was, "Choose an unpopular but worthy cause, and then live for it, fight for it, and die for it."

The seven reforms just named do not call for sacrificial victims. They do, however, call for earnest thought and persistent endeavor.

Alexander the Great died sighing for more worlds to conquer, but we shall never die from Alexander's disability.

Self-pity is the meanest of the vices. Self-pity is introspection.

The motto of Edward Everett Hale, "Look up, not down, out, not in, and lend a hand," is in order now as never before.

* * *

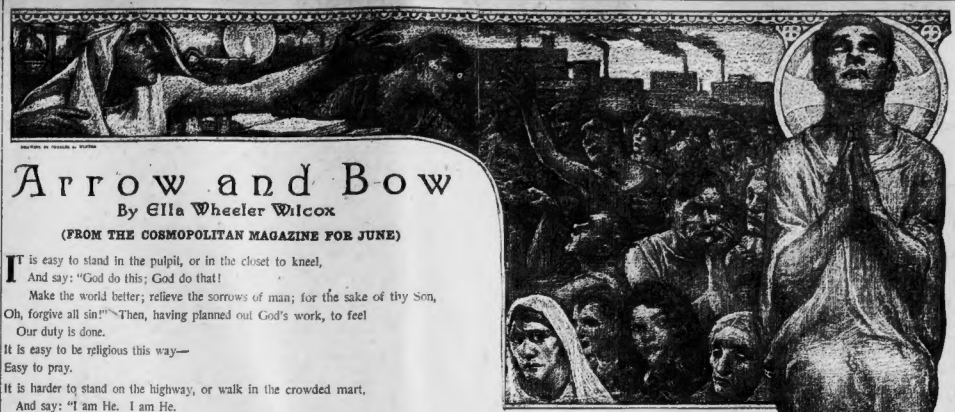
The most helpful sign of the times in which we live is the fact that these seven betterments are receiving attention and approval from pulpit, pew, newspaper office, schoolroom, shop and factory, with scarcely a dissenting voice.

Men and women appreciate them and know that they must come about.

The only opposition is the tug of inertia.

The world is surely moving, and moving in the right direction. The net result of these reforms will be the Health Habit and the Happy Habit.

And when, as a people, these two habits are acquired, we will be well out on the highway toward the Celestial City of Fine Minds.



Arrow and Bow

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

(FROM THE COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE FOR JUNE)

It is easy to stand in the pulpit, or in the closet to kneel,
And say: "God do this; God do that!
Make the world better; relieve the sorrows of man; for the sake of thy Son,
Oh, forgive all sin!" Then, having planned out God's work, to feel
Our duty is done.
It is easy to be religious this way—
Easy to pray.
It is harder to stand on the highway, or walk in the crowded mart,
And say: "I am He. I am He.
Mine the world-burden; mine the sorrows of men; mine is the Christ-work
To forgive my brother's sin," and then tolive the Christ-part
And never to shirk.
It is hard for you and me
To be religious this way
Day after day.
But God is no longer in heaven; we drove him out with our prayers,
Drove him out with our sermons and creeds, and our endless plaints and despairs.
He came down over the borders, and Christ, too, came along.
They are looking the whole world over to see just what is wrong.
God has grown weary of hearing his praises sung on earth;
And Jesus is weary of hearing the story about his birth.
And the way to win their favor that is surer than any other,
Is to join in a song of Brotherhood and praises of one another.

No; God is no longer in heaven. He has come down on earth to see
That nothing is wrong with the world He made, ***the wrong is in you and me.***
He meant the earth for a garden-spot, where mill and factory stand;
Childhood, He meant for growing-time—but look at the toiling hand!
Woman was meant for mother and mate—now look at the slaves of lust.
And the good folks shake their heads and say, "We must pray to God and trust."
God has a billion books of our prayers unopened upon his shelves,
For the things we are begging of him to do, he wants us to do ourselves.

Jehovah, Jesus, and each soul in space
Are one and undividable. Until
We see God shining in each neighbor's face
And find him in ourselves and hail him there,
Let us be still—
What use is prayer?
How can we love the whole and not each part?
How worship God, and harbor in the heart
Hate of God's members (for all men are that)?
Too long our souls have sat,
Like poor blind beggars, at the door of God.
He never made a beggar—we are kings!
Let us rise up, for it is time we trod
The mountain-tops; time that we did the things
We have so long asked God to do.
He waits for you
To look deep in your brother's eyes and see
The God within;
To hear you say: "Lo, thou art He! Lo, thou art He!"
This is the only way to end all sin—
The difficult, one way.

A prayer without a deed is an arrow without a bowstring;
A deed without a prayer is a bowstring without an arrow.
The heart of a man should be like a quiver full of arrows,
And the hand of a man should be like a strong bow strung for action.
The heart of a man should keep his arrows ever ascending,
And the hand and the mind of a man should keep at a work unending.

Wedding Customs

By MRS. FRANK LEARNED,
Author of "The Etiquette of New York Today."

In this season of weddings—elaborate and simple—it is worth while to turn attention to some interesting and important customs

The bride is fortunate who has a wedding veil of rare old lace which has been worn by her mother as a bride, or which is a precious heirloom in the family. But a veil of tulle is always charming in its simplicity and is so becoming that it never loses favor.

A wedding veil is a distinctive part of the attire of a bride who wears a white bridal gown. Artificial orange blossoms are the only allowable artificial flowers for a bride. If fresh flowers are used they may be the natural orange blossoms, or lilies of the valley, or white orchids, but the latter are seldom used, and as fresh flowers are apt to fade and thus present a discomplexate appearance, they had bust be avoided. The traditional orange blossoms, in artificial sprays or wreaths, are always satisfactory.

The wedding gown may be of satin, charmeuse, crepe de chine, chiffon, moire, or brocade, or some dainty, flimy white material. Even organdy, of finest quality, may be chosen for a very youthful bride and if expense must be considered.

* * *

Always, it must be remembered, there is perfect dignity and propriety in the simplest wedding where the bride wears a plain travelling dress and with only near relatives present.

A strict rule of etiquette is that the bride's family shall pay all the expenses of a wedding, the trousseau, invitations, collation, everything connected with the wedding. The bridegroom is not permitted to pay for anything except the ring, the fee to the clergyman, a gift and bouquet to the bride, bouquets or presents to bridesmaids, and presents to the ushers and best man.

A bride who is a widow does not wear white, nor does she wear a veil. As a general rule she chooses pale gray, or mauve, with a hat.

A dress and hat suitable to be worn later for visiting, or similar occasions, may be worn by any bride for the ceremony, and changed for a "going-away" gown.

"THE PERILS OF PAULINE."

Winners of the "What Did Harry Say to Pauline?" Prizes.

THE Judges have awarded this week's $1,000 in ten $10 prizes and 180 $5 prizes to the names printed below.

This newspaper desires to say that unscrupulous swindlers are in the habit of watching lists of names and addresses and mailing dishonest propositions so worded as to appear to come from this newspaper or the judges of this competition. Any such circulars, prize offers, schemes or propositions that may be sent to our prize winners are unauthorized and fraudulent.

TEN DOLLAR PRIZE AWARDS.

Austin L. Feron, 20 Stanley st., Montreal, Canada.

H. A. Carey, 405 Merrimac st., Manchester, N. H.

Jack Wilson, 166 South Pryor st., Atlanta, Ga.

Dorothy T. Lane, 309 E. Seventh st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. G. L. Welp, 110 Sydnam st., Woodhaven, L. I.

Edward Green, Savoy, Danville, Ill.

Miss Mary Pearce, 4439 Evans ave., Chicago.

Mrs. E. S. Hamil, 503 Delta Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

Harriett Scott, 704 East Fifteenth st., Oakland, Cal.

Miss Eunice Walter, University of California, Berkeley, Cal.

FIVE DOLLAR AWARDS.

A.

Mary Aldrich, Friendship, Wis.
Elijah B. Arnold, Chillicothe, Ill.
Hets Amesbury, Box 51, Alviso Road, San Jose, Cal.

N.

Robert A. Bakeman, East Alstead, N. H.
F. Barrie, 707 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn.
Miss Anna Brophy, 1616 Halsey st., Brooklyn.
Peter F. Bradley, 1171 Lincoln Pl., Brooklyn.
K. S. Breitslinger, P. O. Box 118, Central Islip, L. I.
Paul Bradley 231 E. Twenty-third st., N. Y. City.
Harry Bernblum, 125 Edgewood ave., New Haven, Conn.
Leo J. Burt, 60 Cleveland st., Youngstown, Ohio.
John F. Brady, 2514 Warren ave., Chicago.
John G. Burns, 7035 Warren ave., Chicago.
Charles Bloecker, 1822 Leland ave., Chicago.
Rose Brookian, 1161 Hayes st., San Francisco, Cal.
Miss Leander Brown 1070 Fresno st., Los Angeles, Cal.
Mrs. S. N. Brownfield, Ninth and Burlington, Los Angeles, Cal.

C.

Katharyn D. Cameron, Cushing Academy, Ashburnham, Mass.
J. W. Carden, 307 S. Bloodworth st., Raleigh, N. C.
Mrs. H. J. Carswell, care J. M. High, Atlanta, Ga.
B. A. Caldwell, 22 Eddy st., Amherst, N. S. Can.
Helen Cramer, 801 West End ave., N. Y. City.
Agnes Campbell, 861 Halsey st., Brooklyn.
Miss Eleanor Collins, 2001 Fifth ave., N. Y. City.
Irene Connerty, 4670 Langley ave., Chicago.
Robert Creighton, 608 W. Sixtieth st., Chicago.
Una Carter, 610 West Eighth st., Los Angeles, Cal.
Mrs. Cerne, 632 Seventh st., San Francisco, Cal.
W. V. Cutter 3054 Thirty-eighth ave., Oakland, Cal.
Edward Canter, 1317 Mason st., San Francisco, Cal.

D

Florence J. Dowler, 13A Vinal ave., Somerville, Mass.
Miss Grace Davis, 93 School st., Taunton, Mass.
Leo S. Donovan, 59A Pitman st., Somerville, Mass.
Miss Flora A. Ducharme, Mattapan Hospital, Mattapan, Mass.
Muriel Dwyer, 18 Davis st., Webster, Mass.
Milton Davies, 81 Eldert st., Brooklyn.
T. F. Donovan, 2411 15th st., Denver, Col.
Adrienne C. Duehr, 1248 Early ave., Chicago.
F. Dartsch, 32 West 72d st., Chicago.
George R. Davis, 400 N. Madison ave., Pasadena, Cal.
William L. Day, 130 Silver st., San Francisco, Cal.

E.

Martha M. Embley, 167 Lincoln st., Worcester, Mass.
B. L. Exum, P. O. Box 234, Lawrenceville, Ga.
Mrs. Carolyn Edwards, The Sterchi, Fifth ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Emanuel Bluier, 20 West 115th st., N. Y. City.
Matthew J. Epstein, 106 West 120th st., N. Y. City.
Walter S. Evans, 140 Champion st., Battle Creek, Mich.
Mrs. C. E. Ehle, 542 Twenty-fifth st., Oakland, Cal

F.

Austin L. Feron, 20 Stanley st., Montreal, Can.
Ruth M. Foster, 21 W. 136th st., N. Y. City.
W. C. Fleming, 401 W. 147th st., N. Y. City.

G.

Wallace R. Foster, 55 Liberty st., N. Y. City.
N. R. Folsom, 82 Ravine ave., Yonkers, N. Y.
Mrs. Estelle Felix, 19 University ave., Rochester, N. Y.
Lillian Fleischner, 200 W. 142d st., N. Y. City.
Mrs. J. Flanagan, 5703 Hermitage ave., Chicago.
Miss Nellie Fillmore, Chillicothe, Ill.
F. Fuller, 34 S. Aberdeen st., Chicago.
E. B. Ford, 1351½ Toluca st., Los Angeles, Cal.
Fred Falk, 5128 Oak st., San Francisco, Cal.

G

Frank D. Genest, 519 King Edward ave., Ottawa, Can.
Alexandre Gauvin, 176 Richelieu st., Quebec, Can.
Lillian Grossbard, 1159 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.
Miss H. Gravelle, 86 D'Aiguillon st., Quebec, Can.
Miss Dorothy Greanelle, 44 W. 75th st., N. Y. City.
Miss Mildred Golding, 29 Riverdale ave., Yonkers, N. Y.
Miss Florence Gottschalk, 2252 N. Central Park ave., Chicago.

H

Mrs. E. H. Hall, 124 Saluda st., Chester, S. C.
Dr. Noble H. Hill, The Charleaview, Beacon st., Boston.
Mrs. O. M. Hatch, Great Barrington, Mass. Broadacres.
Mrs. Charles A. Hemmer, 77 Wheeler st., Gloucester, Mass.
E. P. Hewett, 46 Cedar st., Lawrence, Mass.
Elizabeth Hughes, 44A Eldert st., Brooklyn.
Thomas W. Hogan, 30 Shuttas pl., Hartford, Conn.
Harry Hood, 1222 Southern blvd., N. Y. City.
William Hoffman, 408 So. Fremont st., Los Angeles, Cal.
W. M. Haven, 288 Northwestern ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
Mrs. Minnie Haas, 6149 Vernon ave., Chicago.
Joseph Herzog, 1215 W. Chicago ave., Chicago.
Leroy Hulsey, 67 Champion st., Battle Creek, Mich.
Edward Hassard, 308 E. New York st., Indianapolis, Ind.
Mrs. Louise Harper, 6619 Union ave., Chicago.
Mrs. A. B. Houston, 834 Daggett ave., Napoleon, Ohio.

J.

Miss Grace Jerolaman, 448 Washington ave., Belleville, N. J.
S. Jacobs, 2 Griffen st., Tompkinsville, S. I.
J. M. Jones, 7000 Vernon ave., Chicago.

K.

Miss E. C. Kippel, 414 So. Grand ave., Los Angeles, Cal.
Julia D. Knight, 3800 Market st., Oakland, Cal.

L.

Sadie E. Little, Pemaquid Beach, Me. P. O. Box 10.
Leon Levine, 10 Cornl ave., Winthrop, Mass.
G. K. Lynch, 73 L st., South Boston, Mass.
Mrs. Mary La Rocco, 532 Fairview ave., Ridgewood Heights, L. I.
Miss Madeline Lind, 307 Columbus ave., N. Y. C.
J. London, 1452 Wilkins ave., N. Y. City.
Miss Edith Lorens, 1972 Santee st., Los Angeles, Cal.
Evelyn Lowry, 2319 East ave., Sacramento, Cal.

M.

O. J. McConnell, Royston, Ga.
E. H. Marks, 6 Beacon st., Boston.
Catherine McNamara, 17 Central ave., Webster, Mass.
Herman Miller, 113 Sheffield ave., Brooklyn.
Charles C. Mitchell, 711 F st., Belmar, N. J.
Harry Mayer, 240 St. James pl., Brooklyn.
John J. Mahoney, 216 E. 69th st., N. Y. City.
Genevelve Morna, 12 Laidlaw ave., Jersey City.
William E. Manseur, 118 Wyoming st., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
Miss A. T. McKewen, 504 W. 129th st., N. Y. City.
Charles H. Meyer, 297 W. Houston st., N. Y. City.
Edwin R. Miller, Care of J. Riker, 19 Cedar st., N. Y. City.
Mrs. William Moore, 39 Van Rensselear st., Belleville, N. J.
M. J. McKelvey, 912 Ashmun st., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.
Bert McDowell, 232 N. Taylor ave., Oak Park, Ill.
Mrs. J. E. Metcalf, 1520 N. Union st., Decatur, Ill.
Arch MacDonald, 280 Lee st., Oakland, Cal.
Mrs. J. M. Mulhall, Lankershim, Cal.
Violet H. Mead, 108 Brooks ave., Venice, Cal.
Elizabeth H. MacDonald, 270 East Eighteenth st., Oakland, Cal.

N.

Morris Nunes, 258 Shirley st., Winthrop, Mass.
Mrs. Walter Norton, 77 Clayton st., Boston.
F. B. Neal, Cooperstown, N. Y.
Miss Cecile Newmun, 254 W. 112th st., N. Y. City.

O.

John O'Neill, 37 Kent st., Ottawa, Can.
Miss Peggy Oliver, 1208 Commonwealth ave., Allston, Mass.
Patrick O'Connor, Standard Glass Co., So. Boston.
Anna Oberlie, 286 E. 151st st., N. Y. City.
Wallace F. Oliver, 871 Cambridge ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

P.

Mrs. F. W. Perkins, 67 Atwood st., Atlanta, Ga.
Leonard Preston, 419 E. 6th st., N. Y. City.
Peter Postelnick, 1514 Turner ave., Chicago.
Cecil Pennebaker, 1509 S. 14th st., Burlington, Ia.
L. Pruzzo, 221 N. Main st., Marion, O.
Mrs. F. M. Powers, 933 So. Fresno st., Los Angeles, Cal.

R.

Miss C. W. Rose, 212 Ponce de Leon ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. A. E. Rigor, Rogers, Ark.
R. H. Reeve, Summit, N. J.
H. F. Reed, Sistersville, W. Va.
Edward Ryder, 548 Eighth ave., Long Island City, N. Y.
H. W. Rowe, 836 Centre st., Elgin, Ill.
George Ritchards, 21st Prairie st., Chicago; care Walker & Co.
Bert Ramsay, 2317 Warren ave., Chicago.
Joseph F. Spellman, 386 Roxbury st., Roxbury, Mass.
Miss Anna Schwartz, 213 Middleton st., Brooklyn.
Albert Schildwachter, 1883 Prospect ave., New York City.
J. H. Simon, Crawfordsville, Ind.
Dr. James R. Simpson, 316 Exchange Building, Chicago.
Raymond Specter, 1141 W. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.
Emma L. Swan, 1615 San Pauio ave., Oakland, Cal.
Jane G. Stone, 2114 T st., Sacramento, Cal.
Evelyn Smith, Hickman, Cal.
Daisy M. Schubach, 3839½ So. Hill st., Los Angeles, Cal.
G. P. Sullivan, R. F. D. 8, Box 762, Los Angeles, Cal.

T.

Mrs. M. H. Tatum, 32 West Peachtree place, Atlanta, Ga.
Ruth Trettter, 3522 Jacob st., Wheeling, W. Va.
Joseph Terrill, Jr., 507 East Washington Lane, Germantown, Pa.
Renwick Taylor, 263 Stuyvesant ave., Brooklyn.
Anna Tarantino, 2251 Snyders Duyvil, New York City.
Joseph S. Tropp, 305 Hopkinson ave., Brooklyn.
George Temple, 231 River Inn, Hearst, Cal.

U.

Mrs. B. Unger, 163 Beach st., Jersey City, N. J.

V.

Harry J. Van Slyck, 136 Front st., Schenectady, N. Y.
Dorothy Voss, 4712 Kimball ave., Richmond Hill, N. Y.

W.

John A. Woodward, Framingham Pond, Marlboro, Mass.
Ethel B. Webster, 37 Monument square, Charlestown, Mass.
Mary E. Walker, 431 Hanover st., Manchester, N. H.
Miss Fanny Wilcox, 136 West 78th st., New York City.
N. S. Winsky, 23 South Welles st., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
Margaret West, 68 West 93d st., New York City.
Edward D. Wallace, 150 Smith street, Brooklyn.
Louis White, General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.
Myron Wisoff, 498 Howard avenue, Brooklyn.
Gus Wallston, 1,617 Cornelia avenue, Chicago.
Herbert C. Wiese, 840 Madison street, Milwaukee, Wis.
Josephine F. Williams, Avenue C and Twenty-first street, Battle Creek, Mich.
T. B. Ward, 6,629 Union avenue, Chicago.
J. Wiesenthal, 227 Henry street, Hammond, Ind.
Charles R. Wilhelm, 12 West Ontario street, Chicago.
Mrs. J. Wicks, 1,742 Eddy street, San Francisco, Cal.
William Wagner, 2,083 Ellis street, San Francisco, Cal.

Z.

Miss Sarah Zuntz, 1,100 Pleasant street, Fall River, Mass.
Elsie Zimmermann, 717 Walnut street, West Hoboken, N. J.

When and Where You Can See "The Perils of Pauline" in Moving Pictures

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Boston—Scenic Temple, Berkeley street, corner Warren avenue.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Boston—Beacon Theatre, 47-53 Tremont street.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Boston—St. James Theatre, Huntington avenue, near Massachusetts avenue.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Cambridge — Scenic Temple, Central square.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Salem—Federal Theatre.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Quincy—Kincaide Theatre.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Providence, R. I.—Scenic Temple, 121 Wathewson street.

Monday and Tuesday—Worcester—Pleasant Theatre.

Monday and Tuesday, Wakefield—Princess Theatre.

Wednesday, Hudson — Opera House.

Wednesday and Thursday, Portland, Me.—Empire Theatre.

Thursday and Friday, Somerville — Pearson's, Union Square Theatre.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Attleboro — Columbia Theatre.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, New Bedford — New Bedford Theatre.

Friday and Saturday—Somerville — Broadway Theatre, 318 Broadway.

Friday and Saturday, Fitchburg—Shea's Theatre.

Friday and Saturday, Meriden, Ct.—Crystal Theatre.

Saturday, Melrose — Auditorium.

This week's prize offer is printed on another page of today's American. Write your explanation in not over 200 words, write your name and address plainly, and send it to The Perils of Pauline, P. O. Box 3047, Boston, Mass.

YOU CAN'T GO WRONG

in paying 15 cents for any good magazine. Still, at the same time, it will only be good judgment in buying one to get all that's coming to you. Therefore, it follows that since Winston Churchill is the foremost American novelist of the day, and as his best story, "A Far Country," is just getting under way in

HEARST'S MAGAZINE

and as all other contributers to Hearst's are worthy of association with Churchill, that you should not fail to read the May number of Hearst's.

"The Most-Talked-Of-Magazine-In-America"

The Theatres ❧ Offerings of the Week ❧ Coming Events

More Playhouses Close Doors, but the "Misleading Lady" Promises to Remain

Some of the Theatres Cut Season Short, Says Young, in Review of the Year

By NICHOLAS YOUNG.

With the performances at the Park and Gaiety theatres last night two more theatres joined the list of playhouses closed for the Summer. The season of rest and repairs has arrived. The closing of the Park last evening and the Hollis a week ago reduces the syndicate's operations in Boston to two houses—the Colonial and the Tremont.

The success of "The Misleading Lady" is likely to keep the Colonial opened for several weeks to come, and as "Adele" has apparently caught the fancy of playgoers with its tuneful music and amorous comedy there seems to be more than an even chance that the Tremont will keep open house right up to the hottest of hot weather.

With the closing of the Park it is to be observed that the present season at that house has been shorter than in other years, thirty-five weeks covering the entire period of its activity since September 1. Recognized as a theatre of long runs, the Park has this year spread its wares over many different kinds of entertainment, and has not been permitted to extend any engagement over six weeks. In all, there have been eight different attractions at the Park, with "The Conspiracy," "Stop, Thief," "The Argyle Case" and "Fanny's First Play," each remaining six weeks. Comparing these engagements with those of other years, it will be seen that the run of even the most successful of the season's plays has been greatly lessened.

The increased number of first-class theatres in the city has doubtless had its influence in cutting down the engagements of some of these attractions. The Hollis Street Theatre, which closed a week ago, finished its season with a record of thirty-two weeks, which, while not as extended as some of those of former years, was distinguished by the exceptionally high character of its attractions. The innovation of the season at the Hollis was the return to that house of musical plays, and the success of both "The Sunshine Girl" and "The Marriage Market" amply demonstrated the wisdom of giving the Hollis its full share of that type of entertainment. With only two musical plays as its allotment, the Hollis managed to utilize twelve of its thirty-two weeks for those attractions.

The season just ended has given the Hollis a long list of brilliant players—a list that cannot be exceeded by any other playhouse in the country. During the year there were seen at this house Maude Adams, John Drew, Billie Burke, Mrs. Fiske, William H. Crane, Annie Russell, Douglas Fairbanks, Amelia Bingham, Nazimova, Julia Sanderson and Donald Brian. The Gaiety Theatre closed its season with thirty-nine full weeks to its credit. The stability of burlesque is shown in no better way than in the consistent run of its business—there is practically no variation from year to year.

The Eastern Wheel of burlesque, with which the Gaiety is affiliated, has behind it one of the most substantial theatrical organizations ever known, and each succeeding year finds it stronger than ever. Unlike most theatrical ventures, there are no thin spots in its makeup. The tendency to maintain a high standard of entertainment at popular prices, giving a fair value in goods for the prices charged, has unquestionably kept burlesque on the safe side of popularity. The success of the Gaiety Theatre, which merely reflects the success of the entire Eastern Wheel, is a pretty sound tribute to the sagacity of the men behind the organization.

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IT IS THE LIFE—William Wood, manager of the Boston Theatre, said yesterday: "I would rather invent a new dance than be able to write a successful grand opera."

❧

On with the dance! If you can't Tango—why, then Hesitate. It is the season of dancing, and the first big carnival of experts will take possession of the Boston Theatre tomorrow. If what the promoters say about the affair is true, it will put the entire city on its toes before the week is ended. The wave of modern dancing has been inaugurated for the eyes beginning with the Castle and continued to the performance by G. Hepburn Wilson at Mechanics Hall yesterday, and it will not stop with the carnival that is to draw you to the Boston this week, for there is already advance news that Joan Sawyer and her own particular band of light-footed artists will invade the Shubert Theatre next week. In the festival at the Boston this week it is promised that novelty will be the keynote. The chief attraction will be John Jarrott and Louise Alexander, both of whom have danced themselves into comfortable fortunes. Perhaps the most unique feature of the performance will be the appearance of Colonel Darling, aged seventy-eight, and Mme. De Lawara, aged sixty-nine, who will attempt to show that modern dancing is an art for the old as well as for the young. There will be amateurs, too, to hold your attention. Entries are pouring into the box office in great numbers. Yes, indeed, it is the season of dancing. The one-step reigns supreme.

❧

LOOKING FAR AHEAD—"Sari," the Hungarian operetta, is announced as the first attraction at the Colonial next season. It will open at that house on August 24.

❧

From things that are serious to moments of dancing frivolity is the plan of operation at the Shubert, where E. H. Sothern and his classics will be followed next week by Joan Sawyer in modern dances. It is a long step, perhaps, but there can be no doubt of the popularity that will follow Miss Sawyer's artistic claims for the modern dance. One of the most brilliant and successful of the season's dancers, Miss Sawyer will bring to Boston the same charm and grace that have been captivating New York for many months. She will also have the assistance of her own company of specialists in this presentation of society dances.

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LUCID EXPLANATION—Ramsey Morris, press representative for E. H. Sothern, reports that he asked the manager of a one-night stand a few weeks ago how he found business. The manager replied that when the show was good business was good, and that when the show was "medicure" so was the house.

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And now comes the moving picture to point the way to right living. Exhorters and writers who have devoted years of sincere effort in a crusade against human vices are beginning to realize that there is no more potent way to present their arguments than through the medium of moving pictures. It was this realization that brought about the production of "The Drug Terror," a six-part picture drama that graphically portrays the curse of drug taking. Many sincere and powerful articles have been written on the spread of the drug habit, but they have been read by a few of the serious minded and then laid aside and forgotten. Men and women familiar with the conditions have used their money and their influence in a sincere endeavor to stamp out this growing evil, but without avail. And now come the "movies," which at least appear to have taken a firmer grip upon the public mind than any of the former attempts to present the facts in a telling, effective way. "The Drug Terror" at the Globe Theatre is drawing interested audiences, not only because it is a picture drama that teaches a lesson, but because it provides good melodramatic entertainment as well. This film was founded and produced on facts supplied by the greatest authorities in the country on the results of indulgence in drugs and shows that even innocent school children are unconsciously drawn into the net. It was only by the backing of wealthy people interested in sociological reform that the picture was made possible. "The Drug Terror" makes a silent appeal for clean living—it shows the evils of drug taking in a way that will not be quickly forgotten.

GRACE HEYBURN IN THE MISLEADING LADY AT THE COLONIAL
JOAN SAWYER IN "MODERN DANCES AT THE SHUBERT MAY 25."
MARJORIE GATESON IN "PHYLLIS" AT THE CORT.
MILDRED GALE AT B. F. KEITH'S
FREDERIC ORMONDE AT THE CASTLE SQ.
JOHN JARROTT AND LOUISE ALEXANDER IN DANCING CARNIVAL AT THE BOSTON.

WILLIAM DEMING WITH THE "LAMBS GAMBOLS" AT BOSTON OPERA HOUSE, MAY 30.

BILLS AT THE PLAYHOUSES

Shubert Theatre.

For the second and final week of his engagement at the Shubert Theatre, beginning tomorrow night, E. H. Sothern's repertoire is arranged as follows: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights and at Wednesday matinee, "Charlemagne"; Thursday and Friday nights, "Lord Dundreary"; Saturday matinee, "If I Were King," and Saturday night, "Hamlet." If Mr. Sothern desired any proof of his local popularity he received it last week when he presented to large and enthusiastic audiences three plays which have served him admirably in the past and which have apparently lost none of their power to attract and charm theatregoers. "If I Were King" will never grow old, "Dundreary" will continue to yield countless laughs and "Hamlet" will chain attention for all time. Tomorrow night will come the novelty of Mr. Sothern's engagement, "Charlemagne," produced with real success in other cities and now to be seen here for the first time. The writer of "If I Were King" calls "The Proud Prince," Justin Huntley McCarthy, is its author. Scenically and in the matter of costumes it will be one of Mr. Sothern's most ambitious efforts, and it will have all the glitter and glow of spectacle and pageant.

Boston Theatre.

In these days of the dancing mania when everything in the one-step, the hesitation and the tango, tremendous interest attaches to the "congress of the world's greatest dancers and contestants for amateurs," which opens at the Boston Theatre tomorrow night. In many respects it may be termed a festival, for professional dancers from all over the world have been gathered for this one week exemplifying all styles of dancing from the so-called modern ballroom dances to the whirlwind Russian and South American creations. In addition to this there will be competitions for amateurs of New England at each performance under the auspices of the Dancing Teachers' Club of Boston, for which eight solid silver cups are offered.

Practically every well-known dancing act in the United States has been signed for this congress. The bill will be headed by Louise Alexander and John Jarrott, who have formed a business partnership for this engagement. Second in interest only will be the presence of Joseph C. Smith, the man who brought the tango to this country as well as the Danse des Apaches.

Then there will be Natalie and Ferrari, acknowledged champions of the Pacific Coast, who will give for the first time in the East their new creation, "The Tommy Atkins." Pretty Bessie De Vole and Dare Phillips, late of "The Doll Girl," will be on hand, as will also Emily Francis Hopper and Ellsworth Cook of the Hotel Astor, New York; Miss Billie Shaw and William George Seabury, protages of the Castles and direct from Castle House; Colonel Darling, aged seventy-eight, and his white-haired partner, Mme. De Lawara, aged sixty-nine, and Charlotte Davies, the model for the famous painting, "Miss Innocence," who will dance with a young Princeton man, Ernest Orr.

Cort Theatre.

"Phyllis" will begin its first full week at the Cort Theatre tomorrow evening. This lively musical play was written by James C. Gray and Harold Vicars, and serves to once more present Grace Freeman to the theatre-going public. The piece is modern, with pretty girls in fetching gowns and a score of lively musical numbers.

B. F. Keith's Theatre.

"Waddy," "Mollie" and "Tony," Miss Oxford's wonderful trio of trained elephants, towards the purchase of whom the children of New England contributed $6,500 that they might become permanent inhabitants of the Franklin Park Zoo, will enter upon the second and last week of their engagement at B. F. Keith's theatre tomorrow. The surrounding bill will be exceptionally attractive to the children. Bud Fisher, creator of "Mutt and Jeff," and the most famous of American cartoonists, will draw some original pictures. Fred J. Ardath and his rural "cut-ups" have a unique act called "Oh, Hiram," and the Great Leon, a Hindoo wonder worker, will also be seen. Muller and Stanley, two of the cleverest fun makers in vaudeville; Pauline Welch, a charming little singing comedienne, and DeWitt, Burns and Torrence in a novelty called "The Awakening of Toys," are included in the bill.

Castle Square Theatre.

It is because of its thoroughly American atmosphere that "The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary" has succeeded. Not merely is it American, but it is a play of New England life and character. It will be acted at the Castle Square Theatre during the coming week, and its comedy scenes will disclose the tribulations of Aunt Mary because of the fact that she is blessed with a scapegrace nephew. Especially funny is the scene in which Aunt Mary has "the time of her life" at a dinner party.

Majestic Theatre.

Tomorrow night "Within the Law" will enter upon its final week at the Majestic Theatre. Startling situations and emotional acting rank this play among the foremost of criminal plays. Jane Cowl, as the shop-girl who becomes a successful criminal, gives an admirable performance.

Globe Theatre.

The thrilling scenes and startling incidents of "The Drug Terror," which begins the second week of its engagement at the Globe tomorrow, have furnished the regular patrons of the photo drama with an entertainment after their own liking. The remarkable and varied glimpses of the underwork contrasted with scenes showing the wrecking of a happy home and the shattering of youthful hopes and ambition, ending with one of the most sensational and realistic fire scenes ever shown on the screen, have had the most satisfactory results from a box office standpoint, while the very material swelling of the audiences by the presence of noted physicians, clergymen and the men and women interested in the vital question of how to stamp out the drug habit, has had much to do toward making this a notable production.

Casino Theatre.

The burlesque attraction at the Casino Theatre this week will be the "Golden Crook" show, one of the brightest and best balanced burlesque organizations on the road.

Amusements.

GLOBE 5 TIMES DAILY AFTER 12:15 15c and 25c

"Boston Approves and Is Aroused"

When "Coke" Enters the Home Hope Departs, There is So Little Hope of a "Come-Back" Once the Terrible Habit is Formed.

GUARD YOURS and YOURSELF FROM The Deadly Perils of the FIRST TIME

This is the Keynote to the Absolute Stamping Out of the Nation's Menace—THE DRUG HABIT.

Cunningly the Traffickers in Cocaine Have Devised Ways to Introduce Its Use to

THE UNWARY—MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN EVEN ARE SHACKLED TO THE HABIT

How the Traffickers Operate, How "Coke" is Peddled, How New Victims Are Secured and the Terrible Ravages of Deadly Habit-Forming Drugs Are Depicted in

THE DRUG TERROR

No Vice of Such Great Menace to the World as "Coke."

Read Your Daily Paper. News Stories Confirm the Truth Told Here.

A Motion Picture With a Definite End in View, Telling in Stirring Story Form the Downfall of a Young Man Through the Drug —How He Formed the Habit, How He Became One of the Army of "Teachers"—Interwoven in the Dramatic Telling Actual Methods Are Exposed. This Story Will Hold Your Attention Every Second as a Play and Give You Food for Thought for Many Days After Seeing It.

PICTURE-VAUDEVILLE CONCERT TONIGHT—10, 15, 25

Amusements.

SHUBERT LAST WEEK Beginning TOMORROW NIGHT

Curtain Promptly at 8 Evenings—Matinees at 2

Matinees: Wednesday and Saturday

E. H. SOTHERN

Mon., Tues. and Wed. Nights and Wed. Mat., First Time in Boston CHARLEMAGNE

A New Romantic Play by JUSTIN HUNTLY McCARTHY Author of "IF I WERE KING" and "THE PROUD PRINCE"

Thurs. and Fri. Nights, LORD DUNDREARY

Sat. Mat., IF I WERE KING

Sat. Night, HAMLET

Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

Mail Orders, with Remittance, Filled as Received

Special—Next Week Beginning MON. MAY 25

The Great New York Society Dancing Favorite

Who has entertained the elite of Gotham in the most Famous salons of the fashionable.

JOAN SAWYER

(Direct From 6 Months at Her Own Persian Garden in New York) Will Appear With Her Own

DANCING CARNIVAL CO.

The Greatest Aggregation of Dancers of All Kinds Ever Assembled Together in One Show.

SPECIAL NOTE—After each regular performance there will be a tournament of local dancers for the JOAN SAWYER TROPHY CUP. FINAL TOURNAMENT, Saturday night, May 30, for the prizes 50c to $2. (Wed. Mat. Pop. Prices.) Mail Orders Now

Box Office Seat Sale Opens Thursday Next, 9 A. M.

Amusements.

BOSTON THEATRE Beginning Tomorrow Night 8 Sharp Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2 Sharp

ONE BIG WONDERFUL WEEK

Congress of World's Greatest Dancers and Contests of Amateurs

$12,000 WORTH OF TALENT 2 BIG ORCHESTRAS

58 STERLING SILVER TROPHIES

SCORES OF WELL-KNOWN AMATEURS

Louise Alexander and John Jarrott

(With the Famous CLEF CLUB ORCHESTRA of New York)

Natalie and Ferrari, champions of the Pacific Coast; George White, formerly of the New York Winter Garden, and Isabel Jason; Bessie DeVoie and Dare Phillips, late features of "The Doll Girl"; "Billie" Shaw and William Seabury, from Castle House; Hartman and Varady, whirlwind dancers; Emily Francis Hooper and Ellsworth Cook; the Crisps from London; "Miss Innocence" and Orr; Col. Darling, age 78, and Mme. De Lawara, age 69; the Gliding O'Mearas, and

Joe C. Smith and Frances Demarest

With ELEANOR PENDLETON DANCING WITH MR. SMITH AFTER MONDAY NIGHT

Four big contests every performance for eight silver cups, competed for by the best amateur dancers in New England, to end with the final contest for the two huge silver cups for the best all-around dancers on Saturday night.

Under the auspices of the Dancing Teachers' Club of Boston. Special amateur features every performance.

If you dance it is not too late to enter now. Ask your dancing teacher.

Prices: 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50

2 Weeks Only—Begins MONDAY, May 25

MATINEES: TUES., WED., FRI. and SAT.

BIGGEST BARGAIN OF A DECADE!!

JOE WEBER and LEW FIELDS

(THEMSELVES)

IN THEIR BIGGEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS

"HOKEY-POKEY"

AT THESE ASTONISHING PRICES:

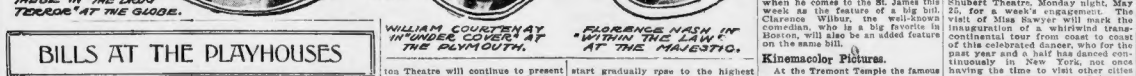
Nights and Saturday Mat. 25c to $1.00

Tues. Wed. & Fri. Mats. 25c and 50c

MAIL ORDERS NOW—SEATS THURSDAY

News and Gossip of the Plays and Players Now in Town

NATALIE ALT IN "ADELE" AT THE TREMONT
DORIS KEANE IN "ROMANCE" AT THE WILBUR.
JOS. KAUFFMAN AND ROSE MARIE THEGE IN "THE DRUG TERROR" AT THE GLOBE.
ELIZABETH VALENTINE WITH E. H. SOTHERN AT THE SHUBERT.



BILLS AT THE PLAYHOUSES

Park Theatre.

Last night ended the dramatic season at the Park Theatre. As usual, the Park had maintained its reputation as the "house of long engagements" and nearly all of the attractions seen there had long visits in Boston. Works of a comedy nature were in the majority.

Tremont Theatre.

In the history of the season's musical shows there has not been one which has received a more overwhelming indorsement as "Adele" now entering upon its second week at the Tremont Theatre. The operetta has made its recent success in New York through the exquisite poetical beauty that is displayed in all parts of the performances.

Wilbur Theatre.

Tomorrow night will begin the fifth and last week of Doris Keane at the Wilbur Theatre, where Edward Sheldon's "Romance" is being given. It is a fact that Sheldon never intended anyone but Doris Keane to create the role of La Cavallini, and indeed, no actress could have been more happily placed.

Scollay Square Olympia.

Several unusual and interesting features will characterize the coming week's bill at Gordon and Lord's Scollay Square Olympia. "The Maid of the Orient," a miniature musical piece, will be one of the big acts. Billy Inman, a popular comedian, will appear in a new comedy Irish skit, and the Five Alarcons will appear in an interesting singing, dancing and instrumental act.

Scenic Temple.

The bill at the Scenic Temple for the coming week will be varied in character. The fifth instalment of "The Perils of Pauline" will be presented.

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

S. H. Dudley will be seen at the Bowdoin Square Theatre this week in a musical comedy with thirty people.

Colonial Theatre.

"The Misleading Lady," with Lewis S. Stone in the principal role, begins its third week at the Colonial Theatre tomorrow night. The original production and the New York cast which has played seven months at the Fulton Theatre will continue to present this funny play by Charles Goddard and Paul Dickey for a number of weeks to come.

Howard Athenaeum.

Violet Mascotte's "Ragtime Review Girls" will hold sway this week at the Howard Athenaeum, and J. Theo Murphy will put forth another bright burlietta assisted by a beauty chorus. There will also be a vaudeville bill.

Plymouth Theatre.

"Under Cover" will take another step in its program towards establishing the longest run in this city.

It is now on the eve of its twenty-second week and as popular as ever. The one striking feature of the play's astonishing success is the fact that it came here with hardly more than the ordinary mention of its arrival and from ordinary business at the start gradually rose to the highest popularity.

Loew's Orpheum Theatre.

The bill for the first half of the week at Marcus Loew's Orpheum Theatre will be headed by Sager Midgeley and company in the Klaw-pean farce comedy, "Early Morning Reflections." Elizabeth Cutty, a charming girl violinist, formerly of the six musical Cuttys, will give a violin song review.

Loew's St. James.

William H. St. James and company will make their first appearances in a Marcus Loew theatre in this city when he comes to the St. James this week as the feature of a big bill. Clarence Wilbur, the well-known comedian, who is a big favorite in Boston, will also be an added feature on the same bill.

Kinemacolor Pictures.

At the Tremont Temple the famous Kinemacolor pictures will begin a limited engagement this week. These wonderful pictures with their natural colorings were exhibited here several seasons ago with great success. The program for this engagement will comprise the very latest productions, including a three-reel production of the life of Nathan Hale, the heroic young martyr of the American revolution.

Joan Sawyer Dances.

Joan Sawyer, after six months at her own Persian Garden in New York, will appear at the head of her own dancing carnival company at the Shubert Theatre, Monday night, May 25, for a week's engagement. The visit of Miss Sawyer will mark the inauguration of a whirlwind transcontinental tour from coast to coast of this celebrated dancer, who for the past year and a half has danced continuously in New York, not once having the time to visit other cities owing to the great demand for her services.

Coming Events.

Joe Webber and Lew Fields will make their first joint appearance in Boston in exactly ten years at the Boston Theatre on Monday, May 25, when they come to that playhouse in "Hokey Pokey."

Fanny Brice, late star of the Ziegfeld "Follies," will be an early attraction at B. F. Keith's Theatre.

John Craig has selected "The Man of War's Man," a military drama written by James W. Harkins, Jr., and Thomas F. Shea, for this week's bill at the Castle Square Theatre.

Bud Fisher in Action at Keith's

Funmaker Will Be Seen at Work in Boston This Week.

It is quite the proper thing in this prosperous day of Art—with a capital A—and artists, for the nationally-famous cartoonist to show himself to the general public and treat them to a demonstration of his work in process, as well as to show them what manner of man he is personally.

The vaudeville stage has welcomed many of these distinguished personages to the delight of thousands of all ages—men like R. E. Outcault, Winsor McKay, Walt McDougall, Bert Levy, Art Bowen, Rem-Brandt, and many others.

But seldom has there been a cartoonist who possesses the popularity and verve enjoyed by Bud Fisher, the illustrious creator of "Mutt and Jeff," two of the funniest characters in pictorial fiction. Fisher's cartoons are one of the big features of the Boston AMERICAN, and they have won for him fame and fortune in a few short years.

"Did you see the latest mix-up of Mutt and Jeff?" is a common query almost any day, and certain it is that Bud Fisher has made more people laugh than any other living man. His cartoons put one in good humor and keep one there for a whole day—until the next cartoon comes out and renews the pleasure. And now it will be the pleasure of thousands of Bud's admirers to see the famous cartoonist himself at work at B. F. Keith's Theatre this week, and to see him create some new oddities of "Mutt and Jeff" humor.

Doris Keane on the "Stage Kiss"

Hamlet's advice to the players showed clearly what were William Shakespeare's views on acting. "To hold the mirror up to Nature," however, some actors believe should be done in a modified sense, and that it is entirely more effective to suggest the spirit rather than to exhibit actuality.

When the question, "Do stage kisses mean anything to the kissers?" was put to Doris Keane, the actress replied that she could conceive nothing more difficult than to play a romantic scene, involving a kiss, with a man for whom one naturally had a romantic affection. Under such circumstances the personal relations would be so poignant that it would be impossible to sustain the characterization.

Norumbega Park.

The final touches are now being made for the opening of Norumbega's eighteenth season. Already the telephone lines have been busy with anxious inquiries for the opening day. The floral and landscape gardening effects, for which Norumbega has become renowned, has been improved this year, and the nature lover will find some rare specimens of shrubs and evergreens, which the management has spared no expense to obtain. On Saturday the first performance in the open-air theatre will be presented afternoon and evening, the management having booked an excellent vaudeville bill for the opening week.

FINE BARBS WITH '101 RANCH' SHOW

Seven-eighths of the Arabian horses in this country will be here with the 101 Ranch Real Wild West Show, on May 25. Leading the herd is the full-blooded "Mokoon," owned by Joe Miller, one of the owners of the exhibition. This stallion is a Kochiani, or pure breed Arab horse, and the pedigree of this steed can be traced to the stud of King Solomon. There are three breeds in the Arab herd with the exhibition—the Attechi, which is found wild; the Kadischi, a mixed breed, and the Kochiani, of which Mr. Miller's mount is recognized as the best specimen now in the United States.

Every lover of horseflesh has for years recognized and anticipated the treat the visit of the 101 Ranch affords, for, in the fullest sense of the term, it is certainly a horse show, with its employment of several hundred equines of international breeds and usages. The gamut of horseflesh, from the blue-blooded aristocrats of the ranch, trained to the syncopated measures of the tango, to the scraggly cayuse of the Indian, as well as the proud prancing steeds trained to pick their way across precarious mountain trails, to the stocky little polo ponies, for which the 101 Ranch is noted, are all paraded before the spectator.

101 Ranch Show.

Real Indians, real cowboys, real cowgirls, real broncbos will be with the 101 Ranch Real Wild West, which comes here on May 25 for a week's engagement. The Indian delegation is composed of simon-pure Redmen, each selected for some personal accomplishment or historical fact.

The cowboys are all from the ranch at Bliss, Oklahoma. The ropers are all medal winners of the largest frontier day celebration and Western stampede contests. The cowgirls come fresh from the ranch, while the broncho busters work Winter and Summer breaking the cattle on the ranch.

Amusements.

Amusements.

WILBUR THEATRE
Wilbur Theatre Company, Proprietors
Tremont St., Opp. Shubert Theatre
Telephone Oxford 2142
Evenings at 8. Wed. & Sat. Mats. 2
Last 8 Times
Charles Dillingham Presents
DORIS KEANE
in EDWARD SHELDON'S "ROMANCE"
THE MOST WORTHY DRAMATIC SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.

Amusements.

CHARLES FROHMAN AND WILLIAM HARRIS, Lessees and Managers
THIRD WEEK
WILLIAM HARRIS, JR. PRESENTS
COLONIAL NOW
Evenings 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.15
The Misleading Lady
The Caveman Tames Beauty
with Lewis S. Stone

Amusements.

NATALIE & FERRARI
ANNOUNCE
Dancing Instruction
AT
HOTEL LENOX
During Their Engagement Boston Theatre Week May 18
Private Instruction in All the Very Latest Dances
MORNING AND AFTERNOON
Telephone or Write Hotel Lenox

Amusements.

Amusements.

Positively Last Week
Beginning Tomorrow Night
4th Month
14th Week
Of One of the Most Phenomena! Runs in the History of the Boston Stage
WITHIN THE LAW
ABSOLUTELY LAST WEEK
SELWYN & CO. Present
LAST 8 TIMES
Last 6 Nights—Last 2 Mats.
AT THE MAJESTIC
Wilbur-Shubert Co. Proprietors
Tremont St. near Boylston St.
Tel. Oxford 452
Evenings at 8. Wednesday and Saturday Mats. at 2

Amusements.

PLYMOUTH
ELIOT ST. OX. 2075
REGULAR MATS. THUR. & SAT.
"The Home of Fashionable Playgoers."—Post.
ANOTHER STEP NEARER
IN ITS GREAT PROGRESS TOWARD ESTABLISHING THE LONGEST RUN IN BOSTON
22ND WEEK
SELWYN & CO'S
UNDER COVER
By ROI COOPER MEGRUE
With WILLIAM COURTENAY
NOTICE The engagement of this wonderful play ends in this city. This is your last chance to see it. Mail orders filling to mail orders.

Amusements.

Amusements.

TREMONT THEATRE
JOHN B. SCHOEFFEL, Prop. & Mgr.
Direction Chas. Frohman & Wm. Harris
Matinees Wed. & Sat.
2nd TRIUMPHANT WEEK
PRESS and PUBLIC UNANIMOUSLY in PRAISE of
ADELE
MOST SUCCESSFUL FRENCH OPERETTA SEEN IN YEARS
OFFERED BY THE NEW ERA PRODUCING CO.
Direction of JOSEPH P. BICKERTON, Jr.
"Adele" is one of the most welcome musical comedies of the season. —Globe.
"Adele" is tuneful. —Herald.
Subtly pleasing with delicate rhythm. —Post.
"Adele" is delightful.—Transcript.
"Adele" charms. —Journal.
"Adele" proves avalanches of kisses and music. —American.
"Adele" fascinates in music and story. —Traveler.
PRESENTED BY A PERFECTLY BALANCED CAST OF ARTISTS

ONE WEEK STARTING MONDAY, MAY 25
Afternoon at 2:15 Huntington Ave. Show Grounds Evening at 8:15
THAT BULLY WOOLLY REAL WILD WEST.
Only Mexicans Ever Here Before.
Real Western Folk Showing Ranch Perils.
Prettiest Cowgirls' Congress.
Champions of The Frontier.
Sports and Perils of the West by Men and Women Direct from the Prairie
MILLER BROS & EDWARD ARLINGTON'S
101 RANCH
REAL WILD WEST
Greatest Indian Pow-Wow and Horsemanship Convention.
More Real Indians. More Broncho Busting Cowboys. More Daredevil Cowgirls. More Picturesque Characters of the West Than Ever Before Assembled. Showing an Entirely New Program.
Grossest Admission 50c Children under 9 25c. Reserved Seats 75c and $1.00 On Sale at Hallet & Davis Piano Co., 144 Boylston Street.
BIG WILD WEST PARADE, MONDAY, MAY 25th

Amusements.

Amusements.

B. F. KEITH'S
"The Amusement Centre of Boston"
WEEK OF MAY 18
This Most Famous Cartoonist in the World
BUD FISHER
The Celebrated Creator of "MUTT and JEFF"
The Man Who Has Made More People Laugh than Any Other Artist
The Operatic Fun Makers
MAUDE MULLER
The Anecdotal Comedienne with a Grand Opera Voice, and
ED STANLEY
The Pride of Pocatello.
First Time in Boston
The New Rural Comedians
FRED J. ARDATH & CO.
IN
HIRAM ON THE FARM
Some say this is the BEST comedy in vaudeville. Others say it is the WORST! All agree that it is the FUNNIEST. It's up to you!
The Dainty Singing Comedienne
PAULINE WELCH
In New Songs and Dances
World's Greatest Magical Entertainers
GREAT LEON
With Eddie Packard and
The Hindu Wonder Workers
In a Bi-Sense Series of Oriental Mysteries.
Special for the Children
DeWitt, Burns & Torrence
"The Awakening of Toys."
Second and Positively Last Week Before Going to Panama Pacific Exposition
MISS ORFORD'S
ELEPHANTS
The Only and Original
"MOLLIE," "WADDY" AND "TONY"
Successors to the Celebrated Arrivonas
KENNY and WALSH
In Songs and Dances
THE ROSAIRES
That Be Different Act
"BOSTON IN MOTION"
Local Current Events, Including Funeral of Daniel A. Haggerty at the Cathedral, 12th Anniversary of the Boylston Bombing.
Seats on Sale in Advance. Make checks payable to Terrence B. F. Keith's Theatre.

SUNDAY CONCERT
EDMUND HAYES & CO., MR. AND MRS. JIMMIE BARRY, SIX KIRKSMITH SISTERS, JOHN T. MURRAY, FOUR SOLIS BROTHERS, DR. JOHN C. ROWLEY'S TRAVELOGUE ON PORTUGAL, NATALIE NORMANDIE.
Prices 75c, 50c, 25c. Washington Street Box Office open 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Telephone Tremont 43.

SYMPHONY HALL
Every evening except Sunday, Oct. 11.
65—ORCHESTRA—65.
POPS Otto Trenk, Conductor.
Light Refreshments.
Prices: Orchestra, $1.50, reserved; Balcony, $1, reserved; Balcony, 50c, reserved; Gallery, 25c. Seats now on sale.
NATIONAL NORWEGIAN NIGHT Tues., May 19
GERMAN NIGHT Wednesday, May 20
FRENCH NIGHT Thursday, May 21

SCENIC TEMPLE
Berkeley St. and Warren Ave.
The Photo Plays
"THE PERILS OF PAULINE"
"THE CHEESE OF POLICE"
The Mutual Girl—Keystone Comedies
Vaudeville—Entire Change Thursday
1500 Seats at 10 Cents

BIG BENEFIT FOR FAMILY OF SLAIN NEWSBOY TONIGHT

Governor to Be in Notable Audience at Concert to Aid Family of Louis Gold.

STAGE FAVORITES TO APPEAR

The sunshine of the smile of a crippled newsboy and the cheeriness of his greeting as he used to sell his papers on Boston's streets will be felt at the Majestic Theatre tonight. And every one in the vast audience which will undoubtedly pack the playhouse will feel it, for Louis Gold numbered his friends by the thousands.

Louis was a crippled newsboy. Two weeks ago he lost his life through a bullet fired by a woman's hand and intended for another. Louis was the innocent bystander—and he fell with a bullet wound in his neck. Several days later he died at the City Hospital. Tonight, through the untiring efforts of his friends, there will be given a benefit at the Majestic Theatre for his grief-stricken family.

And the benefit will be something notable. Governor Walsh will be there to speak. So will Mayor Curley. Another guest in the Governor's box will be Secretary of State Donahue. And besides these there will be a notable array of theatrical talent—stars from among the best of the shows now appearing at Boston theatres.

GET YOUR TICKET EARLY.

You will want to be there. If you haven't bought your ticket already, get it now. For the cause is most worthy—the support of a family of which the slain newsboy was the sole support.

Louis Gold's whole life was a golden lesson. Daily from early morn until midnight, he worked. He was the same from day to day. He was always smiling, always cheerful. And every cent he made he turned over to his mother for the care of the family. There is an invalid father, the heart-broken mother, and nine young brothers and sisters. It will be to help them that the money you spend for tickets to the benefit will go.

In the entertainment will appear Miss Jane Cowl and the members of her company, giving the first act of "Within the Law."

Miss M. Harriett Jowe of Boston, contralto, will sing "The Slave Song" and "Ashby Lullaby."

Selections by the newsboy band of Boston, twenty pieces: "The Palms," "A Melody of Patriotic Airs."

George Wilson, the old Boston Museum favorite, now with E. H. Sothern, giving Eugene Field reading, "John Smith of the U. S. A."

The Post Trio.

Miss Grace Freeman, star of the Phyllis company of the Fort Theatre, "The Blue Rose."

Miss Rose Campbell of the Adelphi company, a ballad, "The Cheer of Joy."

Lorraine and Reid, sketch, "An Unfortunate Fortune," placed in New England Rubes.

H. W. Fox and Carolyn Carr, recitations from the works of Dr. Drummond, one of Canada's famous poets. This act was given before the present King of England in Winnipeg a number of years ago.

The Bell Boy Trio, from the Orpheum Theatre, "The Bell Boy," "Rose of the Mountain Trail."

George Evers, black-face comedian from the Orpheum Theatre, talking act.

Nantasket Boats.

"Your new schedule, which started Saturday," announces General Manager Lane of the Nantasket Beach Steamboat Company, "will serve the public with practically a trip every hour throughout the day, which is undoubtedly the best service ever offered in the early season. Previous years the heavy travel did not start until along the first of June, but all records have been broken during the past months, a greater number of people having patronized this line than ever before. In early June the Betsy Ann will be brought into service for the Plymouth trip. The popular steamer will continue to make its daily trips from here direct to the quaint little town of Plymouth which is known worldwide for its many points of historic interest. Due to the success of last year, the management has engaged Prof. Lovell's Nautical Orchestra for the coming season. Vast improvements have been made during the Winter months at Nantasket Beach, and many new attractions will await the Summer crowds visiting the beach resort.

The Lambs' Gambol.

Judging from the avalanche of mail orders for seats for the Public Gambol of the Lambs, which takes place at the Boston Opera House, Saturday evening, May 30 (Decoration Day), this year's edition of the Gambol will be the most notable one in the history of that remarkable organization from a financial as well as artistic standpoint.

John Philip Sousa's band of sixty will furnish the orchestral part of the entertainment, while a host of "lambs" of the various dramatic and musical numbers written especially for this occasion will be on hand. Howard Dwight O'Neil, William Courtleigh, David Belasco, Willton Lackaye, William Faversham, Burton Holmes, Digby Bell, Bruce McRae, Harry Woodruff, William Farnum, George Nash, Edward Abeles, Thomas Ross, Andrew Mack, Frank Melntyre, Frank Lalor, Nat Wills, Meeklee Arcuckle, Thomas Wise, Irving Bertin, Erwin Stevens, Brandon Tynan, William Elliott, Richardson Pinto, George Probert and Joseph Kilgour.

It has been decided to give but one performance here, and to play the matinee in Worcester.

"Successful, Not Great," Says Farrar

Famous Melrose Singer Makes $1,500 a Night

Calls American Girl Best-Dressed in Whole World

Says We Have No Art but What We Import

Talks of Her Struggles and Plans

GERALDINE FARRAR AS SHE REALLY LOOKS TODAY.

You are impressed with two things after a twenty-minute talk with Geraldine Farrar. One is that she is a veritable volcano of nervous energy and intensity; she is never quiet, never lounges about in the manner that has come to be regarded as typically womanly; restless—but not irritatingly so, for from the whirlpool of nervousness exudes a powerful and compelling personality—the personality that has brought the music-loving world in homage to her feet and that has done its part in elevating her to the topmost rung in the operatic ladder.

The other is that she is a level-headed, sensible American woman, with a great source or knowledge gained through much study, travel and the ability to see with her mind as well as with her eyes; of opinion varied and interesting, and an almost uncanny frankness in expressing it. Farrar's opinion reminds one of the weather—"Very sorry if you don't like it, of course, but it cannot be changed." And at the end of the twenty minutes you know—whether or not you have ever heard her sing—that she is very much the artist—but you have revised your preconceived notions of what constitutes the "artistic temperament."

For Farrar, although undeniably temperamental—it is the Farrar temperament that establishes that perfect understanding with her audience—has not the "artistic temperament" in its popular conception; she seems to be immune from the nuances idiosyncrasies that most artistes have—or claim to have. The exaggerated mannerisms, the carefully cultivated marks of individuality, the air that seems to say "Behold! I am the great artist!"—these are not hers; her only idiosyncrasy—if it can be called such—is restlessness—and you do not think of restlessness, but of power and the command of power.

TALKS NERVOUSLY, TOO.

Farrar talked of many things and expressed a willingness to talk of many others. She talked breathlessly, nervously punctuating her sentences with nervous snaps of a silk shod foot against the floor.

"I have had with me the famous Melrose singer just before she sailed for Europe after her successful season in this country.

And when she talked—to speak in the vernacular—she "said something."

The first thing she said proved her right to the title of "the artist without the artistic temperament;" that is, the artistic temperament as the ordinary person knows and recognizes it. She was asked:

"What has been your greatest ambition? What have you always wanted to do, or be, more than anything else in the world?"

It was a stock question; by all the laws of the "artistic temperament" it should have brought a stock answer. Surely Miss Farrar, being an artist, had always wanted to drive a locomotive; or an airship; or stand at the wheel of a vessel while it pitched and rolled in storm seas; or maybe she pined for the care-free, roving life of the gypsy, or cherished a desire to be a missionary in heathen lands—

She smiled.

"I have always wanted," she said, "to be a great singer!"

INSISTS SHE'S NOT GREAT.

The interviewer started to speak, but she answered it before he asked it.

"No," she said, "I am not a great singer! I am a successful singer, perhaps, but I'm not great! I fear I never shall be!"

It was to "Ah!"

Possessing a voice that has brought her the crown of queen of her art, a voice that has thrilled hundreds of thousands of all kinds of people with its glory and beauty, and a voice, incidentally, that brings her $1,500 in cold hard cash every time she sings—and she wants to be great!

Something of the sort was suggested to her.

"The ability to earn large sums of money does not constitute greatness," she said. "I do not consider men great because they have amassed huge fortunes; and I do not consider myself a great singer because I can earn $1,500 at each performance. I am only successful. Really I am only an ordinary singer; circumstances have conspired to give me what little fame I may have and the power to command a large salary.

"I do not think anyone is really great until he or she has done something that has never been done; or until he has done something better than anyone else has ever done it. That is the reason I do not think I am a great singer. There are many today who sing as well as I; there have been many in the past who were better.

"To be a great singer has been the only ambition I've ever had, and every time I advance a step in my art my standards of greatness are raised. When I was a little girl I thought I would be great when I could sing well enough to sing a solo in the church choir; and when I achieved that I thought greatness would be mine when I became a grand opera singer. This also have I become, and yet I have not achieved my ambition.

"The human voice has its limitations, and art cannot take it beyond them. In our minds we may see the heights to which we would climb, but it is a physical impossibility to reach them. We reach our prescribed levels and there we stay. Artists work continually in a useless effort to achieve the impossible in singing, and, although our dear friend the public at times would almost have us believe we have succeeded, we know that we have not, and that we never will.

"And that is another reason why I do not believe that I am a great singer, and that there are no really great singers. To approach my ideals of greatness one would have to achieve the impossible in vocal art."

"I believe that the American girl is the best dressed and best looking in the world," she said, "but one fad that has lately entered her life threatens to make her the worst looking. That is the fad that stamps as bad form any show of emotion, or any expression of life. If you do not believe that fad is here, go out on the street of any big city any sunny afternoon and watch the girls—typical American girls. They'll be as beautiful as ever, but it will be the cold beauty of an icicle or a snowbank. There is nothing alive and glowing in their expressions; there is no rapturous joy in their looks; no sign that they are alive, healthy and young and pretty. They cultivate carefully the look of a graven image, and are taught that to show any emotion other than a cold smile is bad form, and all the beauty and joy that the face can show and communicate have been ironed out by convention.

NO SPIRIT IN THEIR FACES.

"Why doesn't the American girl be alive and let her face show it? There is nothing more beautiful or inspiring than the face of a young girl who is filled with the joy of living; and there is nothing more discouraging or depressing than the face of a young girl who has allowed a fad to hide the beauty nature gave her and who drowns all her joy of life and of living in an immobile mask because to do so is good form!

"There is no American art," she said. "What art we have in America we import, for art here is a luxury and people have to be educated up to it, whether it be the opera, painting or sculpture. We have no art because we are too young as a people. It takes ages to produce art, and the commingling of different bloods and peoples. The time will come when there will be American art, but it will be found that it was produced by a mixed race, with America as the background. We Americans who have succeeded in art are blazing the way, and the work will be easier for those who come after us, and American art will arrive quicker by reason of our pioneer work."

Gossip of the Plays and Players

Got Her Chance and Won Success

Natalie Alt's skyrocket ride to fame, like that of most theatre folks who arrive sensationally, was something of an accident. Audrey Maple was first engaged for the same part in "Alibi," and would have sung it except for a disagreement over her release from a contract she had signed with Arthur Hammerstein to continue with Emma Trentini and "The Firefly."

Enter then Natalie Alt. A year ago she had been given the small part of the princess in "The Quaker Girl," understudying the same part sung by Ina Claire. Two or three times toward the end of the run at the Park Theatre, she had sung the role and acquitted herself most creditably on both singer and actress. When a No. 2 "Quaker Girl" company was organized Miss Alt was given the title role, and in the West scored an emphatic success.

When Miss Maple decided to take no chance with the new production Mr Ackerson thought of Miss Alt. She appeared with enthusiasm, and now it is hard to imagine any one else singing Adele with more grace or charm of manner.

Co-Eds Lose Their Right to Be Kissed

CHICAGO, May 16.—"I kiss, I have kissed"—principal parts of the verb "kiss" yesterday.

"I kiss, I kist, I have kist"—principal parts of the verb "kiss" today.

That's what the Chicago Principals' Club did to a poor lonesome little verb while the attention of the nation was centred upon developments in Mexico City. The verb was found today in a pitiful condition. It now lies at the hospital for mutilated language in a serious condition.

"I lost my 'ed,' the creature kept repeating over and over again. "I lost my 'ed. I don't remember anything after that."

Investigation brought the information that the Chicago Principals' Club had met and adopted circular No. 23 of the simplified spelling board. This does away with the final "e" in words like "carve" and "engine." It substituted "t" and "d" for the final "ed" in words like "aimed" and "kist."

FORTUNE WON BY JOAN SAWYER

And Two Years Ago She Was an Unknown Down in Texas.

The announcement that Joan Sawyer will inaugurate her transcontinental whirlwind dancing tour at the Shubert Theatre May 25 means the company visit to Boston of one of the most extraordinary dancers of recent years.

Joan Sawyer is a Texas girl, who went to New York a little over two years ago, seeking fame and fortune on the stage. The best engagement she could get was a small part in musical comedy, but there her beautiful dancing attracted much attention. At that time the dancing craze was just beginning and Miss Sawyer devoted herself to studying the tango and the Brazilian maxixe. She perfected herself so well that she won instant popularity in the cabarets. From these it was only a step to the New York Roof Garden, where she danced for over six months, and brought back popularity and crowds to a place that had been on the decline.

Miss Sawyer made such a success on the New York Roof that she decided upon her own amusement place and secured the lease on an empty hall adjacent to the Winter Garden, at Broadway and Fiftieth street. This she had redecorated in oriental fashion, and she reopened it under the name of "Joan Sawyer's Persian Garden."

From the very first the keynote of the whole establishment was exclusiveness. This was maintained by restrictions which required patrons to be in evening dress.

Miss Sawyer danced two or three times a night in the Persian Garden, and visitors had the privilege of the floor at other times. The receipts and attendance jumped up so remarkably that Miss Sawyer is credited with having made a small fortune the past Winter.

'GREAT DANCER MUST BE MODEST'

So Says Natalie, Who Comes with Partner to Boston Theatre This Week.

"Modesty is a necessary qualification for one who desires to become a really great dancer," declares Natalie, the little danseuse who comes to the Boston Theatre this week with her partner, Martin Ferrari, to show their version of the modern dances besides their own cycle of classic dances, which includes "The Dance of the Hour" from "La Gioconda," a solo number by Natalie, and "Tom Atkins," never done before in the East.

"One must also have a well-proportioned and healthy physique," she says, "as well as a cultured and artistic taste and dogged determination. One must have clean habits and a clean mind, too."

Natalie is an American girl, and proud of it. Ferrari was born in Odessa, Russia.

Natalie knows the ballets and all the old English and Continental dances, but Ferrari had hard work to persuade her to take up the modern kind in vaudeville.

"All my ambitions are bound up in the legitimate—the classic and character dances—but the public is demanded, and one must, or course, submit to the general desires," declares Natalie.

Anna Gould Cannot Abandon Rome Case

ROME, May 16.—A report has reached here that the Duchess of Talleyrand (Miss Anna Gould of New York, whose first husband was Count Boni de Castellane) has complained through some American newspaper that she has lost faith in Rome justice, and therefore will abandon her case before the Vatican tribunal. Members of the Sacra Romana Rota received from the Duchess last week notice that she would withdraw her defence in Castellane's suit to have their marriage annulled. She will not be permitted to do so, for when a case is once begun in that tribunal it must go on to the end.

West Meath Club Meets Tonight.

The regular monthly meeting of the County Westmeath Club will be held Sunday, May 17, at 7 o'clock, at St. Rose Hall, 17 Worcester street.

Amusements.

Castle Square Theatre

"A Theatre of Constant Surprises."—Transcript.

THE CRAIG PLAYERS in

The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary

Funnier than Mrs. Wiggs

Matinees Daily at 2.10
Evenings at 8.10

Branch Ticket Office, 15 Winter St.

Week of May 25
"The Man o' War's Man"
A Play of the Mexico of Today

Amusements.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

SAT. EVE., MAY 30
(Decoration Day)
ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY
THE SEASON'S SUPREME EVENT

THE LAMBS' ALL-STAR GAMBOL

THE MOST STUPENDOUS AGGREGATION OF GLISTENING, GLITTERING, GLEAMING STARS OF THE STAGE EVER ASSEMBLED IN ONE PERFORMANCE, including

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA and Band
Howard Dwight O'Neil, William Courtleigh, James O'Neill, Wilton Lackaye, William Faversham, Burton Holmes, Digby Bell, Bruce McRae, Harry Woodruff, William Farnum, George Nash, Edward Abeles, Thomas W. Ross, Charles J. Ross, Andrew Mack, Frank Melntyre, Frank Lalor, Nat M. Wills, Meeklee Arbuckle, Irving Bertin, Charles Evans, Brandon Tynan, Erwin Stevens, Brandon Tynan Jr., William Elliott, Richard Bird, Richard Taylor, Malcolm Williams, Joseph Santley, Edward Emery, Thomas Dugan, John K. Hazelton, Harry Bulger, Dan Mason, Wilfred McCay, R. P. Cotterell, "Hy" Mayer, Edmund Kenski, Charles Mosser, William J. Kelly, Effingham Pinto, Morgan Coman, Horace Probert, Harry Williams, Joel Mctzy, Scott Welsh, William Dorman, Joseph Kilgour, Glenn Hall, Robert Taylor, Fred Creston, Frank Belcher, John Hendricks and 100 others.

Prices: Boxes (seating 6), $50; Orchestra and Balcony, $3.50 and $2.50; 2d balcony, $2.50 and $1.00.

Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. Checks or money orders should be made payable to B. F. Pond, Boston Opera House.

Amusements.

SCOLLAY SQUARE
OLYMPIA
The Home of the $50,000 Organ.
PRIZE WINNING BILL
FOR THIS WEEK
The Maid OF THE Orient
An Unusually Clever Miniature Musical Comedy
BILLY INMAN & CO.
That Popular Comedian in a New Comedy Irish Skit.
5 ALARCONS
A Refined Musical Act and Other
HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE
and FEATURE PHOTO PLAYS
SUNDAY CONCERT TONIGHT
7 TO 10:30 P. M. & NO REPEATS

Amusements.

AT THE OLD
HOWARD

FAN

A "Fan," bibbs, is an enthusiast—a humorist—a guy who has a hobby, and a boost for fair. The burlesque booster is without doubt the biggest fan of them all, and if you don't believe it, just go to the Howard and get a peep at Violet Mascotte's Ragtime Review Girls. Always something doing, and a lot of it, at the Old Howard.

VIOLET MASCOTTE'S
Ragtime Review Burlesquers
With J. Thos. Murphy and Catherine Crawford

The Ragtime Review Burlesquers are a distinct novelty of the season. Theo. Murphy, the most original of all the burlesque wits, will hand over another of his funny walkies in a burletta entitled, "Too Much Married," assisted by Catherine Crawford and a bunch of pic beauties, and the wise ladies know a thing or two when it comes to dame. If you haven't got acquainted yet, why not take a day? Also

THE OLD HOWARD
Vaude Specialists.

GORDON and RICA
The most startling code pair that ever jumped a wheel.

BURNS, LAURENCE & BURNS
The smoothest of nonchy jugglers.

JOHN and JESSIE POWERS
Here's the pair that you've met them over. Then comes Valentine Vox, the premier ventriloquist, direct from a record engagement at Murphy and Delmar, the novelty entertainers. Joe Kane and Dupe will offer a hoke-wise feature that is the big bark of the season, and Charris, with their classy wit and their own singing songs, will put a big Jack Mosher number across with a bang. Also a new picture, and the shift-wing department is all set for the Old Howard's big bill.

SUNDAY (TONIGHT) AT 7
AT THE OLD HOWARD

Violet Mascotte's Girls, Rohrer and Anthony, Reed and Hilton, Murphy and Delmar, Murphy and LeClair, Collins and Manning, Allman and Nevins, Harvard and Flynn, Chick Story Singers, Moving Pictures.

3 BIG CONCERTS TODAY
ADMISSION 10c
ALL SEATS FREE

Follow The BLUE FLAG
Matinee 2.30 Daily
Open Daily 10 AM
To NORUMBEGA

REMONT TEMPLE
Twice Daily Mats at 2 Evgs. 8
BEGINNING TOMORROW
LIMITED TIME ONLY
BEAUTIFUL
KINEMACOLOR
(Natural Color Photography)
In Motion Pictures.
Presenting the latest series of these wonderful pictures including the life story of
NATHAN HALE
The heroic young martyr of the American Revolution, in 3 Reels.
Other Interesting Subjects.
POPULAR PRICES.

BASEBALL
MONDAY at 3:15
RED SOX vs. DETROIT
FENWAY PARK
Tickets Now On Sale at Wright & Ditson's, 344 Washington St.

BOWDOIN 10 CENTS
Opposite Revere House. 2 Minstrel Walk from Scollay Square. Matinee Daily at 2.
America's Greatest Colored Comedian
S. H. DUDLEY
In a Musical Comedy with 20 People.
Mr. Dudley will be remembered for characters he has won with "Georgia Smart Set," "Mutt and Jeff," "The Man from Mars," "Wild Animals at Large" and "Lucille Love," the story now running in a Boston Paper.
10 BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS
Wednesday Night—Tenors Contest.
Thursday Night, Amateurs; Friday night, Cake or Concert. Tonight at 7.
Admission 10c

NORUMBEGA PARK
OPEN AIR THEATRE
Big Inauguration Week of Vaudeville Bill.
Zoological Gardens
Finest in the East
Grape Arbor Cafe
Canoes and Launches
CARS FROM PARK ST.
Annual Opening
18th SEASON
SATURDAY MAY 23

LOEW'S ST. JAMES
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE
MON., TUES., Wed.,
W. H. St. James & Co.
"The Come On"
Many Other Features
THUR., FRI., SAT.,
The Jackson Family
World's Greatest Cyclists
Tonight Selects Concert

WALDRON'S CASINO
Hanover St., Near Tremont Row
The House that Has Deserved Distinction
Golden Crook Burlesquers
LADIES AT MATINEES 10c
TONIGHT—Pictures and Vaudeville

LOEW'S ORPHEUM
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE
MATINEE DAILY
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY
SAGER MIDGLEY & CO.
COMEDY SKETCH
"Early Morning Reflections."
Many Other Features
Coming Thursday
W. H. St. James & Co.
Comedy Sketch—"THE COME ON."
Tonight—Select Concert.